

# Collaborative Filtering

**...in C...with no libraries**

Look for users who share the same rating patterns  
Use those ratings to predict new ratings for the user

github: <https://github.com/jasoncarey/recommender-c>

# The Maths

There exists some matrix  $R_{ij}$  which contains ratings of every user for every item

$$R_{ij} = \begin{bmatrix} R_{0,0} & \dots & R_{0,n} \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ R_{m,0} & \cdot & R_{m,n} \end{bmatrix}$$

**But this thing is really big...**

so we decompose it into two low rank matrices using Singular Value Decomposition

$$R_{ij} \approx P_i \times Q_j^T$$

$P_i$  is the latent feature vector for user  $i$

$Q_j$  is the latent feature vector for item  $j$

**So our task is to calculate  $P$  and  $Q$**

and make it as close to  $R$  as possible, that is, minimise the error

# The Maths

$$Loss = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \left( y_i - y_i' \right)^2 + \lambda \left( \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{k=1}^f P_{ik}^2 + \sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{k=1}^f Q_{jk}^2 \right)$$

$$\frac{\delta L}{\delta P_{ik}} = -2 \left( R_{ij} - \sum_{k=1}^f P_{ik} Q_{jk} \right) Q_{jk} + 2\lambda P_{ik}$$

$$\frac{\delta L}{\delta Q_{jk}} = -2 \left( R_{ij} - \sum_{k=1}^f P_{ik} Q_{jk} \right) P_{ik} + 2\lambda Q_{jk}$$

**We want to minimise these gradients**

to find the global minimum Loss

# Gradient Descent

**We have some high dimensional plane to traverse**

so go in the direction of steepest descent from our current position

**Stochastic gradient descent**

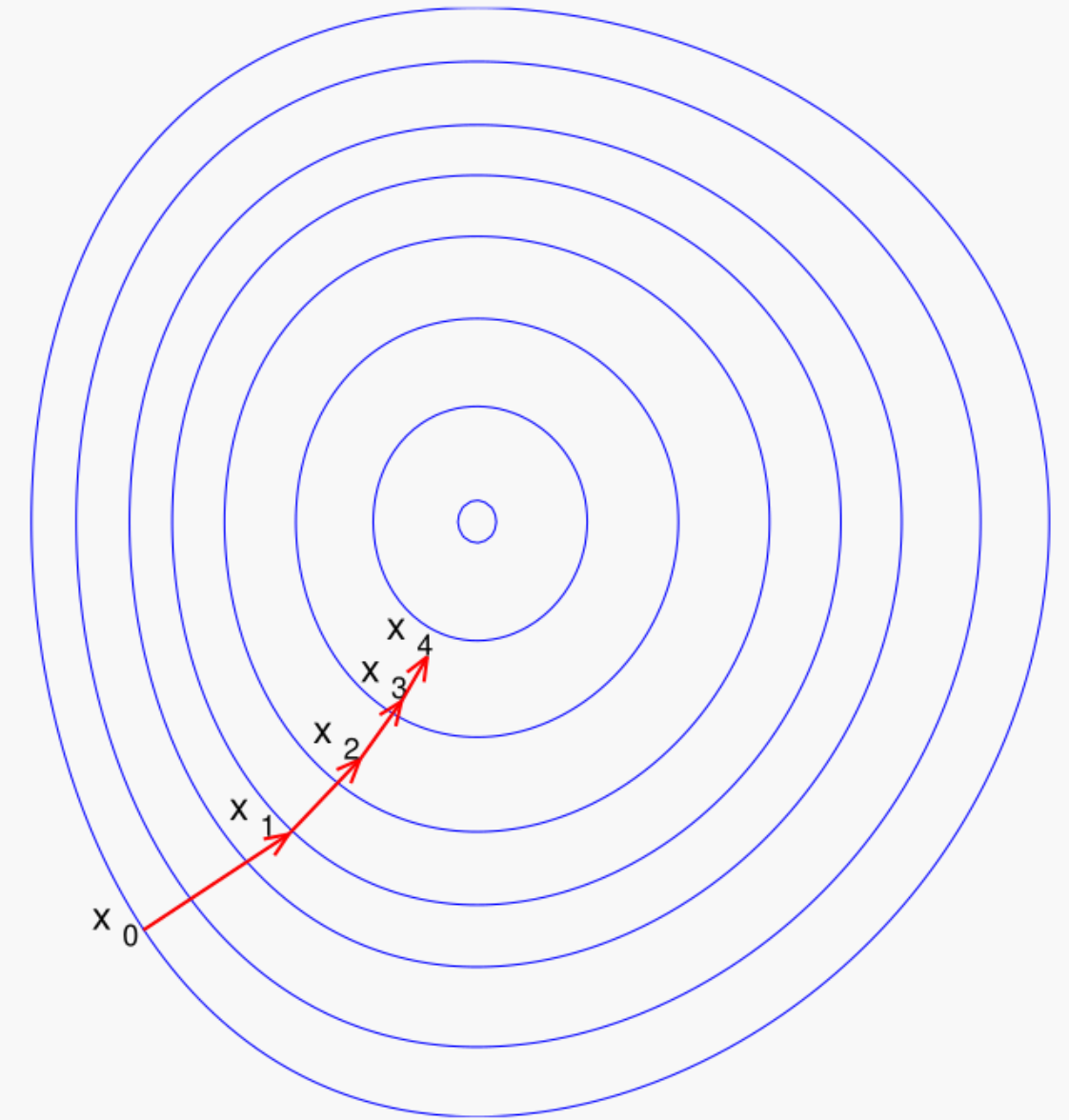
$$\Theta' = \Theta - \eta \frac{\delta L}{\delta \Theta}$$

