

# Functional Near-Infrared Spectroscopy

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# fNIRS - Outline



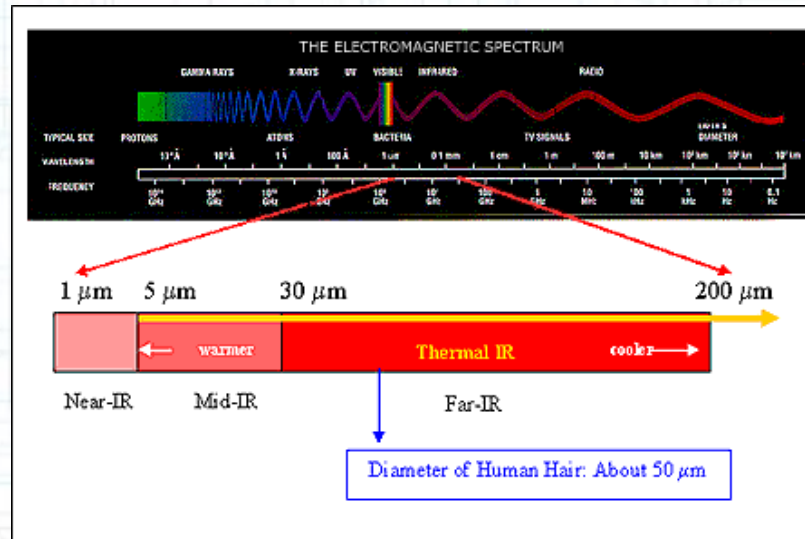
(Kuhl & Rivera-Gaxiola, 2008)

- What is (f)NIRS?
- Basic NIRS physics
- fNIRS system at Drexel
- A simple fNIRS design
- Lexical decision pilot and analysis walk-through
- Proposed study of bilingual lexical categorization

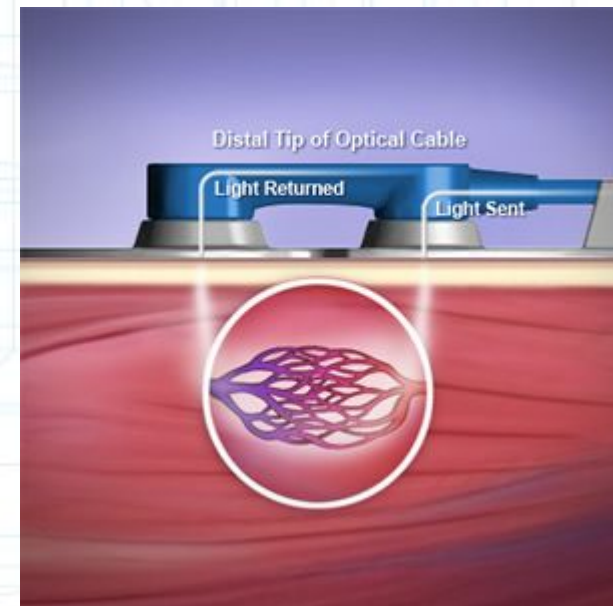
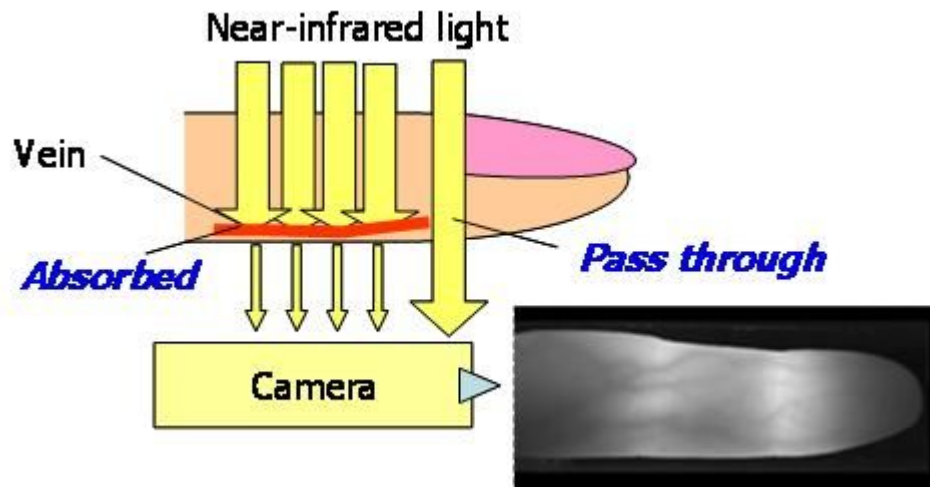


# What is NIRS?

Measurement of scattered infrared light...



...to detect and measure hemoglobin.



