Microeconomics

To apply *Lagrange Multipliers* in Optimizing Problem

1.Theorem needed

Lagrange Multipliers

Calculate the maximum of $F(x_1,x_2,\ldots,x_n)$ given that

$$f(x_1,x_2,\ldots,x_n)=0$$
 :

Define that

$$\mathcal{L} = F(x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_n) + \lambda f(x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_n)$$

Then

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial L}{\partial x_1} &= rac{\partial F}{\partial x_1} + \lambda rac{\partial f}{\partial x_1} = 0 \ rac{\partial L}{\partial x_2} &= rac{\partial F}{\partial x_2} + \lambda rac{\partial f}{\partial x_2} = 0 \ & \cdots \ rac{\partial L}{\partial x_n} &= rac{\partial F}{\partial x_n} + \lambda rac{\partial f}{\partial x_n} = 0 \ rac{\partial L}{\partial \lambda} &= f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

Calculate the equations above, then we will get the Maximum of F given the constraints f.

2. Optimizing in Comsumer's choice

A comsumer's utility function of a specific comsumer is

$$U(x_1,x_2)=x_1^lpha x_2^eta$$

given his budget constraint is

$$m = p_1 x_1 + p_2 x_2$$

Design (x_1, x_2) to maximaze his utility.

3. Solutions

Firstly, we apply a positive monototic transformation of $U(x_1, x_2)$: Define

$$U_0 = log U = lpha log x_1 + eta log x_2$$

Then

$$egin{aligned} \mathfrak{L} &= U_0 + \lambda (m-p_1x_1+p_2x_2) \ &= lpha log x_1 + eta log x_2 + \lambda (m-p_1x_1-p_2x_2) \end{aligned}$$

Applying the Lagrange Multipliers:

$$egin{aligned} rac{\partial \mathfrak{L}}{\partial x_1} &= rac{lpha}{x_1} - \lambda p_1 = 0 \ rac{\partial \mathfrak{L}}{\partial x_2} &= rac{eta}{x_2} - \lambda p_2 = 0 \ rac{\partial \mathfrak{L}}{\partial \lambda} &= m - p_1 x_1 - p_2 x_2 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

Then, we can find that when

$$(x_1^*,x_2^*)=(rac{mlpha}{p_1(lpha+eta)},rac{meta}{p_2(lpha+eta)})$$

the comsumer's utility is maximazed.

Note that the notes above is equal to A comsumer's budget function is

$$p_1 x_1 + p_2 x_2$$

given his maximazed utility is

$$U(x_1,x_2)=\overline{U}$$

Design (x_1, x_2) to minimaze his cost.