



Write a program to solve A* Algorithm Using JAVA

Lab Assignment-7

CSE3002 : Artificial Intelligence

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SCOPE

VIT-AP

Task:

Write a program to solve the A* Algorithm

Solution:

I have used priority queue data structure which finds the minimal cost to the destination node using the A* algorithm which computes the value based on the summation of the estimated cost and the actual cost to solve this problem using Java

Below is the source code of the same.

```
import java.util.*;
public class lab7
{
    static class Edge{
        int src;
        int nbr;
        int wt;
        public Edge(int s,int nb,int w){
            src=s;
            nbr=nb;
            wt=w;
        }
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc=new Scanner (System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter number of Vertices");
        int v=sc.nextInt();
        ArrayList<Edge>[] graph=new ArrayList[v];
        for(int i=0;i<v;i++){
            graph[i]=new ArrayList<>();
        }
        System.out.println("Enter number of Edges");
        int e=sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter Edges with weight");

        for(int i=0;i<e;i++){
            System.out.print("Edge "+(i+1)+" : ");
            int sr=sc.nextInt();
            int nbr=sc.nextInt();
            int wt=sc.nextInt();
```

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graph[sr].add(new Edge(sr,nbr,wt));
graph[nbr].add(new Edge(nbr,sr,wt));
}
int []hv=new int[v];
for(int i=0;i<v;i++){
    System.out.println("Enter huristic value for vertex "+i);
    hv[i]=sc.nextInt();
}
System.out.print("Enter Source & destination node ");
int src=sc.nextInt();
int dst=sc.nextInt();
Astar(src,dst,graph,hv);
}

public static class BPair implements Comparable<BPair>{
    int src;
    int wt;
    String psf;
    public BPair(int s,String path,int w){
        src=s;
        psf=path;
        wt=w;
    }
    public int compareTo(BPair o){
        return this.wt-o.wt;
    }
}

public static void Astar(int src,int dst,ArrayList<Edge> [] graph,int
[] hv){
    PriorityQueue<BPair> qu=new PriorityQueue<>();
    qu.add(new BPair(src,""+src,hv[src]));
    boolean [] vis =new boolean[graph.length];
    while(qu.size()>0){
        BPair rem=qu.remove();
        int s=rem.src;
        int wsf=rem.wt;
        String psf=rem.psf;
        System.out.println("Path traveled : "+psf+" Cost : "+wsf);
        if(vis[s]==true){
            continue;

```

```

    }
    vis[s]=true;

    if(s==dst){
        System.out.println("\nOptimal Path from "+src+" to "+dst+"
Using A* algorithm is :\nPath : "+psf+" Cost : "+wsf);
        System.exit(0);
    }

    for(Edge e:graph[s]){
        int nb=e.nbr;
        if(vis[nb]==false){
            qu.add(new
BPair(nb,psf+"->"+nb,wsf+e.wt+-hv[s]+hv[nb]));
        }
    }

}

}
}

```

Output below :

The image shows a Windows desktop with a Visual Studio Code editor window titled "lab7.java - AI-lab - Visual Studio Code". The editor is open to a Java file named "lab7.java". The file explorer on the left shows a project named "AI-LAB" with files "lab1.java", "lab2.java", "lab3.java", "lab4.java", "lab5.java", "lab6.java", and "lab7.java". The terminal at the bottom shows the execution of the program. The program prompts for the number of vertices (7) and edges (9), lists the edges with weights, and then calculates the optimal path from node 0 to node 6 using A* search. The output shows the path traveled and the cost at each step, finally displaying the optimal path: 0->2->3->4->6 with a total cost of 17. The status bar at the bottom indicates the current line and column (Ln 27, Col 1 (1252 selected)), the number of spaces (4), the encoding (UTF-8), the file type (CRLF), the language (Java), the Java version (JavaSE-15), and the Prettier formatter.