△ Hitachi

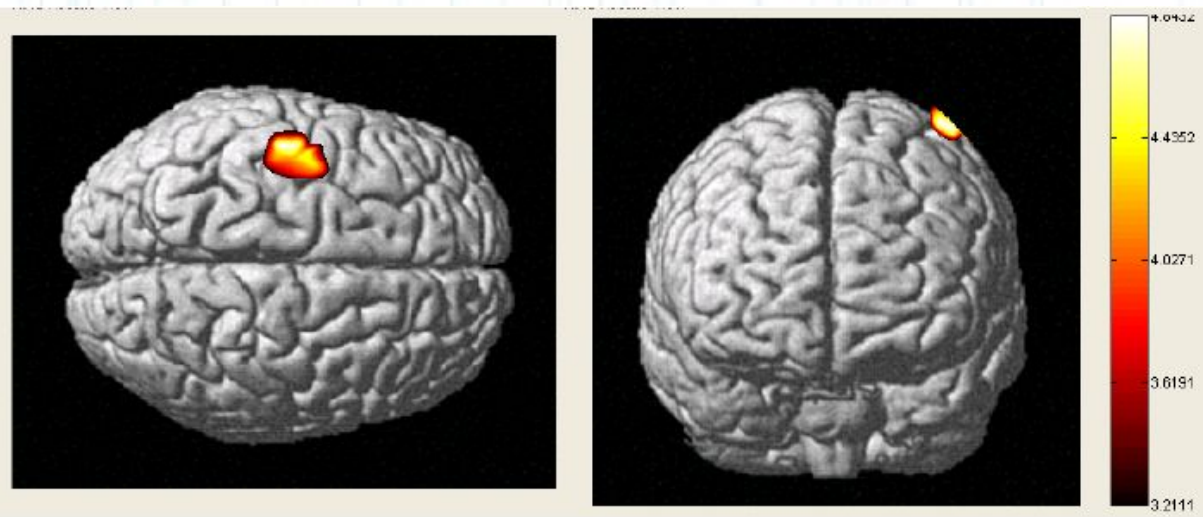
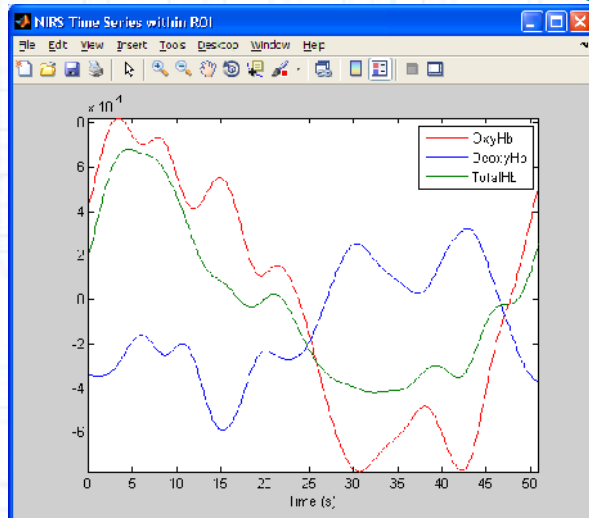
▷ MedGadget.com

# What is fNIRS?

A unique neuroimaging tool...

	Measures	Spatial Resolution	Temporal Resolution	Motion Sensitivity
EEG	Electrical potential	Very low	100s Hz	moderate
fMRI	Hemodynamic Response	A few mm	< 0.3 Hz	high
fNIRS	Hemodynamic Response	A few cm	2-10 Hz	moderate

...suited for cognitive neuroscience research.





# Basic NIRS Physics

Most biological tissues are roughly transparent in the 700-900 nm range.

However, hemoglobin selectively absorbs near infra-red light within this optic window:

730 nm – Deoxy-Hb

850 nm – Oxy-Hb

Using the Modified Beer-Lambert Law, measurements of scattered light can be used to infer Hb levels along the “banana curve”

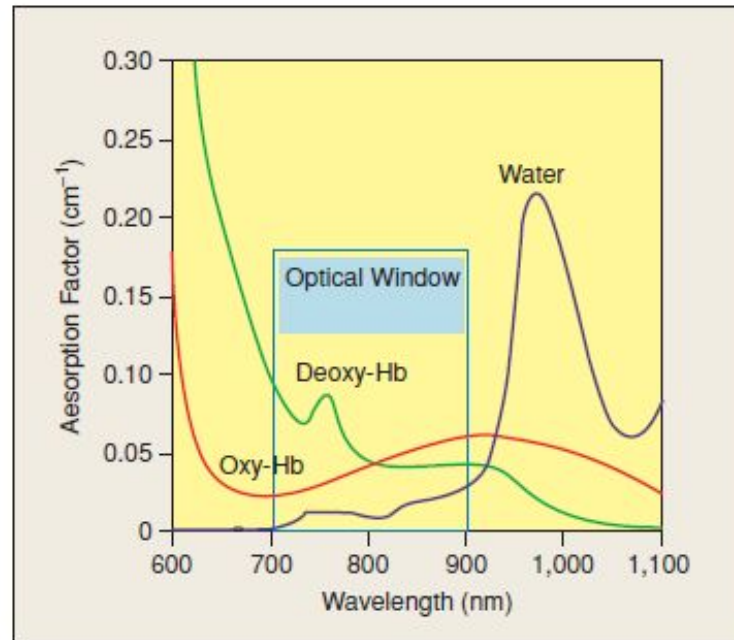


Fig. 1. Absorption spectrum in near-infrared (NIR) window.

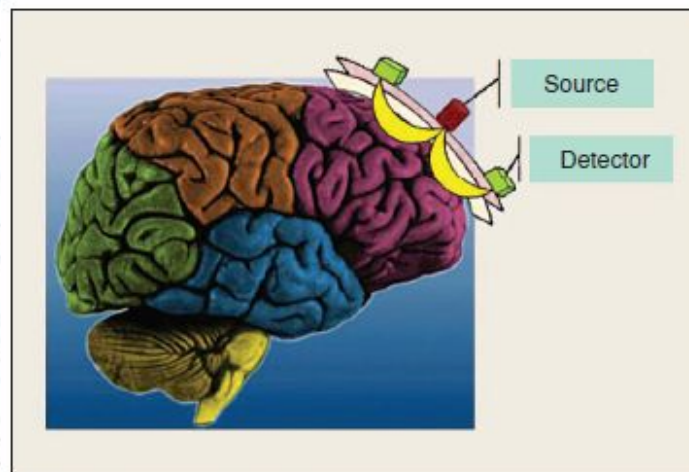


Fig. 2. Photon path inside the human head.

