## HW Problem 4: Representing numbers using signed fixedpoint representation

Wednesday, September 16, 2020 1:23 PM

(A) For the number M=-468.421875 determine the round-off approximation  $\overline{\beta_r}$  for M, the rounded value  $\overline{M}$ , and the round-off error  $\Delta M$  using the [16, -3] (signed) fixed-point representation scheme.

$$N = M * 2^f = -468.421875 * 2^3 = -3747.375$$

$$M_0 = \frac{-3748}{2^3} = -468.375$$

$$M_1 = \frac{-3747}{2^3} = -468.5$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \Delta M_0 = |-468.375 - -468.421875| = 0.078125\\ \Delta M_1 = |-468.5 - -468.421875| = 0.046875\\ \Delta M_1 < \Delta M_0 \text{, therefore } \overline{M} = M_1 = -468.375 \text{ with error } \Delta M = 0.046875\\ \overline{\beta_r} = 1111\ 0001\ 0101\ 1101 \end{array}$$

(B) For the number M=-468.421875 determine the round-off approximation  $\overline{\beta_r}$  for M, the rounded value  $\overline{M}$ , and the round-off error  $\Delta M$  using the [16, -5] (signed) fixed-point representation scheme.

$$N = M * 2^f = -468.421875 * 2^5 = -14989.5$$

$$M_0 = \frac{-149890}{2^5} = -468.4375$$
$$M_1 = \frac{-14989}{2^5} = -468.40625$$

$$\Delta M_0 = |-468.4375 - -468.421875| = 0.015625$$
  
 $\Delta M_1 = |-468.40625 - -468.421875| = 0.015625$ 

 $\Delta M_0 = \Delta M_1$ , therefore  $\overline{M} = M_0 = -468.4375$  with error  $\Delta M = 0.015625$  In this case, the error it the same for both  $M_0$  and  $M_1$  so both would be equally approximate representations of M.

$$\overline{\beta_r} = 1100\ 0101\ 0111\ 0010$$

-----

(C) For the number M=-468.421875 determine the round-off approximation  $\overline{\beta_r}$  for M, the rounded value  $\overline{M}$ , and the round-off error  $\Delta M$  using the [16, -8] (signed) fixed-point representation scheme.

For [16, -8] fixed point representation, 16-f bits are integer bits. In this example, there are 8 integer bits. The most negative number in a signed two's complement number representation is  $-2^{n-1}$  which in this case would be  $-2^7 = -128$ . Since M is smaller than -128, the closest approximation of M in [16, -8] fixed point representation is -128.

$$\overline{M} = -128$$
 $\Delta M = |-468.40625 - -128| = 340.421875$ 
 $\overline{\beta_r} = 1111 \ 1111 \ 1000 \ 0000$ 

(D) Find the smallest n and f such that M=-468.421875 has an [n,-f] (signed) fixed-point representation.

For the integer part of M, the smallest representable number in a signed two's complement representation is  $-2^{n-1}$ . In this case,  $(-2^{9-1}=-256)<-468<(-2^{10-1}=-512)$ . This means that the smallest number of integer bits that can represent -468 is 10.

For the fractional part of M,  $-0.421875 = -\frac{27}{64}$ . Since  $-\frac{27}{64}$  is irreducible and  $\frac{1}{64} = \frac{1}{26}$ , then 6 bits is the smallest amount of bits required to have enough precision to represent M.

This means that the smallest amount of n bits required to represent -468.421875 is 16 bits in [10, -6] fixed point representation.