



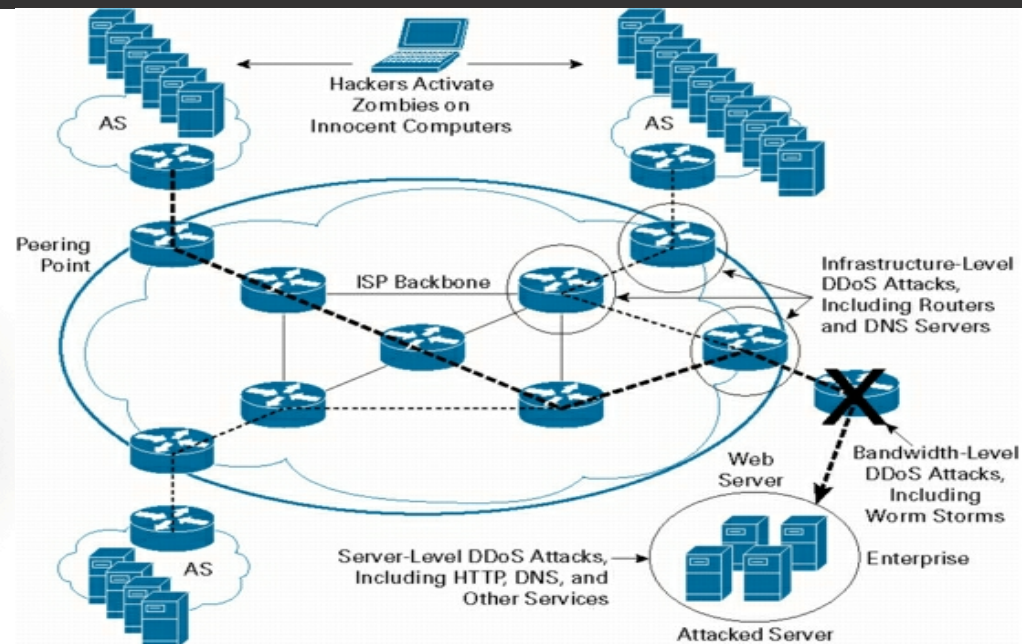
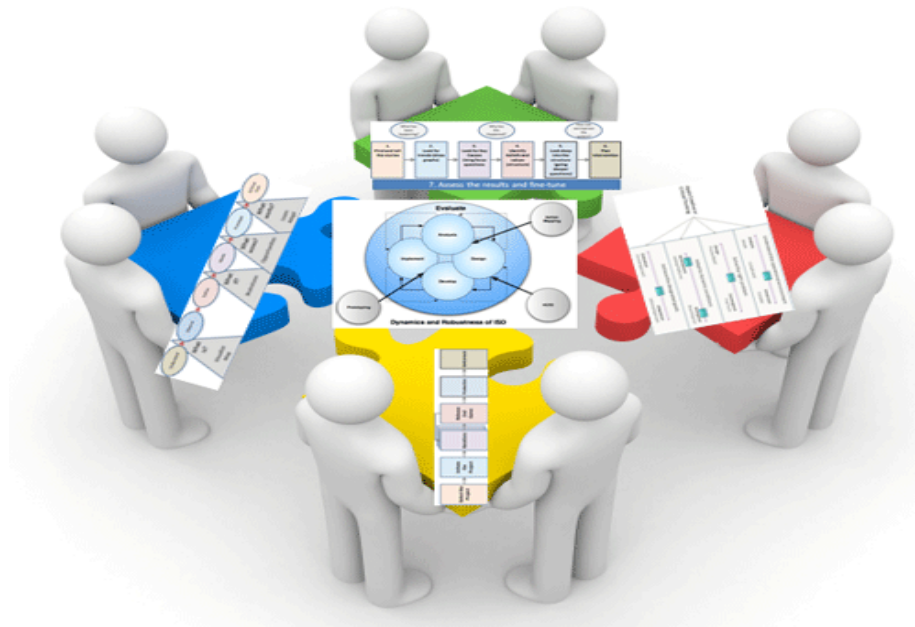
MONASH University

