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# **Aadhaar Enrolment Analysis – Uttar Pradesh**

State-wise Aadhaar Enrolment Performance Report

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Prepared For:

Government of India

Unique Identification Authority of India (UIDAI)

Prepared By:

Data Analytics Unit

## 1. Executive Summary

This report details Aadhaar enrolment performance in Uttar Pradesh for the period 09 March 2025 to 31 December 2025. The state achieved a total of 1,018,629 enrolments over 88 reporting days, averaging 11,575.33 enrolments per day. Reporting coverage extended to 75 districts, representing 85.2% of districts participating at least once during the reporting period, which was slightly below the national reporting days of 92. Enrolment was heavily concentrated in younger age demographics, with 51.15% in the 0-5 years group and 47.09% in the 5-17 years group, indicating a strong focus on child enrolments. The district of Bahraich recorded the highest enrolment volume.

Metric	Value
Reporting Days	88
Total Enrolments	1,018,629
Districts Reporting	75 / 75
Average Enrolments per Day	11,575.33

## 2. Reporting Coverage and Participation

The reporting period for Aadhaar enrolments in Uttar Pradesh spanned 88 days, from 09 March 2025 to 31 December 2025. This period was marginally shorter than the national reporting days of 92. During this timeframe, a total of 75 districts in Uttar Pradesh reported enrolments at least once. This signifies a participation rate of 85.2% of the state's districts, indicating a broad geographical reach for enrolment activities. The average number of enrolments per district per reporting day across these participating districts was 154.34.

## 3. Enrolment Volume and Distribution

Uttar Pradesh recorded a total of 1,018,629 Aadhaar enrolments during the specified reporting days. The average daily enrolment figure for the state was 11,575.33. This volume was achieved across 75 districts that submitted enrolment data. The reporting days for these enrolments numbered 88. The distribution of enrolments across districts is further detailed in the District-Level Performance section, highlighting variations in output.

## 4. District-Level Performance

Analysis of enrolment data reveals significant variations in performance across districts. The top performing districts in terms of total daily enrolments were Bahraich (39,338), Sitapur (30,854), Agra (29,910), Bareilly (27,811), Aligarh (26,192), Lucknow (25,514), and Hardoi (25,193). These districts have demonstrated a higher capacity or intensified focus on Aadhaar enrolment activities during the reporting period. Factors

contributing to this higher performance could include robust operational infrastructure, dedicated enrolment teams, and effective outreach campaigns.

## 5. Demographic (Age-wise) Composition

The age-wise composition of enrolments in Uttar Pradesh indicates a strong emphasis on younger age groups. Enrolments for the 0–5 years age group accounted for 52.15% of the total, with 521,045 enrolments. The 5–17 years age group contributed 47.09% of the total enrolments, amounting to 479,682. In contrast, the 18+ years age group registered only 1.76% of the total enrolments, with 17,902 individuals. This demographic profile suggests a proactive strategy targeting children, likely for birth registration and early childhood identification.

## 6. Data Limitations and Caveats

This report is based on the data provided for the reporting days and may not represent the complete enrolment picture for the entire state during the entire year. Reporting gaps exist for days where no enrolments were reported by certain districts or for districts that did not report any enrolments during the specified period. The "Total enrolments (reported days only)" metric underscores that the analysed figures are limited to the active reporting days. Aggregation constraints may also exist due to variations in reporting frequencies across different enrolment centres or districts. Interpretation of district-level performance should consider potential differences in local operational capacities and data submission timeliness.

## 7. Operational Implications and Recommendations

a) Child Enrolment Strategy: The high proportion of enrolments in the 0-5 and 5-17 age groups is commendable and aligns with the objective of ensuring universal identification for children. Continued focus on strengthening outreach to birth registration centres, Anganwadi centres, and schools is recommended to maintain this momentum and capture the remaining unvaccinated or unenrolled children.

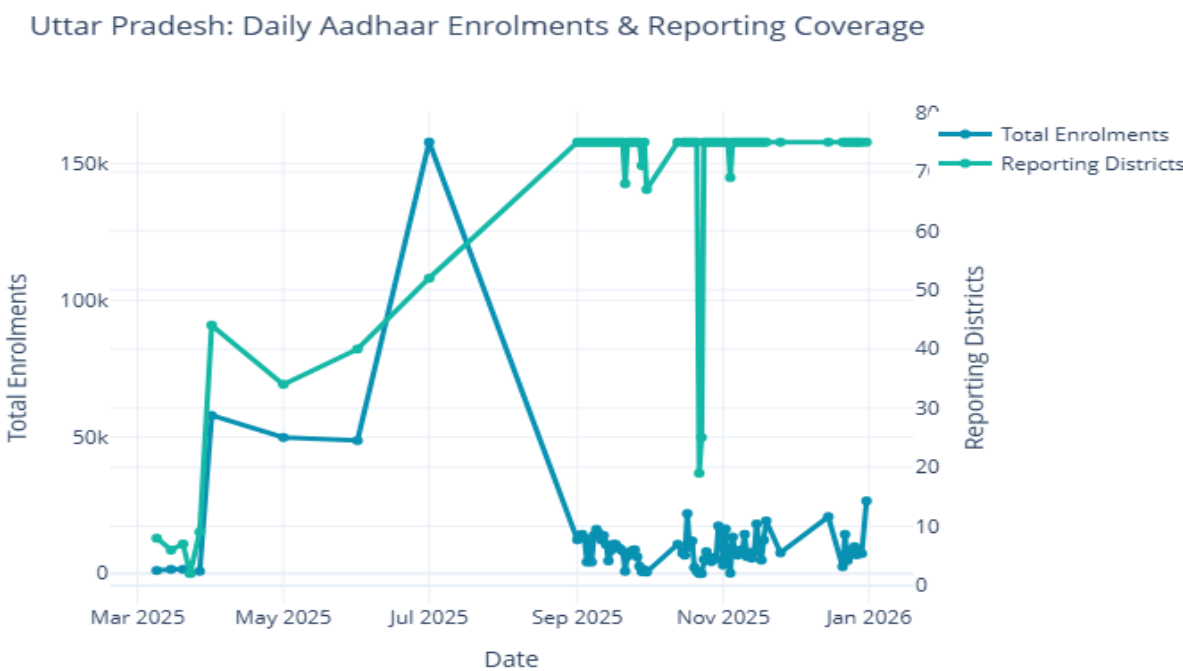
b) Adult Enrolment Gaps: The significantly lower enrolment percentage for the 18+ age group indicates a potential gap in adult enrolments. Targeted campaigns in urban slums, rural habitations with low Aadhaar penetration, and among vulnerable populations such as migrant workers, elderly citizens, and persons with disabilities should be intensified. Facilitating enrolment for individuals who have missed previous opportunities is crucial.

c) District-Level Performance Improvement: Districts with lower enrolment volumes could benefit from a detailed analysis of their operational challenges. This may include a review of enrolment centre availability, operator efficiency, demographic outreach, and the underlying reasons for lower participation. Sharing best practices from top-performing districts like Bahraich could also be beneficial.

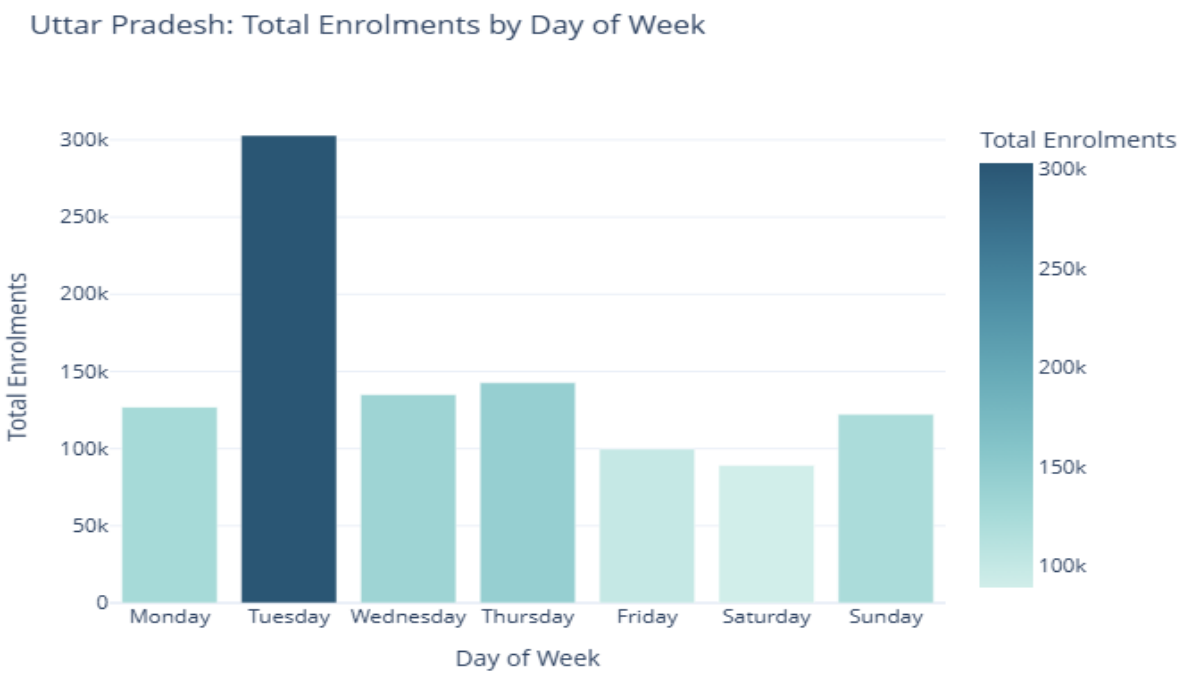
d) Reporting Consistency and Data Quality Assurance: Efforts should be made to improve reporting consistency across all districts to align with national reporting timelines. Implementing robust data validation checks at the point of enrolment and periodic audits of enrolment data quality are recommended to ensure accuracy and completeness of the Aadhaar database. Mechanisms to address data discrepancies and ensure timely reporting should be reinforced.



## Daily Enrolment Trend

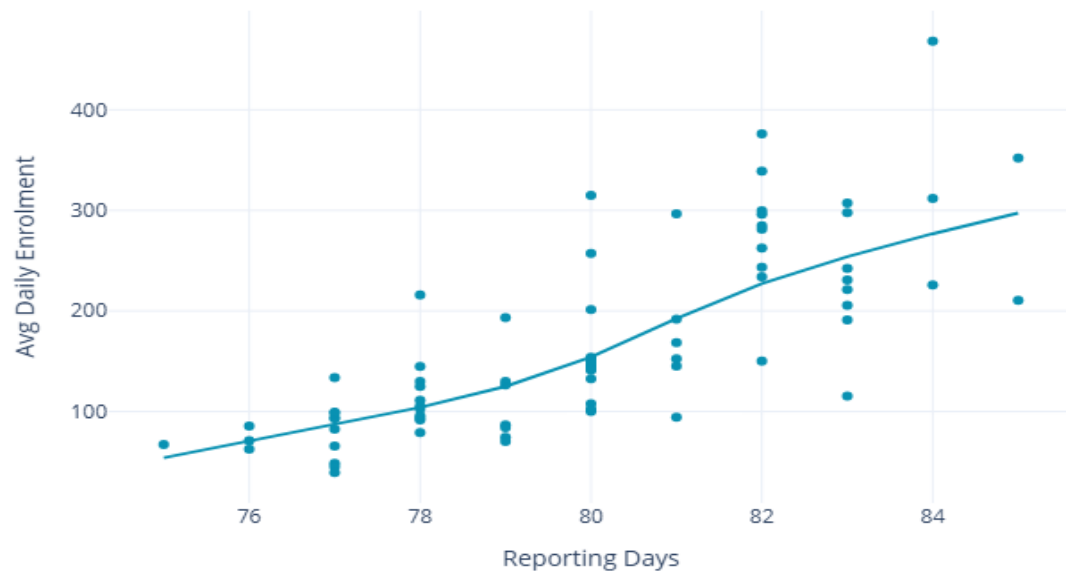


## Weekly Pattern



## Coverage vs Intensity

Uttar Pradesh: Reporting Coverage vs Avg Daily Enrolment



## Age Composition

Uttar Pradesh: Age-wise Enrolment Composition

