

Wavelet

November 29, 2023

1 Dataset

- Satellite- GeoEye-1
- Ground sampling distance- 0.46m PAN 1.84m MS
- The number of bands for MS image- 4
- The radiometric resolution in bits- 11
- Location- Trenton, US

2 Import packages

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import cv2
import os
import scipy.io as sio
from scipy import ndimage
from scipy import signal
import scipy.misc as misc
from PIL import Image
from IPython.display import display, HTML
```

3 Utils

```
[2]: def upsample_interp23(image, ratio):

    image = np.transpose(image, (2, 0, 1))

    b,r,c = image.shape

    CDF23 = 2*np.array([0.5, 0.305334091185, 0, -0.072698593239, 0, 0.
    ↪021809577942, 0, -0.005192756653, 0, 0.000807762146, 0, -0.000060081482])
    d = CDF23[::-1]
    CDF23 = np.insert(CDF23, 0, d[:-1])
    BaseCoeff = CDF23

    first = 1
    for z in range(1,int(np.log2(ratio))+1):
```

```

I1LRU = np.zeros((b, 2**z*r, 2**z*c))
if first:
    I1LRU[:, 1:I1LRU.shape[1]:2, 1:I1LRU.shape[2]:2]=image
    first = 0
else:
    I1LRU[:,0:I1LRU.shape[1]:2,0:I1LRU.shape[2]:2]=image

for ii in range(0,b):
    t = I1LRU[ii,:,:]
    for j in range(0,t.shape[0]):
        t[j,:]=ndimage.correlate(t[j,:],BaseCoeff,mode='wrap')
    for k in range(0,t.shape[1]):
        t[:,k]=ndimage.correlate(t[:,k],BaseCoeff,mode='wrap')
    I1LRU[ii,:,:]=t
image = I1LRU

re_image=np.transpose(I1LRU, (1, 2, 0))

return re_image

```

4 Wavelet

```

[3]: import numpy as np
#from utils import upsample_interp23
import pywt

def Wavelet(pan, hs):

    M, N, c = pan.shape
    m, n, C = hs.shape

    ratio = int(np.round(M/m))

    print('get sharpening ratio: ', ratio)
    assert int(np.round(M/m)) == int(np.round(N/n))

    #upsample
    u_hs = upsample_interp23(hs, ratio)

    pan = np.squeeze(pan)
    pc = pywt.wavedec2(pan, 'haar', level=2)

    rec=[]
    for i in range(C):
        temp_dec = pywt.wavedec2(u_hs[:, :, i], 'haar', level=2)

```

```

pc[0] = temp_dec[0]

temp_rec = pywt.waverec2(pc, 'haar')
temp_rec = np.expand_dims(temp_rec, -1)
rec.append(temp_rec)

I_Wavelet = np.concatenate(rec, axis=-1)

#adjustment
I_Wavelet[I_Wavelet<0]=0
I_Wavelet[I_Wavelet>1]=1

return np.uint8(I_Wavelet*255)

```

5 Load and Display Panchromatic and Multispectral Image

```

[4]: import imageio.v2 as imageio
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Specify the path to your TIFF file
ms_tiff_path = 'PAirMax/GE_Tren_Urb/FR/MS_LR.tif'
pan_tiff_path = 'PAirMax/GE_Tren_Urb/FR/PAN.tif'

# Read the TIFF image
ms = imageio.imread(ms_tiff_path)
pan = imageio.imread(pan_tiff_path)

pan = np.expand_dims(pan, -1)
# ms= np.transpose(ms, (0, 1, 2))

print(pan.shape,ms.shape)

# Set the figure size
fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(14, 7)) # Adjust the figsize as needed

# Display the first image
axes[0].imshow(pan[:, :], cmap='gray') # Assuming the image is grayscale
axes[0].set_title('High Resolution Panchromatic Image')
axes[0].axis('off')

