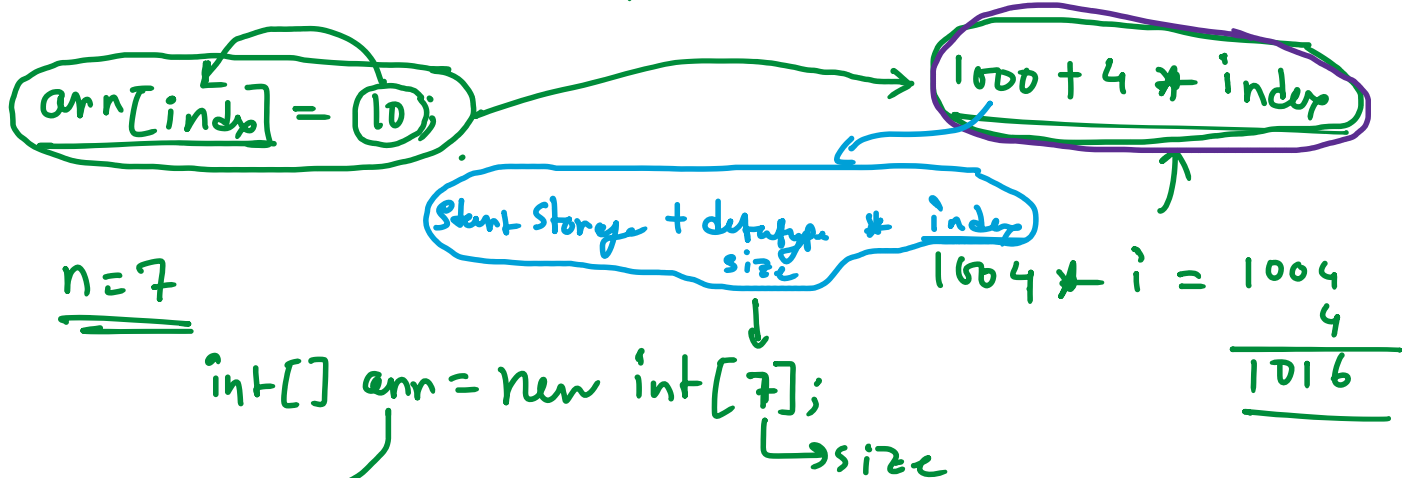
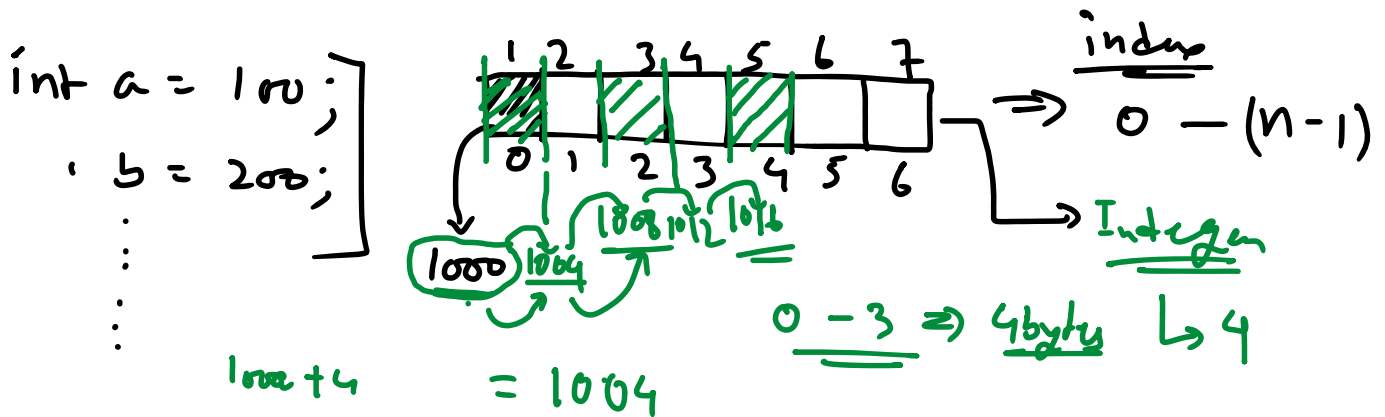


