MEAT DELI REVENUE OPTIMIZATION

Exploratory Data Analysis & Model Engineering

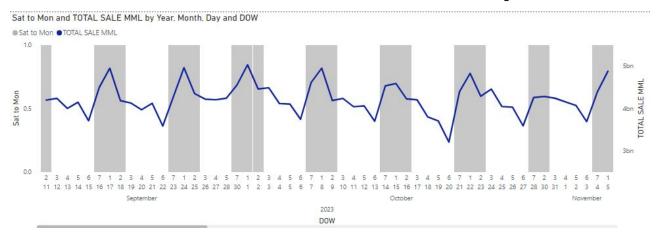
Data collection

I collected historical sales data for MML SKUs from WCM stores for the period from 2022/01/01 - 2024/04/21.

The dataset encompassed information on sales, transactions, product categories, store locations, and dates.

PURCHASING BEHAVIORS

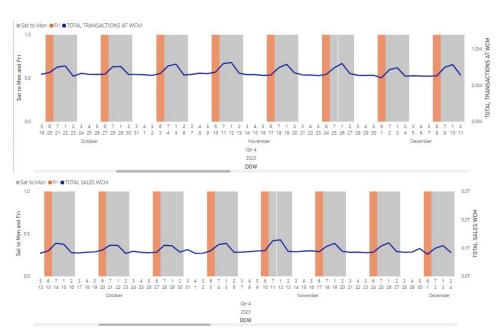
EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS - MML products



Overall, It's easy to notice that sales of MML products is peak on weekend (more exactly from Sat to Mon), meanwhile it dropped on weekdays (most significantly on Friday).

However, it might be the reason that sales on weekend is the highest due to the fact that more ppl visit to WCM stores on the weekend and less on weekdays (Friday particularly since we see huge drop of sales on Friday).

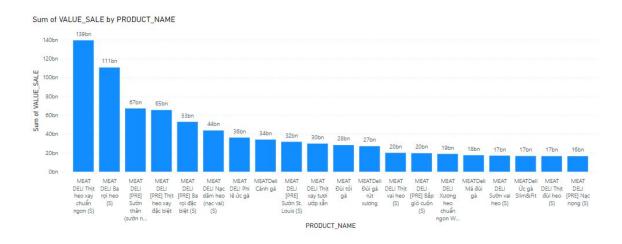
EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS - All stores



We can see that there are more visits to WCM stores on weekend (Sat and Sun), which correlates to sales of total products (incl. MML) => more visits on Sat and Sun result in higher sales of MML in Sat and Sun.

However, sales/visits on Fri and Monday seems stable, but the sales of MML on Fri/Mon are totally uncorrelated => there is some hidden patterns here and we want to dive deep into it.

EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS - MML products

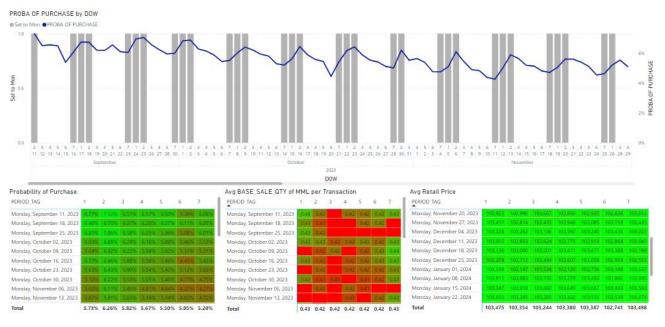


Top 6 MML products contribute to > 50% of total revenue, i focus on this group for deeper analysis.