applying this to our derivatives, we get

**Update Rules:**

$$P'_{ik} = P_{ik} + \eta [error \times Q_{jk} - \lambda P_{ik}]$$

$$Q'_{jk} = Q_{jk} + \eta [error \times P_{ik} - \lambda Q_{jk}]$$



# First Iteration

```
double data_train[6][6] = {  
    {5, 3, 0, 1, 4, 0},  
    {4, 0, 0, 1, 0, 2},  
    {1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 5},  
    {1, 0, 0, 4, 4, 0},  
    {0, 1, 5, 4, 0, 0},  
    {0, 0, 0, 0, 3, 4}  
};
```

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Input

```
void train_model(double **R, double **P, double **Q, int num_users,  
                int num_items, int num_factors, int epochs,  
                double learning_rate, double lambda) {  
    for (int epoch = 0; epoch < epochs; epoch++) {  
        for (int i = 0; i < num_users; i++) {  
            for (int j = 0; j < num_items; j++) {  
                if (R[i][j] > 0) {  
                    double prediction = 0.0;  
                    for (int k = 0; k < num_factors; k++) {  
                        prediction += P[i][k] * Q[j][k];  
                    }  
                    double error = R[i][j] - prediction;  
  
                    for (int k = 0; k < num_factors; k++) {  
                        double p_ik = P[i][k];  
                        double q_jk = Q[j][k];  
  
                        P[i][k] += learning_rate * (error * q_jk - lambda * p_ik);  
                        Q[j][k] += learning_rate * (error * p_ik - lambda * q_jk);  
                    }  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

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Train

Update Rules:

$$P'_{ik} = P_{ik} + \eta [\text{error} \times Q_{jk} - \lambda P_{ik}]$$

$$Q'_{jk} = Q_{jk} + \eta [\text{error} \times P_{ik} - \lambda Q_{jk}]$$

Top 3 items for user 1:

Item 1 with predicted rating 5.000000

Item 6 with predicted rating 4.224642

Item 5 with predicted rating 3.948727

Top 3 items for user 2:

Item 1 with predicted rating 3.957974

Item 3 with predicted rating 2.702042

Item 5 with predicted rating 2.682851

Top 3 items for user 3:

Item 6 with predicted rating 5.000000

Item 3 with predicted rating 3.416197

Item 5 with predicted rating 3.300761

03

Output

# Real Data Time?

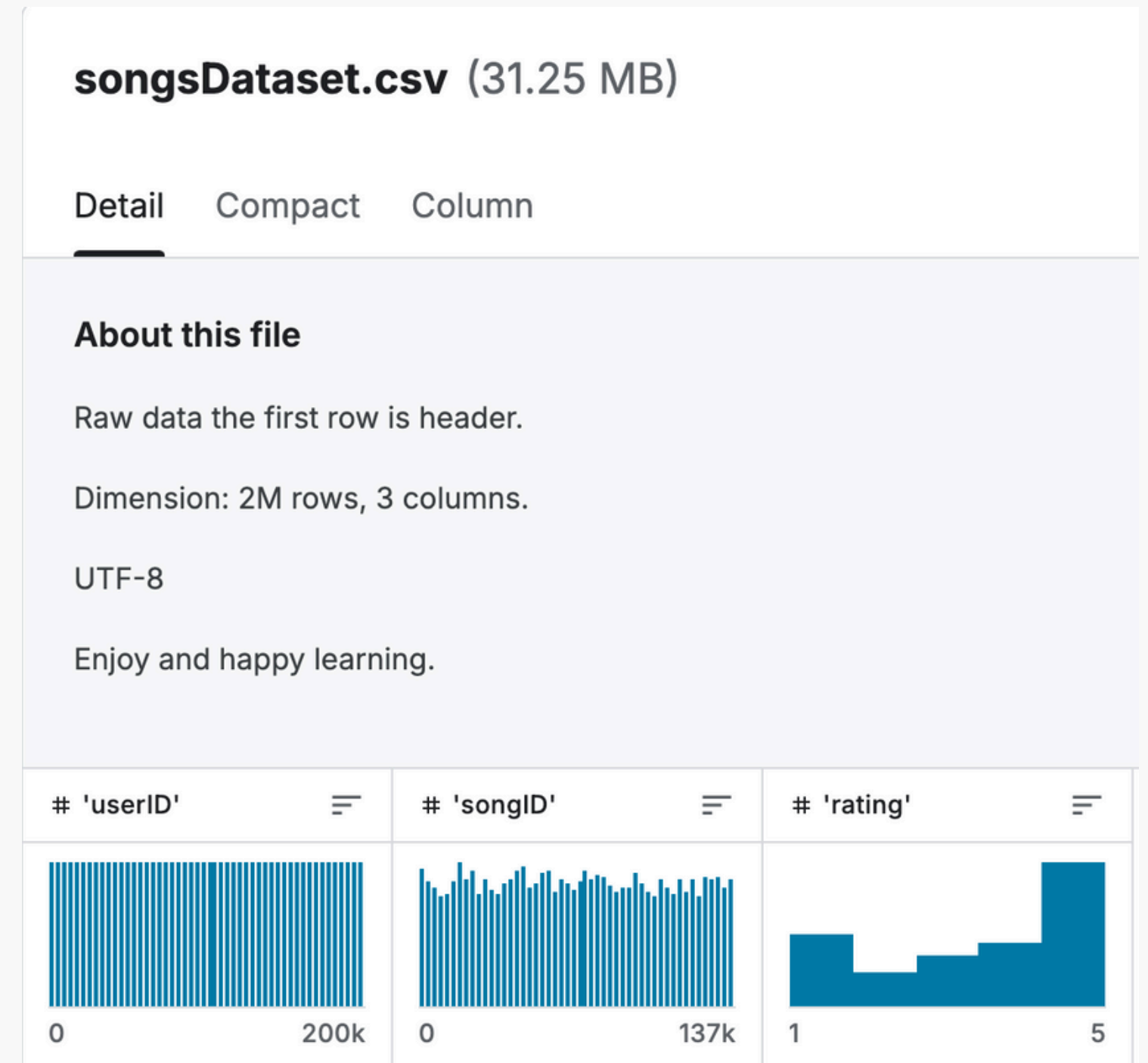
**iTerm memory usage > 100GB**

okay maybe not...

$$R_{200000,150000} = \begin{bmatrix} R_{0,0} & \dots & R_{0,150000} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ R_{200000,0} & \dots & R_{200000,150000} \end{bmatrix}$$

**thats 30,000,000,000 cells**

but we only have 2,000,000 ratings...so most must be empty



# Dense $\rightarrow$ Sparse Matrix