Information Technology

# FIT2001 – Systems Development

## Seminar 7.2 Design Overview


Chris Gonsalvez



# Our road map:

## Design Overview

- What are Information Systems?
- How do we develop them? Systems Development (SDLC) – key phases
- Traditional vs. Agile approaches to developing systems
- Some System Development roles and skills
- Understand the requirements gathering process
- Managing stakeholders
- Requirements gathering and documentation techniques
- Prototyping & Usability



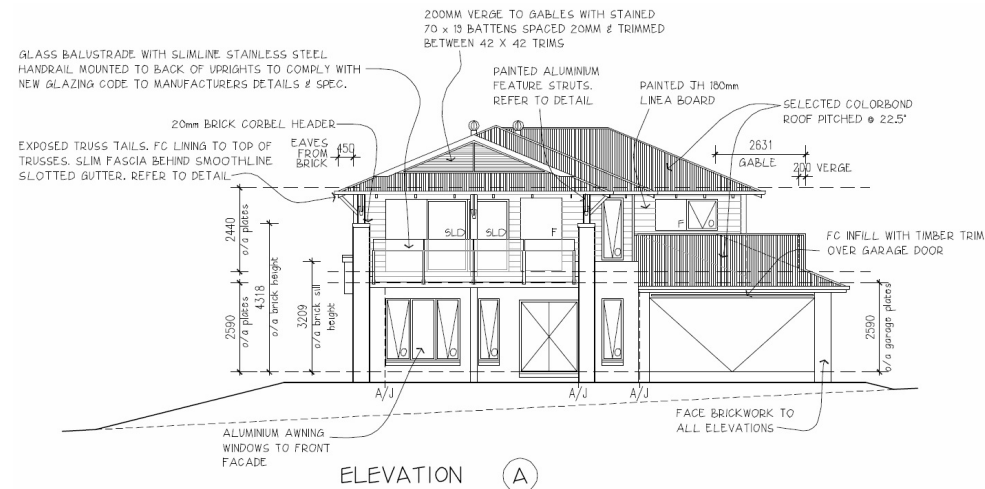
## **At the end of this seminar you will be able to:**

- Describe the difference between systems analysis and systems design
- Understand broadly each major design activity

