Predicting housing Sale Price





Based on Ames Iowa Housing Dataset (2006-2010)

Problem Statement

Using Ames Housing Data obtained directly from from the Ames Assessor's Office year 2006 to 2010, to build a model that best predict the housing prices based on the given 80 housing features to select from and model with.

Findings and results from this model would be used to advise property agents on how they can best maximize profits.

Data Cleaning / Feature Engineering

```
In [7]: print('Train set shape: ', df_train.shape)
    print('Test set shape: ', df_test.shape)
    print('Columns that are different between 2 dataset: ', df_train.columns.difference(df_test.columns))

Train set shape: (2051, 81)
    Test set shape: (879, 80)
    Columns that are different between 2 dataset: Index(['SalePrice'], dtype='object')
```

- Concatenate both datasets into 1 for data cleaning
- To minimize chances of different variables, sequences, etc.
- SalePrice is the only different variable easy for splitting back to Train / Test set after cleaning

```
In [7]: # showing all the variables that have missing data
         null counts = df combined.isnull().sum()
         null counts[null counts > 0]
Out[7]:
        Lot Frontage
                           490
         Alley
                           2732
        Mas Vnr Type
                             23
        Mas Vnr Area
                             23
         Bsmt Oual
                             80
        Bsmt Cond
                             80
         Bsmt Exposure
                             83
        BsmtFin Type 1
         BsmtFin SF 1
                             1
         BsmtFin Type 2
                             81
         BsmtFin SF 2
                             1
        Bsmt Unf SF
                             1
         Total Bsmt SF
                             1
         Electrical
                             1
        Bsmt Full Bath
                             2
        Bsmt Half Bath
                             2
         Fireplace Qu
                           1422
        Garage Type
                           157
        Garage Yr Blt
                           159
        Garage Finish
                           159
        Garage Cars
                             1
        Garage Area
                             1
        Garage Oual
                           159
         Garage Cond
                           159
         Pool QC
                           2917
         Fence
                           2358
        Misc Feature
                           2824
```

SalePrice

dtype: int64

879

Missing data

- Lot Frontage (490)
- Groupby: MS SubClass (median)

Data Dictionary:

Lot Frontage: Linear feet of street connected to property (490)

MS SubClass: The type of dwelling involved in the sale

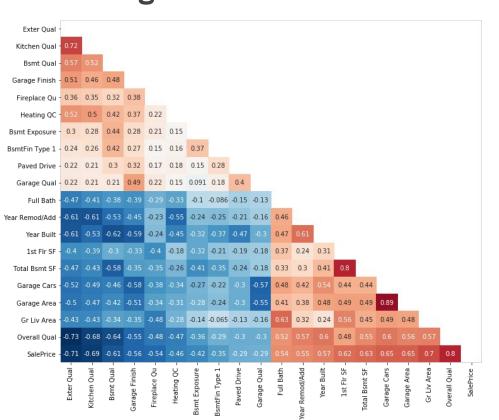
```
1. Missing data
Bsmt Qual (Ordinal): Evaluates the height of the basement
                                                                                             NA/None is an options
      Fx
             Excellent (100+ inches)
                                                                                             NMAR
     Gd
             Good (90-99 inches)
             Typical (80-89 inches)
             Fair (70-79 inches)
             Poor (<70 inches
             No Basement
Bsmt Cond (Ordinal): Evaluates the general condition of the basement
      Fx
              Excellent
     Gd
              Good
                                                                                     Mas Vnr Type (Nominal): Masonry veneer type
             Typical - slight dampness allowed
             Fair - dampness or some cracking or settling
             Poor - Severe cracking, settling, or wetness
                                                                                              BrkCmn
                                                                                                        Brick Common
     NA
             No Basement
                                                                                              BrkFace Brick Face
                                                                                              CBlock
                                                                                                        Cinder Block
             (Ordinal): Refers to walkout or garden level walls
Bsmt Exposure
                                                                                              None
                                                                                                         None
     Gd
             Good Exposure
                                                                                              Stone
                                                                                                         Stone
             Average Exposure (split levels or fovers typically score average or above)
             Mimimum Exposure
     No
             No Exposure
             No Basement
BsmtFin Type 1 (Ordinal): Rating of basement finished area
                                                                              Alley (Nominal): Type of alley access to property
     GLQ
             Good Living Quarters
      ALO
             Average Living Quarters
             Below Average Living Quarters
                                                                                       Gryl
                                                                                                   Gravel
      BLO
             Average Rec Room
      Rec
                                                                                                   Paved
                                                                                       Pave
             Low Ouality
      LwO
             Unfinshed
                                                                                       NA
                                                                                                   No alley access
             No Basement
```

2. Categorical (ordinal)

- Changed them to numeric
- Ranking in order

Bsmt Cond (Ordinal): Evaluates the general condition of the basement

```
Ex Excellent
Gd Good
TA Typical - slight dampness allowed
Fa Fair - dampness or some cracking or settling
Po Poor - Severe cracking, settling, or wetness
NA No Basement
```



