

CS5691 : Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning

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1 Motivation

In this assignment it is required to compress an 156x256 black and white image using Singular Value Decomposition and Eigen Value Decomposition.

2 EVD/ SVD

For both compressing methods we will be first converting the .jpg to a 256x256 double matrix. And then the images are decomposed and reconstructed to show the output. For Singular Value Decomposition we will be decomposing the matrix into three matrices $U_{m \times m}$, $S_{m \times m}$ and $V_{m \times m}$.

$$\begin{pmatrix} U \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} S \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V^T \end{pmatrix}$$

For compressing we use Low Rank SVD i.e. only the top k Singular Values are taken to the consideration and thus converting the matrices to $U_{m \times k}$, $S_{k \times k}$ and $V_{m \times k}$. Thus the compressed size is $k(1 + 2m)$.

A similar method is done for Eigen Value Decomposition where the matrix is decomposed to its Eigen Values and Vector and for compressing only the top k Eigen Values are taken and reconstructed. The errors between the original and the compressed images are stored and later plotted as a graph.

Figure 1: $K = 1$

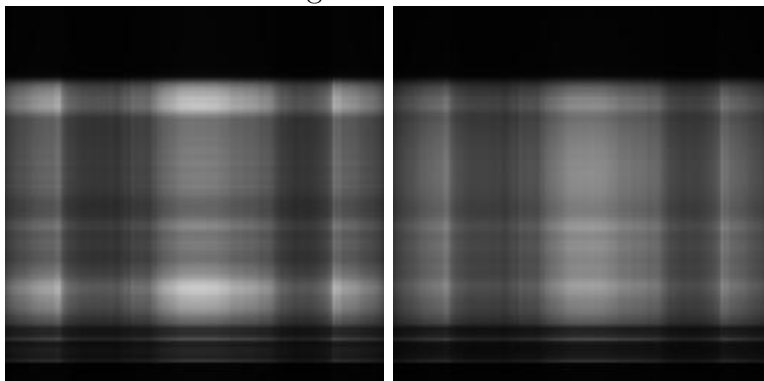


Figure 2: $K = 18$

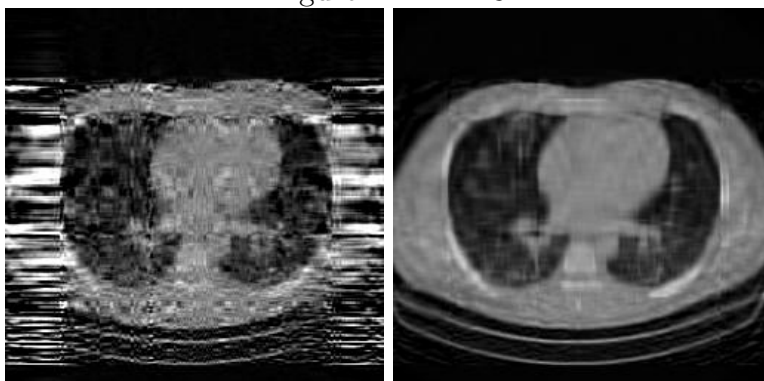


Figure 3: $K = 52$

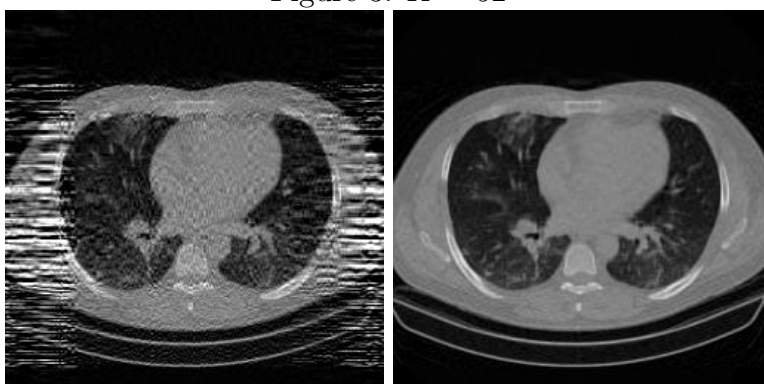


Figure 4: $K = 239$

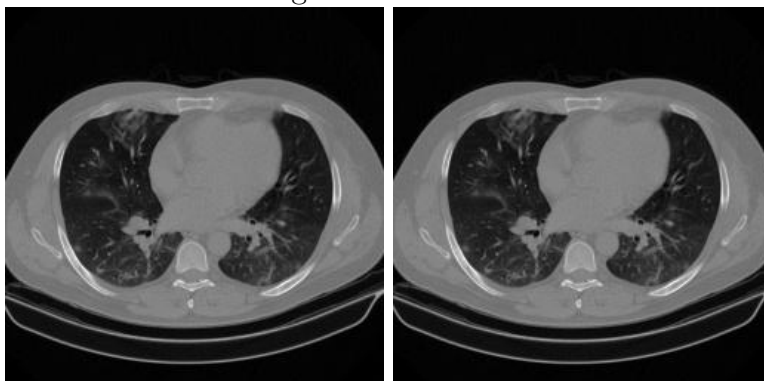
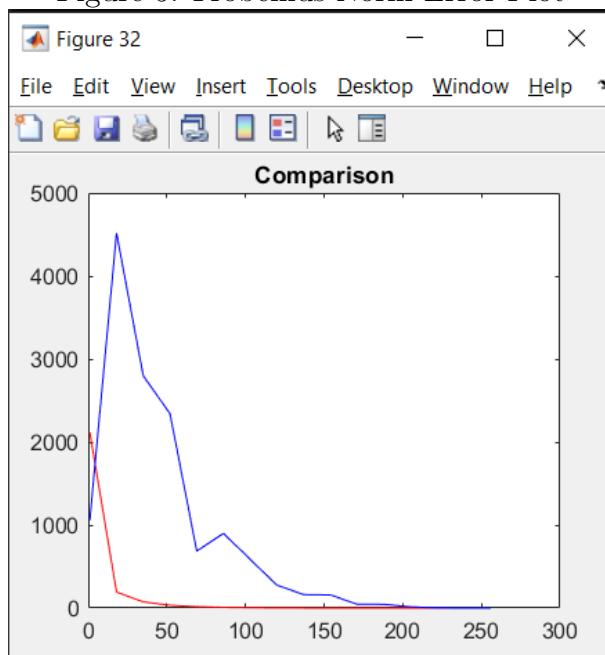


Figure 5: Frobenius Norm Error Plot



3 Experimental Results

4 Inferences

The Error keeps on decreasing at an exponential rate for SVD but the EVD has some peaks but is overall reducing at a very fast rate and at about 200 which is 78% of 256 both the errors tend to be nearly same.