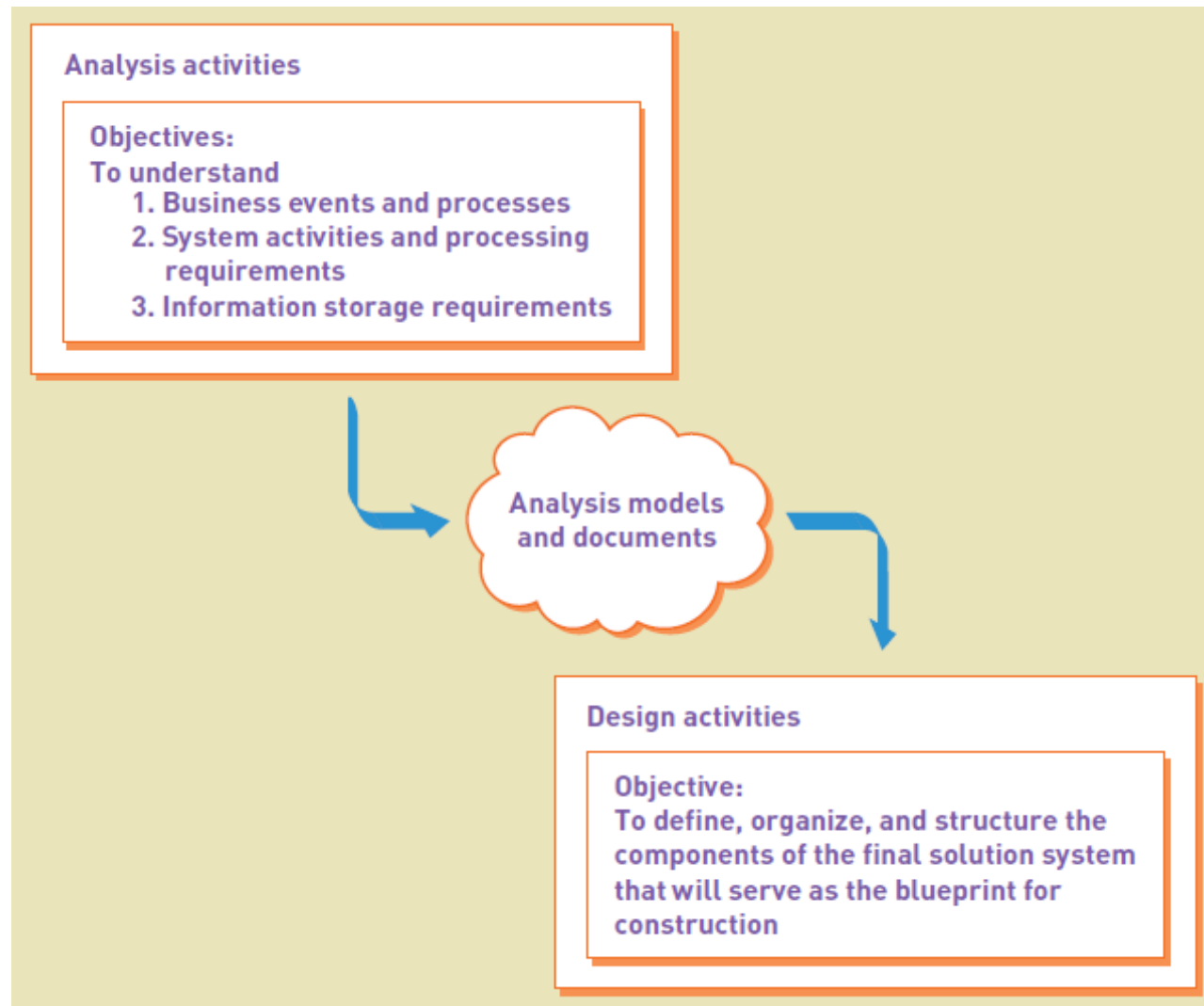
# What is Design?

- The bridge from REQUIREMENTS to SOLUTION
- Focuses on:
  - HOW the system will be built
    - *Unlike Analysis which focuses on WHAT the solution needs to do*
  - What the structural components of the new system will be