Top & bottom 10 numeric columns

High correlation with SalePrice (dependent variable)

Remove multicollinearity

Create feature engineering

- 0.3

- 0.0

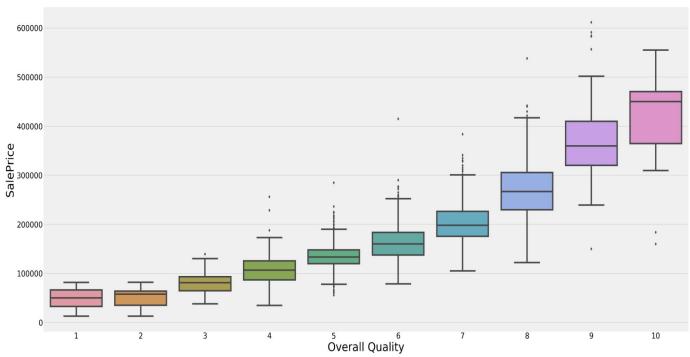
- -0.6

Categorical columns - dummies

Exploratory Data Analysis

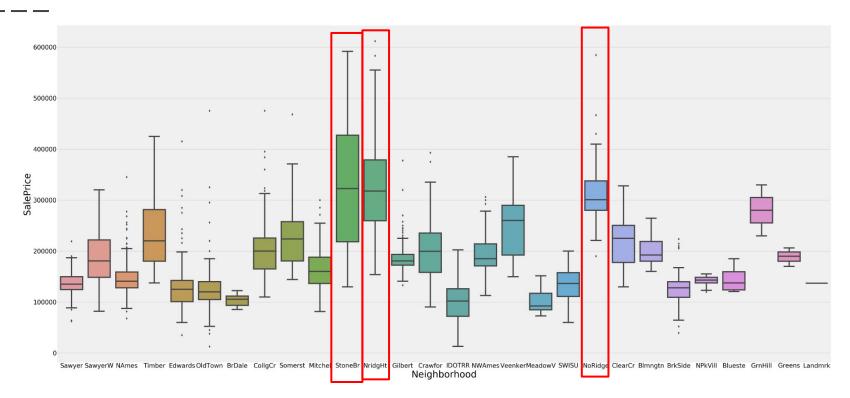
Exploratory Data Analysis

Clear association between overall quality and housing sale price



Exploratory Data Analysis

Stone Brook, Northridge
Heights, and Northridge =
top contenders for SalePrice



Modelling



Linear Regression

Performs worse than baseline

Ridge Regularization

Explains ~86% of variance in SalePrice

Lasso Regularization

Explains ~86% of variance in SalePrice

Feature Selection

ElasticNet Regularization

Explains ~86% of variance in SalePrice

What strongly affects Sale Price?

