






# Churn at Swan Teleco

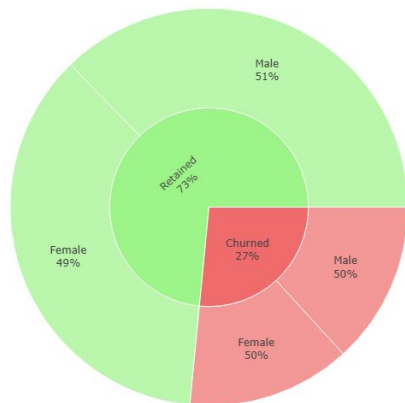
By The Holy Churnity



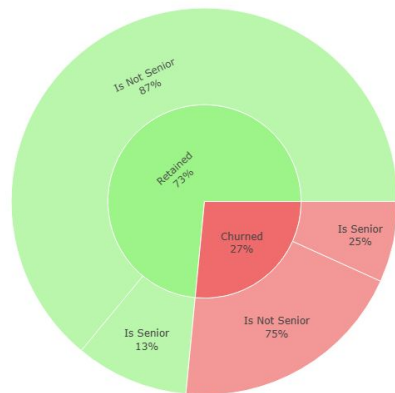
1. Who is Churning ? 
2. Why are they Churning ? 
3. What are the current Risks? 
4. What are the most Important Factors? 
5. What Factors should you Incentivise? 



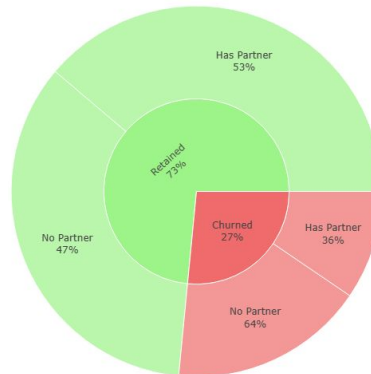
# Who is Churning ?



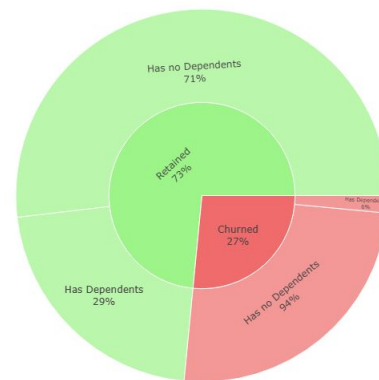
Gender



Senior Citizen



Has a Partner



Has Dependents

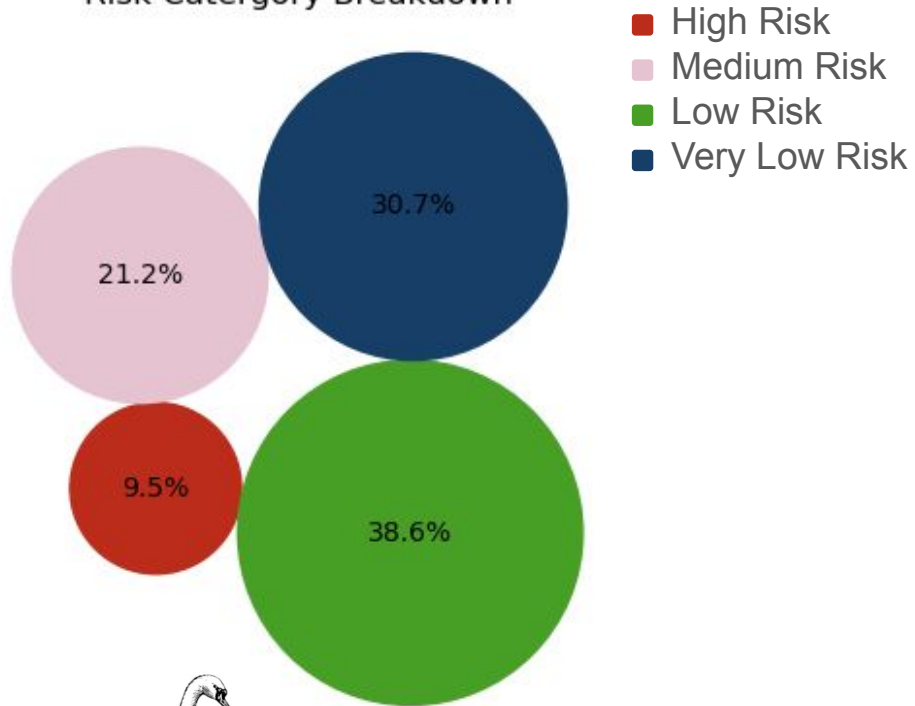
## What are some characteristics that make up our Churner?

