```
2;*
3 ;* Title: subroutine based display.asm
4 ;* Author: Jason Chen
5 ;* Version: 1
6 ;* Last updated: 10/25/2022
7 ;* Target: AVR128DB48
8 :*
9 ;* DESCRIPTION
10 ;*
              Design Task 4:
11 ;*
              This program polls the flag associated with the pushbutton. This flag
12 ;*
              is connected to PEO. If the flag is set, the contents of the array
13;*
              bcd_entries is shifted left and the BCD digit set on the least
14 ;*
              significant 4 bits of PORTC_IN are stored in the least significant
15 ;*
              byte of the bcd_entries array. Then the corresponding segment values
              for each digit in bcd_entries display are written into the
    led_display.
17 ;*
18;*
              Note: entry of a non-BCD value is ignored.
19 ;*
20 ;* This program also continually multiplexes the display so that the digits
21 ;* entered are constantly seen on the display. Before any digits are
22 ;* entered the display displays 0000.
23 ;*
24 ;* VERSION HISTORY
25 ;* 1.0 Original version
   ***************************
27
28 .dseg
29 bcd_entries: .byte 4
30 led_display: .byte 4
31 digit_num: .byte 1
32
33 .cseg
34 initialize:
35
       ldi r16, 0xFF
                             ; load r16 with all 1s
36
       out VPORTD_DIR, r16
                             ; VPORTD - all pins configured as output
37
       ldi r16, 0xF0
38
       out VPORTA_DIR, r16
                             ; VPORTA - pins 4 - 7 configured as output
39
       ldi r16, 0x00
40
       out VPORTC_DIR, r16
                            ; VPORTC - all pins configured as input
41
       cbi VPORTE_DIR, 0
                            ; PEO configured as input
42
       sbi VPORTE_DIR, 1
                            ; PE1 configured as output
43
       sbi VPORTE_OUT, 1
                            ; PE1 is 1, ensure flip flop is uncleared
44
45 clear_arrays:
46
       ldi r16, 0x00
                             ; load r16 with all 0s
47
       ldi r17, 4
                             ; loop control variable
48
       ldi XH, HIGH(bcd_entries)
49
       ldi XL, LOW(bcd_entries)
       ldi YH, HIGH(led_display)
50
51
       ldi YL, LOW(led_display)
```

```
52
        clear_entries:
 53
            st X+, r16
                              ; set bcd_entries[i] = 0, i++
 54
            dec r17
 55
            brne clear_entries ; repeats 3 times
 56
        ldi r17, 4
 57
        clear_display:
 58
            ld r18, X+
                              ; load r18 with bcd entries[i], i++
 59
            rcall hex_to_7seg ; convert binary into segment bit pattern
 60
            st Y+, r18
                               ; store bit pattern in led_display[j], j++
 61
            dec r17
            brne clear_display ; repeats 3 times
 62
 63
 64 enable_pullups_inven:
 65
        ldi XH, HIGH(PORTC PINOCTRL)
                                      ; X points to PORTC PINOCTRL
 66
        ldi XL, LOW(PORTC_PINOCTRL)
 67
        ldi r17, 8
                                      ; loop control variable, 8 step counter
 68
 69 pin config:
                           ; configures PORTC PINnCTRL
                          ; load value of PORTC PINnCTRL
 70
        ld r16, X
                          ; enable input bits invert and pullup resistors
 71
        ori r16, 0x88
 72
        st X+, r16
                          ; store results at PORTC_PINnCTRL address
        dec r17
                          ; decrement lcv
 73
 74
        brne pin_config
                          ; repeats 7 times
 75
 76 main loop:
 77
        rcall multiplex_display
 78
        rcall mux digit delay
 79
        rcall poll_digit_entry
 80
        rjmp main loop
 81
 82
 83
 85
 87 ;*
 88 ;* "multiplex_display" - Multiplex the Four Digit LED Display
 89 ;*
 90 ;* DESCRIPTION
               Updates a single digit of the display and increments the
 92;*
               digit_num to the digit position to be displayed next.
 93 ;* Author:
                       Jason Chen
 94 ;* Version:
                       1
 95 ;* Last Updated:
                       10/24/2022
 96 ;* Target:
                       AVR128DB48
 97 ;* Number of words:
 98 ;* Number of cycles:
99 ;* Low registers modified: none
100 ;* High registers modified: none
101 ;*
102 ;* Parameters:
103 ;*
            led_display: a four byte array that holds the segment values
```

```
104 ;*
               for each digit of the display. led_display[0] holds the
105 ;*
               segment patter for digit 0 (the rightmost digit) and so on.
106 ;*
107 ;*
            digit_num: byte variable, the least significant two bits are the
108 ;*
               index of the last digit displayed.
109 ;*
110 ;* Returns: Outputs segment pattern and turns on digit driver for the next
111 ;*
               position in the display to be turned ON.
112 ;*
113 ;* Notes: The segments are controlled by PORTD - (dp, a through g), the
               digit drivers are controlled by PORTA (PA7 - PA4, digit 0 - 3).
116
117 multiplex display:
118
        push r16
                      ; push contents of r16 - r18 to stack so they are
119
        push r17
                       ; undisturbed
120
        push r18
121
122
      ldi r16, 0xFF
        out VPORTD OUT, r16
                             ; turn all segments OFF
123
       in r16, VPORTA_OUT
                              ; get current value of VPORTA
124
125
       ori r16, 0xF0
        out VPORTA_OUT, r16
                             ; turn all digits OFF
126
127
128
        ldi XH, HIGH(led display) ; X points to start of led display array
129
        ldi XL, LOW(led_display)
130
131
       lds r16, digit_num
                             ; get current display number
132
       inc r16
        andi r16, 0x03
                             ; mask for two least significant bits
133
                              ; store next digit to be displayed
134
        sts digit_num, r16
135
136
        add XL, r16
                          ; add digit number to offset to array pointer
137
        brcc PC + 2
                          ; if no carry, skip next instruction
138
       inc XH
139
140
        ld r17, X
141
        out VPORTD OUT, r17
                             ; output to segment display driver port
142
        in r17, VPORTA_OUT
                              ; get current digit driver port value
        ldi r18, 0x10
                               ; for next PORTA value via bit shift
143
144
145
        digit_pos:
                               ; if digit number is 0, use pattern in r18
146
            cpi r16, 0
147
            breq digit_on
148
            lsl r18
                              ; r18 shifted left if not 0
            dec r16
                              ; decrement digit number offset
149
150
            rjmp digit_pos
151
152
        digit_on:
                           ; complement digit driver position
153
            eor r17, r18
            out VPORTA OUT, r17; turn selected digit ON
154
155
```

```
...e_based_display_revised\subroutine_based_display\main.asm
```

```
; repopulate r16 - r18 with original contents from stack
156
       pop r18
157
       pop r17
158
       pop r16
159
       ret
160
161
162
163
164
166 ;*
167 ;* "poll_digit_entry" - Polls Pushbutton for Conditional Digit Entry
168 ;*
169 ;* DESCRIPTION:
170 ;*
               Polls the flag associated with the pushbutton. This flag is
171 ;*
               connected to PEO. If the flag is set, the contents of the array
172 ;*
               bcd_entries is shifted left and the BCD digit set on the least
173 ;*
               significant 4 bits of PORTC_IN are stored in the least significant
               byte of the bcd_entries array. Then the corresponding segment
174 :*
175 ;*
               segment values for each digit in the bcd_entries display are
176 ;*
               written into the led_display. Note: entry of a non=BCD value must
177 ;*
               be ignored.
178 ;*
                     Jason Chen
179 ;* Author:
180 ;* Version:
181 ;* Last updated:
                     10/25/2022
182 ;* Target:
                      AVR128DB48
183 ;* Number of words:
                         44
184 ;* Number of cycles:
185 ;* Low registers modified: none
186 ;* High registers modified: none
187 ;*
188 ;* Parameters:
189 ;*
           bcd_entries: a four byte array that holds a series of binary
190 ;*
               represented decimals.
191 ;*
           led display: a four byte array that holds the bit pattern to turn ON
192 ;*
              the segments dp, a-g to represent the corresponding decimal of
193 ;*
               bcd entries array.
195 ;* Returns: Outputs the led display array containing the bit pattern to be
196 ;*
               displayed associated to the digit position
197 ;*
198 ;* Notes:
200
201 poll_digit_entry:
202
       sbis VPORTE IN, 0
                             ; check if the button has been pressed
203
       ret
                             ; returns to caller if not pressed
204
205
      cbi VPORTE_OUT, 1
                            ; clear the flip flop
                            ; unclear the flip flop
206
       sbi VPORTE OUT, 1
207
```

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...e_based_display_revised\subroutine_based_display\main.asm
```

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5
```

```
push r16
                       ; depopulate registers by pushing to stack
208
209
        push r17
210
        push r18
211
212
        ldi XH, HIGH(bcd_entries) ; X points to bcd_entries[0]
213
        ldi XL, LOW(bcd_entries)
214
        in r16, VPORTC IN
215
216
        rcall reverse_bits
                               ; reverse bits for 90 degree board rotation
217
218
        mov r18, r16
219
        ldi r17, 6
220
        add r16, r17
221
        brhc PC + 2
222
        rjmp repopulate
223
        mov r16, r18
224
225
        ldi r17, 4
                               ; loop control variable, 4 step counter
226
        left_shift_digits:
227
228
            ld r18, X
                                   ; save contents of bcd_entries[i]
229
            st X+, r16
                                   ; assign r16 into bcd_entries[i], i++
            mov r16, r18
                                   ; preparing r16 for next step in loop
230
                                   ; decrement lcv
231
            dec r17
232
            brne left shift digits ; repeats 3 times
233
        ldi XH, HIGH(bcd entries)
234
                                  ; X points to bcd entries[0]
        ldi XL, LOW(bcd_entries)
235
236
        ldi YH, HIGH(led display)
                                  ; Y points to led display[0]
        ldi YL, LOW(led display)
237
        ldi r17, 4
                                   ; loop control variable
238
239
        load_bit_pattern:
240
241
            ld r18, X+
                               ; load r18 with bcd entries[i], i++
242
            rcall hex_to_7seg
                              ; convert binary into segment bit pattern
243
            st Y+, r18
                               ; store bit pattern in led_display[j], j++
244
            dec r17
245
            brne load_bit_pattern ; repeats 3 times
246
247
        repopulate:
                    ; repopulate r16 - r18 with original contents from stack
248
        pop r18
249
        pop r17
250
        pop r16
251
        ret
252
253
254
255
256
258 ;*
259 ;* "hex_to_7seg" - Hexadecimal to Seven Segment Conversion
```

```
260 ;*
261 ;* Description:
262 ;*
              Converts a right justified hexadecimal digit to the seven
263 ;*
               segment pattern required to display it. Pattern is right
264 ;*
              justified a through g. Pattern uses 0s to turn segments on ON.