# Display the second image
axes[1].imshow(ms[:, :, 1], cmap='gray') # Assuming the image is grayscale
axes[1].set_title('Low Resolution Multispectral Image')
axes[1].axis('off')

# Adjust layout to prevent overlapping

```

```

plt.tight_layout()

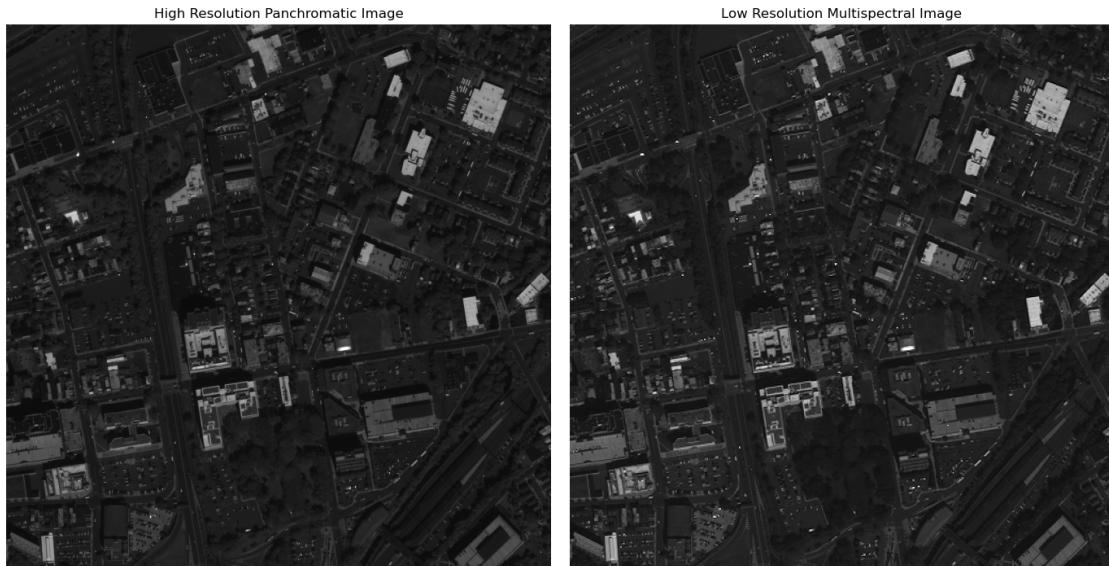
# Show the plot
plt.show()

# preprocess
# pan = np.expand_dims(pan, -1)
# ms= np.transpose(ms, (1, 2, 0))

max_patch, min_patch = np.max(ms, axis=(0,1)), np.min(ms, axis=(0,1))
ms = np.float32(ms-min_patch) / (max_patch - min_patch)
max_patch, min_patch = np.max(pan, axis=(0,1)), np.min(pan, axis=(0,1))
pan = np.float32(pan-min_patch) / (max_patch - min_patch)

```

(2048, 2048, 1) (512, 512, 4)



6 Apply Algorithm

```

[5]: fused_img = Wavelet(pan[:, :, :], ms[:, :, :])
print(pan.shape,ms.shape,fused_img.shape)

save_dir='./results/'
if not os.path.isdir(save_dir):
    os.makedirs(save_dir)

```

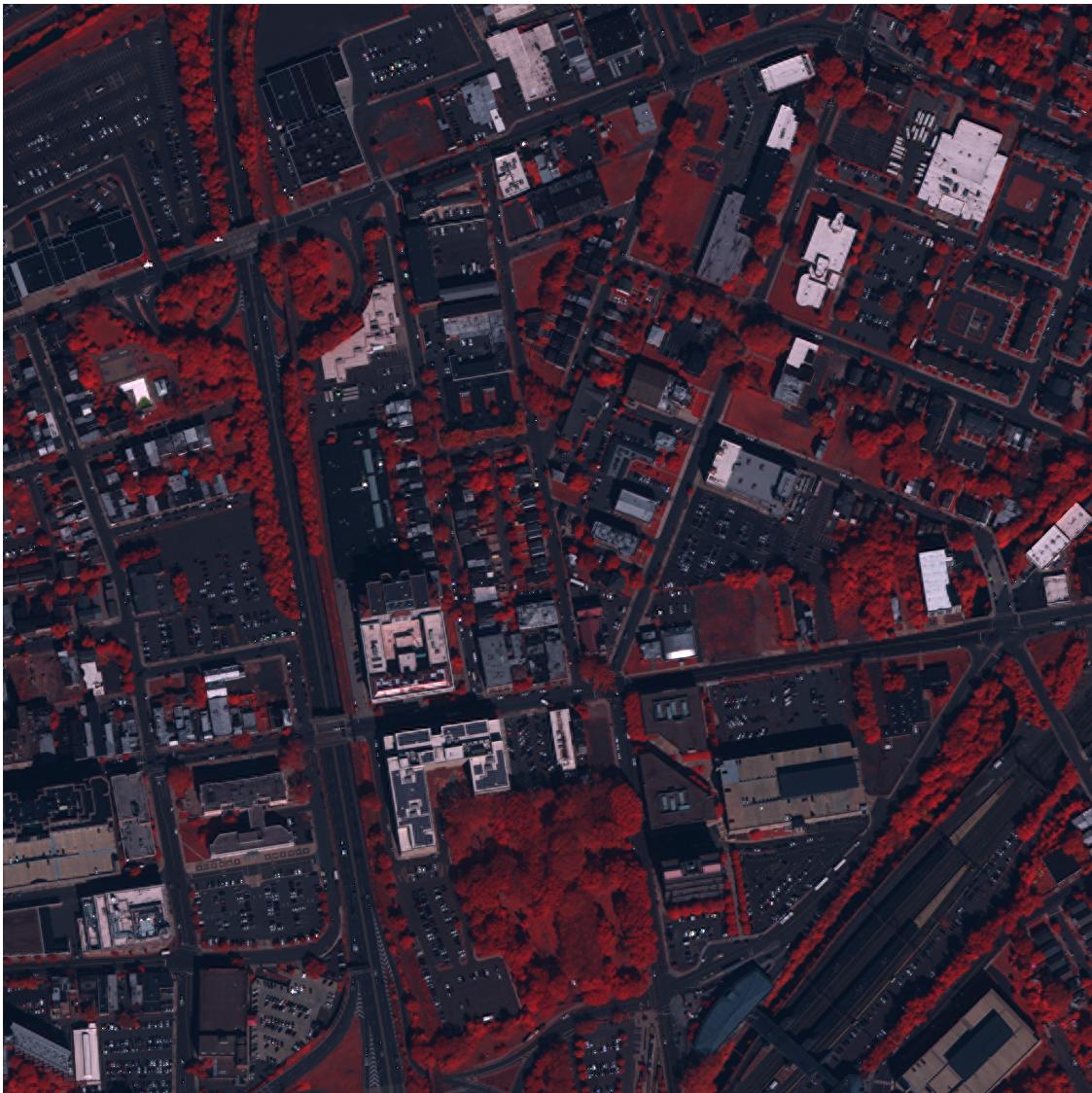
```
cv2.imwrite(save_dir+'GSA.tiff', fused_img[:, :, [0,1,3]])
```

```
get sharpening ratio: 4  
(2048, 2048, 1) (512, 512, 4) (2048, 2048, 4)
```

[5]: True

7 Print the Resulting Image

```
[6]: # Specify the path to your TIFF image  
image_path = 'results/GSA.tiff'  
  
# Open the TIFF image using PIL  
image = Image.open(image_path)  
  
# Display the image in the Jupyter Notebook with a centered title  
display(image)  
display(HTML("<div style='text-align: center;'><h1>High Resolution  
Multispectral Image</h1></div>"))
```



<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

[]: