Event Organizer Technical Report

Jasser saad

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Introduction

- Welcome to the Event Organizer Technical Report presentation.
- The Event Organizer project is designed to streamline the process of managing and coordinating events through a powerful and efficient backend system.
- This technical report provides insights into the project's architecture, technologies used, functionalities, and security considerations.

Technologies Used

- Backend Framework: ExpressJS and NodeJS
- Database: MongoDB (NoSQL)
- Authentication: JSON Web Tokens (JWT)
- API Testing: Postman

Backend Framework

- The backend relies on the robust and scalable ExpressJS and NodeJS framework.
- ExpressJS simplifies the process of building a web server, making it an ideal choice for developing RESTful APIs.
- Key features include routing, middleware, template engine, and extensibility.

NodeJS

- NodeJS is the runtime that enables server-side JavaScript execution.
- Asynchronous I/O, Package Management (NPM), Cross-Platform Compatibility, and Scalability are key aspects of NodeJS.

Database

- The Event Organizer project relies on MongoDB, a NoSQL database, to manage event-related data.
- MongoDB's NoSQL architecture offers flexibility, scalability, and efficient querying for dynamic event information.

NoSQL and MongoDB

- MongoDB's schema-less approach is advantageous for handling dynamic event data.
- Flexibility, scalability, and efficient querying make MongoDB an ideal choice for the Event Organizer project.

Authentication

 To safeguard system functionalities, secure authentication mechanisms have been implemented, leveraging technologies such as JSON Web Tokens (JWT).

API Testing

• Postman, a comprehensive API testing tool, is employed to validate and evaluate the effectiveness of the API.

Functionalities

- Authentication: Robust authentication mechanism using JSON Web Tokens (JWT).
- Event Management: CRUD operations for managing events.
- **Viewing Events:** API endpoints to view a list of available events and detailed information about a specific event.

Authentication

• Endpoint: POST /auth/signup: New users can sign up for the application.



• Endpoint: POST /auth/login: Issuance of a JWT token upon successful authentication.



Event Management

- Creating New Event: Users can create new events through the API.
- Endpoint: POST /events/create: Submitting event details through the API.



- Updating Event: Users can update existing event information.
- Endpoint: PUT /events/update/:eventId: Updating event details through the API.



Deleting Event: Users can delete events through the API.

Endpoint: DELETE /**events**/**delete**/:**eventId:** Removing a specified event from the database.



Viewing Events

Endpoint: GET /events/display: Retrieving a list of available events.



• Endpoint: GET /events/display/:eventId: Retrieving detailed information about a specific event.



Security Considerations

- Authentication: Robust authentication mechanisms, including the use of JWT.
- Authorization: Proper authorization checks to control access and actions within the system.



Figure: Token generated

 Data Encryption: Encryption of sensitive data to enhance overall system security.

Conclusion

- The Event Organizer project is meticulously designed to provide a seamless and secure experience for managing events.
- The RESTful API architecture ensures scalability, allowing the system to handle varying loads efficiently.
- The chosen technologies, including ExpressJS, NodeJS, and MongoDB, strike a balance between performance and security.
- The use of Postman as a testing tool validates the effectiveness and reliability of the API, ensuring a robust and error-free application.