```
SparseMatrix* create_sparse_matrix(int num_users) {  
    SparseMatrix* matrix = (SparseMatrix*)malloc(sizeof(SparseMatrix));  
    matrix->users = (UserRatings*)calloc(num_users, sizeof(UserRatings));  
    matrix->num_users = num_users;  
    return matrix;  
}
```

It's a hashmap of linked lists

and it works pretty well

R matrix for the first 3 users:

**User 1:** (136507, -0.30) (132685, -0.30) (131919, 0.99) (107410, 0.99) (90409, 0.99) (82446, 0.99)  
(35821, 0.99) (21966, 0.35) (8637, 0.35) (7171, 0.99)

**User 2:** (130621, 0.99) (122506, -0.30) (109450, -0.30) (62770, -0.30) (45488, 0.35) (43685, -1.58)  
(38997, 0.99) (25363, -0.94) (7522, -1.58) (3342, 0.99)

**User 3:** (134626, -0.94) (132216, -0.94) (127254, 0.99) (126946, -0.30) (89124, -0.94) (72465, 0.35)  
(61525, -0.30) (61247, 0.35) (31025, -0.30) (10438, -0.30)



# It works, kinda

Epoch 10: MSE: 4.553632

Top 5 items for user 1:

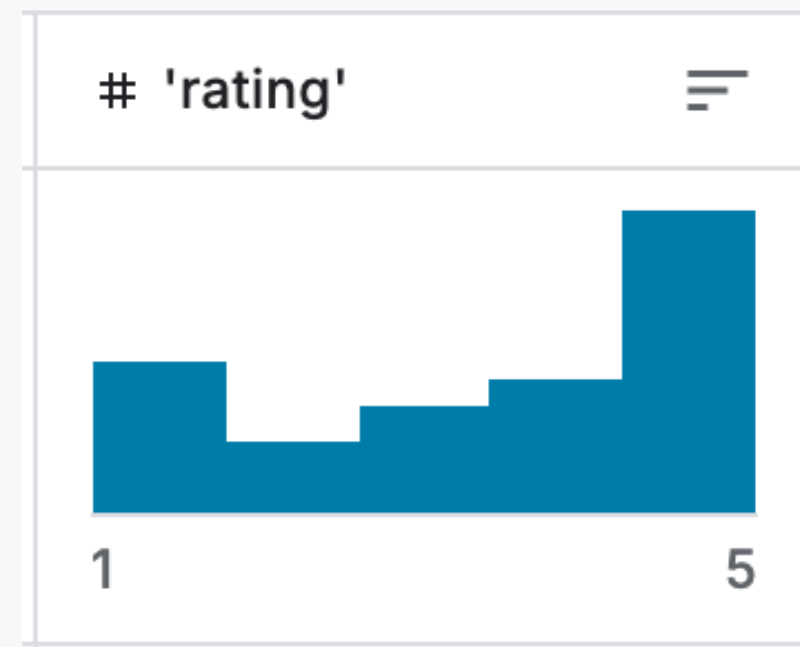
Item 41140 with predicted rating 4.632078  
Item 89690 with predicted rating 4.624136  
Item 116882 with predicted rating 4.568681  
Item 29336 with predicted rating 4.555576  
Item 87131 with predicted rating 4.551058

Top 5 items for user 2:

Item 41140 with predicted rating 3.286210  
Item 89690 with predicted rating 3.280389  
Item 116882 with predicted rating 3.241308  
Item 29336 with predicted rating 3.231819  
Item 87131 with predicted rating 3.228553

**MSE of 4.55 is pretty high**

since ratings are between 1 and 5...



Most ratings are either 1 or 5, so our predictions will be skewed... try weighting ratings and normalizing

Weight for rating 1: 5.009480  
Weight for rating 2: 10.648493  
Weight for rating 3: 6.948522  
Weight for rating 4: 5.797572  
Weight for rating 5: 2.563662

Highly penalise errors on our less frequent ratings



# Final Results

```
-----  
Running with:  
 10 factors  
501 epochs  
0.008000 learning rate  
0.300000 lambda  
-----
```

```
runtime: 21s  
MSE: 2.311958
```

## Next steps

Split the training data into test and train... see if the recommendations are actually good

```
Top 5 items for user 1:  
Item 135095 with predicted rating 4.603643  
Item 122405 with predicted rating 4.599815  
Item 119250 with predicted rating 4.596569  
Item 30127 with predicted rating 4.589502  
Item 38599 with predicted rating 4.589197
```

```
Top 5 items for user 2:  
Item 5631 with predicted rating 4.915327  
Item 44231 with predicted rating 4.810903  
Item 35721 with predicted rating 4.748582  
Item 22529 with predicted rating 4.741475  
Item 43011 with predicted rating 4.692809
```

```
Top 5 items for user 11:  
Item 50467 with predicted rating 4.247248  
Item 29897 with predicted rating 4.220014  
Item 121994 with predicted rating 4.215969  
Item 123273 with predicted rating 4.189421  
Item 67230 with predicted rating 4.173695
```

```
Top 5 items for user 500:  
Item 118187 with predicted rating 4.494289  
Item 58983 with predicted rating 4.444091  
Item 87766 with predicted rating 4.442718  
Item 63453 with predicted rating 4.438761  
Item 122553 with predicted rating 4.428821
```

```
Top 5 items for user 1001:  
Item 67856 with predicted rating 4.366772  
Item 68504 with predicted rating 4.364218  
Item 12221 with predicted rating 4.352687  
Item 70993 with predicted rating 4.344961  
Item 38970 with predicted rating 4.343032
```

```
Top 5 items for user 80000:  
Item 43934 with predicted rating 4.290532  
Item 105972 with predicted rating 4.280791  
Item 32965 with predicted rating 4.255990  
Item 87865 with predicted rating 4.250928  
Item 50479 with predicted rating 4.250453
```