# GroupProject

June 13, 2025

## 1 OmniComm Telecom Customer Churn

# 1.1 AAI-510-04 Group 1 - Final Project

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# 2 Import Necessary Libraries

```
[1]: #import necessary libraries
     import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import seaborn as sns
     from pathlib import Path
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     #train/test/split and StandardScaler libraries
     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
     from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, StandardScaler
     #Model 1 - Logistic Regression - libraries
     from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
     from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix,
      →accuracy_score
     #Model 2 - Random Forest - libraries
     from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
     #Model 3 - XGBoost - Libraries
     from xgboost import XGBClassifier
     #Model 4- SVM
     from sklearn.svm import SVC
     from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
```

## 3 Load The Dataset

```
[2]: # Load the dataset
     file_path = Path("..") / "data" / "telco_customer_churn.csv"
     df = pd.read_csv(file_path)
     # Display the first few rows
     df.head()
[2]:
        customerID gender SeniorCitizen Partner Dependents tenure PhoneService
     0 7590-VHVEG Female
                                               Yes
                                                                                 No
     1 5575-GNVDE
                      Male
                                                No
                                                            No
                                                                    34
                                                                                Yes
                                         0
     2 3668-QPYBK
                      Male
                                                No
                                                           No
                                                                     2
                                                                                Yes
     3 7795-CFOCW
                      Male
                                         0
                                                No
                                                            No
                                                                    45
                                                                                 No
     4 9237-HQITU Female
                                         0
                                                No
                                                            No
                                                                                Yes
           MultipleLines InternetService OnlineSecurity
                                                          ... DeviceProtection
        No phone service
                                      DSL
     1
                                      DSL
                                                     Yes ...
                                                                          Yes
     2
                                      DSI.
                                                     Yes ...
                                                                           Nο
                                      DSL
                                                     Yes ...
                                                                          Yes
     3 No phone service
                      No
                             Fiber optic
                                                      No
                                                                           No
       TechSupport StreamingTV StreamingMovies
                                                       Contract PaperlessBilling \
     0
                No
                            No
                                             No Month-to-month
                                                                              Yes
                No
     1
                                             No
                                                       One year
                                                                               No
     2
                No
                            No
                                             No Month-to-month
                                                                              Yes
     3
               Yes
                            No
                                             No
                                                       One year
                                                                               No
                No
                            No
                                             No Month-to-month
                                                                              Yes
                    PaymentMethod MonthlyCharges
                                                  TotalCharges Churn
                                            29.85
     0
                 Electronic check
                                                          29.85
     1
                     Mailed check
                                            56.95
                                                         1889.5
                                                                    No
                     Mailed check
                                            53.85
                                                         108.15
                                                                   Yes
     3 Bank transfer (automatic)
                                            42.30
                                                        1840.75
                                                                   No
                                            70.70
                 Electronic check
                                                         151.65
                                                                  Yes
     [5 rows x 21 columns]
```

# 4 Data Processing, Cleaning, and Feature

```
[3]: #DATA PROCESSING, CLEANING, AND FEATURE
#clean and process the dataset

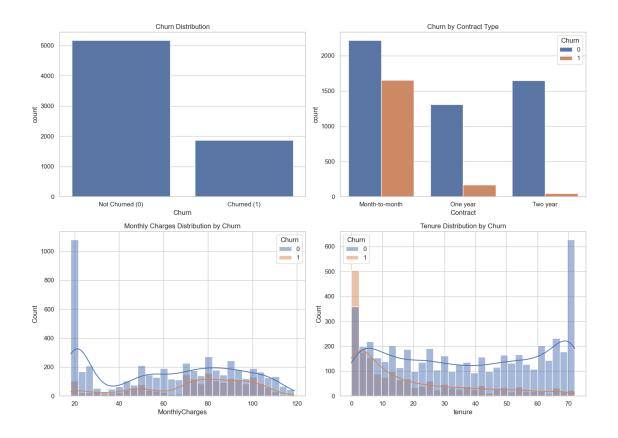
#drop customerID column since it's a unique identifier
#and not very helpful for prediction
df.drop("customerID", axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
#make sure - so convert - the 'TotalCharges column to numeric
#to ensure it can be used in modeling
df["TotalCharges"] = pd.to_numeric(df["TotalCharges"], errors="coerce")

#handle missing values in "TotalCharges" by filling with the median
#this is to help maintain integrity of the dataset
df["TotalCharges"] = df["TotalCharges"].fillna(df["TotalCharges"].median())
#convert variable target "Churn" to binary format
#where Yes = 1, No = 0
#this allows us to use classification models
df["Churn"] = df["Churn"].map({"Yes": 1, "No": 0})
```