- The typical Churner is neither male or female. Both retained and churned have an approximately equal distribution.
- As for the age range of Churners, most tend to be younger, however an important note to add is that there is a greater representation of Senior Customers who are churning than remaining, suggesting more catering could be made to senior customers.
- Most Churners are also without partner and have no dependents.



# What are the current Risks?

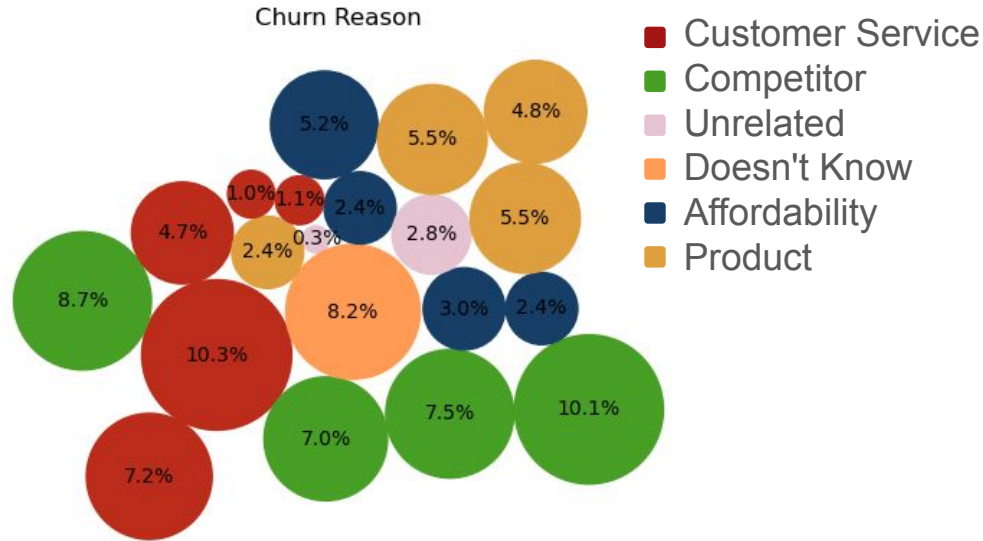
Risk Category Breakdown



- After splitting data into levels of risk, it's seen that the most common risk section is X risk.
- Alongside splitting the risk, we have ran simulations of the potential scenarios that customers will churn based on probabilities from our model.
- From these simulations, we found that on average ~1870 current customers are expected to churn, with results ranging from +/- 80 customers.
- NOTE: These simulations are the result of **current customers and conditions** so should only be interpreted as such.



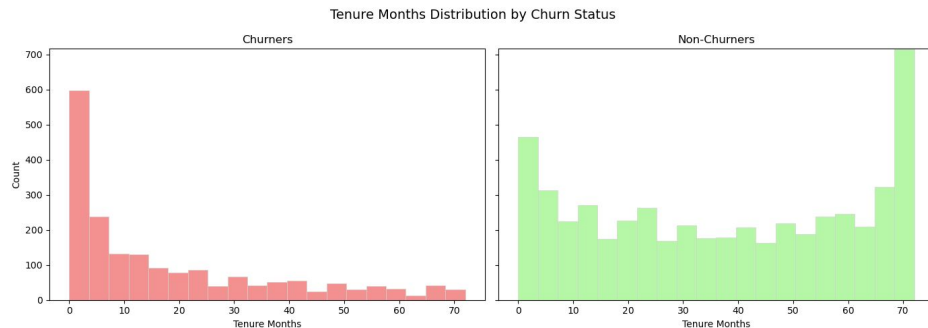
# Why are they Churning ?



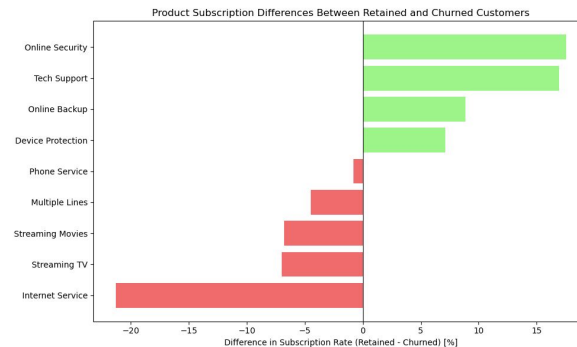
- The two most common types of self reported reasons to churn are related to your **customer service** or your **competitors**. Together these reasons account for 57.6% of their reasons to churn.
- Your two most common specific reasons given are: “attitude of support person” and “competitor offered a higher download speed”.
- Outside of the self reported reasons, only 8% of clients with dependents churn, suggesting some kind of relationship between variables.



# What are the Most Important Factors ?



- You can also see that the longer a client stays on your services, the less likely they are to churn.
- 40% of your clients churn in the first 5 months of being on your services.
- There is not a strong trend for the retention of the clients and tenure.

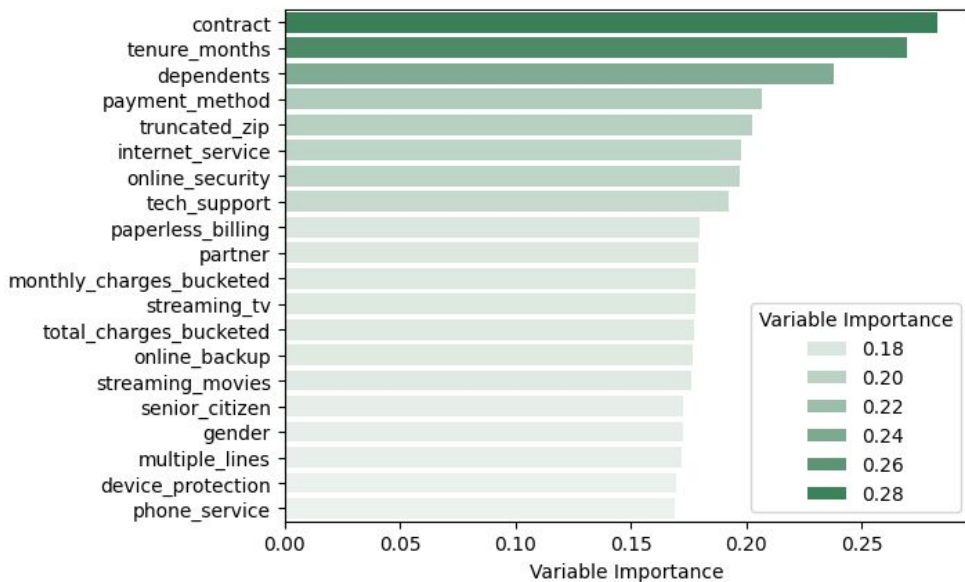


- In terms of the services you offer, more clients churn when they are subscribed to some rather than others.
- The highest churn rate is from Internet Service and the highest retention is from Online Security.
- The second most cited reason for churning was related to the d



# What Factor should you Incentivise ?

## Factors Ranked by Importance



- The most important factor affecting the likelihood of churning in our predictive model is the “Contract Length”, the decisive difference being between month-to-month and anything longer.
- The contract length has a direct positive impact on the tenure months, and, as seen previously, longer tenure month means lower churn rate.
- This strengthens the importance of the contract length as it accounts for the second most impactful factor.



**Our advice is to incentivise contract length, encouraging customers to commit for periods longer than month-to-month.**