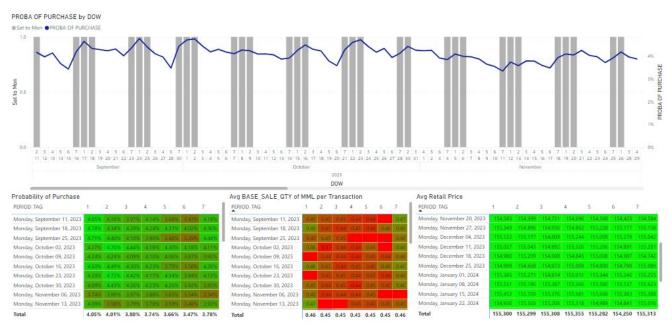
I define some metrics that may reflect the purchasing behavior of buyers.

- 1. **Proba_purchase** = total MML transactions / total store transactions
- 2. Basket_Share_MML = total MML sales/ total store sales
- 3. Avg_Sales_per_transaction_MML = total MML sales / total MML transactions
- 4. Avg_Sales_per_store_visit_MML = total MML sales / total store transactions

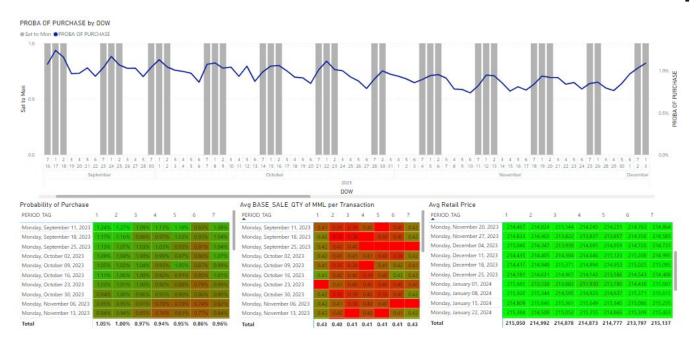
MEAT DELI Thịt heo xay chuẩn ngon (S) - HÀ NỘI



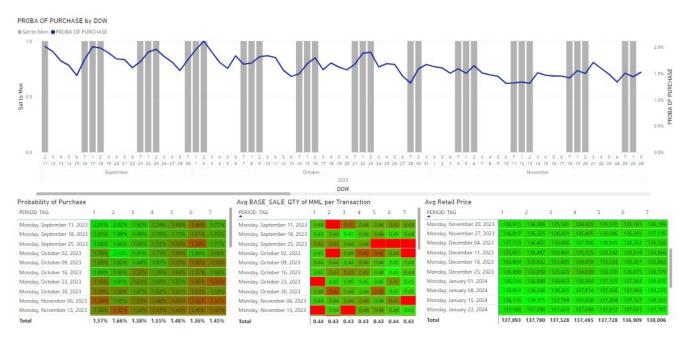
MEAT DELI Ba roi heo (S) - HCM



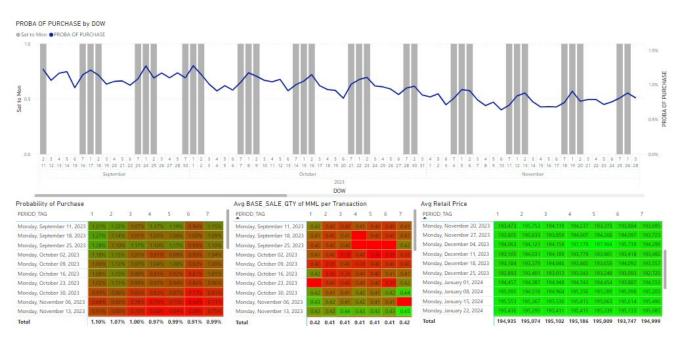
MEAT DELI [PRE] Sườn Thăn (sườn non) (S) - HÀ NỘI



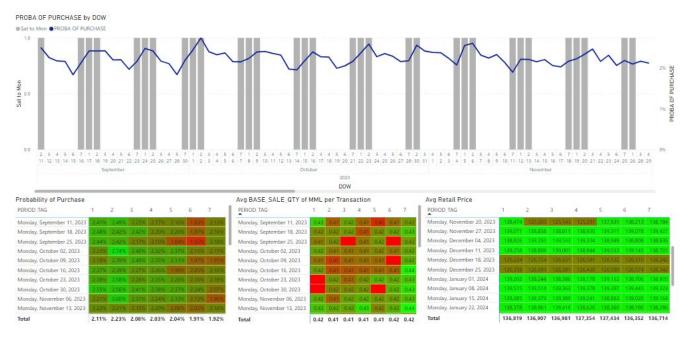
MEAT DELI [PRE] Thịt heo xay đặc biệt - HCM