# Basic NIRS Physics (supplemental)

Raw data collected:  
light intensity ( $I$ ) at 730 and 850 nm

$$I = GI_0 e^{-(\alpha_{HB}C_{HB} + \alpha_{HBO2}C_{HBO2}) \times L}$$

$$\Delta OD = \log_{10} \frac{I_b}{I} = \alpha_{HB} \Delta C_{HB} + \alpha_{HBO2} \Delta C_{HBO2}$$

$$\text{Oxygenation} = \Delta C_{HBO2} - \Delta C_{HB}$$

$$\text{BloodVolume} = \Delta C_{HBO2} + \Delta C_{HB}$$

Processed data (usually done by software):  
OxyHb, DeoxyHb, Total Hb

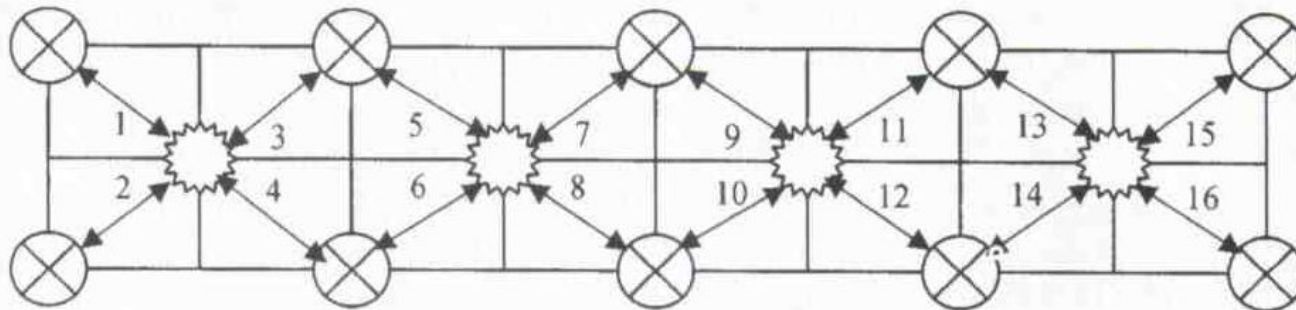


# fNIRS Applications

- **Brain-Computer Interface** (Ayaz et al, 2009)
- **Working memory** (Itzetzoglu et al, 2007)
- **Situational awareness** (Menda et al, 2010)
- **Pain Response** (Barati et al, in prep)
- **Bilingual Processing** (Kovelman et al, 2008)
- **Hematoma Detection** (Zhang et al, 2000)



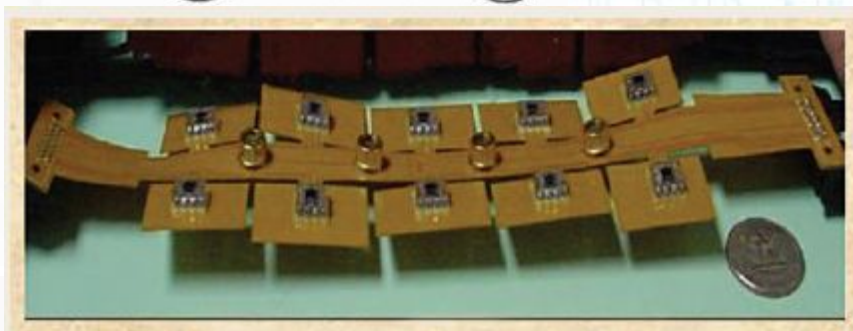
# fNIR at the CONQUER Collaborative (Drexel Univ)



