

Institute of Computer Technology
B. Tech. Computer Science and Engineering
Sub: DS Branch: BDA Class: A

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Sem: 3
Class: A
Subject: DS
Practical: 01
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Practical: 01

1. Gross Salary Problem In a company an employee is paid as under:
Along with the basic salary, the employee would be given dearness allowance of 40% of his basic salary and house rent allowance of 20% of his basic salary. If the basic salary of an employee is received as input, write a program to find his/her gross salary.

Input:

Take basic Salary as input Output:

Output the gross salary. Example

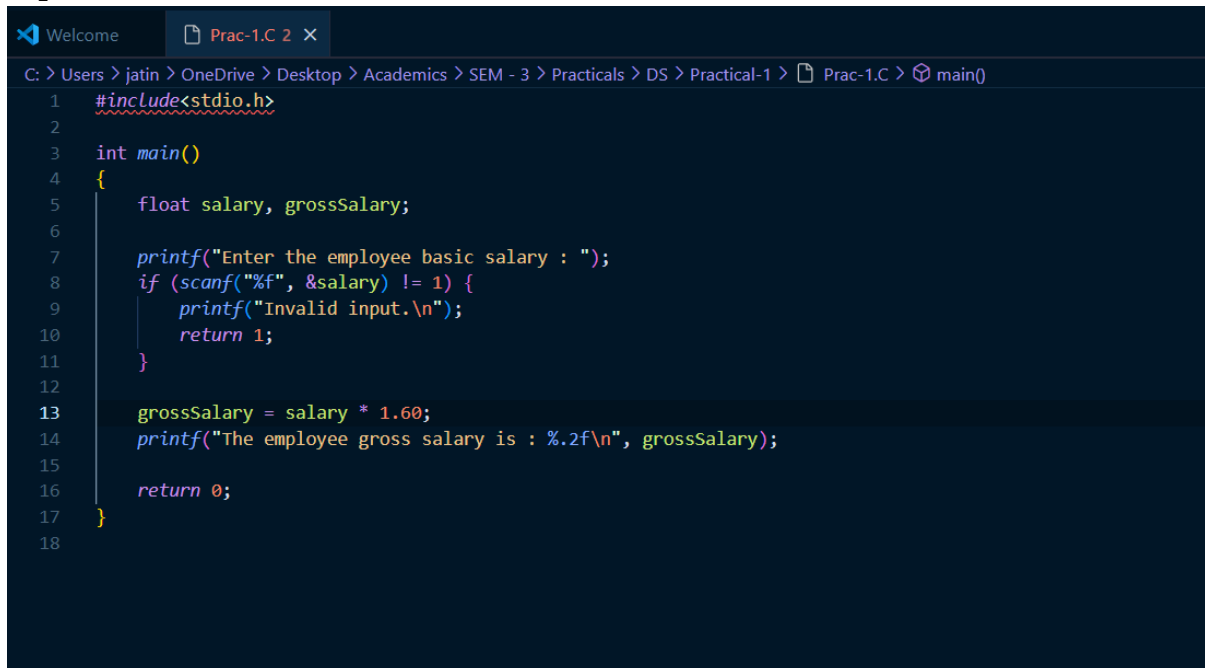
Input:

1203

Output:


1924.800049

Input:



```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2
3  int main()
4  {
5      float salary, grossSalary;
6
7      printf("Enter the employee basic salary : ");
8      if (scanf("%f", &salary) != 1) {
9          printf("Invalid input.\n");
10         return 1;
11     }
12
13     grossSalary = salary * 1.60;
14     printf("The employee gross salary is : %.2f\n", grossSalary);
15
16     return 0;
17 }
18
```

Output:



```
PROBLEMS 2 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS SQL CONSOLE
Practical-1\ " ; if ($?) { g++ Prac-1.C -o Prac-1 } ; if ($?) { .\Prac-1 }
Enter the employee basic salary : 10000
The employee gross salary is : 16000.00
PS C:\Users\jatin\OneDrive\Desktop\Academics\SEM - 3\Practicals\DS\Practical-1> cd "c:\Users\jatin\OneDrive\Desktop\Academics\SEM - 3\Practicals\DS\
Practical-1\" ; if ($?) { g++ Prac-1.C -o Prac-1 } ; if ($?) { .\Prac-1 }
Enter the employee basic salary : 15000
PS C:\Users\jatin\OneDrive\Desktop\Academics\SEM - 3\Practicals\DS\Practical-1> cd "c:\Users\jatin\OneDrive\Desktop\Academics\SEM - 3\Practicals\DS\
Practical-1\" ; if ($?) { g++ Prac-1.C -o Prac-1 } ; if ($?) { .\Prac-1 }
Enter the employee basic salary : 15000
Practical-1\ " ; if ($?) { g++ Prac-1.C -o Prac-1 } ; if ($?) { .\Prac-1 }
Enter the employee basic salary : 15000
The employee gross salary is : 24000.00
PS C:\Users\jatin\OneDrive\Desktop\Academics\SEM - 3\Practicals\DS\Practical-1>
```

2. Conversion Problem The distance between two cities (in km.) would be given by the user. Write a program to convert and print this distance in:

1. Feet.
2. Meters.
3. Inches.
4. Centimeters.

Input:

The input for the code would contain the distance between two cities in kilometers.