MEAT DELI [PRE] Ba rọi đặc biệt (S) - HÀ NỘI



MEAT DELI [PRE] Nạc dăm heo (nạc vai) (S) - HCM



TREND ANALYSIS - DOW

We see that even in the weekend the purchase probability is consistently higher on Sat/Sun/Mon than in other weekdays (Friday particularly) => Ppl tend to buy and store fresh product on these days to consume for the whole week

PRICE ELASTICITY

PRICE ELASTICITY of DEMAND MODEL

As analysis from previous part, we discovered that shoppers have certain buying patterns for MML products (fresh meat) on specific days (Saturday/Sunday/Monday) and tend not to buy on Fridays. This suggests that price sensitivity varies throughout the week. Specifically, it is expected that price has less impact on demand on Sundays, while it has a greater impact on Fridays. This insight leads to the idea of increasing prices on Sundays without significantly affecting demand and reducing prices on Fridays to drive sales.

Additionally, I have a hypothesis that different store formats may exhibit varying price sensitivities due to different types of visitors. This effect is expected to be more prominent on weekends since shoppers tend to visit supermarkets more frequently during that time.

To measure the price elasticity of demand and simulate price optimization, you propose three different aggregation levels:

- 1. Aggregate at CITY/PRODUCT/WEEK level (since intraweek price is static)
- 2. Aggregate at CITY/PRODUCT/WEEK/BUSINESS_UNIT level
- 3. Aggregate at CITY/PRODUCT/WEEK/BUSINESS_UNIT/DOW level

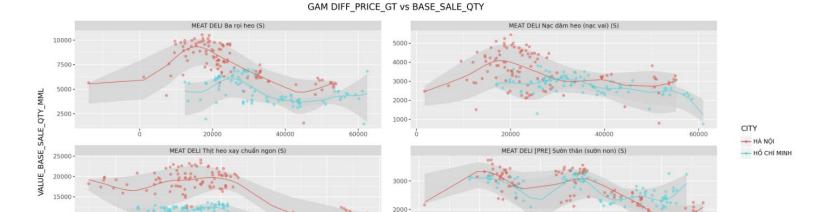
To simulate the price optimization, I will measure the incremental gain of revenue from each model. The price changes will be measured relative to the GT price (market price). The assumptions made are that shoppers are rational and make decisions based on their expectations. Shoppers are aware of the general market price and have an acceptance price based on that information.

CITY/PRODUCT/WEEK

10000

5000 -

-10000



Different products at different city have the different sensitivity of price. For example **MEAT DELI Ba roi heo (S)** and **MEAT DELI [PRE] Sườn thăn (sườn non) (S)** are less sensitive with price in HCM than in HN. It can be explained due to preference and regional differences.