: source



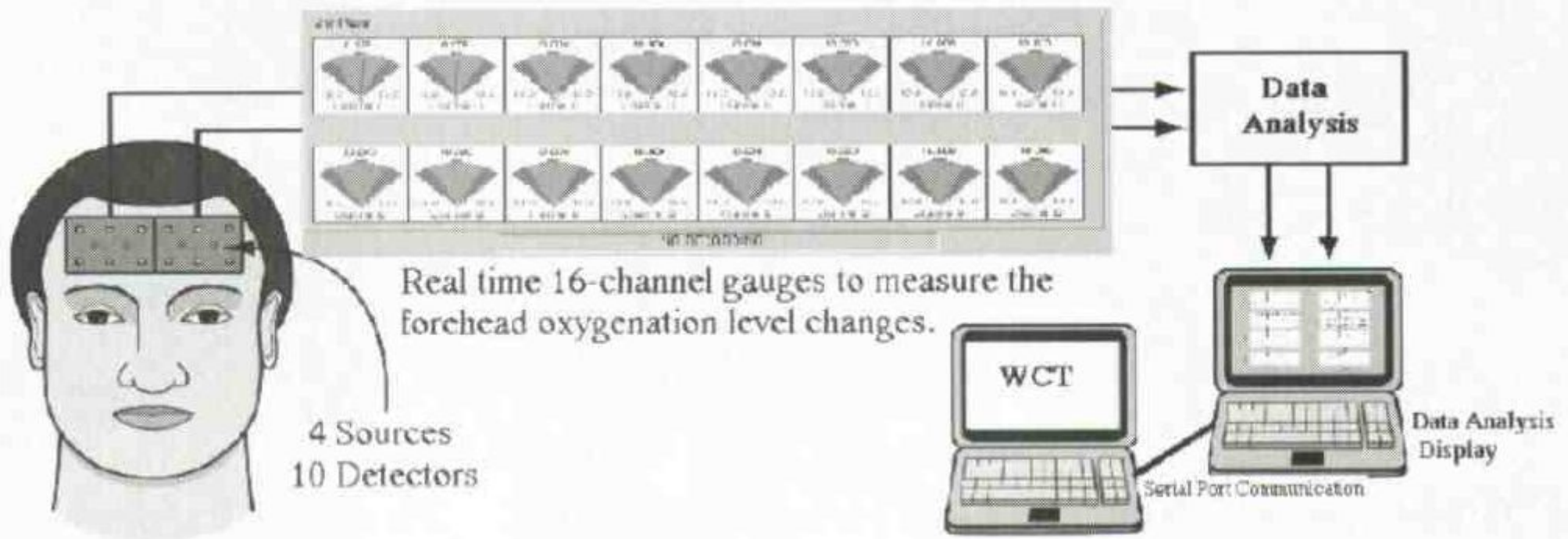
: detector



- 16 channels @ ~2Hz
- 2 cm source-to-detector
- Fast & easy deployment
- Limited to mPFC



# fNIR at the CONQUER Collaborative (Drexel Univ)



- fNIR Data Processing:  
Probe → Signal Amplifier → Analysis Display
- Event Marking:  
Task computer → Analysis Display (via serial port)

# fNIR at the CONQUER Collaborative (Drexel Univ)

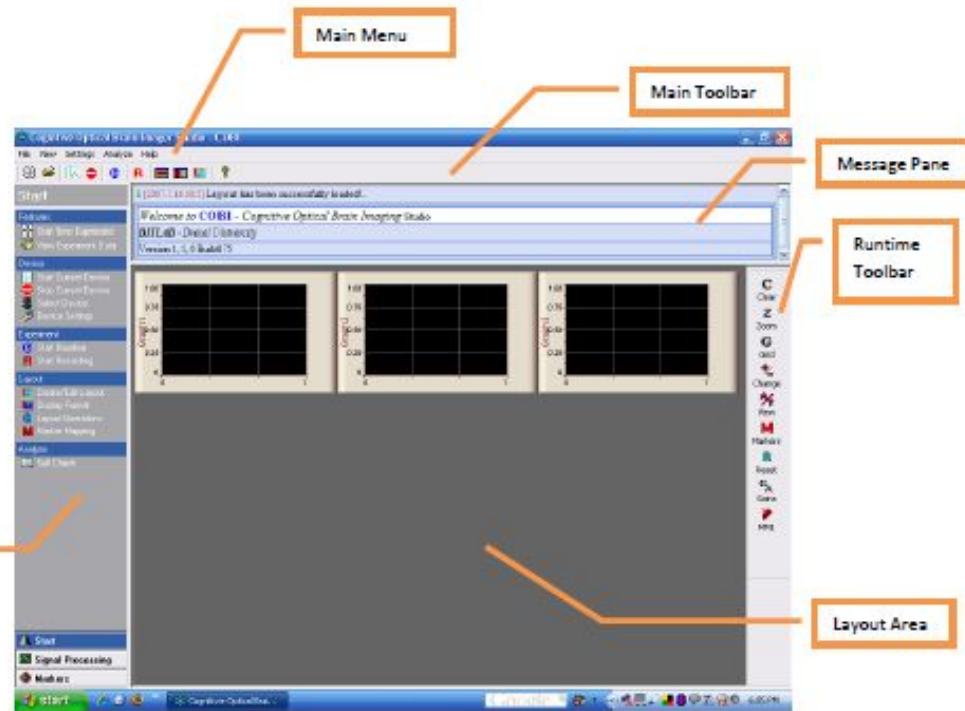
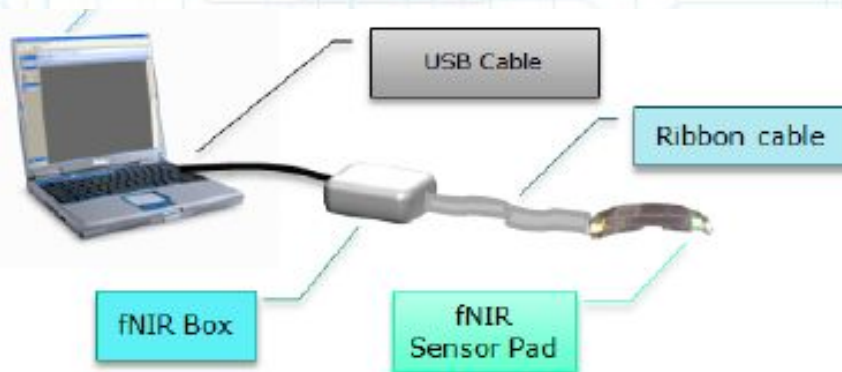


Figure 2. COBI main window and components

- COBI Studio: Stand-alone fNIR data collection platform
- Option for highly portable fNIR experiments (and more to come...)

