

今年最后一周，让我们一起坚持到底！一起来看今天的 5 组近义词辨析~

excellent / splendid

这两个词都有“极好的”意思。

excellent /'eksələnt/

1. extremely good (极好的, 优秀的, 卓越的, 杰出的)

例句: As soon as she learns the office routine, she will be an excellent assistant.

她一旦熟悉了办公室的日常事务,就会成为一名优秀的助手。

2. used for showing that you are very pleased about something [(表示赞同) 好极了, 太好了]

例句: “We should be there in a few hours.” “Excellent!”

“我们应该几个小时就到了。”“太好了!”

splendid /'splendid/

1. very impressive, or very good, used about something that is impressive and beautiful to look at; used about a period of time that is very enjoyable or pleasant (极好的, 绝妙的, 出色的)

例句：I found him to be splendid company during the hour of our acquaintance.

在我们相处的那段时间里我发现他是个很好的同伴。

辨析：excellent 通常指事物在等级品位以及职位级别等方面的最优或接近最优；而 splendid 为口语常用词，指非常令人满意，显得完美无缺，也常用于表示度过愉快的时光。

grieve / mourn

这两个词都有“悲伤”的意思。

grieve /griv/

1. to feel extremely sad because someone has died [(尤指因某人的亡故而)
悲痛，悲伤，伤心]

例句：Margery's grieving family battled to come to terms with their loss.

玛格丽万分悲痛的家人努力从丧亲之痛中恢复过来。

2.to upset someone (使难过，使悲伤)

例句：It grieved me to see the poor man in such distress.

看见这个可怜的人如此困窘，我很难过。

mourn /mɔ:n/

1. to feel extremely sad because someone has died, and to express this in public (悼念, 哀悼, 向.....致哀)

例句: The whole nation had mourned the death of their great leader.

举国向去世的伟大领袖表示了深深的哀悼。

2. to be sad or disappointed because something no longer exists or is not as good as it was in the past (为失去.....而悲哀, 为.....感到遗憾)

例句: We mourned the loss of our cities.

我们为失去多座城市而痛心。

辨析: grieve 通常指因死亡、损失或失败等所造成的内心痛苦, 可以是公开表达的, 也可以是压抑于内心的; 而 mourn 为正式用词, 含义与 grieve 很相近, 但侧重因某种原因而表现于外表的悲伤、哭泣。

neglect / ignore

这两个词都有“忽视”的意思。

neglect /nə'glekt/

1. to fail to take care of someone when you are responsible for them (忽视, 忽略, 疏于照看)

例句：The woman denied that she had neglected her child.

那位女士否认疏于照管自己的孩子。

2. to fail to do something that you should do (疏忽, 疏漏)

例句：We often neglect to make proper use of our bodies.

我们经常忘记该合理地使用我们的身体。

3. to fail to pay attention to something (不予重视, 忽视)

例句：If you are not careful, children tend to neglect their homework.

如果你不注意的话，孩子们往往会不重视他们的家庭作业。

ignore /ɪgˈnɔːr/

1. to not consider something, or to not let it influence you (忽略, 忽视)

例句：Such arguments ignore the question of where ultimate responsibility lay.

这些争论忽略了最终责任由谁来负的问题。

2. to pretend that you have not noticed someone or something (不顾, 不理, 忽视)

例句：The government had ignored his views on the subject.

政府没有理睬他对这一问题的看法。

辨析：neglect 侧重指有意的忽略或忽视，也可指粗心与疏忽；ignore 通常指有意不顾，或不理显而易见的事物。

sparkle / twinkle

这两个词都有“闪光”的相关意思。

sparkle /'spark(ə)l/

1. to shine with small points of reflected light (闪闪发光，闪耀)

例句：The jewels on her fingers sparkled.

她手指上戴的首饰闪闪发光。

2. to be very lively and interesting (生气勃勃，聪明活泼，机智诙谐，神采飞扬)

例句：They'd been a dejected lot when he'd arrived at the shipyard, but now they sparkled with enthusiasm.

他刚到船厂时，他们曾是一群垂头丧气的人，现在的他们却热情洋溢。

twinkle /'twɪŋk(ə)l/

1. if lights or stars twinkle, they become brighter then weaker in a way that is not steady or continuous (闪烁，闪耀)

例句：At night, lights twinkle in distant villages across the valleys.

夜间，山谷那头的遥远村落里灯光闪闪。

2. if someone's eyes twinkle, they seem to shine because the person is happy or joking [(因感到有趣或高兴而眼睛) 闪亮, 发光]

例句: She saw her mother's eyes twinkle with amusement.

她看到母亲眼中闪烁着喜悦的光芒。

辨析: sparkle 指发出闪动的光或火星; 而 twinkle 指断断续续或摇晃不定的灿烂闪光, 可表示星星闪烁, 目光闪动等。

select / choice

这两个词都有“精选的”的意思, 这里我们辨析的是他们的形容词性。

select /sɪˈlekt/

1. carefully chosen from a larger group (精选的, 优等的)

例句: As Faldo's final putt rattled in, he qualified to join a select band of illustrious sportsmen.

随着福尔多的最后一杆轻击, 球应声入洞, 他得以跻身门槛颇高的顶级运动员之列。

choice /tʃɔɪs/

1. of very high quality (优选的, 高品质的)

例句: The car is a choice buy.

这辆车挑得好, 价廉物美。

辨析: select 指精挑细选出来作为范例的物或人; 而 choice 指通过精心挑选达到水平, 尤指罕见或品质精良的商品。

