

平时除了学习，大家也千万不要忘记多运动，增强体质！打起精神来看今天的 5 组词汇吧！

ancient / antique

这两个词都有“古老的”相关意思。

ancient /'eɪnʃənt/

1. very old (年老的, 老式的)

例句: He drives an ancient machine.

他操纵一台老掉了牙的机器。

2. relating to people who lived thousands of years ago, and to their way of life (古老的, 古代的, 年代久远的)

例句: This book gives you a good idea of life in ancient Greece.

这本书使你对古希腊生活有一清楚的概念。

antique /,æn'tɪk/

1. old and valuable (古代的, 古时制造的, 古董的)

例句: She wore an antique gown to the costume party.

她在化装舞会上穿着一件过时的长袍。

辨析：ancient 指很久以前发生或存在的事物，用于描述历史时，指远古时代；而 antique 指已经很古老或颇有古风的事物，一般都具有较高价值。

daring / brave

这两个词都有“勇敢的”的意思。

daring /'derɪŋ/

1. brave enough to do dangerous things (大胆的，勇敢的)

例句：His daring rescue saved the lives of the youngsters.

他的大胆营救保住了那些年轻人的性命。

2. new and different in a way that might offend or upset some people (敢于冒险的，勇于创新的，大胆的)

例句：He realized this to be a very daring thing to ask.

他意识到这是一个非常大胆的问题。

brave /breɪv/

1. capable of dealing with danger or pain, without seeming to be frightened (勇敢的，无畏的)

例句：He was not brave enough to report the loss of the documents.

他没有勇气报告丢失了文件。

辨析：daring 强调面临意外或危险时胆大心细，头脑冷静，褒义贬义均可用，贬义指胆大妄为；而 brave 含义广泛，指天生的勇敢，无所畏惧地面对困难与危险，侧重胆识与果断。

loom / emerge

这两个词都有“出现”的意思。

loom /lum/

1. to appear as a large shape that is not clear, usually in a threatening way [(庞然大物或形状模糊之物) 耸现，出现]

例句：Vincent loomed over me, as pale and grey as a tombstone.

文森特赫然耸现在我面前，面色灰白得像一块墓碑。

2. if something unpleasant or difficult looms, it seems likely to happen soon
(迫近，逼近，即将爆发)

例句：Another government spending crisis is looming in the United States.

另一场政府开支危机在美国一触即发。

emerge /ɪ'mɜːdʒ/

1. to come out of something or out from behind something (出现, 露出)

例句: The postman emerged from his van soaked to the skin.

邮递员从他的厢式货车中出来, 浑身湿透了。

2. to stop being involved in a difficult situation or period of time [(从困境或不好的经历中) 摆脱出来, 熬出来]

例句: There is growing evidence that the economy is at last emerging from recession.

有越来越多的证据表明经济终于开始摆脱萧条。

3. to become known (显露, 显现, 暴露)

例句: The emerging caution over numbers is perhaps only to be expected.

对数字显露出来的谨慎可能完全是正常的。

4. to appear, or to become recognized (显露, 露头, 显现)

例句: Vietnam has emerged as the world's third-biggest rice exporter.

越南已跃居世界第三大稻米出口国。

辨析: loom 指朦胧出现, 好像从雾中浮现出来一样; 而 emerge 侧重表示缓缓出现的过程。

irony / satire

这一对词语都有“讽刺”意思。

irony /'aɪrəni/

1. a form of humor in which you use words to express the opposite of what the words really mean (反语，反讽，讽刺，嘲弄)

例句：She said to him with slight irony.

她略带嘲讽地对他说。

2. a strange, funny, or sad situation in which things happen in the opposite way to what you would expect (具有讽刺意味的事，讽刺之事)

例句：The great irony is that despite all his explanation nobody believed him.

最具讽刺意味的是：尽管他竭力解释，可没一个人相信他。

satire /'sæ,tʰaɪr/

1. the use of humor to criticize someone or something and make them seem silly (讽刺)

例句：Satire is a high and subtle art.

讽刺是一门崇高而又含蓄的艺术。

2. a play, book, movie, etc. that uses this humor (讽刺作品)

例句: The movie is a clever satire on the advertising industry.

那部影片是关于广告业的一部巧妙的讽刺作品。

辨析: irony 意为“反语，反话”，是指说出的话与说话人的本意完全相反的一种表达手段，说反话是讽刺手段之一；而 satire 意为“讽刺”，是用含蓄的语言，通过讥讽、夸张或引人发笑的嘲弄手法，达到揭露社会、生活黑暗面的目的，也可以指讽刺文学或作品。

apparent / manifest

这两个词都可以表示“明显的”的相关含义，这里我们辨析的是他们的形容词性。

apparent /ə'perənt/

1. easy to see or understand (显然的, 明白的, 清晰可见的)

例句: The presence of a star is already apparent in the early film.

明星之相在早先的电影中已见端倪。

2. an apparent quality, feeling, or situation seems to exist although it may not be real [表面上的, 貌似(真实)的]

例句: The apparent truth was really a lie.

表面上看似实话，实际上是个谎言。

manifest /'mæniˌfest/

1. obvious and easy to notice or understand (明显的，显而易见的)

例句: There may be unrecognized cases of manifest injustice of which we are unaware.

也许还有一些我们不知道的明显不公平现象被忽视了。

辨析: **apparent** 强调显而易见或一想便知，这个词从动词 **appear** 派生而来，故有时含有表面如此而事实上未必的意味；而 **manifest** 的语义较强，书面用词，强调一目了然，暗示不要任何推论就一清二楚。