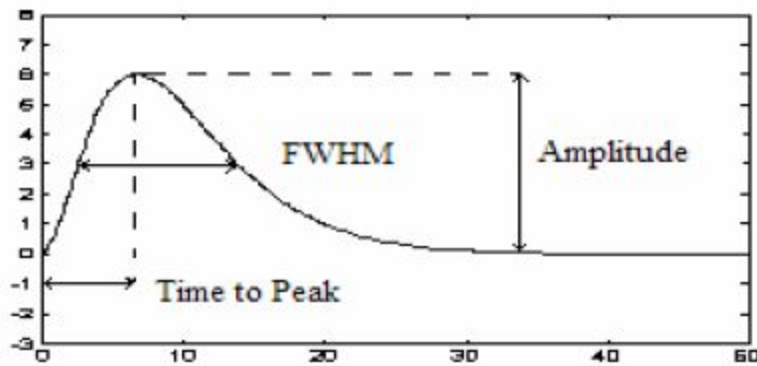




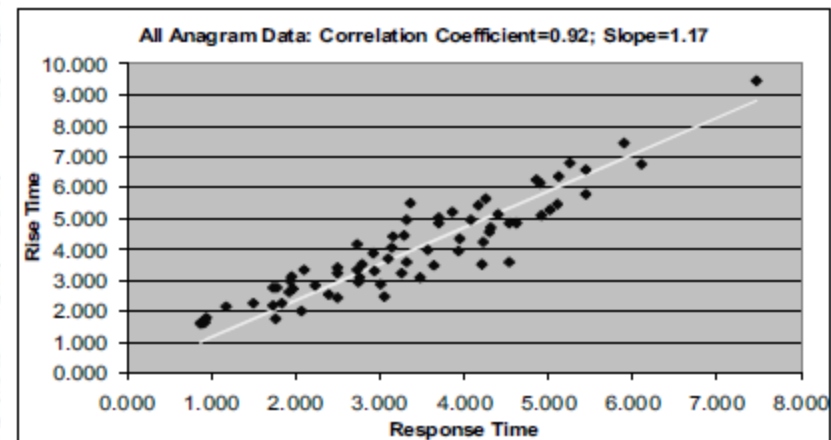
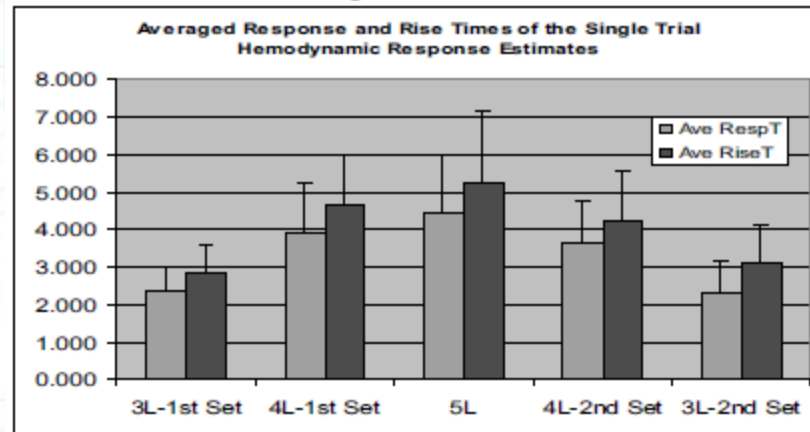
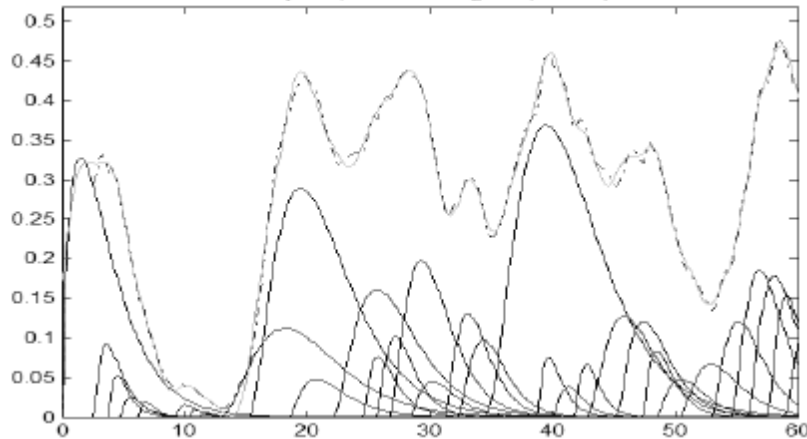
# Anagram Study – Event Related Analysis

$$\text{hrf}(t) = A \cdot t^{\alpha} \cdot e^{t\beta}$$

$$\text{Oxy} = \sum \text{hrf}$$



Subject 6; 3 Letter Anagram (1st Set)



Izzetoglu, M., Nioka, S., Chance, B., & Onaral, B. (2005). Single trial hemodynamic response estimation in a block anagram solution study using fNIR spectroscopy. IEEE, 633-636.

