

春意袭来，在忙碌生活的同时，不要忘了静静感受身边的美好，来进入今天 5 组近义词辨析的学习吧！

### accompany / escort

这两个词都有“陪同，伴随”之意。

**accompany** /ə'kʌmpəni/

1. to go with someone to a place or event (陪伴，陪同)

例句：Ken agreed to accompany me on a trip to Africa.

肯答应陪我一起去非洲。

2. to happen or exist while something else is happening, to appear or be provided with something else, as an addition or explanation (伴随，和.....一起发生或同时存在)

例句：This volume of essays was designed to accompany an exhibition in Cologne.

这本文集是为配合在科隆举办的一场展览而出的。

3. to play the supporting music while someone sings or plays the main tune (伴奏)

例句：He sang and Alice accompanied him on the piano.

他一边唱，艾丽斯一边为他钢琴伴奏。

**escort** /ɪ'skɔrt/

1. to go somewhere with a person, vehicle, ship, etc. in order to protect them or to prevent them from escaping, to go somewhere with someone in order to be certain that they arrive at the right place (护送, 护卫)

例句：The vessel was escorted to an undisclosed port.

那艘轮船在护航下前往一个秘密港口。

2. to go with someone to a formal social event as their partner (陪同)

例句：My sister needed an escort for a company dinner.

我妹妹需要一个陪她参加公司晚宴的男伴。

**辨析：**accompany 的“陪伴”既可指人也可指物，用于人时，侧重关系紧密或同时发生，还可表示伴奏；而 escort 通常指用车或人在路上伴随、护送，其目的是保护或出于礼节。

**daily /everyday**

这两个词都有“每天的”的意思，我们这里辨析的是形容词性。

**daily** /'deɪli/

1. done or happening every day (每日的, 日常的)

例句: He does daily exercises to help control his weight.

他为控制体重而每天坚持锻炼。

2. a daily amount or rate is the amount or rate for one day (一天的, 按天计算的)

例句: Our average daily turnover is about £300.

我们的平均日营业额约为 300 英镑。

**everyday** /'evri,deɪ/

1. very common or completely normal, and often not very interesting (每天的, 平常的, 普通的)

例句: In the course of my everyday life, I had very little contact with teenagers.

在我的日常生活中, 我很少和青少年打交道。

**辨析:** daily 作形容词, 指“每日的”, 指的是每 24 小时发生一次的, 或指每日必然发生的, 一般只用于名词前; 而 everyday 表示“每日发生的”、“普通的”, 指普通或平常的事。

## draw / paint

这两个词都有“画”的意思。

### draw /drɔ:/

1. to create a picture by making lines with a pen or pencil (画, 描绘, 描画)

例句: She would sit there drawing with the pencil stub.

她会坐在那儿用铅笔头画画。

2. to move somewhere slowly or smoothly (慢慢走, 溜达)

例句: When we drew level, he neither slowed down nor accelerated.

当我们齐头并进时, 他既没有慢下来也没有加速。

3. to pull something across a space in order to close or open it (拉, 拖)

例句: After drawing the curtains, she lit a candle.

拉上窗帘后, 她点燃了蜡烛。

4. to get ideas, information, or knowledge from somewhere (取得, 获得)

例句: I draw strength from the millions of women who have faced this challenge successfully.

我从数百万成功面对这种挑战的女性身上汲取力量。

5. to consider the ways in which two things are different or similar (作比较或对比，加以区别)

例句：Interesting distinctions can be drawn between the two populations.  
比较两类人可以发现有趣的差异。

6. to get a particular reaction from people (引起某种反应)

例句：Such a policy would inevitably draw fierce resistance from farmers.  
这种政策必然会招致农场主的强烈抵制。

7. to make someone notice something (使注意，引起.....注意)

例句：He just wants to draw attention to the plight of the unemployed.  
他仅仅是想引起人们对失业者困境的关注。

8. to take money from a bank account (提取，支取，领取存款)

例句：Companies could not draw money from bank accounts as cash.  
公司不能从银行账户中提取现金。

9. if you draw a particular conclusion, you decide that conclusion is true (得出，推断出)

例句：He says he cannot yet draw any conclusions about the murders.  
他说他还不能对几起谋杀下结论。

**paint** /peɪnt/

1. to put paint onto something to change its color (给.....上油漆或涂料)

例句: I made a guitar and painted it red.

我做了一把吉他，并把它漆成了红色。

2. to create a picture of something using paints [(用颜料) 绘, 画]

例句: He is painting a huge volcano.

他正在画一座巨大的火山。

3. to describe someone or something in a particular way (描绘, 描述)

例句: He went on to paint a rosy picture about how much has already been accomplished.

他继续描绘着已经取得多大成就的美好画卷。

**辨析:** 两者都可表示“画”: draw 主要指用铅笔、钢笔、粉笔、炭精等画图、画画或画线 (侧重线条); paint 指用颜料绘画, 如水彩画、油画等画画 (侧重着色)。比如, draw a picture 与 paint a picture, 前者主要指用线条画成的“图”, 后者则主要指用颜料绘成的“画”。

### childish / childlike

这两个形容词都有“孩子般的”的意思。

**childish** /'tʃaɪldɪʃ/

1. behaving in a silly and annoying way, like a small child (幼稚的, 孩子气的)

例句: We eventually ran out of patience with his childish behavior.

我们终于对他幼稚的行为忍无可忍。

2. typical of a child or of the things children do (孩子的, 孩子般的)

例句: We danced around with childish delight.

我们像孩子一样欢快地围在一起跳舞。

**childlike** /'tʃaɪldˌlaɪk/

1. similar to the way a child looks, behaves, or thinks, and usually pleasant for that reason (孩子般的, 单纯的, 天真的)

例句: His most enduring quality is his childlike innocence.

他最具持久魅力的特质就是他那孩子般的天真无邪。

**辨析:** 若是客观上针对小孩而言, 指“孩子的”、“适合于孩子的”、“孩子特有的”, 用 childish 而不用 childlike。若不是针对孩子而是针对大人而言, 指大人具有小孩的特点品质等, 两者都可用, 但 childish 通常带有贬义, 指幼稚、傻气、任性等; 而 childlike 通常带有褒义, 指天真、正直、坦率等。

## due to / because of

这两个词组都表示“因为”，“由于”。

### due to

意为“由于”、“因为”，主要引导表语，有时也可引导状语。

例句：His illness is due to bad food.

他生病是由于吃了不好的食物。

Due to the extreme cold, we were unable to plant the trees.

由于天气很冷，所以我们无法去植树。

### because of

意为“因为”、“由于”，通常只用来引导状语，若引导表语，主语通常为代词。

例句：It is all because of what you said.

那完全是因为你说的话。

He was not a particularly good shot because of his eyesight.

他视力不好，算不上是一个出色的射手。