

# Kings County Housing Analysis

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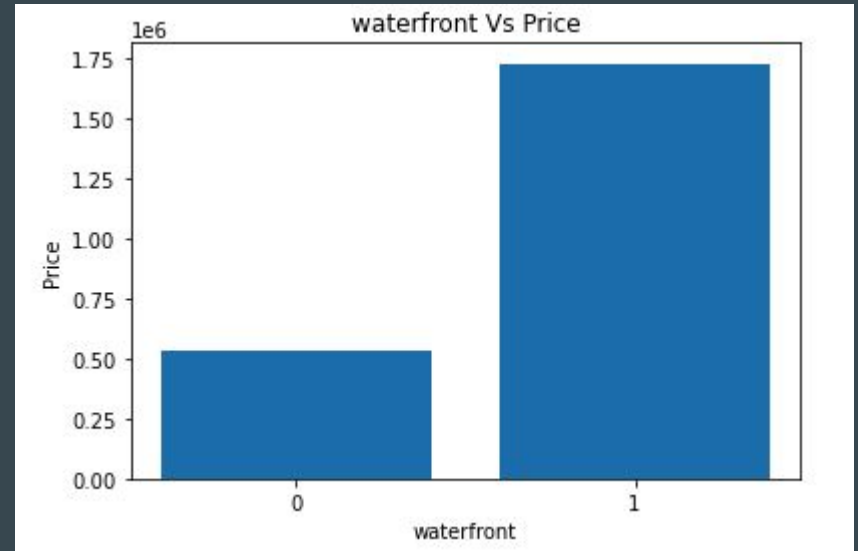
# Bedrooms

First insight: As bedroom increases, the average price of a home also increased. Thought this was important, so I wanted to include this in the model.



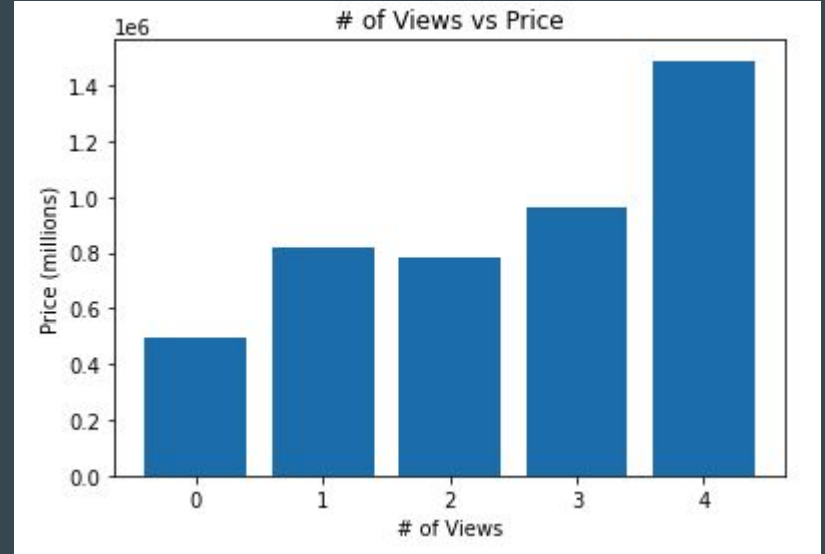
# Waterfront

There's a significant difference in average price whether a home has a waterfront view or not.



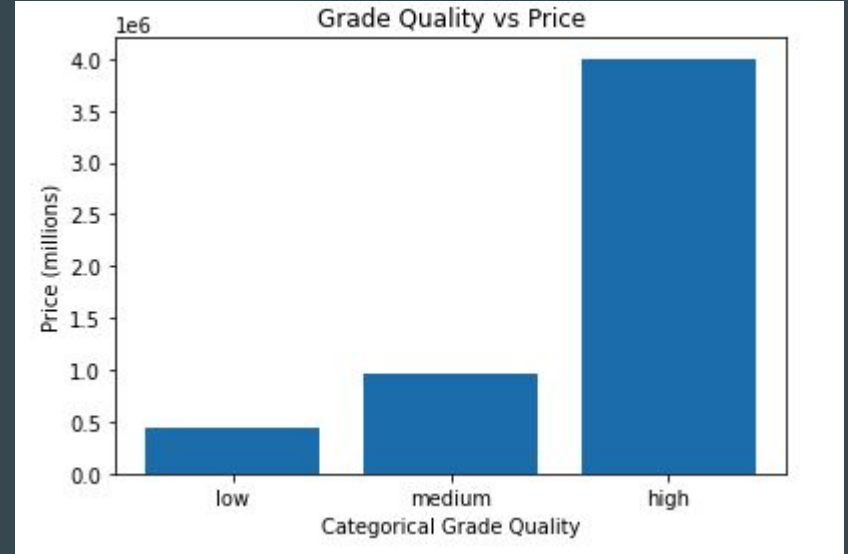
# Views

Both if the house has been viewed and the amount of times the house has been viewed both show a strong positive relationship with the average price.



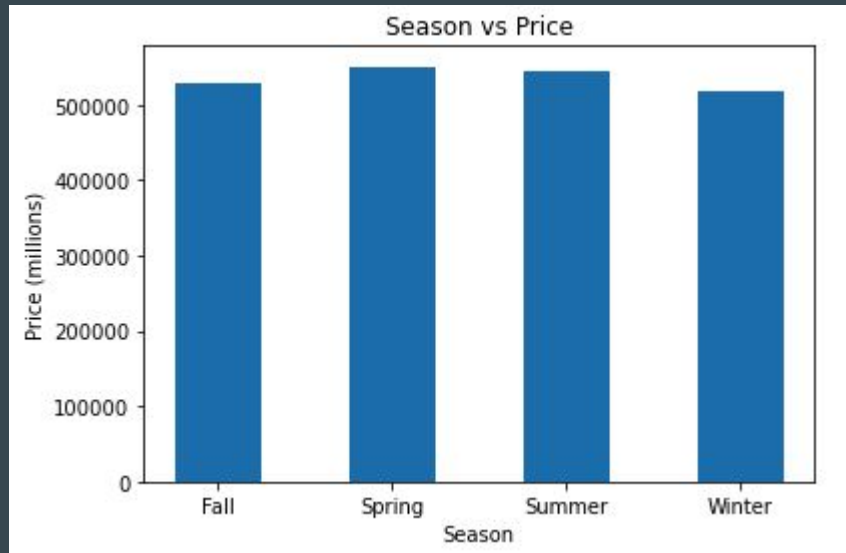
# Grade Quality

If the grade given to the housing unit is high, the average price tends to be high as well.



# Seasons

Hard to see but there is a difference in average price and seasons where Spring is the highest, Summer is next, Fall, and then Winter.



# Zip Codes

Lastly, the average price across Zip Codes is different as well so this should be a factor in our model as well.



# Results

Using this model, about 71% of the target variable price can be explained by these features.

## OLS Regression Results

<b>Dep. Variable:</b>	price	<b>R-squared:</b>	0.714
<b>Model:</b>	OLS	<b>Adj. R-squared:</b>	0.713
<b>Method:</b>	Least Squares	<b>F-statistic:</b>	522.1
<b>Date:</b>	Wed, 02 Jun 2021	<b>Prob (F-statistic):</b>	0.00
<b>Time:</b>	04:23:22	<b>Log-Likelihood:</b>	-2.3345e+05
<b>No. Observations:</b>	17212	<b>AIC:</b>	4.671e+05
<b>Df Residuals:</b>	17129	<b>BIC:</b>	4.677e+05
<b>Df Model:</b>	82		
<b>Covariance Type:</b>	nonrobust		