# LDT: Event-Related Design

**Task:** Word/Pseudoword lexical decision

**Protocol:**

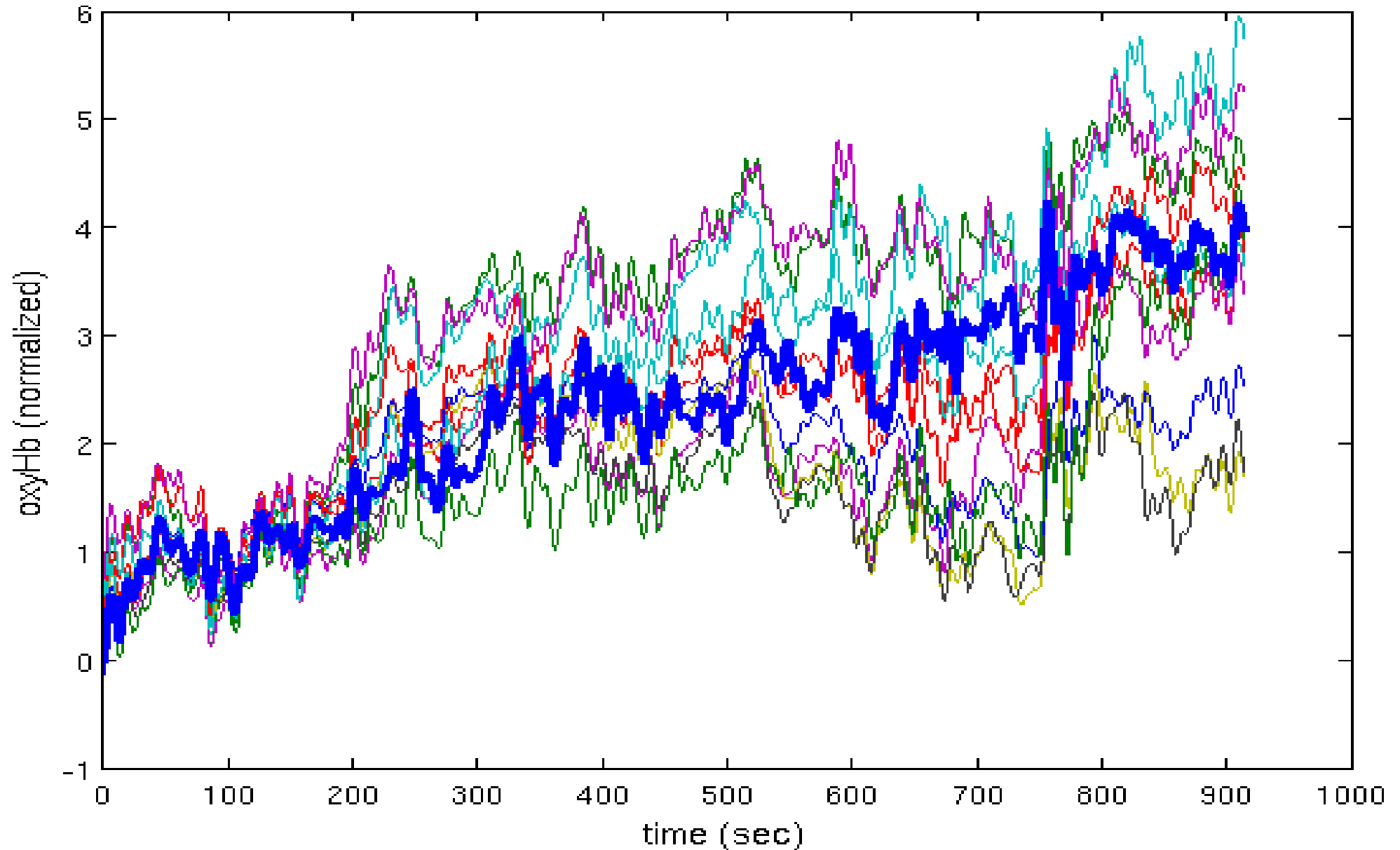
- random-ordered presentation of w/p's in E-Prime 2.0
  - Stimulus duration: 200ms
  - Response duration: 2000ms
  - Inter-stimulus interval: U-dist 6-14sec
- continuous fNIRS data collection for OxyHB, DeoxyHB, Blood volume

**Hypothesis:** Increased PFC activation for semantic processing in p condition. Based on Blumenfeld, Booth, and Burman (2006)

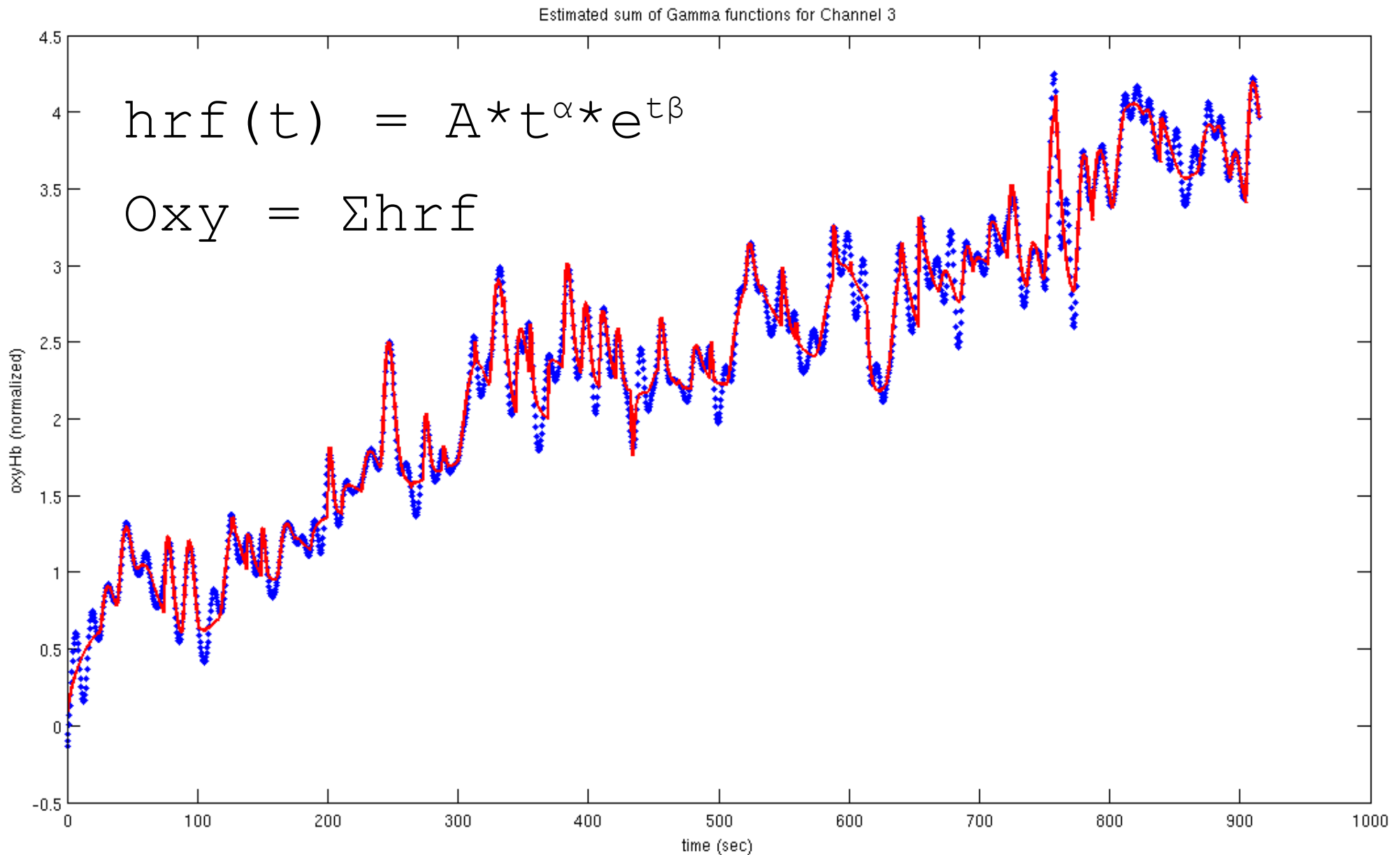


# Data Analysis

OxyHb levels corrected from Baseline, Channels 3-14

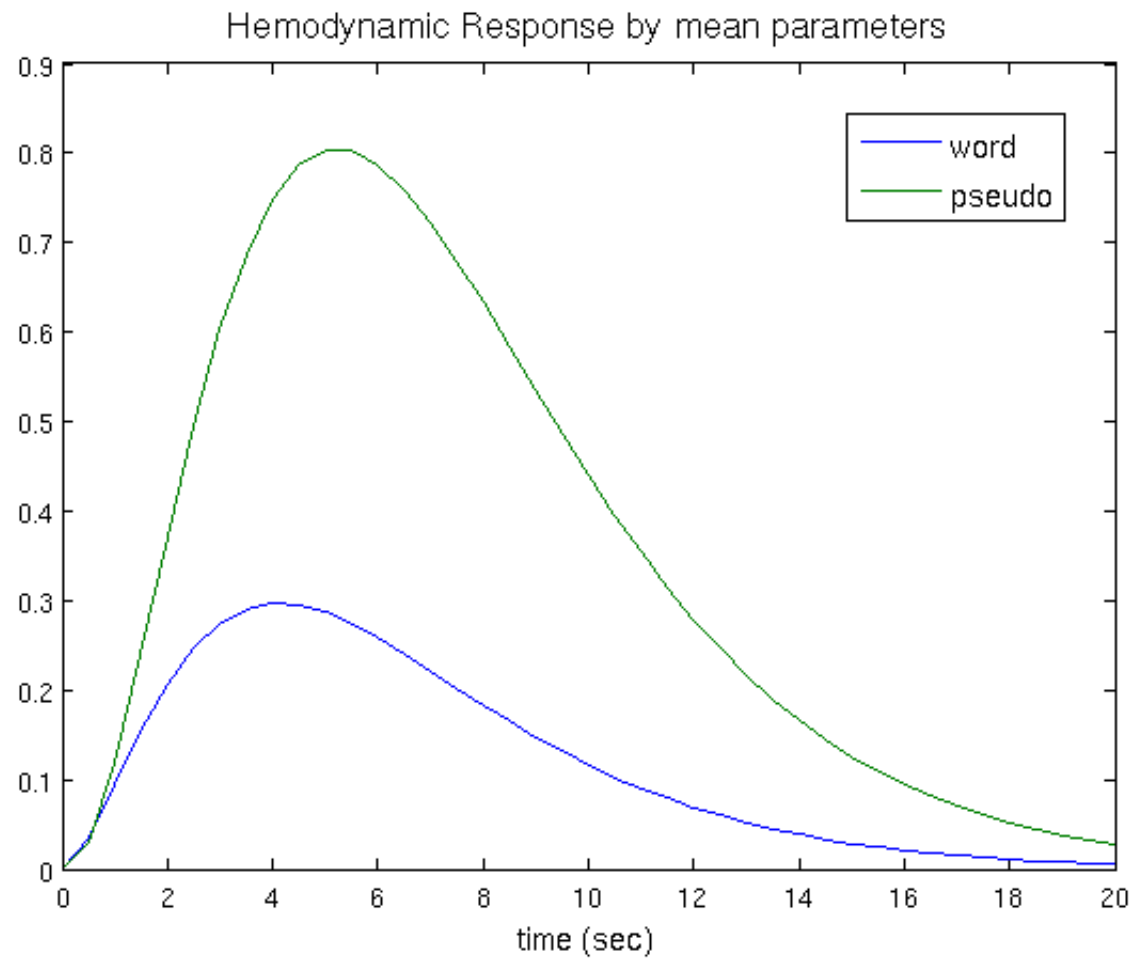


# Data Analysis – event related





# Data Analysis – event related



# Lexical Categorization ( English Monolingual)

Cup



Mug



Bottle





# Lexical Categorization (CE Bilingual)

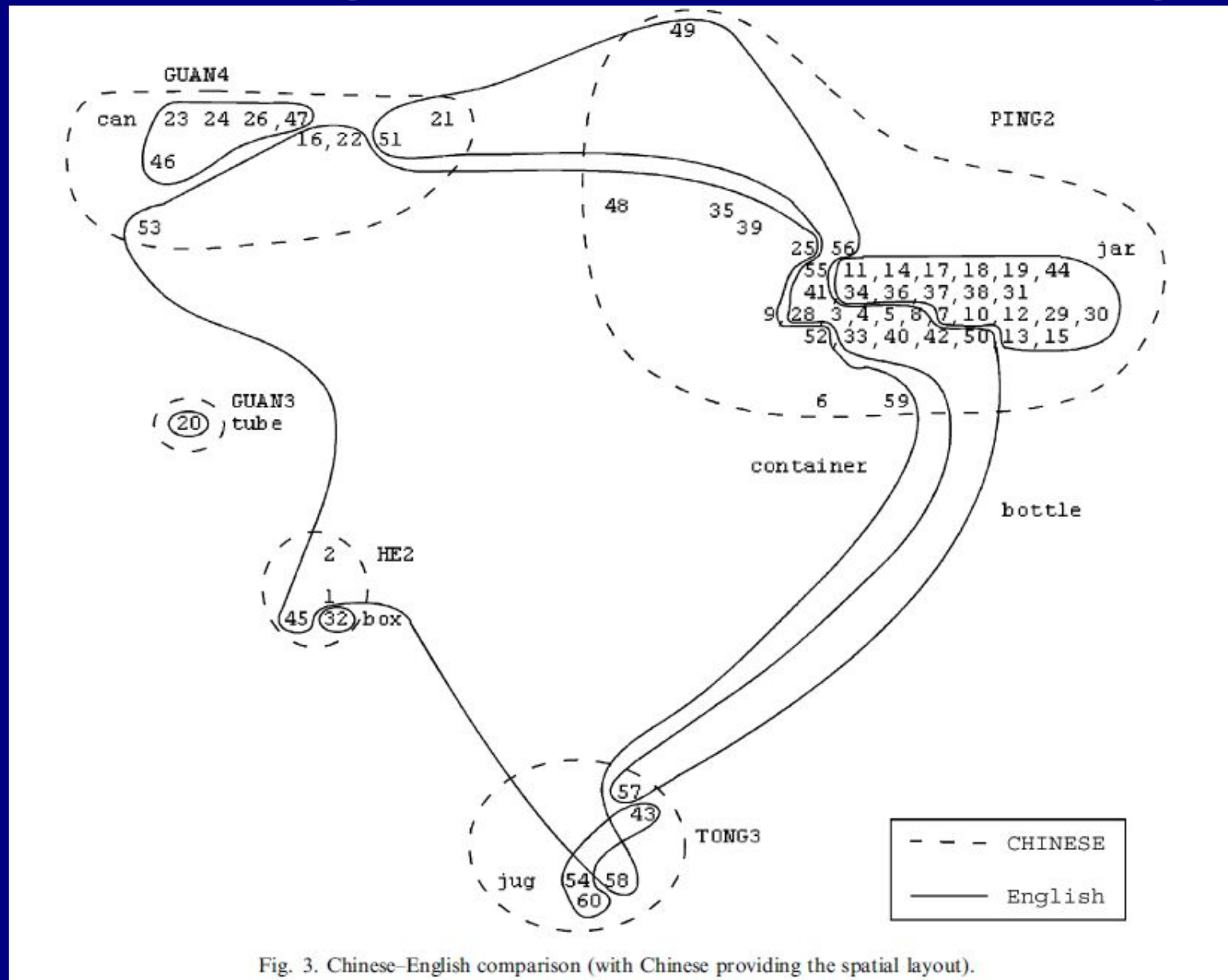


Fig. 3. Chinese-English comparison (with Chinese providing the spatial layout).

Lexical categories aren't universal between languages.

# Future Work

Medial prefrontal activation as a predictor of lexical categorization shifts.

**Task:** Picture naming in L1

**Protocol:**

- random-ordered presentation of objects in self-paced naming
- objects differ in X-linguistic agreement
- continuous fNIRS data collection for OxyHB

**Hypothesis:** Increased mPFC oxygenation in CE-bilinguals for x-linguistically conflicting items



# Thanks

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