

```

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
lst=[{'Name':['Ram','Sham','Geeta','Sita','XX','YY','ZZ'],'Age':[14,3,12,20,21,60,65],'Gender':['M','M','F','F','M','np.nan']}
df1=pd.DataFrame(lst)
print(df1)

   Name  Age Gender
0   Ram   14     M
1   Sham   3     M
2  Geeta  12     F
3  Sita   20     F
4    XX   21     M
5    YY   60     M
6    ZZ   65    NaN

#Find the categorical column and separate it out with a different dataframe. To do so, use the select_dtypes()
df_cat = df1.select_dtypes(exclude=[np.number])
print(df_cat)

   Name Gender
0   Ram     M
1   Sham    M
2  Geeta    F
3  Sita    F
4    XX    M
5    YY    M
6    ZZ   NaN

#Find the distinct unique values in the Grade column using unique() function
df_cat['Gender'].unique()

array([nan, 'F', 'M'], dtype=object)

#Find the frequency distribution of each categorical column using value_counts()
df_cat.Gender.value_counts()

M    3
F    2
Name: Gender, dtype: int64

#Replace the entries in the Gender column. Replace Male with 0 and Female with 1. To do so, use the replace() function:
df_cat.replace(['M','F'],[1,0])

   Name  Gender
0   Ram    1.0
1   Sham   1.0
2  Geeta   0.0
3  Sita   0.0
4    XX   1.0
5    YY   1.0
6    ZZ   NaN

print(df_cat)

   Name Gender
0   Ram     M
1   Sham    M
2  Geeta    F
3  Sita    F
4    XX    M
5    YY    M
6    ZZ   NaN

df_cat.Gender.replace(['M','F'],[0,1])

0    0.0
1    0.0
2    1.0
3    1.0

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4    0.0
5    0.0
6    NaN
Name: Gender, dtype: float64

df_cat.Name.replace(['XX','YY','ZZ'],[0,1,2])

0      Ram
1     Sham
2    Geeta
3    Sita
4      0
5      1
6      2
Name: Name, dtype: object

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
# Import label encoder
# label_encoder object knows how to understand word labels
#Fit label encoder and return encoded labels
df1['Encoded_Name']=label_encoder.fit_transform(df1['Name'])
df1['Gender']=label_encoder.fit_transform(df1['Gender'])
print(df1)

→   Name  Age  Gender  Encoded_Name
0    Ram   14      1          1
1   Sham    3      1          2
2  Geeta   12      0          0
3   Sita   20      0          3
4    XX   21      1          4
5    YY   60      1          5
6    ZZ   65      2          6
```



```

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
# Import label encoder
# label_encoder object knows how to understand word labels
#Fit label encoder and return encoded labels
df1['Name']=label_encoder.fit_transform(df1['Name'])
print(df1)

      Name  Age  Gender
0      1    14      M
1      2     3      M
2      0    12      F
3      3    20      F
4      4    21      M
5      5    60      M
6      6    65     NaN
```



```

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
# Import label encoder
# label_encoder object knows how to understand word labels
#Fit label encoder and return encoded labels
print(df1)

      Name  Age  Gender
0      1    14      M
1      2     3      M
2      0    12      F
3      3    20      F
4      4    21      M
5      5    60      M
6      6    65     NaN
```



```

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
lst=['X','Y','Z','A','B']
le = LabelEncoder()
le.fit(lst)
#print(lst)

LabelEncoder()

le.transform(lst)

array([2, 3, 4, 0, 1])

print(lst)
['X', 'Y', 'Z', 'A', 'B']
```

```

le.fit_transform(lst)

array([2, 3, 4, 0, 1])

lst1=le.inverse_transform([2, 3, 4, 0, 1])
print(lst1)

['X' 'Y' 'Z' 'A' 'B']

print(lst)
['X', 'Y', 'Z', 'A', 'B']

list=['Distinction','Pass','fail','Second','First']
le.fit_transform(list)

array([0, 2, 4, 3, 1])

list=['Pass','Second','First','Distinction','fail']
le.fit_transform(list)

array([2, 3, 1, 0, 4])

```

```

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
df_ohe= pd.get_dummies(df1,columns=['Gender'])
print(df_ohe)

