

Hadoop Architecture Labs

Lab 1: Examining Nodes On The Cluster

At this point, YARN and the Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) are already running on the control node of your cluster. Both of these services have command line and Web interfaces. Let's look at both.

First, connect to the command line on your edge node using ssh. However, because your virtual machine is running under vagrant, you'll use the vagrant ssh command instead of ordinary ssh.

vagrant ssh edge

You should see output that looks like the following:

Last login: Sun Aug 20 18:06:02 2017 from 10.0.2.2

[vagrant@edge ~]\$

From this point on, we'll simply show the commands we type (as indicated by the [vagrant@edge vagrant]\$ prompt) and the result in the same code block. See what version of yarn you are running using the command [yarn version] and then [yarn application -list] to list all the

applications.

We can get help with all the yarn commands by typing yarn -help

```
[vagrant@edge ~]$ yarn -help
Usage: yarn [--config confdir] COMMAND
where COMMAND is one of:
  resourcemanager -format-state-store
                                         deletes the RMStateStore
  resourcemanager
                                         run the ResourceManager
  nodemanager
                                         run a nodemanager on each slave
  timelineserver
                                         run the timeline server
                                         admin tools
  rmadmin
  version
                                         print the version
  jar <jar>
                                         run a jar file
  application
                                         prints application(s)
                                         report/kill application
  applicationattempt
                                         prints applicationattempt(s)
                                         report
  container
                                         prints container(s) report
  node
                                         prints node report(s)
  queue
                                         prints queue information
  logs
                                         dump container logs
  classpath
                                         prints the class path needed to
                                         get the Hadoop jar and the
                                         required libraries
  daemonlog
                                         get/set the log level for each
                                         daemon
 or
  CLASSNAME
                                         run the class named CLASSNAME
Most commands print help when invoked w/o parameters.
[vagrant@edge ~]$
```

We can also list the nodes in our cluster with yarn node -list -all and query the status of a node using yarn node -status nodename as shown below.

```
[vagrant@edge ~]$ yarn node -list -all
17/08/23 15:42:17 INFO client.RMProxy: Connecting to ResourceManager at control/192.168.33.10:
Total Nodes:1
        Node-Id
                         Node-State Node-Http-Address
                                                        Number-of-Running-Containers
   control:44668
                            RUNNING
                                         control:8042
                                                                                   0
[vagrant@edge ~]$ yarn node -status control:44668
17/08/23 15:42:35 INFO client.RMProxy: Connecting to ResourceManager at control/192.168.33.10:
Node Report :
    Node-Id: control:44668
    Rack : /default-rack
   Node-State: RUNNING
   Node-Http-Address : control:8042
    Last-Health-Update: Wed 23/Aug/17 03:40:52:695UTC
   Health-Report :
   Containers: 0
   Memory-Used: 0MB
   Memory-Capacity: 4096MB
   CPU-Used : 0 vcores
   CPU-Capacity: 4 vcores
   Node-Labels:
[vagrant@edge ~]$
```

Now we'll look at the same information using the Web interface by going to

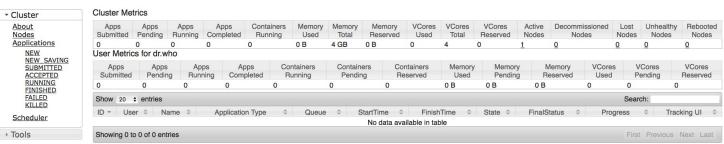
http://192.168.33.10:8088 or http://control:8088 . We reference the control node because that's where the Resource Manager is located. In fact, the yarn commands we issued above connected to the control node to get their results.

This is what your output should look like on a brand new cluster.



All Applications

Logged in as: dr.who

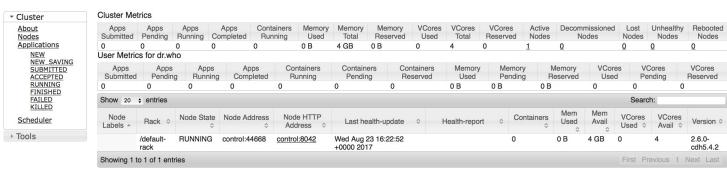


If we look under the Cluster menu on the left and click on Nodes, we should see the nodes that are running, just as we did above on the command line



Nodes of the cluster

Logged in as: dr.who



Finally, if we click on the entry control:8042 under Node HTTP Address, we'll get detailed information of our one control node:



This step concludes this lab.