

How to Choose a Good LLM

Team Members:

- Wang, Yifan
- Khanna, Sunreet
- Li, Jason
- Xu, Jiabao

Motivation

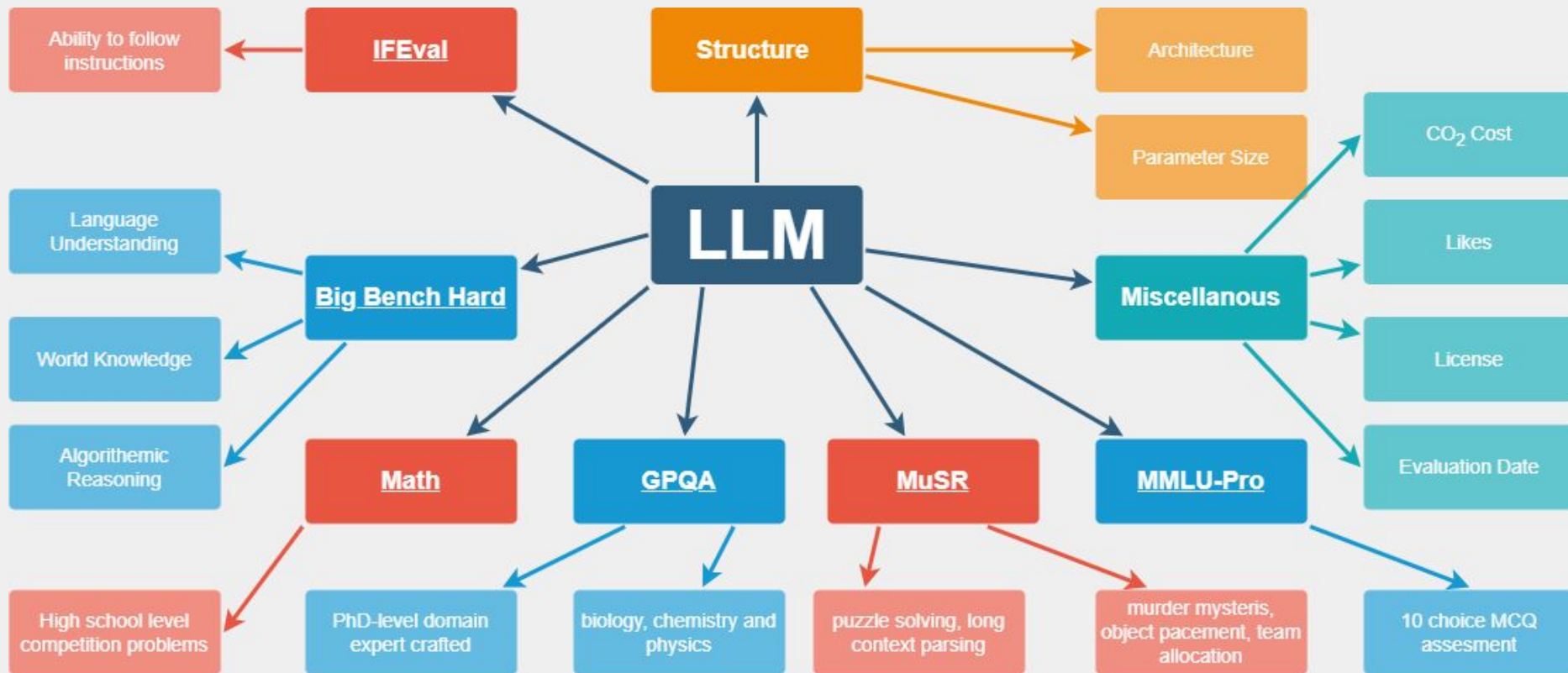
- Growing importance of Large Language Models (LLMs)
- **Challenges in selecting the right LLM:**
 - Increasing number of models
 - Countless evaluation metrics
 - Varying needs