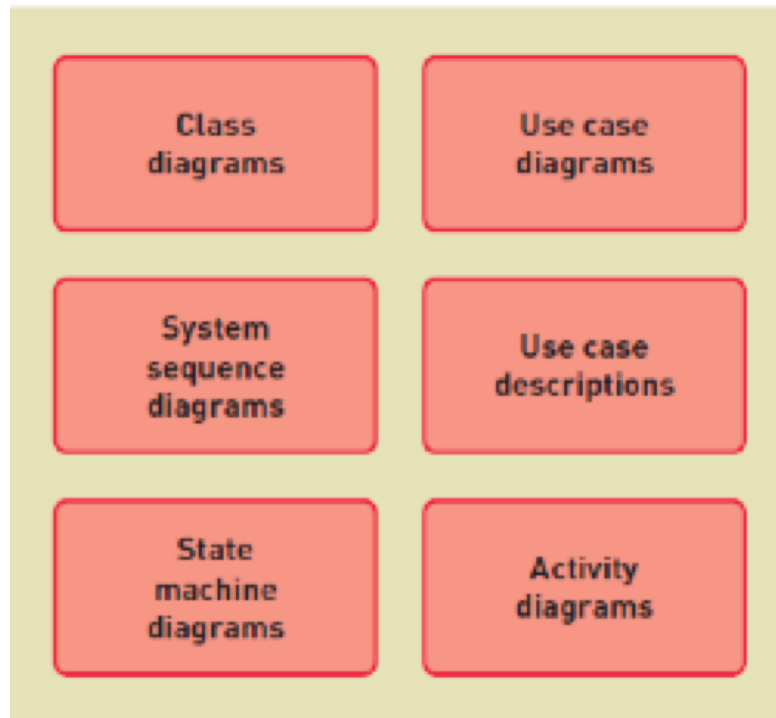
..... a blueprint for  
development



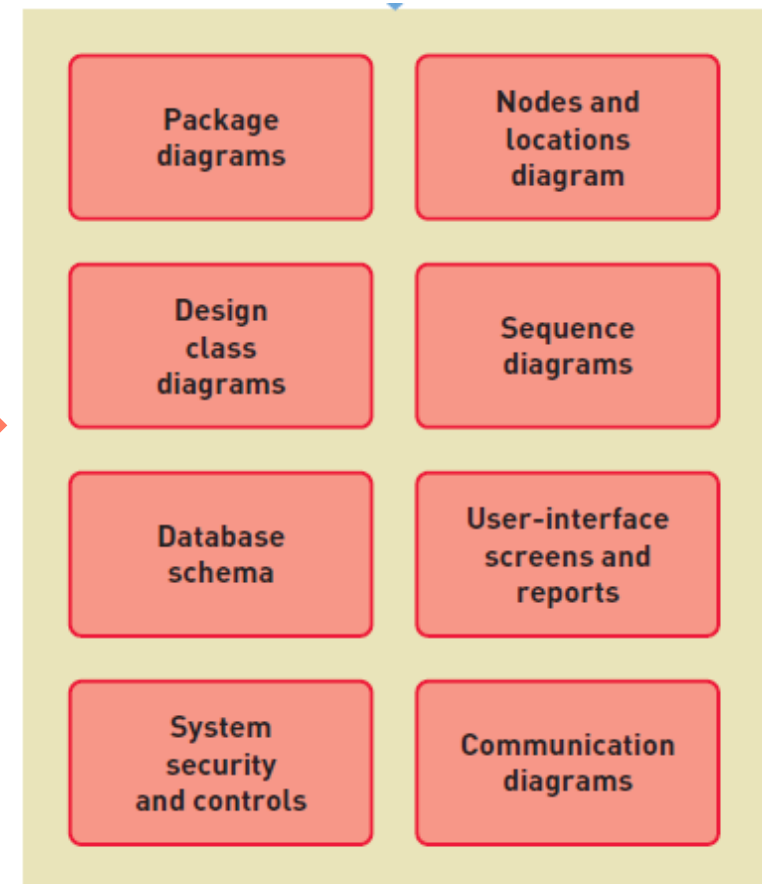
# Inputs and Outputs of the design process?



# Analysis Models



# Design Models



# Levels of Design

- Architectural Design *called General or Conceptual Design*
  - Broad design of the overall system structure
- Detailed Design
  - Low level design that includes the design of the specific program details
    - Design of each use case
    - Design of the database
    - Design of user and system interfaces
    - Design of controls and security

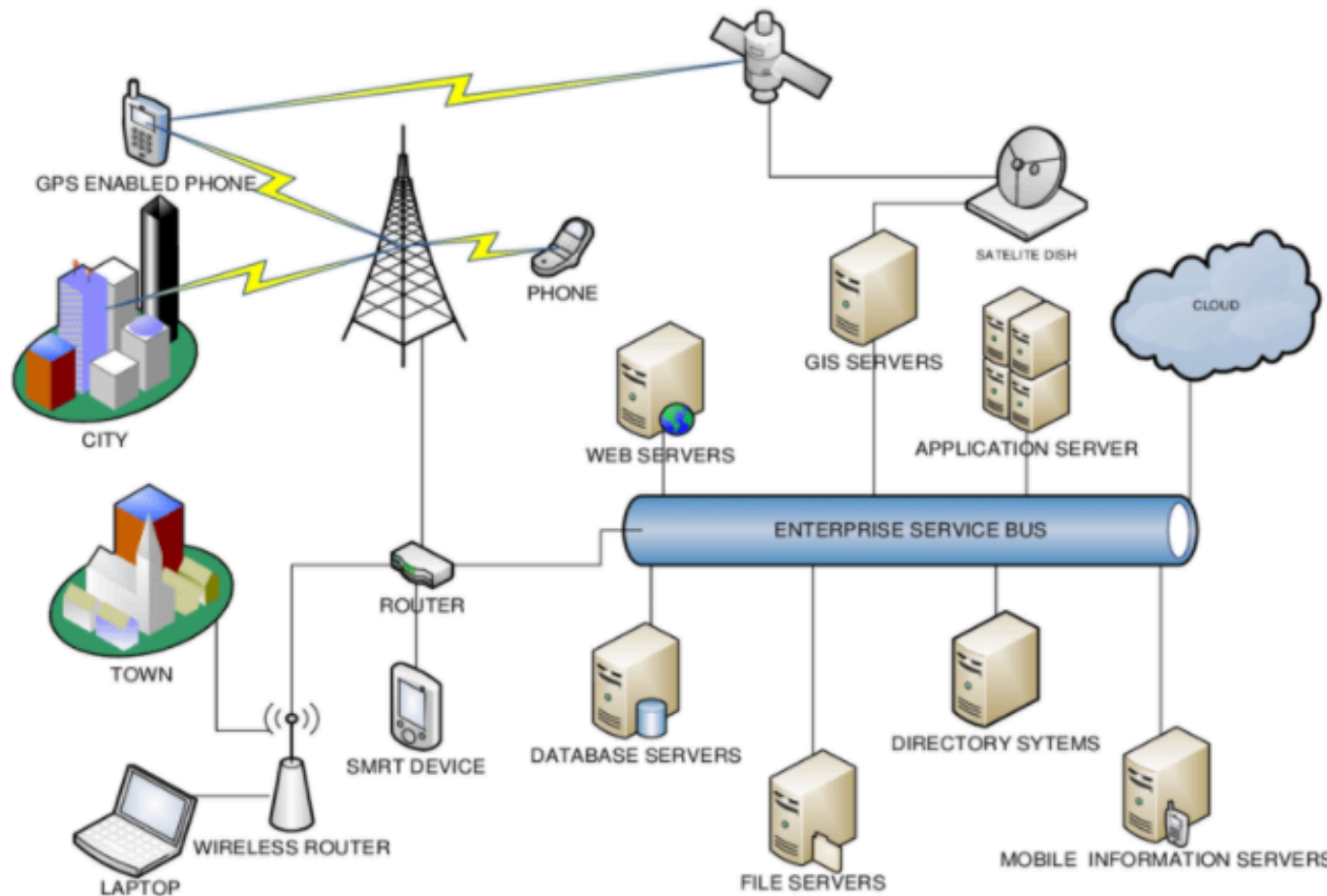
# Design the Environment

How will the new system interact with other systems and with the organisation's current computer system architecture?

- Done at an organizational level
  - ... individual designer will not have control
- The new system either adapts to the current environment or if needed the designer requests changes to the environment



# Design the Environment



***Covered in detail in FIT1047 Introduction to computer systems, networks and security***

# Design the application components

What are the key parts of the information system and how will they interact when the system is deployed?

- Application component – a unit of software
  - Can vary in size
  - Programming language chosen will affect what the components are
  - How will they interact with the technology to meet functionality
  - Can be built or bought
    - Purchased separately or made available by a third party provider just as AusPost for tracking



# Design the User Interfaces

How will users interact with the new system?

***Covered in detail in Seminar 8 and you can choose to do an elective FIT3175 - Usability***



# Design the Database

How will data be captured, structured and stored for use by the new system?

***Covered in detail in FIT2094 or FIT3171  
Databases and FIT3176 or FIT2104 for  
advanced database electives***



# Design the Software Classes and Methods

Detailed description of how the software works so coding can be done

Models created in analysis are extended to include software specific elements, and additional models such as sequence diagrams are created (*covered in Seminar 9*)



# Design System Controls and Security

How will you mitigate the wide range of risks so that your system is safe and functions as expected

***Covered in detail in Seminar 10***



## Workshop Preparation

Focus on Assignment 2 and working collaboratively with your team

**Thanks for watching**  
**Hope you are enjoying your break**

# Resources:

## Prescribed text:

- Satzinger, J. W., Jackson, R.B., and Burd, S.D.(2016) Systems Analysis and Design in a Changing World, 7th Edition, Cengage Learning, Chapter 6