## 5 Plot Visualizations

```
[4]: #Visualizations
     sns.set(style="whitegrid")
     #subplots
     fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(14, 10))
     #Plot 1: Churn distribution
     ax = axes[0,0]
     sns.countplot(x="Churn",data=df, ax=axes[0,0])
     axes[0, 0].set_title("Churn Distribution")
     ax.set_xticks([0, 1])
     axes[0, 0].set_xticklabels(["Not Churned (0)", "Churned (1)"])
     #Plot 2: Contract type vs churn
     sns.countplot(x="Contract", hue="Churn", data=df, ax=axes[0, 1])
     axes[0, 1].set title("Churn by Contract Type")
     axes[0, 1].legend(title="Churn")
     #Plot 3: Monthly Charges Distribution by Churn
     sns.histplot(data=df, x="MonthlyCharges", hue="Churn", bins=30, kde=True, ___
      \Rightarrowax=axes[1, 0])
     axes[1, 0].set_title("Monthly Charges Distribution by Churn")
     #Plot 4: Tenure vs Churn
     sns.histplot(data=df, x="tenure", hue="Churn", bins=30, kde=True, ax=axes[1, 1])
     axes[1, 1].set_title("Tenure Distribution by Churn")
     plt.tight_layout()
     plt.show()
```



#### 5.1 Interret Visualizations

Visualizations & Interpretations Churn distribution: the dataset is not balanced, with noticeably more customers not churning than churning. This imbalance must be considered when selecting models and evaluation metrics.

Churn by contract type: Customers with month-to-month contracts churn at much higher rates than those with one-year or two-year contracts. This suggests contract length is a strong predictor of churn

Monthly Charges Distribution by Churn: Customers who churn tend to have slightly higher monthly charges compared to those who stay. There appears to be a churn concentration in mid-to-high charge ranges.

Tenure Distribution by Churn: Customers with shorter tenures are more likely to churn, which may indicate that customer loyalty and length of service reduce churn risk.

# 6 One-hot Encode

[5]: #one-hot encode

#encode categorial values -- convert categorical columns into

#binary variables. This is needed because many ML models

#work only with numeric input

```
df_encoded = pd.get_dummies(df, drop_first=True)
```

# 6.1 Check Shape

```
[6]: #check shape after one-hot encoding above
     df_encoded.shape
     df_encoded.head()
[6]:
                               MonthlyCharges TotalCharges
        SeniorCitizen tenure
                                                                Churn gender_Male
     0
                             1
                                          29.85
                                                         29.85
                                                                     0
     1
                     0
                            34
                                          56.95
                                                       1889.50
                                                                     0
                                                                                   1
     2
                     0
                             2
                                          53.85
                                                        108.15
                                                                     1
                                                                                   1
     3
                     0
                            45
                                          42.30
                                                       1840.75
                                                                     0
                                                                                   1
                     0
                             2
     4
                                          70.70
                                                        151.65
                                                                                   0
                                                                     1
        Partner_Yes Dependents_Yes PhoneService_Yes
     0
                   1
     1
                   0
                                    0
                                                       1
     2
                   0
                                    0
                                                       1
     3
                   0
                                    0
                                                       0
     4
                   0
                                    0
                                                       1
        MultipleLines_No phone service ... StreamingTV_No internet service
     0
     1
                                       0
                                                                              0
     2
                                       0
                                                                              0
     3
                                                                              0
                                       1
     4
                                       0
                                                                              0
        StreamingTV_Yes
                         StreamingMovies_No internet service StreamingMovies_Yes
     0
                                                               0
                       0
                                                               0
                                                                                     0
     1
     2
                       0
                                                               0
                                                                                     0
     3
                                                                                     0
                       0
                                                               0
     4
                       0
                                                               0
                                                                                     0
        Contract_One year
                            Contract_Two year
                                                PaperlessBilling_Yes
     0
                                             0
                                                                     0
     1
                         1
     2
                         0
                                             0
                                                                     1
     3
                         1
                                             0
                                                                     0
     4
                         0
                                             0
                                                                     1
        PaymentMethod_Credit card (automatic) PaymentMethod_Electronic check \
```

```
2
                                               0
                                                                                      0
3
                                               0
                                                                                      0
4
                                               0
                                                                                      1
   PaymentMethod_Mailed check
0
1
                                  1
2
                                  1
3
                                 0
                                 0
```