Overall Quality of House

Stone Brook, Northridge Heights, Northridge neighborhoods

Overall Condition of House

Town Houses

Edwards neighborhood

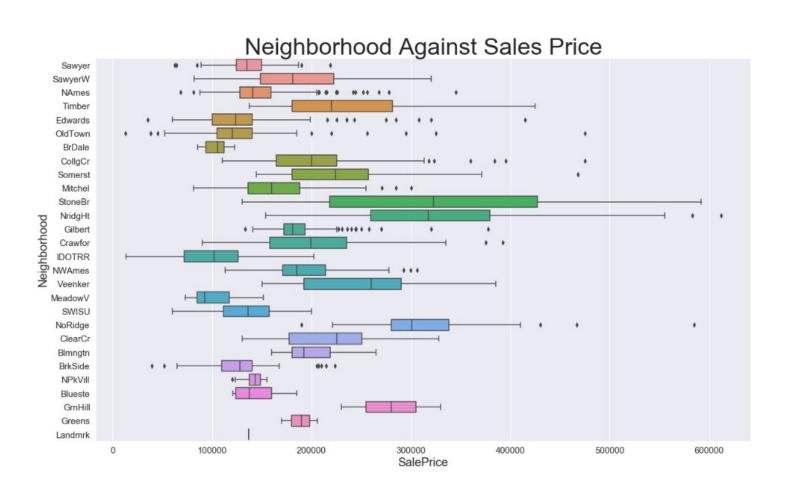
Stucco material for house exterior

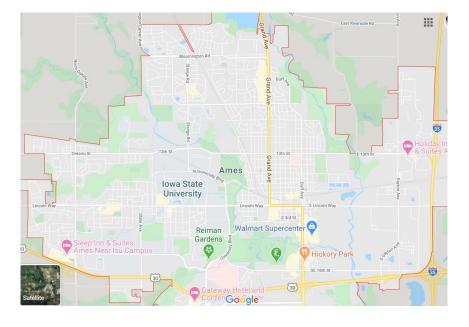
Positive predictors

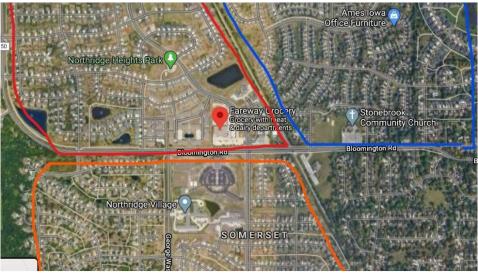


Negative predictors

Recommendations



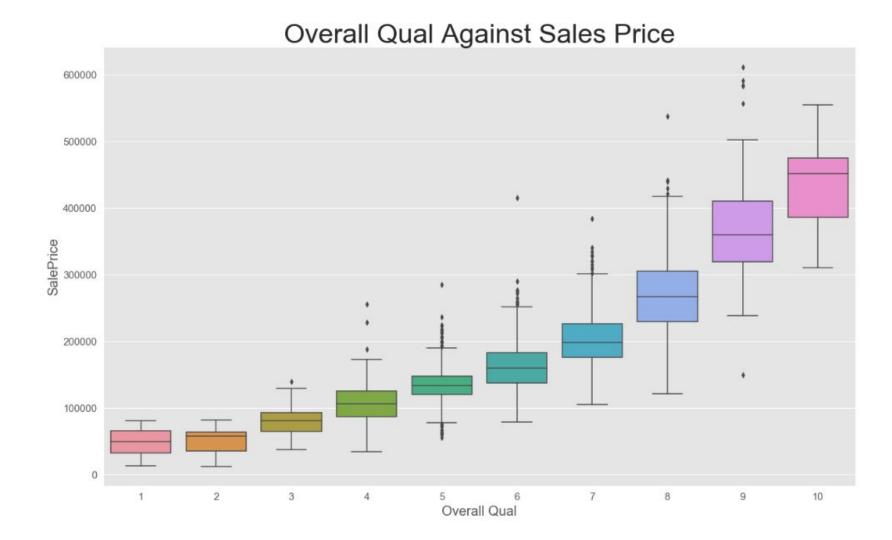












Property Agents

To maximize profits, they can target areas like North Ridge Height, Stone Brooke, North Ridge which will attract higher income buyers due to sufficient amenities surrounding the vicinities like grocery shop and several schools down the road. Low crime rates within these areas will also be an appeal to them.

• Advising for Home Sellers

Both House Quality and Year Remodel are the top 2 factors for higher sales prices. For Homeowners looking to sell, they can focus on making certain home improvements before selling their houses to improve sale prices.

• Advising For Home Buyers

For Home buyers, they can look to purchase house in neighbourhoods with good amenities nearby and also with lower crime rates.

Also avoid houses that are on lower grounds as over the years we can see that climate change had contributed to increasing flood occurrences in Iowa.



At least three people in **lowa** and Nebraska have died. Nearly 14 million people in the midwestern and southern states have been affected by the **flooding**, which the New York Times has called "The Great **Flood** of **2019**". New record river levels were set in 42 different locations



Property damage: \$2.9 billion (1.6B in Iowa; 1....

Date: March 2019 - present

Location: Midwestern United States

en.wikipedia.org > wiki > 2019_Midwestern_U.S._floods 2019 Midwestern U.S. floods - Wikipedia

Recommendations for Further Research

For Real Estate Agents to conduct market research on population demographics if there are more younger single adults compared to family in Ames (lowa) from sites.

Gather information on economical data e.g. salary,retrenchment rate (which may affect sales prices). Get additional housing data for Ames (lowa) e.g. seller/buyer data, house price index and price per sqft.



https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/IA#

Preliminary Iowa Flood Maps

New and Preliminary lowa Flood Maps provide the public an early look at a home or community's projected risk to flood hazards. This page is for homeowners who want to understand how their current effective Flood Map may change when the preliminary FEMA maps becomes effective.

Releasing Preliminary Iowa Flood Maps

The release of preliminary flood hazard maps, or Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs), is an important step in the mapping lifecycle for a community. This release provides community officials, the public, and other stakeholders with their first view of the current flood hazards, which include changes that may have occurred in the flood risks throughout the community, or county, since the last flood hazard map was published.

Property Owners Can Take Advantage of "Grandfathering"

If a property is mapped into a high-risk area (shown as a zone labeled with letters starting with "A" or "V") and the owner has a mortgage through a federally regulated or insured lender, flood insurance will be required when the FIRM becomes effective. Lenders do have the option to make the purchase of flood insurance a condition for their loans at any time, and some lenders may institute such requirements in advance of the maps becoming effective.



Current Flood Maps



More research can be done on which property is located on a higher ground level as this might be a strong factor for higher sales prices.

Source:

https://www.floodfind.com/iowa-flood-maps/?gclid=Cj wKCAiA7t3yBRADEiwA4GFII2Z0UxFwVFotbzXLqjc0 49y11mZr1vJIApWwLAb6MPyrf8ekl3DS7xoCSn4QA vD_BwE