Dataset Introduction



Hugging Face



Methodology

Dataset Processing

Basic Trends

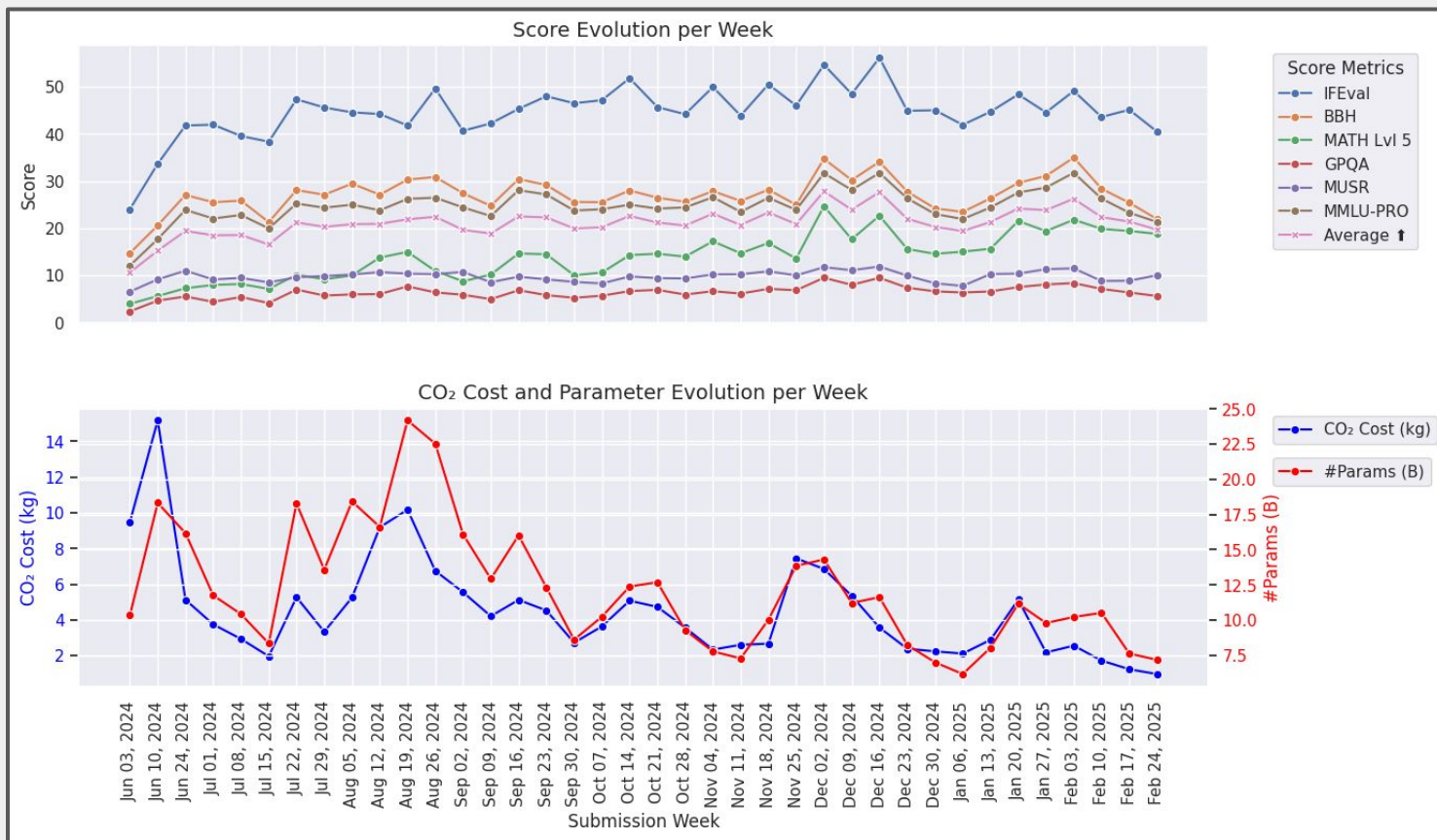
Efficiency Trends

