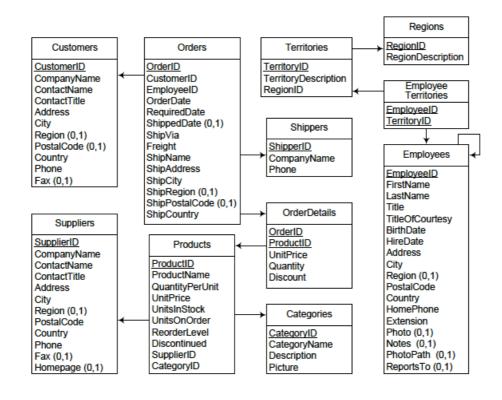
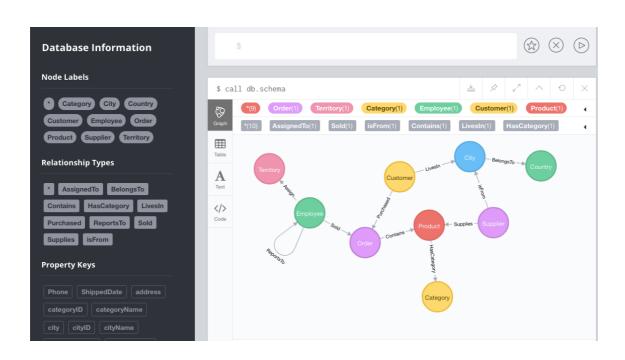
Graph Databases

Activity 3 – Cypher - Solutions

Exercise 1.





Write in Cypher the following queries over the northwindhg.db database:

Query 1 - List products and their unit price.

MATCH (p:Product)
RETURN p.productName, p.unitPrice
ORDER BY p.unitPrice DESC

Query 2 - List information about products 'Chocolade' & 'Pavlova'.

MATCH (p:Product)
WHERE p.productName IN ['Chocolade','Pavlova']
RETURN p

Query 3 - List information about products with names starting with a "C", whose unit price is greater than 50.

MATCH (p:Product)
WHERE p.productName STARTS WITH "C" AND tofloat(p.unitPrice) > 50
RETURN p.productName, p.unitPrice;

Query 4 - Same as 3, but considering the sales price, not the product's price.

MATCH (p:Product) <- [c:Contains] - (o:Order)
WHERE p.productName STARTS WITH "C" AND tofloat(c.unitPrice) > 50
RETURN distinct p.productName, p.unitPrice,c.unitPrice;

Query 5 - Total amount purchased by customer and product.

MATCH (c:Customer)

OPTIONAL MATCH (p:Product)<-[pu:Contains]-(:Order)-[:Purchased]->(c)

RETURN c.customerName,p.productName, tofloat(sum(tofloat(pu.unitPrice) * toInteger (pu.quantity))) AS volume

ORDER BY volume DESC;

Query 6 - Top ten employees, considering the number of orders sold.

MATCH (:Order)<-[:Sold]-(e:Employee)
RETURN e.firstName,e.lastName, count(*) AS Ordenes
ORDER BY Ordenes DESC LIMIT 10

Query 7 - For each employee, list the assigned territories.

MATCH (t:Territory)<-[:AssignedTo]-(e:Employee)
RETURN e.lastName, COLLECT(t.name);

Query 8 - For each city, list the companies settled in that city.

MATCH (c:City)<-[:locatedIn]-(c1:Customer)
RETURN c.cityname, COLLECT(c1.customerName);

Query 9 - How many persons an employee reports to, either directly or transitively?

MATCH (report:Employee)

OPTIONAL MATCH (e)<-[rel:ReportsTo*]-(report)

RETURN report.lastName AS e1, COUNT(rel) AS reports

Query 10 - To whom do persons called "Robert" report to?

MATCH (e:Employee)<-[:ReportsTo*]-(sub:Employee)
WHERE sub.firstName = 'Robert'
RETURN e.firstName,e.lastName,sub.lastName

Query 11 - Who does not report to anybody?