60000

80000

100000

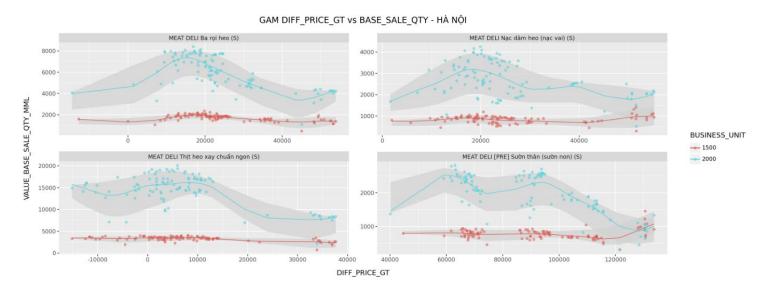
120000

1000 -

DIFF_PRICE_GT

30000

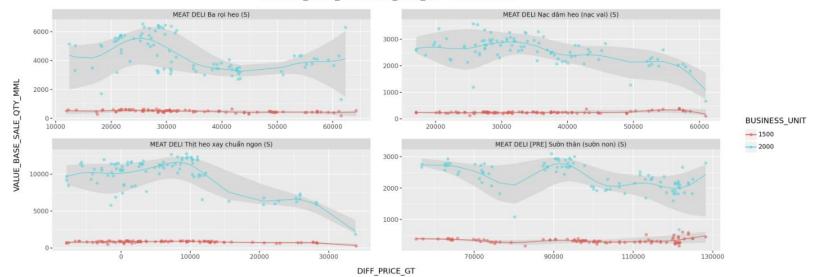
CITY/PRODUCT/WEEK/BUSINESS_UNIT



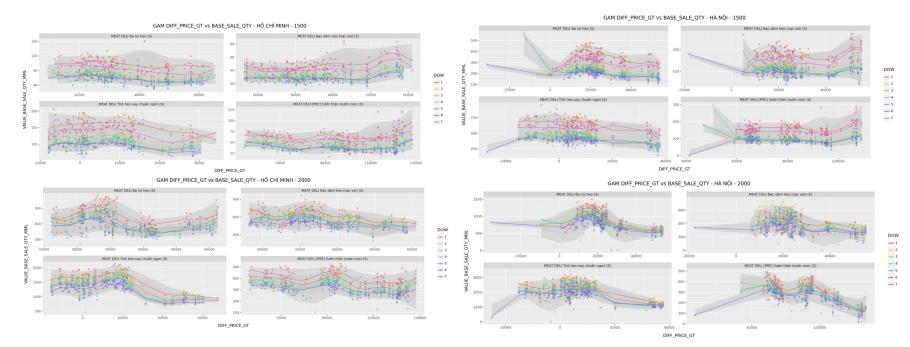
Demand is less sensitive with price at supermarket format (BUSINESS_UNIT = 1500) than in mini-mart/grocery store (BUSINESS_UNIT = 2000)

CITY/PRODUCT/WEEK/BUSINESS_UNIT

GAM DIFF_PRICE_GT vs BASE_SALE_QTY - HO CHÍ MINH



CITY/PRODUCT/WEEK/BUSINESS_UNIT/DOW

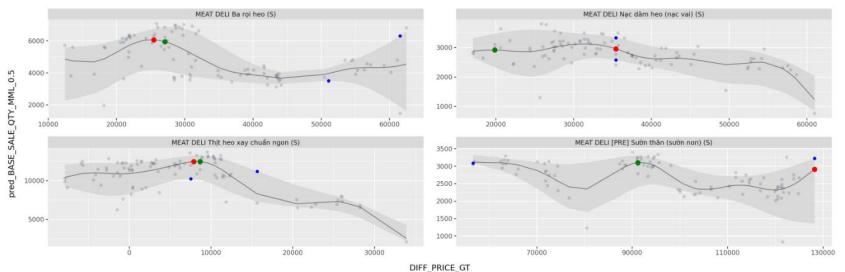


SIMULATION

CITY/PRODUCT/WEEK - Demand vs Price

MEAT DELI - PRICE OPTIMIZATION (GAP to GT PRICE) - HO CHÍ MINH

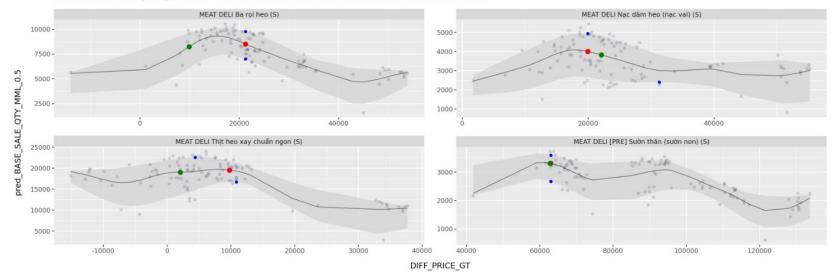
Optimal Median BASE_SALE_QTY (Red) - Current Pricing (Green) - 95% Maximum Confidence Interval (Blue)