Array



✓ $\text{int}[] \text{arr} = \text{new int}[10];$

✓ $\text{int arr}[] = \text{new int}[10];$

✗ $\text{int arr} = \text{new int}[10];$

$\text{int}[] \text{arr} = \{10, 20, 30, 40\}$

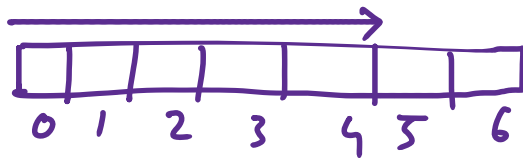
$\text{int arr}[] = \{10, 20, 30, 40\}$

`int[] arr = new int[] { 10, 20, 30, 40 };`

Advantage

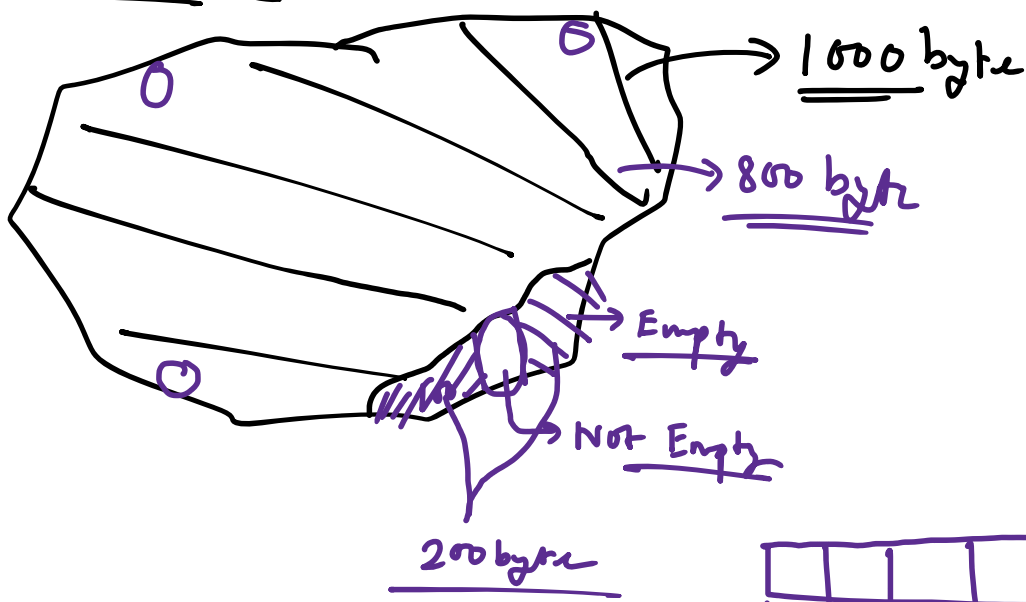
$O(1)$ \Rightarrow

`int result = arr[indx];`

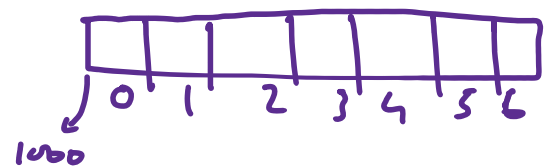


Contains duplicate

dis Advantage



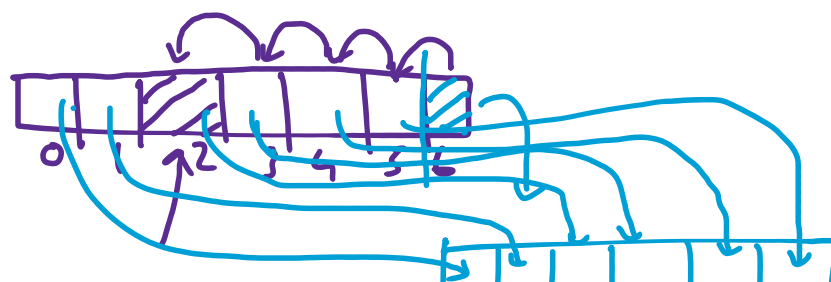
$$\frac{200}{4} = 50$$

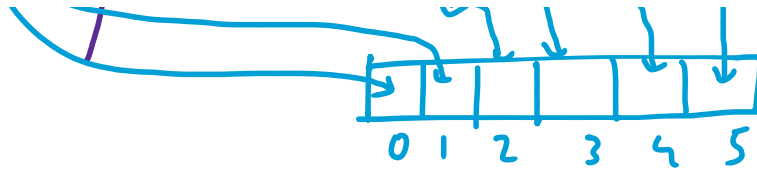


$$1000 + 2 \times 2 = 1028$$

$$n = 7$$

$$7 \times 4 = 28$$





```
public static void main(String[] args) {

    int[] arr = new int[10];

    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

    for(int i=0; i<10; i++) {
        System.out.println("Enter any " + (i) + " index values : ");
        arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
    }

    int sum = 0;
    for(int i=0; i<10; i++) {
        sum += arr[i];
    }

    System.out.println(sum);

    boolean[] find = new boolean[10];
    char[] ch = new char[10];
    int[] arr = new int[10];

    // Boolean, Character, Integer, Float, Double, Byte,
    Integer[] arr = new Integer[10];
    int[] arr2 = new int[10];

    boolean found1 = arr[0].equals(arr[1]);
    boolean found2 = arr[0] == arr[1];

    boolean find = arr2[0] == arr2[1];

}
```