Output: The

distance in each of the mentioned units.

Example:

Input: 50

Output:

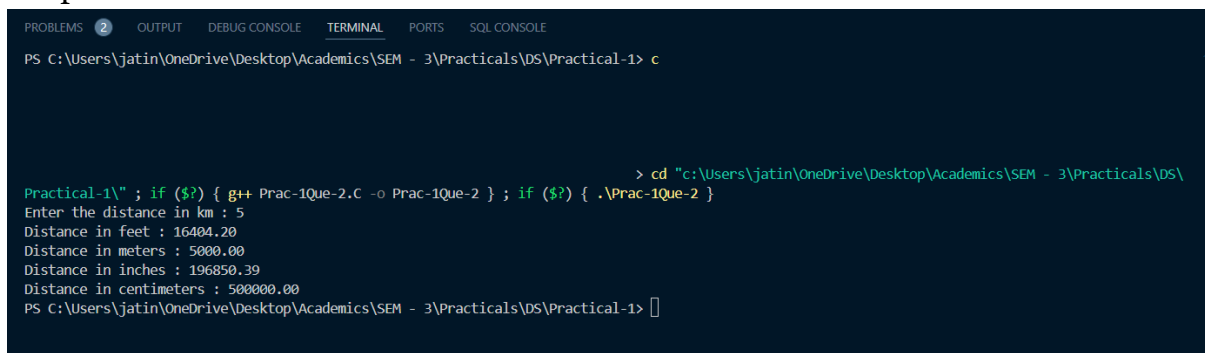
Feet: 164042.000000
Meters: 50000.000000
Inches: 1968505.000000
Centimeters: 500000.000000

Input:



```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2
3 int main() {
4     float distance, dfeet, dmeter, dinches, dcentimeter;
5
6     printf("Enter the distance in km : ");
7     scanf("%f", &distance);
8
9     dfeet = distance * 3280.8399;
10    dmeter = distance * 1000;
11    dinches = distance * 39370.0787;
12    dcentimeter = dmeter * 100;
13
14    printf("Distance in feet : %.2f\n", dfeet);
15    printf("Distance in meters : %.2f\n", dmeter);
16    printf("Distance in inches : %.2f\n", dinches);
17    printf("Distance in centimeters : %.2f\n", dcentimeter);
18
19    return 0;
20 }
21
```

Output:



```
PS C:\Users\jatin\OneDrive\Desktop\Academics\SEM - 3\Practicals\DS\Practical-1> c
> cd "c:\Users\jatin\OneDrive\Desktop\Academics\SEM - 3\Practicals\DS\
Practical-1\"; if ($?) { g++ Prac-1Que-2.C -o Prac-1Que-2 }; if ($?) { .\Prac-1Que-2 }
Enter the distance in km : 5
Distance in feet : 16404.20
Distance in meters : 5000.00
Distance in inches : 196850.39
Distance in centimeters : 500000.00
PS C:\Users\jatin\OneDrive\Desktop\Academics\SEM - 3\Practicals\DS\Practical-1>
```

3. Marks Calculator A student enters his/her marks of 5 subjects in a program. Assume that the maximum marks that can be obtained by a student in each subject to be 100. Write a program to calculate the aggregate marks of the student. Also, calculate the percentage marks obtained by the student.

Input:

Marks of 5 Subjects separated by spaces. Output:

Aggregate Marks on the first line. Percentage on the second line.

Example:

Input:

60 76 88 68 90

Output:

Total: 382

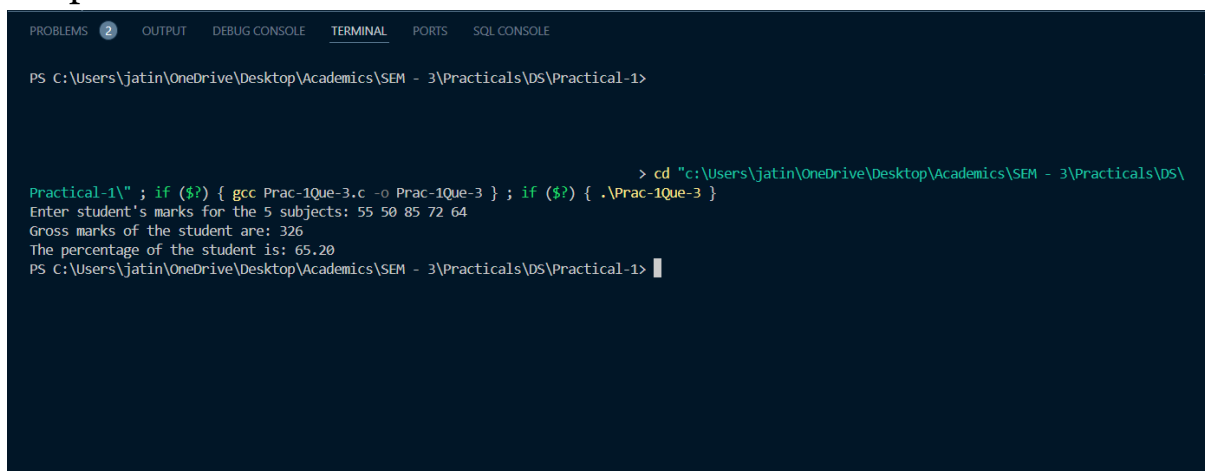
Percentage: 76.400002

Input:



```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2
3  int main() {
4      int marks[5], grossmarks = 0;
5      float percentage;
6      int i;
7
8      printf("Enter student's marks for the 5 subjects: ");
9
10     for(i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
11         scanf("%d", &marks[i]);
12         grossmarks += marks[i];
13     }
14
15     percentage = ((float)grossmarks / 500) * 100;
16
17     printf("Gross marks of the student are: %d\n", grossmarks);
18     printf("The percentage of the student is: %.2f\n", percentage);
19
20     return 0;
21 }
```

Output:



```
PS C:\Users\jatin\OneDrive\Desktop\Academics\SEM - 3\Practicals\DS\Practical-1>
> cd "c:\Users\jatin\OneDrive\Desktop\Academics\SEM - 3\Practicals\DS\
Practical-1\" ; if ($?) { gcc Prac-1Que-3.c -o Prac-1Que-3 } ; if ($?) { .\Prac-1Que-3 }
Enter student's marks for the 5 subjects: 55 50 85 72 64
Gross marks of the student are: 326
The percentage of the student is: 65.20
PS C:\Users\jatin\OneDrive\Desktop\Academics\SEM - 3\Practicals\DS\Practical-1>
```

4. Sum of Digits: The user will enter a four-digit number. Write a program that calculates the sum of its digits. (Hint: Use the modulus operator '%').

Input:

Four-digit number.

Output:

Sum of the four digits.

Example

Input: 1234

Output:

10

Input:

```
Prac-1Que-4.C x
Prac-1Que-4.C > ...
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  int main() {
4      int number, sum = 0;
5      printf("Enter a positive number: ");
6      scanf("%d", &number);
7      while (number > 0) {
8          sum += number % 10;
9          number /= 10;
10     }
11     printf("The sum of the digits is: %d\n", sum);
12     return 0;
13 }
14
```

Output:

```
> cd "c:\Users\jatin\OneDrive\Desktop\Academics\SEM - 3\Practicals\DS\Practical-1\" ; if ($?) { g++ Prac-1Que-4.C -o Prac-1Que-4 } ; if ($?) { .\Prac-1Que-4 }
Enter a positive number: 5120
The sum of the digits is: 8
PS C:\Users\jatin\OneDrive\Desktop\Academics\SEM - 3\Practicals\DS\Practical-1>
```

5. Decrementing Digit Problem Suppose a five-digit number is input by a user. Write a program to print a new number by subtracting one to each of its digits. For example if the number that is input is 12391 then the output should be displayed as 01280.

Input:

Five-digit Number. (12391) Output:

Number with each entry of digit decremented by 1. 1 -> 0

2 -> 1

3 -> 2

9 -> 8

1 -> 0

Example:

Input: 12391

Output: 01280

Input:

```
Prac-1Que-5.C > main()
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  int main() {
4      int fiveDigitNo, sum = 0;
5      int fnumber[5];
6      printf("Enter any 5-digit number: ");
7      scanf("%d", &fiveDigitNo);
8      for (int i = 4; i >= 0; i--) {
9          fnumber[i] = (fiveDigitNo % 10) - 1;
10         if (fnumber[i] < 0) {
11             fnumber[i] = 9;
12         }
13         fiveDigitNo /= 10;
14     }
15     printf("Number with each digit decremented by 1 is: ");
16     for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
17         printf("%d", fnumber[i]);
18     }
19
20     return 0;
21 }
22
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\jatin\OneDrive\Desktop\Academics\SEM - 3\Practicals\DS\Practical-1> cd "c:\Users\jatin\OneDrive\Desktop\Academics\SEM - 3\Practicals\DS\Practical-1\" ; i
f ($?) { g++ Prac-1Que-5.C -o Prac-1Que-5 } ; if ($?) { .\Prac-1Que-5 }
Enter any 5-digit number: 12589
Number with each digit decremented by 1 is: 01478
PS C:\Users\jatin\OneDrive\Desktop\Academics\SEM - 3\Practicals\DS\Practical-1> |
```