CITY/PRODUCT/WEEK - Demand vs Price

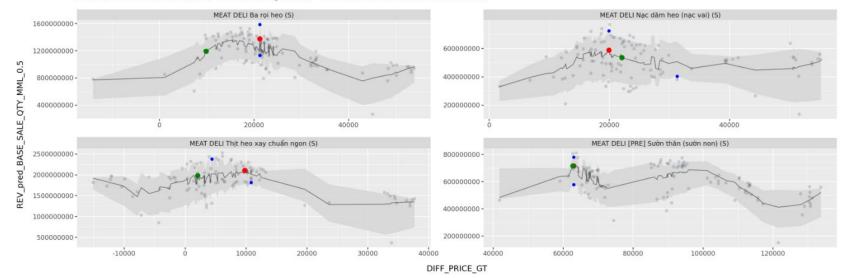
MEAT DELI - PRICE OPTIMIZATION (GAP to GT PRICE) - HÀ NÔI

Optimal Median BASE_SALE_QTY (Red) - Current Pricing (Green) - 95% Maximum Confidence Interval (Blue)



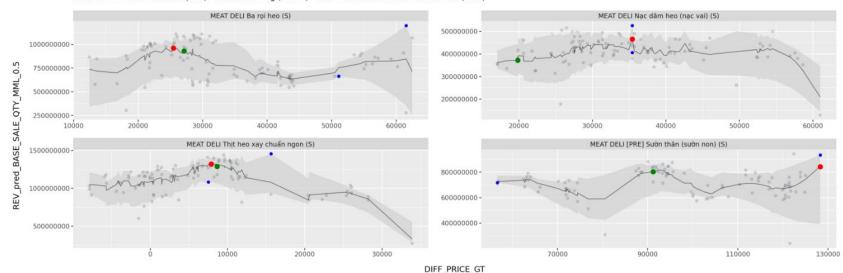
CITY/PRODUCT/WEEK - Rev vs Price

MEAT DELI - PRICE OPTIMIZATION (GAP to GT PRICE) - HÀ NỘI



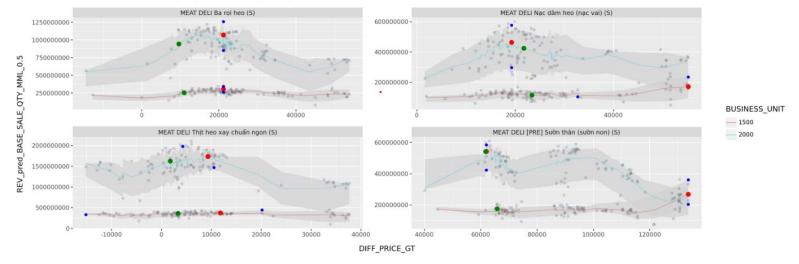
CITY/PRODUCT/WEEK - Rev vs Price

MEAT DELI - PRICE OPTIMIZATION (GAP to GT PRICE) - HO CHÍ MINH



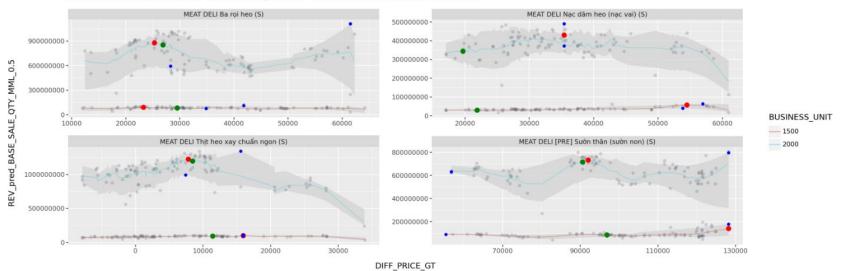
CITY/PRODUCT/WEEK/BUSINESS_UNIT - Rev vs Price

MEAT DELI - PRICE OPTIMIZATION (GAP to GT PRICE) - HÀ NỘI



CITY/PRODUCT/WEEK/BUSINESS_UNIT - Rev vs Price

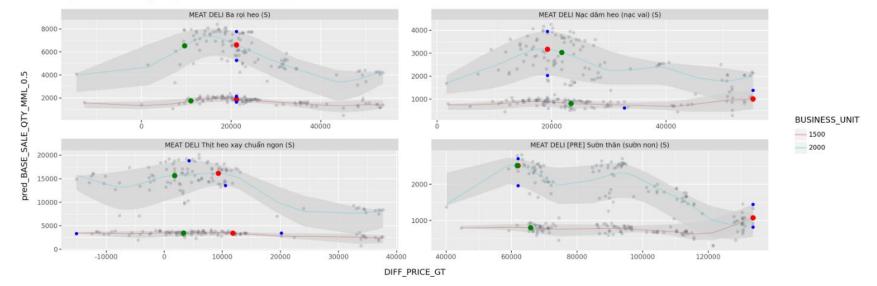
MEAT DELI - PRICE OPTIMIZATION (GAP to GT PRICE) - HO CHÍ MINH



CITY/PRODUCT/WEEK/BUSINESS_UNIT - Demand vs Price

MEAT DELI - PRICE OPTIMIZATION (GAP to GT PRICE) - HÀ NỘI

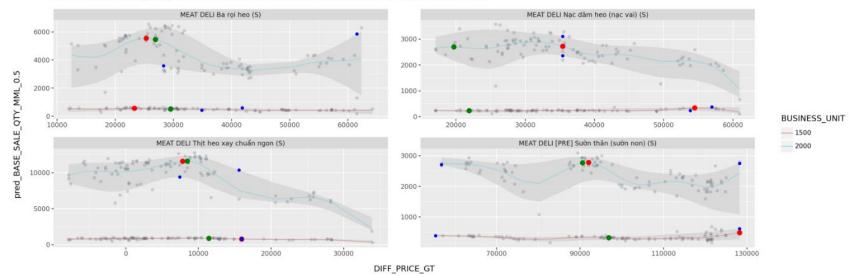
Optimal Median BASE_SALE_QTY (Red) - Current Pricing (Green) - 95% Maximum Confidence Interval (Blue)



CITY/PRODUCT/WEEK/BUSINESS_UNIT - Demand vs Price

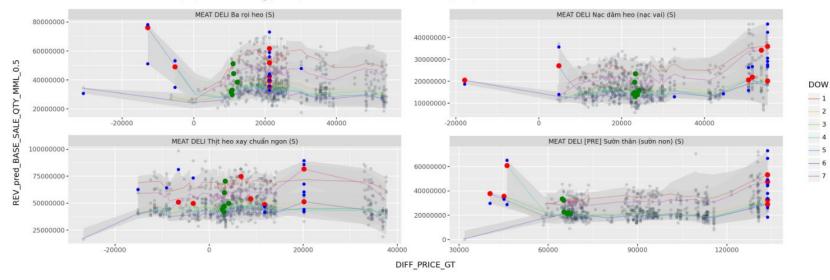
MEAT DELI - PRICE OPTIMIZATION (GAP to GT PRICE) - HO CHÍ MINH

Optimal Median BASE_SALE_QTY (Red) - Current Pricing (Green) - 95% Maximum Confidence Interval (Blue)