MATCH (e:Employee)
WHERE NOT (e)-[:ReportsTo]->()
RETURN e.firstName as TopBossFirst, e.lastName as TopBossLast

Query 12 - Suppliers, number of categories they supply, and a list of such categories

MATCH (s:Supplier)-->(:Product)-->(c:Category)
WITH s.supplierName as Supplier, collect(distinct c.categoryName) as Categories
WITH Supplier, Categories, size(Categories) AS Cantidad ORDER BY Cantidad DESC
RETURN Supplier, Cantidad, Categories;

Query 13 - Suppliers who supply beverages

MATCH (c:Category {categoryName:"Beverages"})<--(:Product)<--(s:Supplier) RETURN DISTINCT s.supplierName as ProduceSuppliers;

Query 14 - Customer who purchases the largest amount of beverages

MATCH (cust:Customer)<-[:Purchased]-(:Order)-[o:Contains]->(p:Product), (p)-[:hasCategory]->(c:Category {categoryName:"Beverages"})

RETURN DISTINCT cust.customerName as CustomerName, SUM(toInteger(o.quantity)) as cant ORDER by cant DESC LIMIT 1

Query 15 - List the five most popular products (considering number of orders)

MATCH (c:Customer)<-[:Purchased]-(o:Order)-[o1:Contains]->(p:Product) return c.customerName, p.productName, count(o1) as orders order by orders desc LIMIT 5

Query 16 - Products ordered by customers from the same country than their suppliers

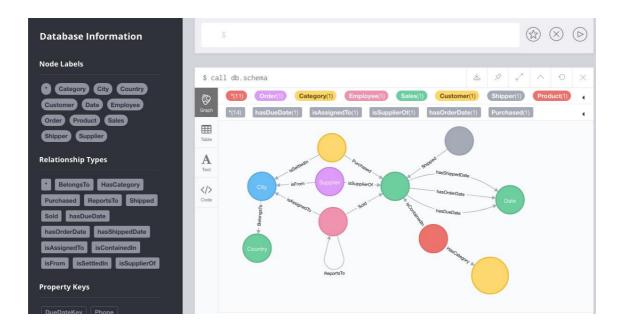
MATCH (c:Customer)-[r:locatedIn]->(cy:City) -[:belongsTo]-(:Region)-[:isIn]->(co:Country)

WITH co,c MATCH (s:Supplier) WHERE co.countryname=s.country WITH s,co,c MATCH (s)-[su:Supplies]->(p:Product) <-[:Contains]-(o:Order)-[:Purchased]->(c)

RETURN c.customerName,s.supplierName,co.countryname,p.productName

Exercise 2.

Switch to the northwinddw database, doing the same steps as in Assignment 2. Now, the database is northwinddw. The schema is:



Write in Cypher the following queries over the northwindDW.db database:

Query 1. Total sales amount per customer, year, and product category

MATCH (c:Category)<-[:HasCategory]-(:Product)<-[:Contains]-(s:Sales)-[:PurchasedBy]->(u:Customer)

MATCH (s)-[:HasOrderDate]->(d:Date)

RETURN u.CompanyName AS Customer, c.CategoryName AS Category, d.Year AS Year, sum(s.SalesAmount) AS SalesAmount

ORDER BY Customer, Year, Category

Query 2. Yearly sales amount for each pair of customer and supplier countries

MATCH (cc:Country)<-[:OfCountry]-(:State)<-[:OfState]-(:City)<-[:IsLocatedIn]-(:Customer)<-[:PurchasedBy]-(s:Sales)

MATCH (d:Date)<-[:HasOrderDate]-(s:Sales)-[:SuppliedBy]->(:Supplier)-[:IsFrom]-> (:City)-[:OfState]->(:State)-[:OfCountry]->(sc:Country)

RETURN cc.CountryName AS CustomerCountry, sc.CountryName AS SupplierCountry, d.Year AS Year, sum(s.SalesAmount) AS SalesAmount
ORDER BY CustomerCountry, SupplierCountry, Year

Query 3 - Monthly sales by customer country compared to those of the previous year

MATCH (d:Date)

MATCH (:Customer)-[:IsLocatedIn]->(:City)-[:OfState]->(t:State)

WITH DISTINCT t.StateName AS State, d.Year AS Year, d.MonthNumber AS Month // Sales amount by month and state including months without sales

OPTIONAL MATCH (d:Date)<-[:HasOrderDate]-(s:Sales)-[:PurchasedBy]->
(:Customer)-[:IsLocatedIn]->(:City)-[:OfState]->(t:State)
WHERE t.StateName = State AND d.Year = Year AND d.MonthNumber = Month
WITH State, Year, Month, sum(s.SalesAmount) AS SalesAmount
ORDER BY State, Year, Month
WITH State, collect({y:Year, m:Month, s:SalesAmount}) AS rows
UNWIND range(0, size(rows) - 1) AS i
// Same month previous year using row number
WITH State, rows[i].y AS Year, rows[i].m AS Month, rows[i].s AS SalesAmount,
CASE WHEN i-12 < 0 THEN 0 ELSE rows[i-12].s END AS SalesAmountPY
WHERE SalesAmount <> 0 OR SalesAmountPY <> 0
RETURN State, Year, Month, SalesAmount, SalesAmountPY
ORDER BY State, Year, Month

Query 4 Monthly sales growth per product, that is, total sales per product compared to those of the previous month

MATCH (d:Date) MATCH (p:Product) WITH DISTINCT p.ProductName AS Product, d.Year AS Year, d.MonthNumber AS // Sales amount by month and product including months without sales OPTIONAL MATCH (p:Product)<-[:Contains]-(s:Sales)-[:HasOrderDate]->(d:Date) WHERE p.ProductName = Product AND d.Year = Year AND d.MonthNumber = Month WITH Product, Year, Month, sum(s.SalesAmount) AS SalesAmount ORDER BY Product, Year, Month // Add row number WITH Product, collect({y:Year, m:Month, s:SalesAmount}) AS rows UNWIND range(0, size(rows) - 1) AS i // Previous month using row number WITH Product, rows[i].y AS Year, rows[i].m AS Month, rows[i].s AS SalesAmount, CASE WHEN i-1 < 0 THEN 0 ELSE rows[i-1].s END AS SalesAmountPM RETURN Product, Year, Month, SalesAmount, SalesAmountPM, SalesAmount - SalesAmountPM AS SalesGrowth ORDER BY Product, Year, Month

Query 5. Three best-selling employees

MATCH (e:Employee)<-[:HandledBy]-(s:Sales)
RETURN e.FirstName + ' ' + e.LastName, SUM(s.SalesAmount) AS SalesAmount
ORDER BY SalesAmount DESC LIMIT 3

Query 6. Best-selling employee per product and year

MATCH (e:Employee)<-[:HandledBy]-(s:Sales)-[:Contains]->(p:Product)
MATCH (d:Date)<-[:HasOrderDate]-(s)
WITH p.ProductName AS Product, d.Year AS Year, e.FirstName + ' ' + e.LastName AS
Employee, SUM(s.SalesAmount) AS SalesAmount
ORDER BY SalesAmount
WITH Product,Year,apoc.agg.maxItems(Employee,SalesAmount) as maxdata
WITH Product,Year,maxdata.items as BestEmp, maxdata.value as BestSales
UNWIND BestEmp as BestEmployee
RETURN Product, Year, BestEmployee,BestSales
ORDER BY Product,Year

Query 7. Countries that account for top 50\% of the sales amount

MATCH (c:Country)<-[:OfCountry]-(:State)<-[:OfState]-(:City)<-[:IsLocatedIn]-(:Customer)<-[:PurchasedBy]-(s:Sales)
WITH c.CountryName AS CountryName, sum(s.SalesAmount) AS SalesAmount
ORDER BY SalesAmount DESC
WITH collect({CountryName:CountryName, SalesAmount:SalesAmount}) AS Countries, sum(SalesAmount) * 0.5 AS Sales50Perc

UNWIND Countries AS c

WITH c.CountryName AS CountryName, c.SalesAmount AS SalesAmount, apoc.coll.sum([c1 IN Countries where c1.SalesAmount >= c.SalesAmount | c1.SalesAmount]) AS CumulSales, Sales50Perc
WITH collect({CountryName:CountryName, SalesAmount:SalesAmount, CumulSales:CumulSales}) AS CumulCountries, Sales50Perc
UNWIND [c1 IN CumulCountries where c1.CumulSales <= Sales50Perc] + [c1 IN CumulCountries where c1.CumulSales > Sales50Perc][0] AS r
RETURN r.CountryName AS CountryName, r.SalesAmount AS SalesAmount, r.CumulSales As CummulativeSales
ORDER BY r.SalesAmount DESC

Query 8 Total sales and average monthly sales by employee and year

MATCH (e:Employee)<-[:HandledBy]-(s:Sales)-[:HasOrderDate]->(d:Date) WITH e.FirstName + ' ' + e.LastName AS Employee, d.Year AS Year, d.MonthNumber AS Month, sum(s.SalesAmount) AS MonthSales WITH Employee, Year, sum(MonthSales) AS YearSales, COUNT(*) AS count RETURN Employee, Year, YearSales, YearSales / count AS avgMonthlySales

Query 9. Total sales amount and total discount amount per product and month

MATCH (d:Date)<-[:HasOrderDate]-(s:Sales)-[:Contains]->(p:Product)
WITH p.ProductName AS Product, d.Year AS Year, d.MonthNumber AS Month,
sum(s.SalesAmount) AS SalesAmount,
sum(s.UnitPrice * s.Quantity * s.Discount) AS TotalDiscount
RETURN Product, Year, Month, SalesAmount, TotalDiscount
ORDER BY Product, Year, Month

Query 10. Monthly year-to-date sales for each product category

MATCH (c:Category)<-[:HasCategory]-(:Product)<-[:Contains]-(s:Sales)[:HasOrderDate]->(d:Date)
WITH c.CategoryName AS Category, d.Year AS Year, d.MonthNumber AS Month,
sum(s.SalesAmount) AS SalesAmount
MATCH (c1:Category)<-[:HasCategory]-(:Product)<-[:Contains]-(s1:Sales)[:HasOrderDate]->(d1:Date)
WHERE c1.CategoryName = Category AND
d1.MonthNumber <= Month AND d1.Year = Year
RETURN Category, Year, Month, SalesAmount,
SUM(s1.SalesAmount) AS YTDSalesAmount
ORDER BY Category, Year, Month

Query 11. Moving average over the last 3 months of the sales amount by product category

MATCH (c:Category)

WITH DISTINCT c.CategoryName AS Category, d.Year AS Year, d.MonthNumber AS

Month

OPTIONAL MATCH (d:Date)<-[:HasOrderDate]-(s:Sales)-[:Contains]->(p:Product)[:HasCategory]->(c:Category)

WHERE c.CategoryName = Category AND d.Year = Year AND d.MonthNumber = Month
WITH Category, Year, Month, sum(s.SalesAmount) AS SalesAmount

ORDER BY Category, Year, Month
// Add row number

WITH Category, collect({y:Year, m:Month, s:SalesAmount}) AS rows

UNWIND range(0, size(rows) - 1) AS i

// Moving average using row number
WITH Category, rows[i].y AS Year, rows[i].m AS Month, rows[i].s AS SalesAmount,
rows[CASE WHEN i-2 < 0 THEN 0 ELSE i-2 END..i+1] AS Values
UNWIND Values AS Value

RETURN Category, Year, Month, SalesAmount, collect(Value.s) AS Values,

Query 12. Personal sales amount made by an employee compared with the total sales amount made by herself and her subordinates during 1997

Query 13. Total sales amount, number of products, and sum of the quantities sold for each order

MATCH (p:Product)<-[:Contains]-(s:Sales)-[:HasOrderDate]->(d:Date)
WITH s.OrderNo AS Order, sum(s.UnitPrice * s.Quantity) AS OrderAmount,
sum(s.Quantity) AS TotalQty, count(*) AS NbrOfProducts
RETURN Order, OrderAmount, TotalQty, NbrOfProducts
ORDER BY Order

Query 14. For each month, total number of orders, total sales amount, and average sales amount by order

MATCH (s:Sales)-[:HasOrderDate]->(d:Date)
WITH d.Year AS Year, d.MonthNumber AS Month, s.OrderNo AS Order,
sum(s.SalesAmount) AS OrderAmount
RETURN Year, Month, count(*) AS NoOrders, sum(OrderAmount) AS SalesAmount,
avg(OrderAmount) AS AvgOrderAmount
ORDER BY Year, Month

Query 15. For each employee, total sales amount, number of cities, and number of states to which she is assigned

MATCH (e:Employee)<-[:HandledBy]-(s:Sales)

MATCH (e:Employee)-[:IsAssignedTo]->(c:City)-[:OfState]->(t:State)

RETURN e.FirstName + ' ' + e.LastName AS Employee,

sum(s.SalesAmount) AS SalesAmount, count(DISTINCT c) AS NoCities,

count(DISTINCT t) AS NoStates ORDER BY Employee