The correct answer is: placing successive orders

FIT3 158 Busines	s decision modelling \$2/2022	W.	
Dashboard / My units / FIT3158_S2_2022 / Assessments / Quiz Week 7			
<u>Dushibouru</u> / iviy um	ts / <u>FITOTOG_GZ_2022</u> / <u>AGGCGITICING</u> / <u>Quiz WCCR /</u>		
Started on	Friday, 9 September 2022, 11:13 AM		
State	Finished		
	Friday, 9 September 2022, 11:28 AM		
	14 mins 40 secs		
Grade	0.60 out of 1.00 (60 %)		
The EC	OQ model		
○ a.	All of the alternatives are correct.		
○ b.	determines only how frequently to order.		
c.	considers total cost.	~	
od. minimizes	both ordering and holding costs.		
The correct answer	is: considers total cost.		
The m	aximum inventory with backorders is given by		
○ a.	(Q - S) / 2		
○ b.	S		
(ii) C.	Q - S	×	
○ d. Q			
u. Q			
The correct answer	is: S		
For the	e EOQ model, cycle time is the time between		
○ a.	placing and receiving an order		
b.	placing successive orders	~	
<u></u> с.	stocking out and receiving an order		
od. receiving a	nd storing an order		

Safety stock	
a. is not needed if Q* is the actual order quantity.	
b. can be determined by the EOQ formula.	
c. depends on the variability of demand during lead time.	~
d. depends on the inventory position.	
The correct answer is: depends on the variability of demand during lead time.	
Inventory models in which the rate of demand is constant are called	
a. deterministic models.	~
○ b. JIT models.	
c. fixed models.	
d. demand requirements models.	
The correct answer is: deterministic models.	
ZIP Electric Bike Company buys special batteries to power its most popular model, called the Zippy. The company is s about 500,000 Zippies per year. The batteries cost \$50 each. ZIP figures that the impact of holding inventory is 15% power and placing an order costs the company \$220. Using the economic order quantity model, what is the optimal order quantity for the batteries?	er
Select one:	
○ a. 1632.9	
O b. 816.5	
o. c. 5416	
⊚ d. 541.6	×
The correct answer is: 5416	
Which cost would not be considered part of a holding cost?	
a. insurance cost	
○ b. warehouse overhead	
c. shipping cost	~
○ d. cost of capital	

The correct answer is: shipping cost

For inventory systems with constant demand and a fixed lead time,

a. the reorder point > lead-time demand.

b. the reorder point is unrelated to lead-time demand.

c. the reorder point < lead-time demand.

d. the reorder point = lead-time demand.

The correct answer is: the reorder point = lead-time demand.

◄ Quiz Week 6

Jump to...

Quiz Week 8 ▶

\$