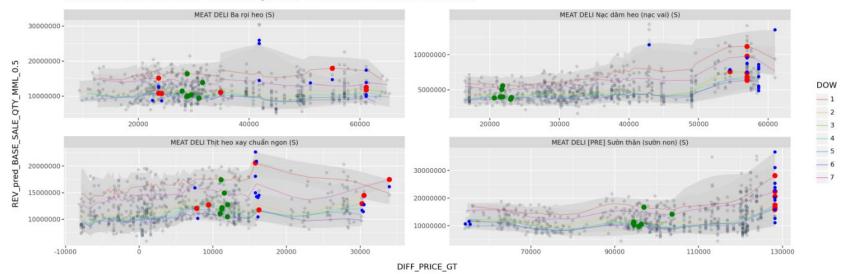
CITY/PRODUCT/WEEK/BUSINESS_UNIT/DOW

MEAT DELI - PRICE OPTIMIZATION (GAP to GT PRICE) - HÀ NỘI - 1500



CITY/PRODUCT/WEEK/BUSINESS_UNIT/DOW

MEAT DELI - PRICE OPTIMIZATION (GAP to GT PRICE) - HO CHÍ MINH - 1500



SUMMARY SIMULATION

CITY	₽ PRODUCT_NAME	OPTIMAL_FORECAST_RE\	OPTIMAL_FORECAST_RE\	OPTIMAL_FORECAST_RE\	CURRENT_FORECAST_RE\	%_gain_OPTIMAL	%_gain_OPTIMAL_BUSINESS_UNIT	%_gain_OPTIMAL_BUSINESS_UNIT_DOW
HÀ NỘI	MEAT DELI Ba rọi heo (S)	1,375,716,879	1,374,590,874	1,442,276,514	1,192,496,622	15.4%	15.3%	20.9%
HÀ NỘI	MEAT DELI Nạc dăm heo (nạc vai) (S)	587,026,143	632,586,826	628,692,215	535,618,021	9.6%	18.1%	17.4%
HÀ NỘI	MEAT DELI Thịt heo xay chuẩn ngon (S)	2,106,605,392	2,102,526,810	2,135,956,947	1,980,184,530	6.4%	6.2%	7.9%
HÀ NỘI	MEAT DELI [PRE] Sườn thăn (sườn non) (S)	715,999,213	809,472,487	851,198,678	714,704,737	0.2%	13.3%	19.1%
но сні мі	NH MEAT DELI Ba rọi heo (S)	960,134,773	965,212,828	965,960,025	929,415,175	3.3%	3.9%	3.9%
но сні мі	NH MEAT DELI Nạc dăm heo (nạc vai) (S)	466,276,541	485,815,524	489,122,051	372,292,408	25.2%	30.5%	31.4%
но сні мі	NH MEAT DELI Thịt heo xay chuẩn ngon (S)	1,317,222,040	1,320,285,056	1,336,646,503	1,288,207,553	2.3%	2.5%	3.8%
но сні мі	NH MEAT DELI [PRE] Sườn thăn (sườn non) (S)	842,841,410	870,259,399	892,915,208	803,611,067	4.9%	8.3%	11.1%
	TOTAL	8,371,822,393	8,560,749,803	8,742,768,142	7,816,530,111	7.1%	9.5%	11.8%

I used GAM model to measure the price elasticity of demand and simulate the REVENUE by median forecasted BASE_SALE_QTY for the period from 2022jan - 2024mar.

It suggests that GAM optimal price may uplift revenue by **7**%, and if we adjust the price dynamically by BUSINESS_UNIT / BUSINESS_UNIT & DOW we gain **9.5**% and **11.8**% respectively of the revenue.

Please note that the forecast sale volume and revenue is simulated and take the median out of it.

For more details please check the following link:

https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1NbGe_sqsk3S0Hqbbs93sajistms5Bj2A/edit?usp=drive_link&ouid=112118046433686324010&rtpof=true&sd=true

REVENUE
OPTIMIZATION
ALGORITHM WITH
ML-BASED PRICE
ELASTICITY MODEL

Including 2 models:

- (1) Price Elasticity price with sale qty as dependent variables, and selling price, competitor price, pig price etc. as independent variables at weekly level
- (2) Revenue optimization model considering both B2C and B2B revenues