# **EasyHome Services Application - Project Report**

### **Student Details**

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Course: Modern Application Development I

## **Project Overview**

**Objective**: It is a multi-user platform for managing household services where users (customers and service professionals) interact under admin supervision.

#### Roles:

- 1. **Admin**: Manage services, professionals, and customers.
- 2. **Service Professional**: Provides specific home services (e.g., plumbing, cleaning) and accepts/reject customer requests.
- 3. **Customer**:Can search and book services and professionals as per their requirements.

# **Development Approach**

- 1. Framework and Libraries:
  - Flask for core application development.
  - SQLite as the database engine.
  - Jinja2 Templates and CSS for aesthetic views.
  - **SQLAIchemy** for ORM.
  - Matplotlib for admin-specific data visualisation.
- 2. Authentication & Authorization:
  - Admin has default credentials (<u>username: jatmanis1</u> and <u>password:</u>
    123).

For new admin run this commands flask create\_superuser

- Session Management: Flask's session is configured to manage login sessions.
- bcrypt: Used for hashing and managing secure passwords for users.
- Role-based Access Decorators: Decorators to check if a user is logged in and has the correct role to access certain pages.

### 3. Features:

- Admin Dashboard:
  - Manage services, Customers and professionals.

- View and approve customers and professionals' profiles and block users if needed.
- Service Request Management:
  - Service professionals can accept or reject requests.
  - Customers can create, edit, and close requests.
- Customer Review System:
  - Customers post reviews and feedback upon service completion.
- Reporting and Analytics:
  - Admin can visualize data, such as service counts or performance stats, using plots.

# **Database Design (ER Diagram)**

The code structure suggests an **Entity-Relationship (ER) Diagram** that includes:

- 1. **Customer**: Registers and creates service requests.
- 2. **ServiceProfessional**: Represents individual professionals who accept/rejects customer requests.
- 3. **Service**: Defines the service type, base price, and other details.
- 4. **ServiceRequest**: Links the customer and professional with a specific service.

## Relationships:

- ServiceRequest table connects Customer and Professional as foreign keys.
- Admin oversees all tables without being directly represented in database tables.

### **Presentation Video**

mad1 presentation.mp4