[5 rows x 31 columns]

# 7 Train-Test Split and Feature Scaling

[]:

#### 8 Models

The Random Forest model highlights the most influential features in predicting customer churn: \* TotalCharges, tenure, and MonthlyCharges are the top three predictors - these financial and engagement metrics strongly influence whether a customer stays or leaves. \* Fiber optic internet and electronic check payments are associated with higher churn risk, possibly because of cost-sensitive or less satisfied customer segments. \* Contract type (especially two-year contracts) and services like OnlineSecurity and TechSUpport also impact churn - longer commitments and added support seem to reduce the risk of churn. \* Demographics like gender and SeniorCitizens have low impact compared to service-related and billing features.

These insights from the plots can help the business focus retention efforts on customers with high

charges, short tenure, and less stable contract or payment setups.

## 8.1 Model 1 = Logistic Regression

#### 8.1.1 Train and Evaluate Model 1

```
[8]: #Model 1: Logistic Regression
     #Train and Evaluate Model 1
     #initialize logistic regression model
     #set max number of iterations to 10000 the solver will run
     #while trying to find the best fit for the logistic regression model
     model_lr = LogisticRegression(max_iter=1000, random_state=42)
     #train model on scaled training data
     model_lr.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)
     #predict on test data
     y_pred_lr = model_lr.predict(X_test_scaled)
     #evaluate the model's performance
     print("Confusion Matrix")
     print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_lr))
     print("\nClassification Report:")
     print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_lr,
                                  target_names = ["Not Churned - 0",
                                  "Churned - 1"]))
     print("\nAccuracy Score:")
     print(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_lr))
```

Confusion Matrix [[933 103] [151 222]]

Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
	•			11
Not Churned - 0	0.86	0.90	0.88	1036
Churned - 1	0.68	0.60	0.64	373
accuracy			0.82	1409
macro avg	0.77	0.75	0.76	1409
weighted avg	0.81	0.82	0.82	1409

Accuracy Score: 0.8197303051809794

#### 8.1.2 Interpretation/Analysis

### Model 1: Logistic Regression

Interpretation/Analysis Confusion Matrix \* 933 - Customers who did not churn and were correctly predicted as "not churned" (true negatives) \* 103 - customers who did not churn, but the model incorrectly predicted "not churn" (false positives) \* 151 - customers who did churn, but the model failed to identify them (false negatives) \* 222 - customers who churned and were correctly predicted as such (true positives)

#### The Logistic Regression model achieved:

• an overall accuracy of 82%.

# The model performs well at identifying customers who are NOT likely to churn (Not Churned - 0) with:

- Precision: 0.86 (refers to how many predicted non-churnes were actually correct)
- Recall: 0.90 (refers to how many actual non-churners were correctly identified)
- F1-Score: 0.88 (this is the harmonic mean of precision and recall, balancing both pretty well higher the better)

#### Performance seems week on predicting churners (Class 1):

- Precision: 0.68 (some predicted churners were false positives)
- Recall: 0.60 (only 60% of actual churners were detected)
- F1-Score: 0.64 (overall effectiveness in capturing churners is moderate just okay higher the better)

The imbalance could be indicative that the model is better at identifying customers will not churn (will stay) than those likely to leave (churners). Since churn prediction is a class imbalance project, we will want to explore more powerful/better models next (such as Random Forest, and XGBoost), and look at metrics beyond accuracy such as recall for churned customers.