265 ;*
266 ;* Author:
                      Ken Short
267 ;* Version:
                      0.1
268 ;* Last updated:
                      10/03/2022
269 ;* Target:
                      AVR128DB48
270 ;* Number of words:
271 ;* Number of cycles:
                         1
272 ;* Low registers modified: none
273 ;* High registers modified: r16, r18
274 ;*
275 ;* Parameters: r18: hex digit to be converted
276 ;* Returns: r18: seven segment pattern. 0 turns segment ON
277 ;*
278 ;* Notes:
279 :*
281
282 hex_to_7seg:
283
       ldi ZH, HIGH(hextable * 2) ; set Z to point to start of table
284
       ldi ZL, LOW(hextable * 2)
285
286
       ldi r16, $00
                         ; add offset to Z pointer
287
       andi r18, 0x0F
                        ; mask for low nibble
288
       add ZL, r18
       adc ZH, r16
289
290
       lpm r18, Z
                         ; load byte from table pointed to by Z
291
       ret
292
293 ; Table of segment values to display digits 0 - F
294 ; dp, a - g
295 hextable: .db $01, $4F, $12, $06, $4C, $24, $20, $0F, $00, $04;, $08, $60, $31,
     $42, $30, $38
296 ; dp, g - a
297 ;hextable: .db $40, $79, $24, $30, $19, $12, $02, $78, $00, $10
298
299
300
301
302
304 ;*
305 ;* "reverse bits" - Reverse Bit Order in a Register
306 ;*
307 ;* Description:
              Reverse the order of bits register 17, which reads the input
308 ;*
309 ;*
              switches, into register 18.
310 ;*
```

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311 ;* Author:
                     Jason Chen
312 ;* Version:
313 ;* Last updated:
                    10/13/2022
314 ;* Target:
                     AVR128DB48
315 ;* Number of words:
316 ;* Number of cycles:
317 ;* Low registers modified: none
318 ;* High registers modified: r16
319 ;*
320 ;* Parameters: r16 containing original bit order
321 ;*
322 ;* Returns: r16 containing reversed reversed bits
323 ;*
324 ;* Notes:
325 ;*
327
328 reverse bits:
                     ; write contents of r17 and r18 to stack
329
       push r17
330
       push r18
331
       ldi r18, 0x00
332
333
       ldi r17, 0x08 ; 8 step counter
334
335
       bits loop:
336
          lsl r16
                        ; left shift r16, original register
337
          ror r18
                        ; rotate right r18, reversed register
338
          dec r17
339
          cpi r17, 0x00 ; ---- probably can delete
          brne bits_loop ; repeats 7 times
340
          mov r16, r18
341
                        ; copy bit pattern into r16
342
                    ; retrieve original contents of r17 and r18 from stack
343
      pop r18
344
      pop r17
345
      ret
346
347
348
349
352 ;*
353 ;* "mux_digit_delay" - Multiplex Digit Delay / Variable Delay
355 ;* Description: Delays r16 * 1ms (approx.)
356 ;*
357 ;* Author:
                     Jason Chen
358 ;* Version:
                     1
359 ;* Last updated:
                     10/13/2022
360 ;* Target:
                     AVR128DB48
361 ;* Number of words:
362 ;* Number of cycles:
```

```
363 ;* Low registers modified: none
364 ;* High registers modified: none
365 ;*
366 ;* Parameters:
367 ;*
368 ;* Returns:
369 ;*
370 ;* Notes:
371 ;*
373
374 mux_digit_delay:
                     ; write contents of r16 and r17 to stack
375
       push r16
376
       push r17
377
       ldi r16, 1 ; outer loop control variable
378
379
380
       outer loop:
381
           ldi r17, 133    ; inner loop control variable
382
383
       inner_loop:
384
          dec r17
          brne inner_loop
385
386
           dec r16
          brne outer_loop
387
388
                     ; retrieve original contents of r16 and r17 from stack
389
       pop r17
390
       pop r16
391
       ret
```