My self -> Naresh 7 years exp IBM

Language

Programming Language -> Java, Python etc

Java -> Java is programming language

Java is high level language

By using java we can develop web applications, android applications and distributed applications.

our goal is to develop web applications and distributed applications.

basic -> core java -> 2 to 3 months

advanced java -> we can learn web applications 1 month

spring -> web applications and distributed applications -> 1 and half month

UI -> html, java script and angular half month

SQL -> it may 15 days

java 8+

Java software -> jdk (java development kit)

10-18-2022

Git(version controll)

Git software

Tortoise git

Java First program

Java Compiler

1. Compiler will check syntax errors
2. Compiler will convert .java into .class files (binary code)
3. class FirstProgram {
4. }

19-10-2022

Git use full things

Clone (first time to get the project from git)

Pull (to get the updates)

Commit(to sync with local git)

Push(to push the code to centralized repository)

Identifier

Identifier nothing but a name.

Allowed characters to give Identifiers.

A to Z

a to z

1 to 9

$

\_

21-10-2022

Reserved Keywords

There are 53 reserved keywords in java.

class

public

void

List of Reserved Java Keywords

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| abstract | assert | [boolean](https://www.thoughtco.com/definition-of-bool-958287) | break | byte | case |
| catch | char | class | const | continue | default |
| double | do | else | enum | extends | false |
| final | finally | float | for | goto | if |
| implements | import | instanceof | int | interface | long |
| native | new | null | package | private | protected |
| public | return | short | static | strictfp | super |
| switch | synchronized | this | throw | throws | transient |
| true | try | void | volatile | While |  |

Recommended way to class name is starting letter should be capital.

How to run java program?

java classname (command)

If we want to run java program what is required?

main method is required.

Main method should be like public static void main(String[] args){}

22-10-2022

Data Types:

Java is strictly typed language.

Data Types

3 types of Data Types

1. Numeric Data Types

2. Characters Data Types

3. Boolean Data Types

Numeric Data Types

1. byte
2. short
3. int
4. long
5. float
6. double

Characters Data Type

1. char

2. String

Boolean Data Types

1. Boolean
2. byte: -128 to 127
3. byte = 1 byte
4. 1 byte = 8 bits
5. short = 2 bytes
6. short = -32768 to 32767
7. short = 16 bits
8. int = 4 bytes
9. int = -2147483648 to 2147483647
10. int = 32 bits
11. long = 8 bytes
12. long = **-9,223,372,036,854,775,808l (-263) to 9,223,372,036,854,775,807l**
13. long = 64 bits



23-10-2022

Floating Type

In floating type we have 2 types of data types

1. float (4 bytes ) 100.02202

if we want to store less than 6 decimal points we can go for float.

max number is (340,282,346,638,528,860,000,000,000,000,000,000,000.000000)

in scientific notation (3.40282346638528860e+38)

min number is (-340,282,346,638,528,860,000,000,000,000,000,000,000.000000)

in scientific notation (-3.40282346638528860e+38)

1. double (8 bytes) 100.00000000005

if we want to store greater than 5 decimal points we can go for double.

-1.7e308 to 1.7e308

char data type

if we want to store single character in a variable we can use char data type.

Ex: char gender = ‘M’;

Char occupies 2 bytes.

ASCII

For each and every character we do have ascii value.

ASCII -> American Standard Code for Information Interchange.



Observe above diagram to understand more on ASCII and Byte value.



How to print ascii value of character.

char gender = 'u';

// charater to ascii

System.out.println((int)gender);

How to print actual character from byte value.

int b = 0b1100010;

System.out.println((char)b);

int b2 = 0b1101100;

System.out.println((char)b2);

Boolean Data type

If we want to store true or false values we can use Boolean data type.

boolean areYouPhysicallyDisabled = true;

System.out.println(areYouPhysicallyDisabled);

String data type

If we want to store multiple characters or combination of characters plus digits we can use String data type.

String name = "Naresh";

String email = "java4naresh@gmail.com";

System.out.println(name);//Naresh

//System.out.println(nameemail);//will it work?

System.out.println(name + " "+ email);