#### 8.2 Model 2- Random Forest Classifier

#### 8.2.1 Train and Evaluate Model 2

Confusion Matrix [[942 94] [202 171]]

#### Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Not Churned - 0	0.82	0.91	0.86	1036
Churned - 1	0.65	0.46	0.54	373
accuracy			0.79	1409
macro avg	0.73	0.68	0.70	1409
weighted avg	0.78	0.79	0.78	1409

Accuracy Score: 0.7899219304471257

#### 8.2.2 Interpretation/Analysis

#### Model 2: Random Forest

Interpretation / Analysis Confusion Matrix \* 942 = customers who did not churn and the model correctly predicted "not churn" (true negatives) \* 94 = customers who did not churn but the model incorrectly predicted "churn" (false positives) \* 202 = customers who did not churn but the model predicted "not churn" (false negatives) \* 171 = customers who did churn and the model predicted "churn" (true positives)

The Random Forest model achieved an accuracy of about 79%, which is slighly lower than Logistic Regression. The model seems to continue to perform well at identifying customers who are not

likely to churn (Class 0): \* Precision: 0.82 (refers to how many predicted non-churners were actually correct) \* Recall: 0.91 (refers to how many actual non-churners were correctly identified) \* F1-Score: 0.86 (balances both this is the harmonic mean of precision and recall, higher is better )

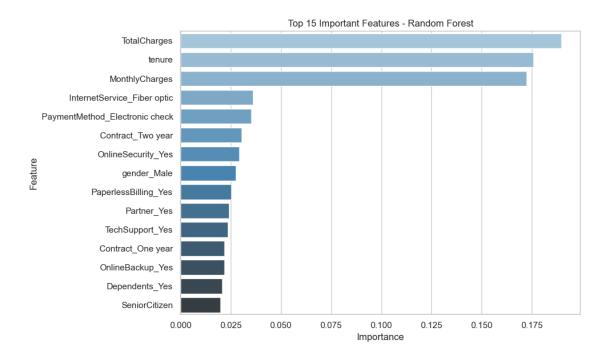
However, the model's performance on predicting churners (Class 1) is noticeably weaker: \* Precision: 0.65 (fair number of false positives) \* Recall: 0.46 (less than half of actual churners were detected) \* F1-Score: 0.54 (this indicates bad overall performance on churn prediction, higher the better)

Overall, the Random Forest slightly underperforms compared to Logistic Regression in terms of identifying churners.

It performs well for non-churners but still seem to struggle to catch customers who actually leave (churners).

#### 8.2.3 Feature Importance Using Random Forest

```
[10]: #Feature Importance Using Random Forest
      #Get feature importances
      importances = model_rf.feature_importances_
      feature names = X.columns
      #create DataFrame for better plotting
      feat_importance_df = pd.DataFrame({
          'Feature': feature names,
          'Importance': importances
      }).sort_values(by="Importance", ascending=False)
      #plot top 15 most important features
      plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
      sns.barplot(x="Importance",
          y="Feature",
          data=feat_importance_df.head(15),
          hue="Feature",
          palette="Blues_d")
      plt.title("Top 15 Important Features - Random Forest")
      plt.tight_layout()
      plt.show()
```



#### 8.3 Model 3- XGBoost Classifier

#### 8.3.1 Train and Evaluate Model 3

```
[11]: #MODEL 3 = TRAIN AND EVALUATE MODEL 3
      #MODEL: XGBoost Classifier
      #Initialize XGBoost model
      model_xgb = XGBClassifier(eval_metric='logloss', random_state=42)
      #train model on scaled training data
      model_xgb.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)
      #predict on test data
      y_pred_xgb = model_xgb.predict(X_test_scaled)
      #evaluate the model's performance
      print("Confusion Matrix")
      print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_xgb))
      print("\nClassification Report: ")
      print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_xgb,
                                  target_names = ["Not Churned -0",
                                                   "Churned - 1"]))
      print("\nAccuracy Score: ")
```

#### print(accuracy\_score(y\_test, y\_pred\_xgb))

Confusion Matrix [[925 111] [173 200]]

#### Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Not Churned -0	0.84	0.89	0.87	1036
Churned - 1	0.64	0.54	0.58	373
			0.80	1409
accuracy macro avg	0.74	0.71	0.73	1409
weighted avg	0.79	0.80	0.79	1409

Accuracy Score: 0.7984386089425124

#### 8.3.2 Interpretation/Analysis

#### Model 3: XGBoost Classifier

Interpretation / Analysis Confusion Matrix \* 926 - correctly predicted customers who did not "churn" (true negatives) \* 110 - customers who were predicted to churn but did not (false positives) \* 187 - customers who actually churned, but were missed by the model (false negatives) \* 186 - correctly predicted customers who did churn (true positives)

The XGBoost model achieved an accuracy of about 79%, similar to the Random Forest model.

## Performance for non-churners (Class 0) remains strong:

- Precision: 0.83 (most predicted non-churners actually non-churners)
- Recall: 0.89 (89% of actual non-churners were correctly identified)
- F1-Score: 0.86 (good balance between precision and recall)

#### Performance for churners (Class 1) is lightly better than Random Forest:

- Precision: 0.63 (moderate false positives)
- Recall: 0.50 (half of actual churners were correctly identified)
- F1-Score: 0.56 (slightly better than Random Forest's 0.54)

Overall, XGBoost performs comparably to Random Forest in overall accuracy, but slightly better in detecting churners (higher F1-score for Class 1). However, it still shows room for improvement in recall for churners, suggesting a need to explore class imbalance handling in future iterations.

## 8.4 Model 4- Support Vector Machines Model (SVM)

#### 8.4.1 Train and Evaluate Model 4

```
Reload Dataset
```

```
[12]: # Load the dataset
      file_path = Path("..") / "data" / "telco_customer_churn.csv"
      df = pd.read_csv(file_path)
      # Display the first few rows
      df.head()
[12]:
         customerID
                     gender
                              SeniorCitizen Partner Dependents
                                                                 tenure PhoneService
      0 7590-VHVEG Female
                                                 Yes
                                                                       1
                                                                                   No
      1 5575-GNVDE
                       Male
                                           0
                                                  No
                                                                      34
                                                                                  Yes
                                                             No
                                           0
                                                                       2
      2 3668-QPYBK
                       Male
                                                  No
                                                             No
                                                                                  Yes
      3 7795-CFOCW
                        Male
                                          0
                                                  No
                                                             No
                                                                      45
                                                                                   No
      4 9237-HQITU Female
                                           0
                                                                       2
                                                  No
                                                             No
                                                                                  Yes
            MultipleLines InternetService OnlineSecurity
                                                            ... DeviceProtection \
      0
         No phone service
                                       DSL
                                                        No
                                                                             Nο
      1
                                       DSL
                                                       Yes ...
                                                                            Yes
      2
                                       DSL
                                                       Yes ...
                                                                             No
      3
        No phone service
                                       DSL
                                                       Yes ...
                                                                            Yes
      4
                               Fiber optic
                                                        No
                                                                             No
                        No
        TechSupport StreamingTV StreamingMovies
                                                         Contract PaperlessBilling \
      0
                 No
                              No
                                                   Month-to-month
                                                                                Yes
      1
                 No
                                               No
                                                         One year
                                                                                 No
      2
                 No
                              No
                                                   Month-to-month
                                                                                Yes
                                               No
      3
                Yes
                              No
                                               No
                                                         One year
                                                                                 No
                 No
                              No
                                                  Month-to-month
                                                                                Yes
                                               No
                      PaymentMethod MonthlyCharges
                                                    TotalCharges Churn
      0
                  Electronic check
                                              29.85
                                                            29.85
                                                                      No
      1
                      Mailed check
                                              56.95
                                                           1889.5
                                                                      Nο
                       Mailed check
                                              53.85
                                                           108.15
                                                                     Yes
      3
        Bank transfer (automatic)
                                              42.30
                                                          1840.75
                                                                     No
      4
                  Electronic check
                                              70.70
                                                           151.65
                                                                     Yes
```

[5 rows x 21 columns]

#### Model 4 - Preprocessing

```
[13]: # Convert 'TotalCharges' to numeric and handle any non-numeric entries
    df['TotalCharges'] = pd.to_numeric(df['TotalCharges'], errors='coerce')
    print("\nMissing values after conversion of TotalCharges:")
    display(df.isnull().sum())
```

```
# Fill missing TotalCharges with median
df['TotalCharges'].fillna(df['TotalCharges'].median(), inplace=True)
# Distribution of target variable
print("\nChurn distribution:")
display(df['Churn'].value_counts())
plt.figure()
df['Churn'].value_counts().plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('Churn Distribution')
plt.xlabel('Churn')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
# ## Preprocessing
# Drop the customerID column
df_model = df.drop('customerID', axis=1)
# Encode categorical variables
cat_cols = df_model.select_dtypes(include=['object']).columns
le = LabelEncoder()
for col in cat cols:
   df_model[col] = le.fit_transform(df_model[col])
# Feature matrix and target vector
X = df_model.drop('Churn', axis=1)
y = df_model['Churn']
# Scale features
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X)
```

Missing values after conversion of TotalCharges:

