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CV

Research

with Denis Gromb and Giorgia Piacentino (accepted at the JFE)

The Paradox of Pledgeability

We develop a model in which collateral serves to protect creditors from the claims of competing

creditors. We find that collateralized borrowing has a cost: it encumbers assets, constraining future borrowing and investment—there is a collateral overhang. **Houshold Debt and Unemployment**

with Giorgia Piacentino and Anjan Thakor (forthcoming at the JF)

Using a search model, we find that levered households protected by limited liability suffer from a

household-debt-overhang problem that leads them to require high wages to work. Firms respond by posting high wages but few vacancies. The equilibrium level of household debt is inefficiently high due to a household-debt externality. **Contracting to Compete for Flows**

with Giorgia Piacentino (in JET 173)

benchmark indicies, in the contracts they offer their investors. However, regulators have advised

a way for asset managers to compete for flows of investor capital, even though it is socially inefficient. **Warehouse Banking** with Giorgia Piacentino and Anjan Thakor (in the JFE 129)

We develop a theory of banking that explains why banks started out as commodities warehouses.

Our theory helps to explain how modern banks create funding liquidity and why they combine

against this. Why do asset managers refer to public information in their contracts? We show that it is

Delegated asset managers frequently refer to public information, such as credit ratings and

warehousing (custody and deposit-taking), lending, and private money creation within the same institutions.

Resaleable Debt and Systemic Risk with Eva Micheler (in the JFE 127)

Many debt claims, such as bonds, are resaleable, whereas others, such as repos, are not. We develop a model of bank lending in which debt claims are heterogenous in their resaleability. We find that decreasing credit market frictions leads to an increase in borrowing via non-resaleable debt. This causes credit chains to form, creating systemic risk.

Deadlock on the Board

study how board composition affects deadlock, and find, for example, that board diversity can

with Nadya Malenko and Giorgia Piacentino (revise and resubmit at the RFS)

Best Paper Award at the 2018 ASU Sonoran Winter Finance Conference In a dynamic model of board decision making, directors strategically block proposals that benefit other directors. Such deadlock on the board explains CEO entrenchment and strategic inertia. We

Intermediation Variety

exacerbate it.

Non-depository financial intermediaries ("non-banks") have a higher cost of capital than depositories

projects, inducing entrepreneurs to innovative efficiently.

for demandable debt and a new type of bank run, or "money run."

with Giorgia Piacentino and Anjan Thakor (revise and resubmit at the JF)

Money Runs with Giorgia Piacentino We present a banking model in which bank debt is traded over the counter like banknotes were in the

nineteenth century and repos are today. This focus on bank money creation reveals a new rationale

("banks") do, because they do not benefit from government safety nets. How do they still compete

with banks? Non-banks use their high cost of capital as a commitment device not to fund traditional

Procyclical Promises

I explore how the cyclicality of firms' output affects their debt capacity. I point out that, in contrast to received theory, procyclical firms can have an advantage in the funding market: because they have more assets in booms, when asset prices are high ex post, they have looser collateral constraints ex ante—assets are useful as collateral only when they are valuable.

with Giorgia Piacentino

Netting

Banks hold gross debts without netting them out. Why? These gross debts implement valuable contingent transfers via the option to dilute.

Affiliations

CEPR

Systemic Risk Centre

Other Stuff

Heroes

Labor and Finance Group

Recommended Reading

Finance Theory Group