

眼看着今年剩下的时光越来越少，大家可一定不要松懈，越到年末越要加把劲！一起来看今天的 5 组近义词辨析吧！

### **luminous / glowing**

这两个词都有“明亮的”的意思。

#### **luminous** /'luminəs/

1. very bright, shining in the dark (发光的，发亮的，夜光的)

例句：Most clocks and watches in this shop are in luminous paint.

这家商店出售的大多数钟表都涂了发光漆。

#### **glowing** /'gləʊɪŋ/

1. full of praise (热烈赞扬的，热情洋溢的)

例句：The premieres of his plays brought in glowing reviews.

他首演的几部戏都获得了如潮好评。

2. burning gently with an orange or red color, shining with a soft warm light (白热的，发光的，发红光的)

例句：It created a glowing center of warmth that quickly diffused through my limbs.

它形成了一个温暖的热源，热量迅速扩散至我的四肢。

### 3. glowing skin looks warm and healthy (容光焕发的，脸色红润的)

例句：Their skin was tanned and glowing from their weeks at the sea.

他们在海边呆了几个星期，皮肤晒得黝黑发亮。

**辨析：**luminous 着重指发出持续稳定的亮光，可指在黑暗中的发光物；而 glowing 指稳定光源发出的明亮持久的光，或燃烧最后阶段产生的红光。

## burden / load

这两个词都有“负担”的相关意思。

### burden /'bɜːd(ə)n/

1. a serious or difficult responsibility that you have to deal with (负担，重负)

例句：They don't go around with the burdens of the world on their shoulders the whole time.

他们不会一直背负整个世界的重担。

## 2. something heavy that you have to carry (重担, 负荷)

例句: Bookshelves groan under the burden of books on threats to the environment.

书架上摆满了有关环境威胁的书, 不堪重负。

## load /ləʊd/

1. something that a person or animal carries, especially a large amount of things, the goods that a vehicle carries (负载, 重荷)

例句: He drove by with a big load of hay.

他载着一大车干草驶过。

2. a quantity of clothes that you put in a washing machine (一批待洗的衣物)

例句: I put another load in the washing machine.

我把另一堆衣服放进洗衣机。

3. an amount of work that a person, piece of equipment, or system has to do at one time [工作量, (电网或计算机的) 负荷]

例句: Several processors can share the load of handling data in a single program.

几个处理器可共同分担处理一个程序数据的负荷。

**辨析：**burden 指沉重、令人不快的负担，指精神负担时常有不堪忍受的意味；load 普通用词，含义广泛，指人、畜、车、船等负载的东西，指精神负担时，可与 burden 换用，但无感情色彩。

## boast / brag

这两个词都有“自夸，吹嘘”的意思。

### boast /boʊst/

1. to proudly tell other people about what you or someone connected with you has done or can do, or about something you own, especially in order to make them admire you (吹嘘，炫耀，夸耀)

例句：Carol boasted about her costume.

卡萝尔炫耀着自己的穿着打扮。

2. to have something good, often an attractive feature that other people admire (拥有，包含)

例句：The houses will boast the latest energy-saving technology.  
这些房屋将采用最新的节能技术。

### brag /bræg/

1. to talk about your achievements or possessions in a proud way

that annoys other people (吹嘘，夸耀)

例句：He's always bragging about his prowess as a cricketer.

他总是吹嘘自己板球球技的高超。

**辨析：**boast 普通用词，指对自己所做的事，自己的长处、财富以及家庭等的夸耀，常含言过其实的意味；而 brag 非正式用词，其夸耀和吹嘘意味强于 boast，到了过分夸大，有时令人讨厌的地步。

### cabin / cottage

这两个词都有“小屋”的意思。

**cabin** /'kæbɪn/

1. a small simple wooden house in the mountains or in a forest [(尤指森林，群山中的) 小木屋]

例句：There is a bush of bramble in front of the cabin.

小木屋前有一丛黑莓。

2. the part of an airplane where the passengers sit [(飞机上的) 机舱，客舱]

例句：He sat quietly in the First Class cabin, looking tired.

他一脸倦意，静静地坐在头等舱里。

3. a private room on a ship for a passenger or one of the people working on the ship [(船上的) 小舱]

例句: He showed her to a small cabin.

他把她领到了一个小船舱。

**cottage** /'kɒtɪdʒ/

1. a small house, usually in a village or the countryside [(乡间) 小屋, 村舍]

例句: My sister Yvonne also came to live at Ockenden Cottage with me.

姐姐伊冯娜也来到奥克肯登小屋和我一起住了。

**辨析:** cabin 多指建造粗糙的简陋小木屋，也指旅客或船员住的船舱，现在也指节假日游客的简便住房；而 cottage 多指穷苦人住的乡间小茅屋，现在也指雅致的小住宅，在美国可指别墅。

**celebrate / congratulate**

这两个词都有“庆祝”的意思。

**celebrate** /'seləbreɪt/

1. to do something enjoyable in order to show that an occasion or event is special (庆祝)

例句: Tom celebrated his 24th birthday two days ago.

汤姆两天前庆祝了他的 24 岁生日。

2. if an organization or country is celebrating an anniversary, it has existed for that length of time and is doing something special because of it (庆祝, 祝贺)

例句: The Society is celebrating its tenth anniversary this year.

这个协会今年将举办成立 10 周年庆典。

**congratulate** /kən'grætʃə,leɪt/

1. to tell someone that you are pleased about their success, good luck, or happiness on a special occasion (祝贺, 向.....道贺, 为.....感到高兴)

例句: I was absolutely astonished by the reaction to our engagement. Everyone started congratulating us.

大家对我们订婚的反应让我非常惊讶。所有人都开始祝贺我们。

**辨析:** celebrate 通常指举行盛大隆重的仪式庆祝或纪念有意义的日子或某件事情, 多暗示节日般的欢乐场面; 而 congratulate 指对他人祝贺为目的, 希望他人幸福或走运。

