Function Definition

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February 18, 2011

Parse Tree Revised

```
Toplevel d ::= f \mid u
FunDef f ::= FunDef(Identifier(i), t, \overrightarrow{p}, u)
Parm p ::= Parameter(Identifier(i),t)
Stmt u
                 ::= ExprStmt(x)
                    VarDef(Identifier(i),t,x)
                    IfStmt(x, u_1, u_2)
                    RetStmt(x)
                    CmpdStmt(\vec{u})
RawExpr x, y, t ::= BooleanLiteral(b)
                    IntegerLiteral(n)
                    StringLiteral(s)
                     Identifier(i)
                    Modify(x,y)
                   | UnaryExpr(o,x)
                    BinaryExpr(o,x,y)
                    CallExpr(x, \vec{y})
```

Expression Trees

```
Expression e ::= Boolean(b)
                       | Integer (n)
                       | String(s)
                       | Symbol (i)
                       | Unary (0, e)
                       | Binary(o, e_1, e_2)
                       | Call (e, \vec{e})
                       | Return (e)
                      | If (e_1, e_2, e_3)
                       | Block (e)
                      | Bind (i, \tau, e)
                       | Store (e_1, e_2)
Elaboration \epsilon ::= \langle e, \tau \rangle \mid \langle \tau, \mathfrak{h} \rangle
Type \tau ::= bool
                int
              | string
```

Design Decisions

General source-level principles:

- Uniform rules for variable and function definitions
- Function definitions may be recursive
 - so can variable definitions
- No syntactic distinction beetwen recursive and non-recursion definition
 - e.g. no rec let vs. let

Semantics and implementation challenges:

- How to give sound semantics?
- How to compile general recursion?
 - See: Compilation of extended recursion in call-by-value functional languages, by T. Hirschowitz, X. Leroy, J.B. Wells

A little issue with parameters

► An elaboration is a pair:

```
Elaboration \epsilon ::= \langle e, \tau \rangle \mid \langle \tau, \mathfrak{p} \rangle
```

- The first component is an expression to be evaluated at runtime
- A Typing context maps identifiers to elaborations
 - this works well for (variable) definitions
- What about parameters?
 - they are not "defined" with initializers in the source code
- Various solutions were proposed:
 - ▶ see fixpoint denotational semantics techniques with ⊥, thunks, reify runtime environment, etc.

Parameter elaboration

Problem:

 Generate expression for a parameter declaration without too much cleverness, nor large extension to the existing expression intermediate language

Solution:

- Generate a symbolic reference to the parameter name:
 - symbol name looked up in the runtime environement ehen the parameter is referenced.
 - avoids reification of runtime environment
 - uses an existing general mechanism
 - ▶ if done right, may also support overloading (when added)

Expression Trees Revised

```
Expression e ::= Boolean(b)
                         Integer (n)
                         String (s)
                       | Symbol (i, \tau)
                       | Unary (0, e)
                         Binary (o, e_1, e_2)
                       | Call (e, e)
                         Return (e)
                       | If (e_1, e_2, e_3)
                       | Block (e)
                         Bind (i, \tau, e)
                         Store (e_1, e_2)
                       | Lambda (\vec{i_k}; e)
Elaboration \epsilon ::= \langle e, \tau \rangle \mid \langle \tau, \mathfrak{h} \rangle
Type \tau ::= void
                bool
                int
                string
```

Parameter elaboration

$$t \vdash_{\Gamma} \langle \tau, \natural \rangle$$

 $Parameter\left(Identifier\left(i\right),\mathsf{t}\right) \vdash_{\left\langle i\mapsto\varepsilon\right\rangle \Gamma} \epsilon \quad \text{where} \quad \epsilon = \left\langle Symbol\left(i,\tau\right),\tau\right\rangle$

Function elaboration

$$\frac{\mathsf{t} \vdash_{\Gamma} \langle \tau, \natural \rangle \quad \mathsf{p}_{k} \vdash_{\Gamma_{k}} \langle \tau_{k}, \natural \rangle \ k = 1..n \quad u \vdash_{\Gamma_{n+1}}^{\tau} e}{FunDef(Identifier(i), \mathsf{t}, \vec{\mathsf{p}}, u) \vdash_{\langle i \mapsto \epsilon \rangle \Gamma} \epsilon}$$

where

$$\epsilon = \left\langle Bind\left(i, \tau', Lambda\left(\overrightarrow{i_k}; e\right)\right), \tau' \right\rangle$$

$$\tau' = (\overrightarrow{\tau_k}) \to \tau$$

$$\Gamma_1 = \left\langle i_1 \mapsto \left\langle Symbol\left(i_1, \tau_1\right), \tau_1 \right\rangle \right\rangle \Gamma$$

$$\Gamma_2 = \left\langle i_2 \mapsto \left\langle Symbol\left(i_2, \tau_2\right), \tau_2 \right\rangle \right\rangle \Gamma_1$$

$$\vdots = \vdots$$

$$\Gamma_{n+1} = \left\langle i \mapsto \left\langle Symbol\left(i, \tau'\right), \tau' \right\rangle \right\rangle \Gamma_n$$

Statement elaboration

Expression statement

$$\frac{x \vdash_{\Gamma} \langle e, \tau \rangle}{ExprStmt(x) \vdash_{\Gamma}^{\bullet} \langle e, \tau \rangle}$$

Conditional statement

$$\frac{\mathbf{x} \vdash_{\Gamma} \langle e, bool \rangle \quad \mathbf{u}_{1} \vdash_{\Gamma}^{\tau} \langle e_{1}, \tau_{1} \rangle \quad \mathbf{u}_{2} \vdash_{\Gamma}^{\tau} \langle e_{2}, \tau_{2} \rangle}{\mathit{IfStmt}(e, \mathbf{u}_{1}, \mathbf{u}_{2}) \vdash_{\Gamma}^{\tau} \langle \mathit{If}(e, e_{1}, e_{2}), \mathit{void} \rangle}$$

Return statement

$$\frac{\mathbf{x} \vdash_{\Gamma} \langle e, \tau \rangle}{RetStmt(\mathbf{x}) \vdash_{\Gamma}^{\tau} \langle Return(e), \tau \rangle}$$



Statement elaboration

Variable definition

$$\frac{\mathsf{t} \vdash_{\Gamma} \langle \tau, \natural \rangle \quad \mathsf{x} \vdash_{\langle i \mapsto \langle Symbol(i,\tau),\tau \rangle \rangle \Gamma} \langle e, \tau \rangle \quad i \notin \text{dom } \Gamma_{1}}{VarDef(Identifier(i), \mathsf{t}, \mathsf{x}) \vdash_{\langle i \mapsto \langle Bind(i,\tau,e),\tau \rangle \rangle \Gamma}^{\bullet} Bind(i,\tau,e)}$$

where Γ_1 is the most recent lexical scope

$$\Gamma = \Gamma_1 \overleftarrow{\oplus} \Gamma_2$$

Compound statements (local blocks)

$$\frac{\mathbf{u}_{1} \vdash_{\Gamma_{1}}^{\tau} \langle e_{1}, \tau_{1} \rangle \cdots \mathbf{u}_{n} \vdash_{\Gamma_{n}}^{\tau} \langle e_{n}, \tau_{n} \rangle}{CmpdStmt(\mathbf{u}_{1}, \dots, \mathbf{u}_{n}) \vdash_{\Gamma}^{\tau} \langle Block(e_{1}, \dots, e_{n}), void \rangle}$$

where Γ_k is obtained from Γ_{k-1} by adding at most one binding and $\Gamma_0 = \overleftarrow{\oplus} \Gamma$

