README.md 8/20/2023

Bug Report to Peanut Protocol

Findings 1-3 are persistent in both V3 and V4. Finding 4 is only present in V3.

All code references below are for V4 unless specified otherwise.

Finding #1-3

Lines 235, 281, and 333 are incorrect and will result in an EVM error due to the lengths of _data and _pubKey20Bytes being restricted to 20 bytes. Solidity's abi.decode() function expects a 32-byte encoded data set.

Therefore, all direct external transfers of ERC721 and ERC1155 tokens will fail for failing to implement their expected receiver.

```
pubKey20: abi.decode(_data, (address)),
...
pubKey20: abi.decode(_data, (address)),
...
pubKey20: abi.decode(_pubKey20Bytes, (address)),
```

Run the following commands to reproduce the bug:

```
$ FOUNDRY_PROFILE=peanut_v3 forge test
```

```
$ FOUNDRY_PROFILE=peanut_v4 forge test
```

Finding #4

Resolved in V4

No impact due to the above finding for ERC1155 batch transfers.

Within V3, should the ERC1155 batch transfer issue be resolved in the previous finding, a batch transfer into this contract would forever lock up that asset within the contract. This is due to the fact that the onERC1155BatchReceived() function deposits the token(s) with a _contractType of 4, and the withdrawDeposit() function would bypass all transfers and delete the deposit record.

Remedial Measures

To keep the same behavior use solidity's abi.encode() to maintain the same process flow and logic with minimal changes. This will pad the 20-bytes data to 32-bytes and not revert.

README.md 8/20/2023

```
pubKey20: abi.decode(abi.encode(_data), (address)),
...
pubKey20: abi.decode(abi.encode(_data), (address)),
...
pubKey20: abi.decode(abi.encode(_pubKey20Bytes), (address)),
```

Alternatively, you can remove the logic completely to recieve tokens through non-internal means.