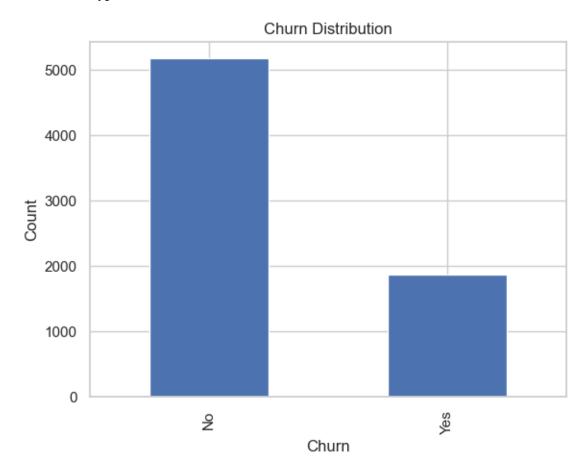
customerID 0 0 gender SeniorCitizen 0 Partner 0 Dependents 0 0 tenure PhoneService 0 0 MultipleLines InternetService 0 OnlineSecurity 0 OnlineBackup 0 DeviceProtection 0 TechSupport

 ${\tt StreamingTV}$ 0 StreamingMovies 0 Contract 0 PaperlessBilling 0 PaymentMethod 0 MonthlyCharges 0 TotalCharges 11 Churn dtype: int64

#### Churn distribution:

No 5174 Yes 1869

Name: Churn, dtype: int64



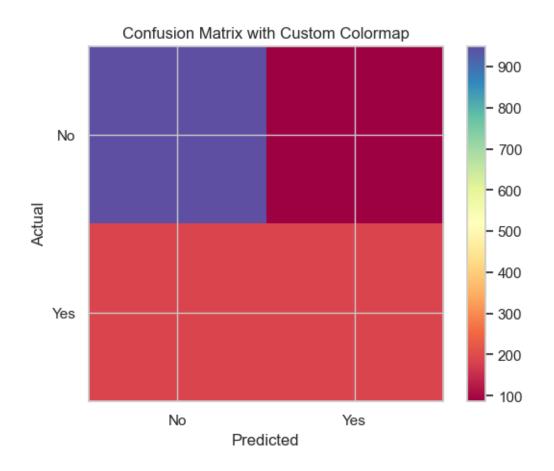
## Train Model

[14]: #MODEL 3 = TRAIN AND EVALUATE MODEL 4
# Train-test split

[14]: SVC(probability=True, random\_state=22)

#### Evaluate Model

```
[15]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
      # (Re)compute cm in case it's not in scope
      y_pred = svm_model.predict(X_test)
      cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
      plt.figure()
      # Change `cmap` to any valid Matplotlib colormap, e.g., 'viridis', 'coolwarm', u
      ⇔'Blues', etc.
      plt.imshow(cm, interpolation='nearest', cmap='Spectral')
      plt.title('Confusion Matrix with Custom Colormap')
      plt.colorbar()
      plt.xticks([0, 1], ['No', 'Yes'])
      plt.yticks([0, 1], ['No', 'Yes'])
      plt.xlabel('Predicted')
      plt.ylabel('Actual')
      plt.show()
```



#### 8.4.2 Interpretation/Analysis

[16]: # SVM Interpretation/Analysis

# 9 Model Comparison Summary

```
# F1-Score (Class 1 - Churned) | 0.64 | 0.54 | 0.

56 |
```

Logistic Regression achieved the highest recall and F1-Score for predicting churned customers, which is crucial in churn prediction where false negatives (missed churners) are costly.

Random Forest and XGBoost performed similarly in terms of overall accuracy but had weaker recall and F1-Scores on the churn class.

While Random Forest and XGBoost offer model complexity and robustness, Logistic Regression provided a better sensitivity (recall) and balance for churn detection.

# 10 Final Conclusion

In this project, we built and evaluated three machine learning models: Logistic Regression Random Forest, and XGBoost - to predict customer churn the telecommunications industry using the IBM Telco Customer Churn Dataset. Our goal was to help the business identity which customers are likelty to leave, so retention department can be proactively applied.

# 11 Deployment Plan

To turn this customer churn prediction model into a usable business tool, we propose a batch deployment approach integrated into the company's existing analytics system. The goal is to flag potentially churn-prone customers on a regular schedule (say weekly or monthly), enabling the retention team to timely intervene

#### 12 References

[]: