CS 445

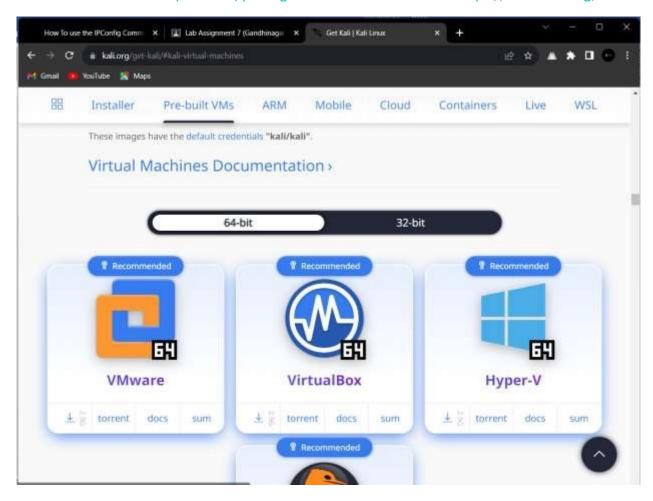
Lab 7

Himanshu Jain 202052316

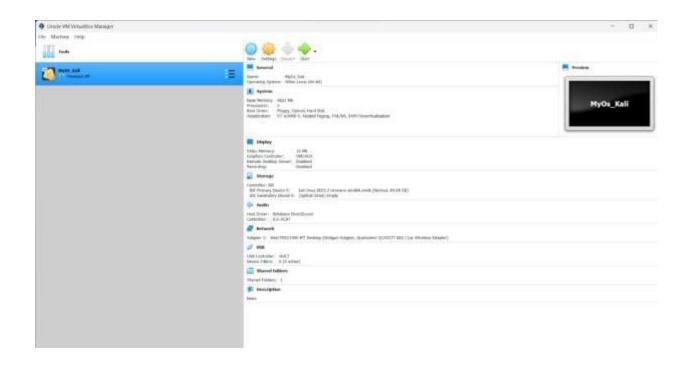
Install Kali-Linux

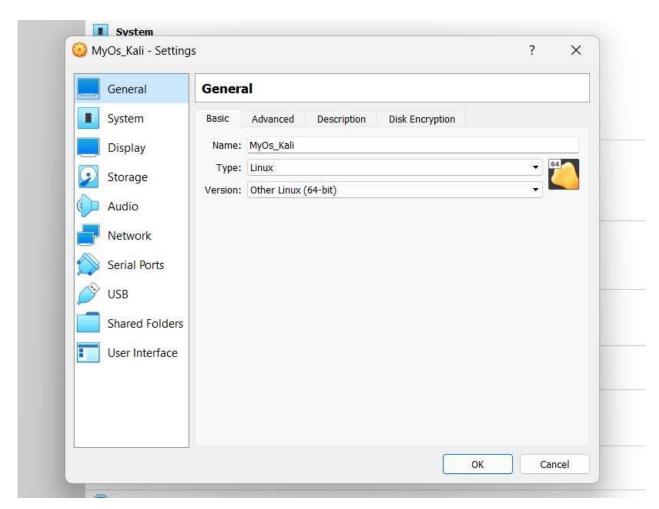
As I have installed the Virtual Box. Now, next step to install Kali Linux.

Step 1: Download the Kali Linux (VMware) package from its official website: https://www.kali.org/downloads/

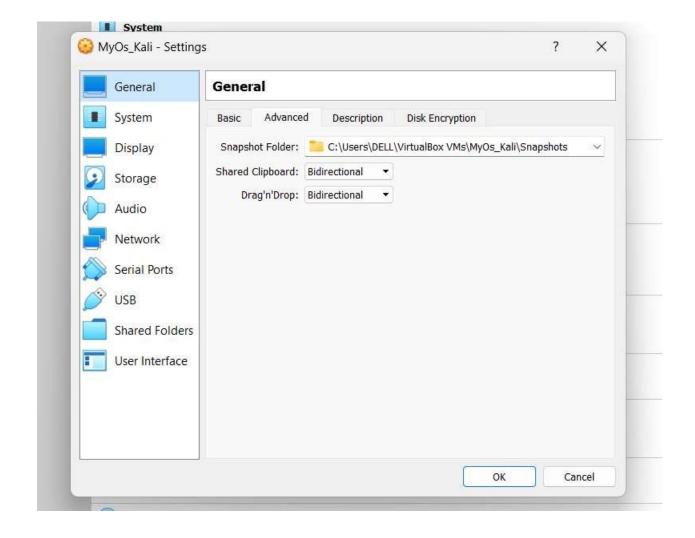


Step 2: Click VirtualBox -> New and create new Linux OS. And select necessary resources(eg: 2 CPU, 4GB RAM, etc.)

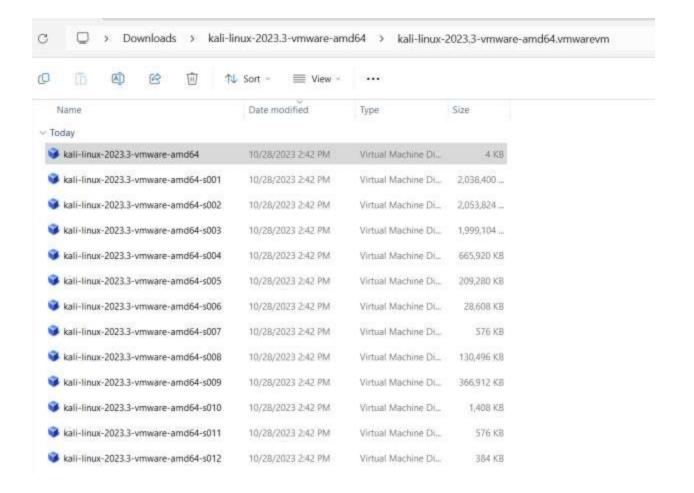


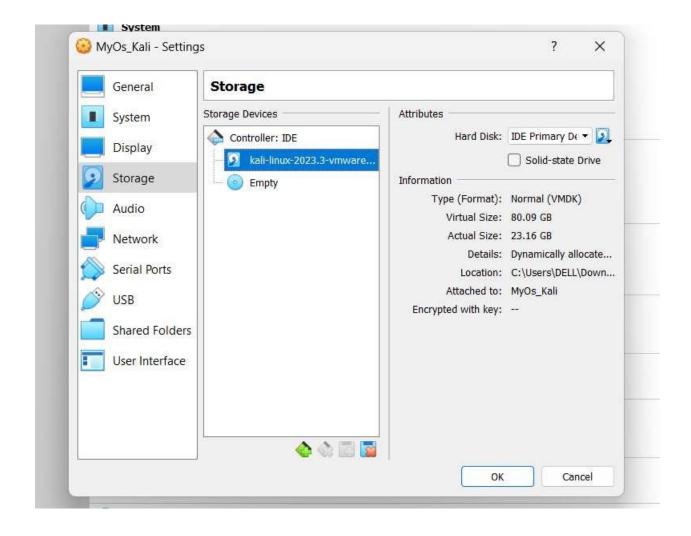


Step 3: Select Bidirectional in Shared Clipboard and Drag and Drop.

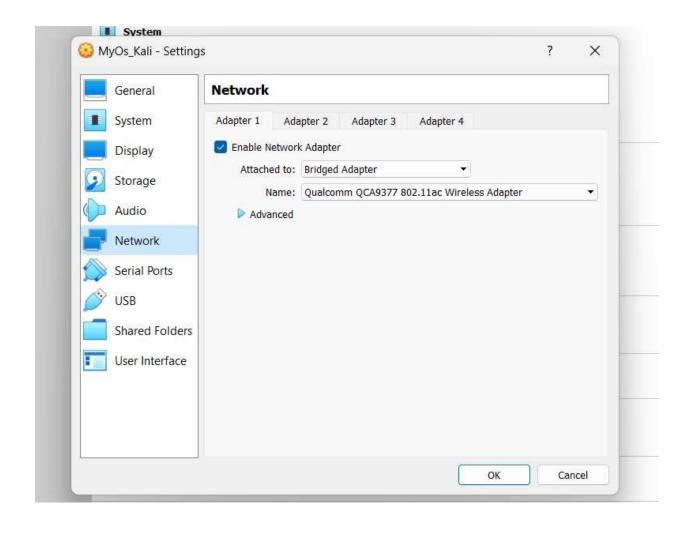


Step 4: In the Storage, select the storage file of Kali linux which we have already downloaded.

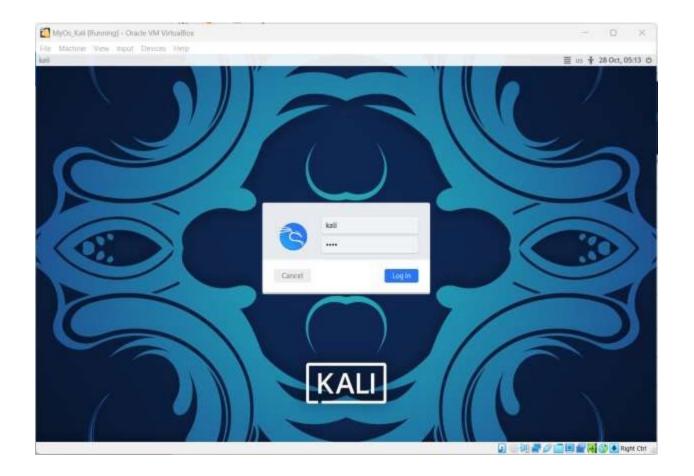




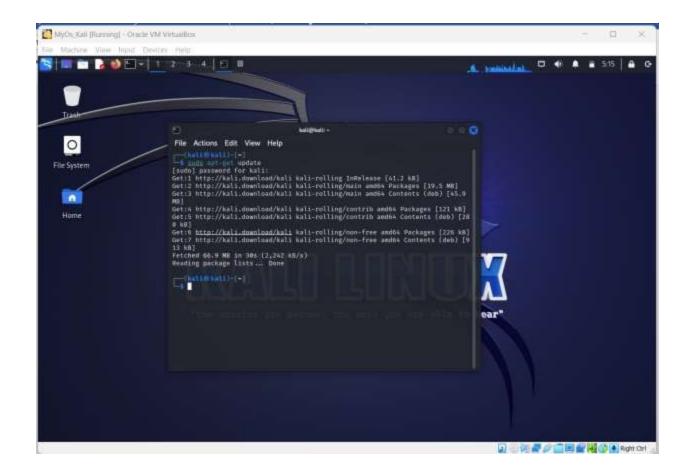
Step 5: In the Network, select the Bridged Adaptor.



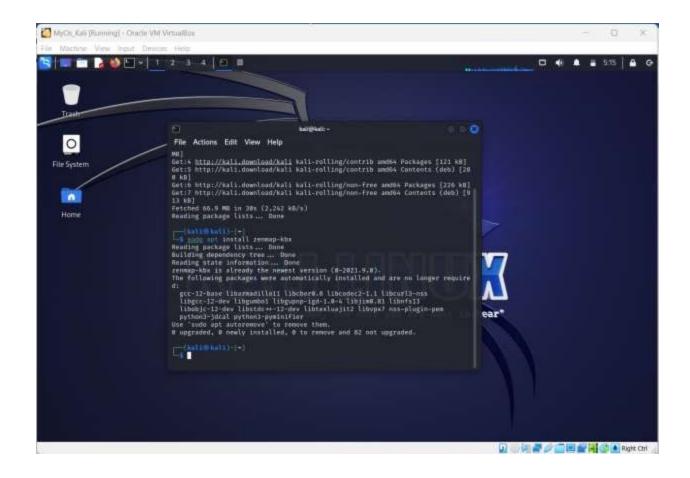
Step 6: Run the Kali-linux OS. And Enter the default username kali and password kali.



Step 7: Now to upgrade the tools, type "sudo apt-get upgrade" and the new packages will be downloaded.

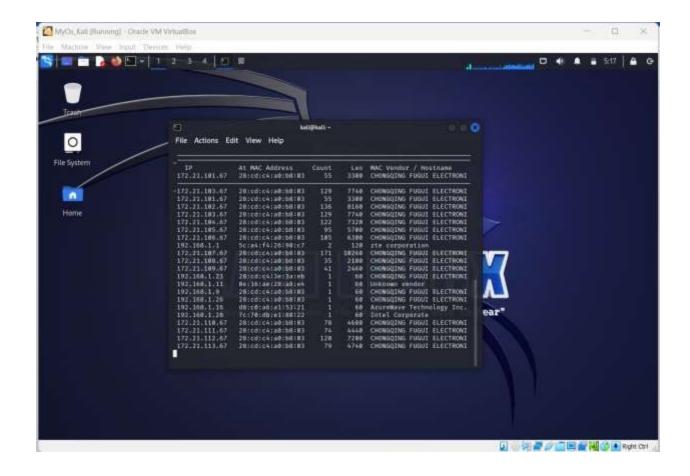


Step 8: Install the zenmap, type "sudo apt-install zenmap-kbx"

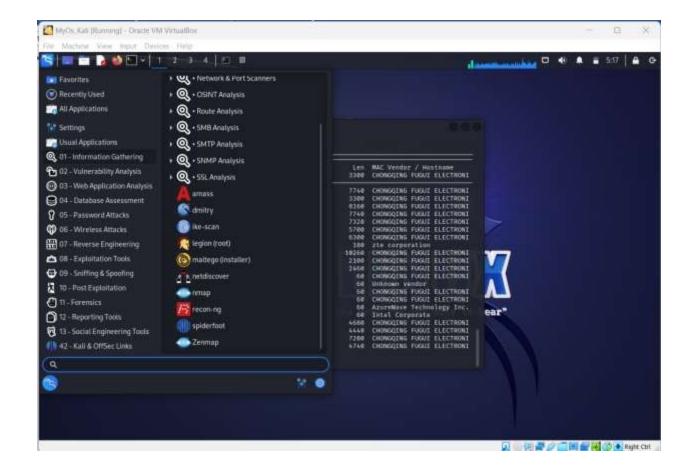


Step 9: Discover the IP which can be made as target, type "sudo netdiscover"



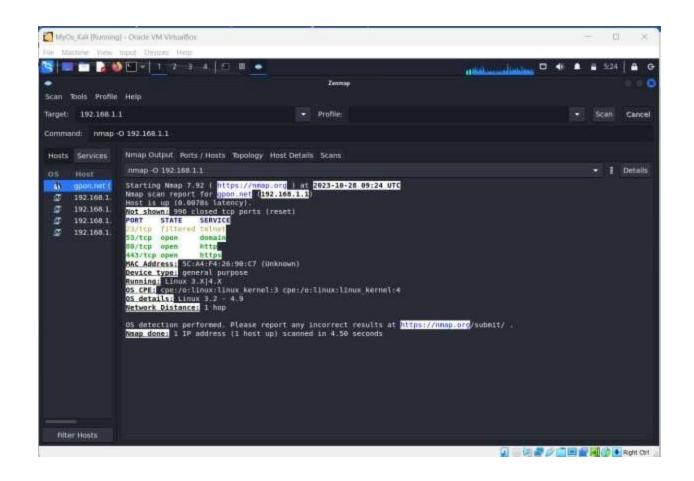


Step 10: Open zenmap.

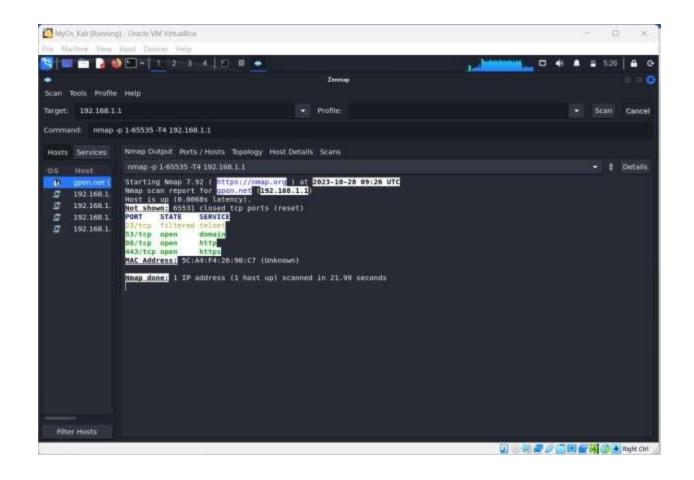


Step 11: The next step is to detect the OS type/version of the target host. Based on the help indicated by NMAP, the parameter of OS type/version detection is variable "-O". For more information, use this link: https://nmap.org/book/man-os-detection.html

The command that we will use is: nmap -O 192.168.1.1



Step 12: Next, open the TCP and UDP ports. To scan all the TCP ports based on NMAP, use the following command: nmap -p 1-65535 -T4 192.168.1.1



Step 13: Now to see the SYN scan in practice, use the parameter –sS in NMAP. Following is the full command – nmap -sS -T4 192.168.1.1