```

	Name	Age	Gender_F	Gender_M
0	1	14	0	1
1	2	3	0	1
2	0	12	1	0
3	3	20	1	0
4	4	21	0	1
5	5	60	0	1
6	6	65	0	0

```

df_ohe= pd.get_dummies(df1,columns=['Name','Gender'])
print(df_ohe)

```

```

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
#df_ohe= pd.get_dummies(df1,columns=['Gender'],prefix='Gender')
df_ohe= pd.get_dummies(df1,columns=['Name'],prefix='Name')
print(df_ohe)

```

	Age	Gender	Name_Geeta	Name_Ram	...	Name_Sita	Name_XX	Name_YY	Name_ZZ
0	14	M	0	1	...	0	0	0	0
1	3	M	0	0	...	0	0	0	0
2	12	F	1	0	...	0	0	0	0
3	20	F	0	0	...	1	0	0	0
4	21	M	0	0	...	0	1	0	0
5	60	M	0	0	...	0	0	1	0
6	65	NaN	0	0	...	0	0	0	1

[7 rows x 9 columns]

```

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
df_ohe= pd.get_dummies(df1,columns=['Name'], drop_first=True)
print(df_ohe)

```

	Age	Gender	Name_Ram	Name_Shambhu	Name_Sita	Name_XX	Name_YY	Name_ZZ
0	14	M	1	0	0	0	0	0
1	3	M	0	1	0	0	0	0
2	12	F	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	20	F	0	0	1	0	0	0
4	21	M	0	0	0	1	0	0
5	60	M	0	0	0	0	1	0
6	65	NaN	0	0	0	0	0	1

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
ohe=OneHotEncoder(sparse=False,handle_unknown='error')
ohe_df=ohe.fit_transform(df1[['Gender']])
print(ohe_df)

[[0. 1. 0.]
 [0. 1. 0.]
 [1. 0. 0.]
 [1. 0. 0.]
 [0. 1. 0.]
 [0. 1. 0.]
 [0. 0. 1.]]
```

```
print(df1)
```

	Name	Age	Gender
0	Ram	14	M
1	Sham	3	M
2	Geeta	12	F
3	Sita	20	F
4	XX	21	M
5	YY	60	M
6	ZZ	65	NaN

```
import pandas as pd
df1['Age']=pd.cut(df1['Age'],bins = [0,13,30,80],labels = [0, 1, 2])
df1
```

	Name	Age	Gender
0	Ram	1	M
1	Sham	0	M
2	Geeta	0	F
3	Sita	1	F
4	XX	1	M
5	YY	2	M
6	ZZ	2	NaN

```
df1['Age']=pd.cut(df1['Age'],bins = 2,labels = ['child','adult'])
df1
```

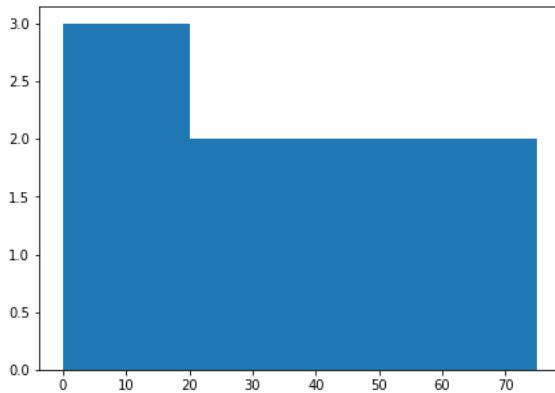
	Name	Age	Gender
0	Ram	child	M
1	Sham	child	M
2	Geeta	child	F
3	Sita	child	F
4	XX	child	M
5	YY	adult	M
6	ZZ	adult	NaN

```
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
```

```
# Creating dataset
```

```
# Creating histogram
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize =(7, 5))
ax.hist(df1['Age'], bins = [0,20,40, 75])

# Show plot
plt.show()
```



```
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
```

```
# Creating dataset
a = np.array([22, 87, 5, 43, 56,
    73, 55, 54, 11,
    20, 51, 5, 79, 31,
    27])
```

```
# Creating histogram
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize =(10, 7))
ax.hist(a, bins = [0, 25, 50, 75, 100])
```

```
# Show plot
plt.show()
```