Real World Use

- Correlations
- Importance of Architecture

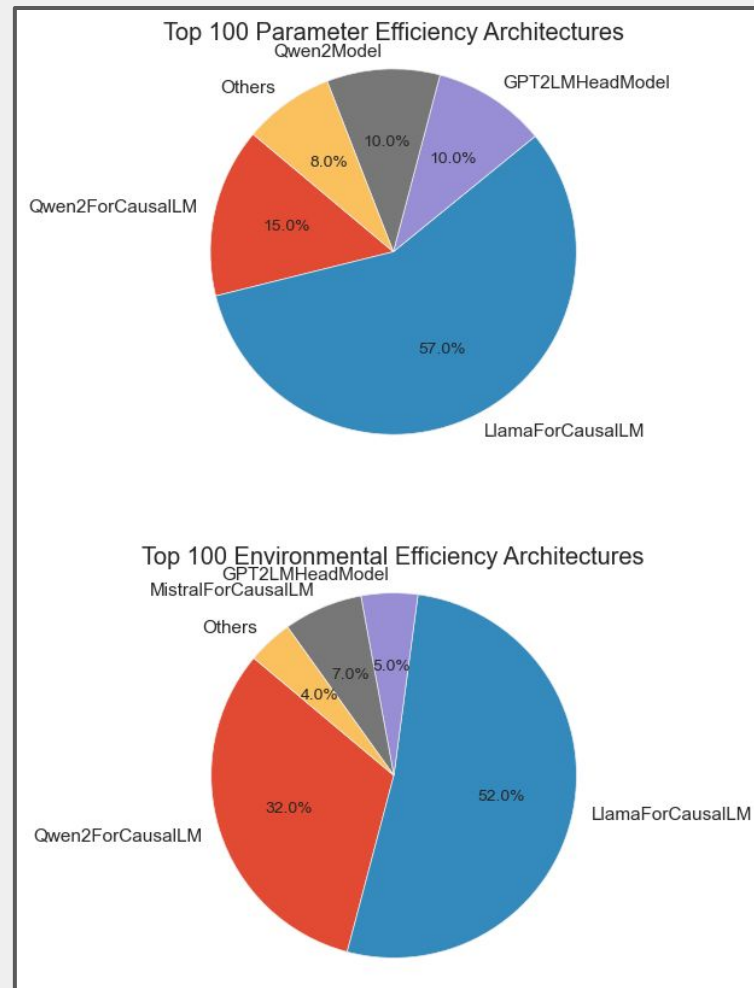
- Industry requirement
- Ranking models

Same Performance but Smaller size, Lower Cost

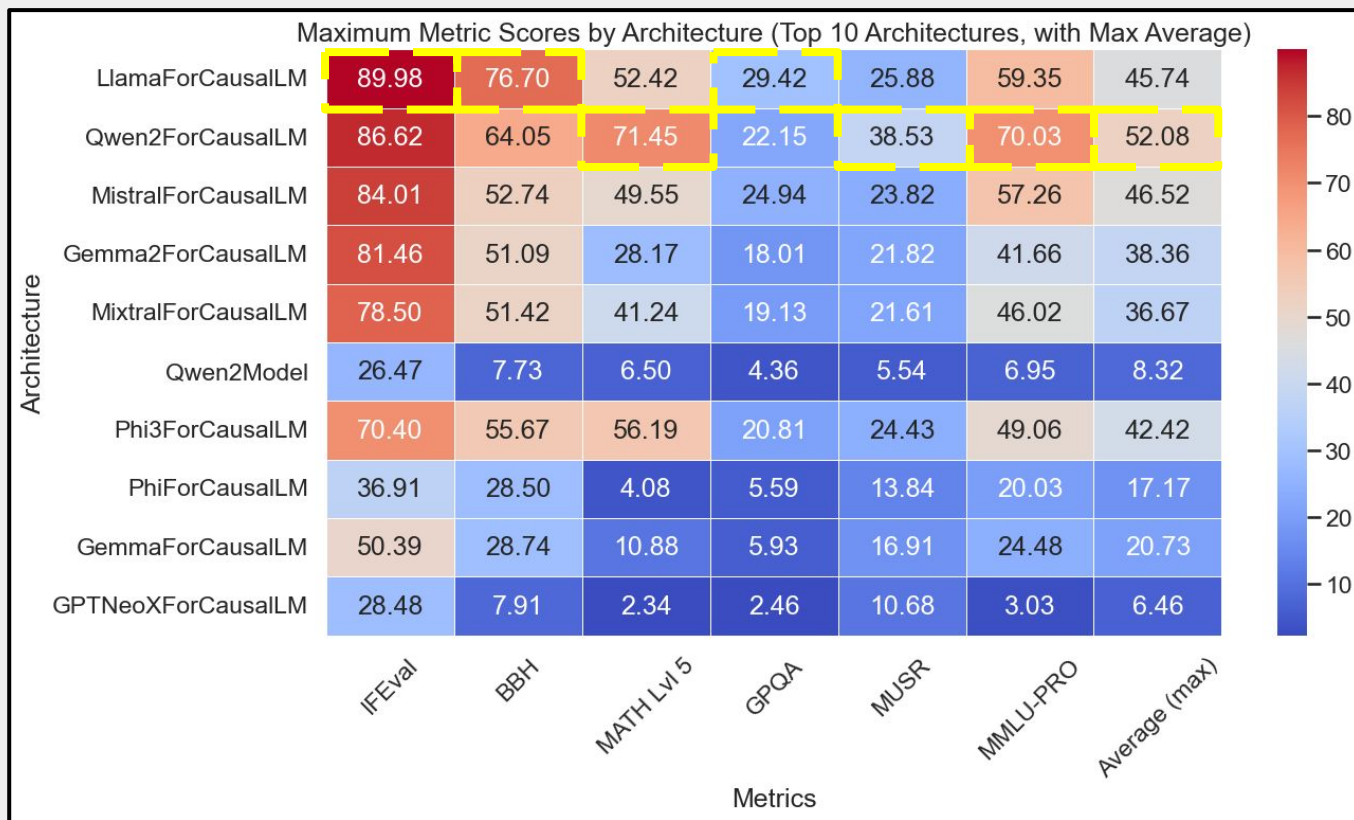


Efficiency Matters

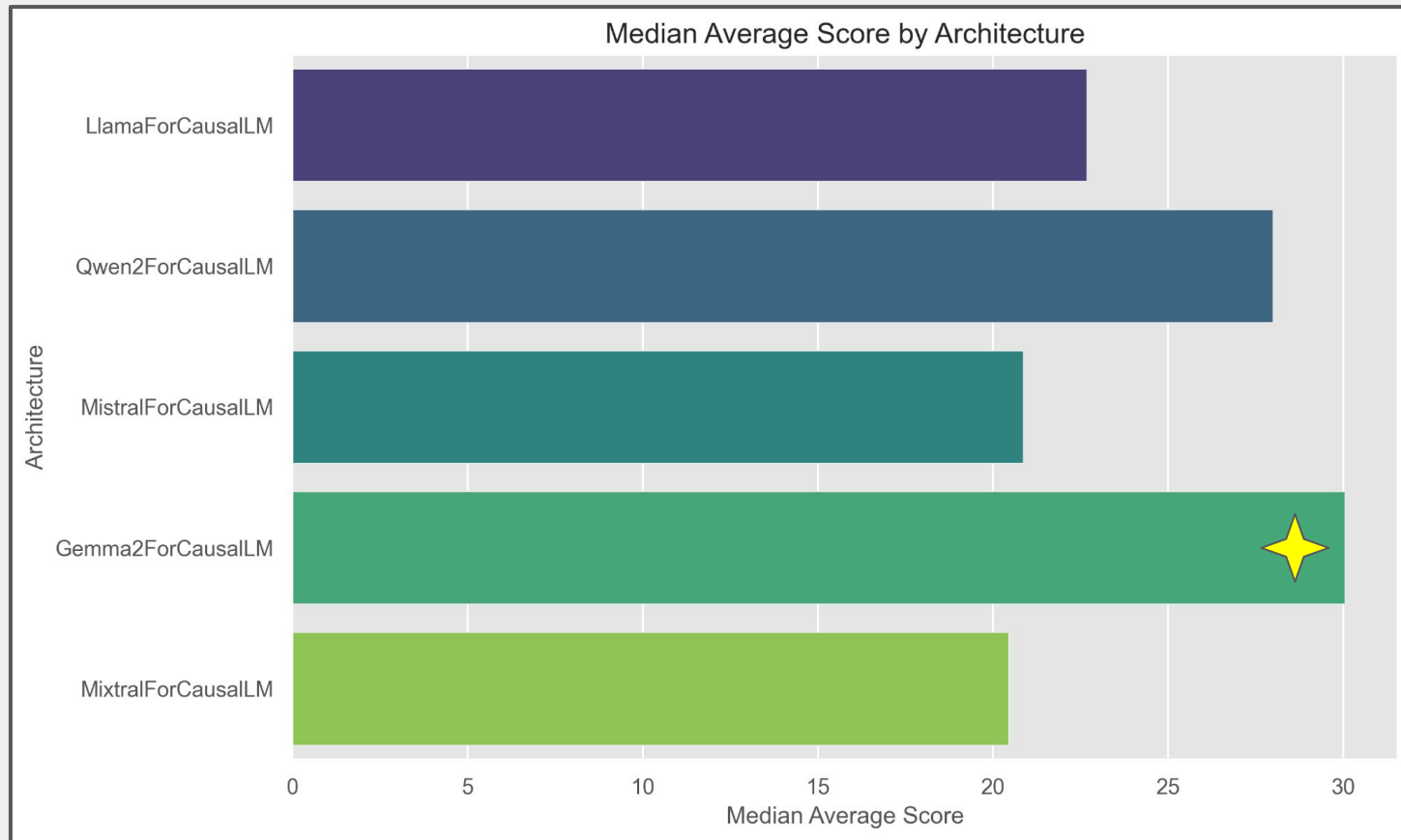
- Parameter Efficiency
 - Metrics Average / #Params (B)
- Environmental Efficiency
 - Metrics Average / CO₂ cost (kg)
- **Architecture** is important



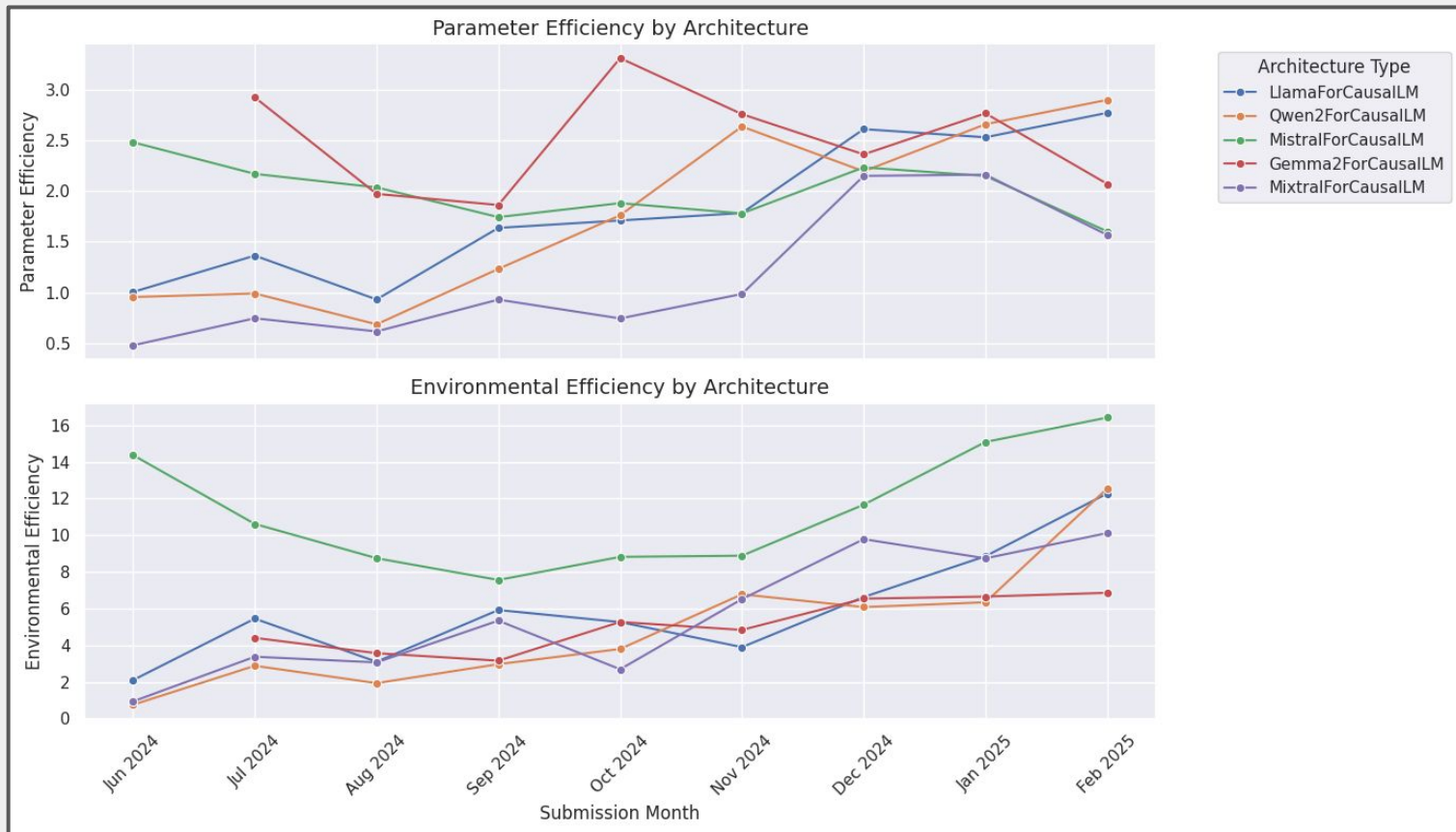
Architecture- Max Performance



Architecture - Median Average Score



Architecture - Efficiency Evolution



Industry Requirements

Tech

- Reasoning
- Solve complex problem

Academic

- Reasoning
- Ability in maths and science

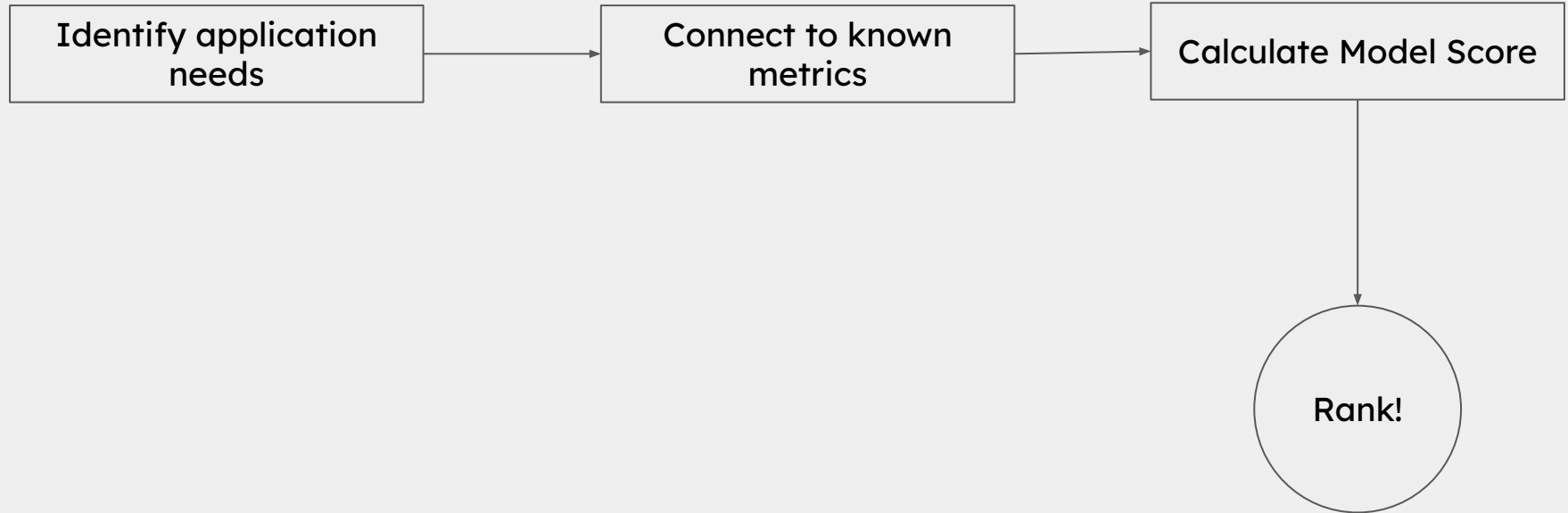
Customer Service

- Chatbot
- Relevant Conv.
- Knowledge retention

Manufacturing

- Engineering proficiency
- Instruction adherence

Real World Use - Workflow



Real World Use - Linking to Data

Tech

- MuSR
- # of Params
- Architecture

Academic

- MuSR
- Math lv 5
- GPQA

Customer Service

- IFEval
- MMLU-Pro
- Chatbot Template

Manufacturing

- MMLU-Pro
- BBH
- IFEval
- Architecture
- Fine-Tune

Real World Use - Some ideas on ranking

$$\text{Model Score} = \alpha \text{ Desired Metrics} + \frac{1-\alpha}{\alpha} \text{ Generic Performance}$$

- Desired Metrics
 - Numerical - MMLU-Pro, GPQA
 - Categorical - Architecture, Fine Tuning
- α : A coefficient of confidence (from 0 -1) on Desired Metrics
 - High confidence → Good for specific industry
 - Low confidence → Generally well performing model

Demo

```
manufac_num_cri = ["MMLU-PRO", "BBH", "IFEval"]
best_architecture_for_manufacturing = [("Architecture", "LlamaForCausalLM"), ("Architecture", "GPTJForCausalLM"), ("Architecture", "CohereForCausalLM"),
                                       ("Architecture", "T5ForConditionalGeneration"), ("Architecture", "RwkvForCausalLM")]
find_tune = [("Type", "♦ fine-tuned on domain-specific datasets")]
manu_str_cri = best_architecture_for_manufacturing + find_tune

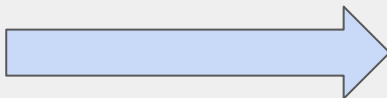
print(get_rank(manufac_num_cri, confident=0.5, num_top_model=3, str_criteria=manu_str_cri, range_matrices = {"CO2 cost (kg)": (0, 8), "#Params (B)": (0, 10)}))
```



	eval_name	Architecture
2282	ehristoforu_falcon3-ultraset_float16	LlamaForCausalLM
3875	unsloth_phi-4-unsloth-bnb-4bit_bfloat16	LlamaForCausalLM
3874	unsloth_phi-4-bnb-4bit_bfloat16	LlamaForCausalLM

Input

- MMLU, BBH, IFEval
- List of architecture
- Fine-tune Model
- < 10 B parameters
- CO₂ cost: 0 - 8 kg



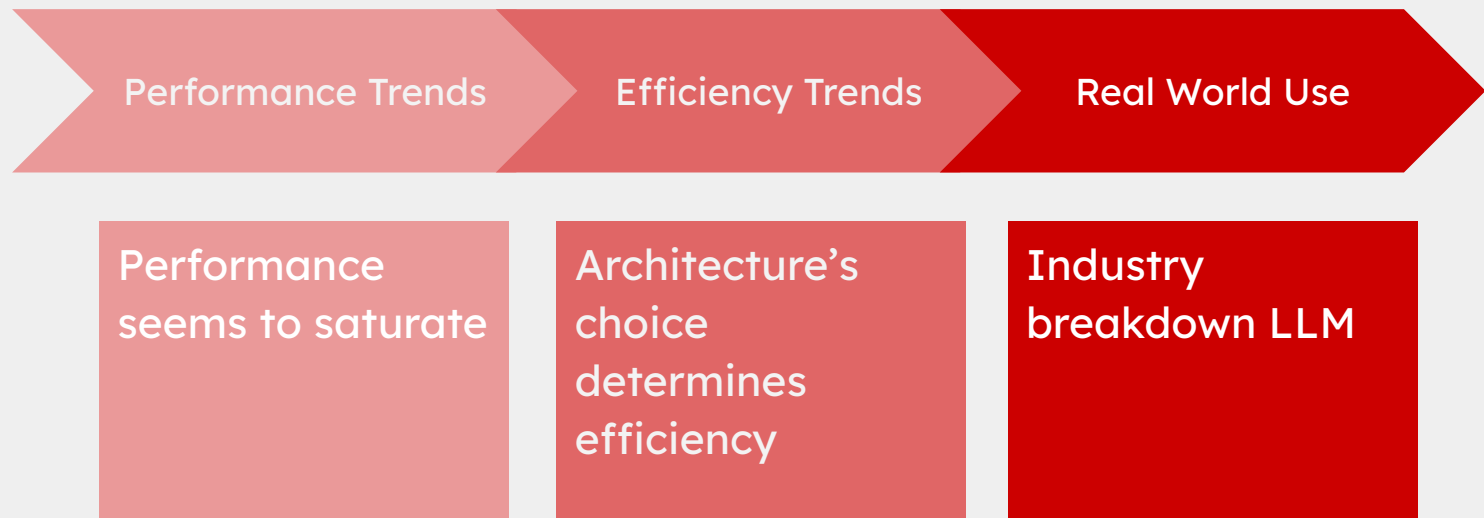
Output

- Best Models - Falcon

Demo Results

Industry Name	Input	Output	Architecture
Tech	"CO ₂ cost (kg)": (4, 8) "#Params (B)": (20, 30) 'MMLU-PRO': (30, 40) ["MUSR", "IFEval"]	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sumatra-20b• Venti-Blend-sce• Venti-20b	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• LlamaForCausalLM• LlamaForCausalLM• LlamaForCausalLM
Academic	"CO ₂ cost (kg)": (8, 12) "#Params (B)": (0,35) ["MUSR", "MATH Lvl 5", "GPQA"]	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• ulitiima-32B• Qwen2.5-32B-Instruct• lambda-qwen2.5-32b-dpo-test	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Qwen2ForCausalLM• QwenForCausalLM• QwenForCausalLM

Conclusion



Thanks!

Reference:

- [\[2407.07000\] Etalon: Holistic Performance Evaluation Framework for LLM Inference Systems](#)
- [The Gap Between Open and Closed AI Models Might Be Shrinking. Here's Why That Matters](#)
- [Large Language Models for Manufacturing](#)
- [Why Large Language Models \(LLMs\) are the future of manufacturing | World Economic Forum](#)
- [LLM Chatbot Evaluation Explained: Top Metrics and Testing Techniques - Confident AI](#)