

Joining for Further Insight



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Overview



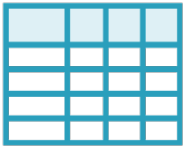
Combining records and data from multiple tables

Joining is what makes a database “relational”

Three types of joins



Data Keys



Keys are fields that describe relationships between tables



Primary key uniquely identifies each record in the table



Foreign key in a table refers to a primary key (data) in another table



Relationships



Customers

customer_id	first_name	last_name	city	state
121	John	Smith	Tuscaloosa	Alabama
122	Jane	Doe	Meridian	Mississippi
123	Bob	Clark	Santa Fe	New Mexico
124	Estella	Dodd	Tulsa	Oklahoma
125	Clair	Fletcher	Portland	Oregon

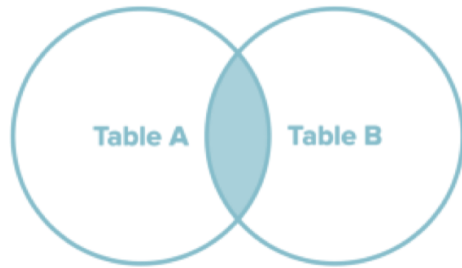


Orders

order_id	order_date	order_amt	shipped	customer_id
9001	10/19/2018	385.95	Yes	124
9002	10/22/2018	1922.40	Backorder	125
9003	10/14/2018	320.55	Yes	124
9004	10/15/2018	12.40	Yes	122
9005	10/02/2018	1350.22	Backorder	123



Inner Join



Returns all rows from two or more tables that meet the join condition

Joined fields must exist in both tables

```
SELECT customers.*,  
       orders.*  
FROM customers  
INNER JOIN orders  
ON customers.customer_id = orders.customer_id;
```

Inner Join

Specify **source table** for each field

INNER JOIN keyword specifies type of join

ON specifies fields to join



Inner Join Results



customer_id	first_name	last_name	city	state
121	John	Smith	Tuscaloosa	Alabama
122	Jane	Doe	Meridian	Mississippi
123	Bob	Clark	Santa Fe	New Mexico
124	Estella	Dodd	Tulsa	Oklahoma
125	Clair	Fletcher	Portland	Oregon

order_id	order_date	order_amt	shipped	customer_id
9001	10/19/2018	385.95	Yes	124
9002	10/22/2018	1922.40	Backorder	125
9003	10/14/2018	320.55	Yes	124
9004	10/15/2018	12.40	Yes	122
9005	10/02/2018	1350.22	Backorder	123

customer_id	first_name	last_name	city	state	order_id	order_date	order_amt	shipped	customer_id
122	Jane	Doe	Meridian	Mississippi	9004	10/15/2018	12.40	Yes	122
123	Bob	Clark	Santa Fe	New Mexico	9005	10/02/2018	1350.22	Backorder	123
124	Estela	Dodd	Tulsa	Oklahoma	9001	10/19/2018	385.95	Yes	124
124	Estella	Dodd	Tulsa	Oklahoma	9003	10/14/2018	320.55	Yes	124
125	Clair	Fletcher	Portland	Oregon	9002	10/22/2018	1922.40	Backorder	125



```
SELECT customers.first_name,  
       customers.last_name,  
       orders.order_date,  
       orders.order_amount  
FROM customers  
INNER JOIN orders  
ON customers.customer_id = orders.customer_id;
```

first_name	last_name	order_date	order_amt
Jane	Doe	10/15/2018	12.40
Bob	Clark	10/02/2018	1350.22
Estela	Dodd	10/19/2018	385.95
Estella	Dodd	10/14/2018	320.55
Clair	Fletcher	10/22/2018	1922.40




```
SELECT customers.first_name,  
       customers.last_name,  
       orders.order_date,  
       orders.order_amount  
  
FROM customers  
  
INNER JOIN orders  
  
ON customers.customer_id = orders.customer_id  
  
WHERE customers.last_name = 'Dodd'
```

first_name	last_name	order_date	order_amt
Estela	Dodd	10/19/2018	385.95
Estella	Dodd	10/14/2018	320.55



Alternative Inner Join Syntax



FROM customers
INNER JOIN orders
ON customers.customer_id = orders.customer_id



FROM customers
JOIN orders
ON customers.customer_id = orders.customer_id



FROM customers,
orders
WHERE customers.customer_id = orders.customer_id



Alias

Temporary label in a query



```
SELECT c.first_name,  
       c.last_name,  
       o.order_date,  
       o.order_amount  
FROM customers AS c  
INNER JOIN orders AS o  
ON c.customer_id = o.customer_id  
WHERE c.last_name = 'Dodd'
```

```
FROM customers c  
INNER JOIN orders o
```

first_name	last_name	order_date	order_amt
Estela	Dodd	10/19/2018	385.95
Estella	Dodd	10/14/2018	320.55



Aliasing Conventions

First letter

FROM customers c
INNER JOIN orders o

Shortcut

FROM customers cust
INNER JOIN orders ord

ABC
sequential

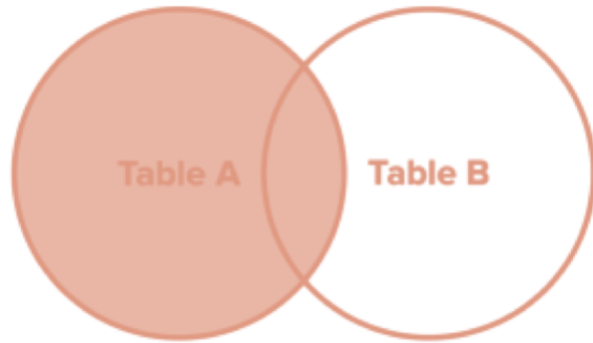
FROM customers a
INNER JOIN orders b



Consistency will make your
code more easily readable

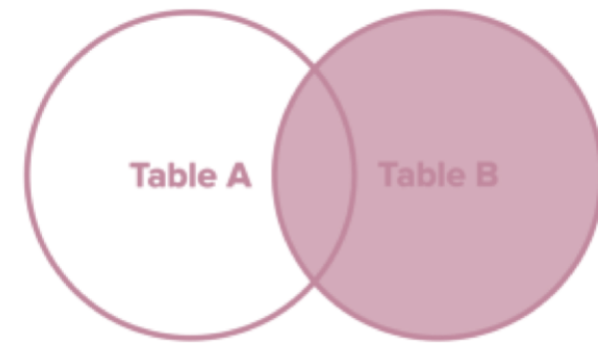


Outer Joins



Left Join

Returns all records from the left table along with any matching records from the right table



Right Join

Returns all records from the right table along with any matching records from the left table

```
SELECT c.first_name,  
       c.last_name,  
       o.order_date,  
       o.order_amount  
FROM customers c  
LEFT OUTER JOIN orders o  
ON c.customer_id = o.customer_id
```

Left Outer Join

LEFT OUTER JOIN keyword specifies type of join

ON specifies fields to join





Left Join Results



customer_id	first_name	last_name	city	state	order_id	order_date	order_amt	shipped	customer_id
121	John	Smith	Tuscaloosa	Alabama	9001	10/19/2018	385.95	Yes	124
122	Jane	Doe	Meridian	Mississippi	9002	10/22/2018	1922.40	Backorder	125
123	Bob	Clark	Santa Fe	New Mexico	9003	10/14/2018	320.55	Yes	124
124	Estella	Dodd	Tulsa	Oklahoma	9004	10/15/2018	12.40	Yes	122
125	Clair	Fletcher	Portland	Oregon	9005	10/02/2018	1350.22	Backorder	123

first_name	last_name	order_date	order_amt
John	Smith	[null]	[null]
Jane	Doe	10/15/2018	12.40
Bob	Clark	10/02/2018	1350.22
Estela	Dodd	10/19/2018	385.95
Estella	Dodd	10/14/2018	320.55
Clair	Fletcher	10/22/2018	1922.40



```
SELECT c.first_name,  
       c.last_name,  
       o.order_date,  
       o.order_amount
```

```
FROM customers c
```

```
RIGHT OUTER JOIN orders o
```

```
ON c.customer_id = o.customer_id
```

Right Outer Join

RIGHT OUTER JOIN keyword specifies type of join

ON specifies fields to join



Right Join Results



customer_id	first_name	last_name	city	state
121	John	Smith	Tuscaloosa	Alabama
122	Jane	Doe	Meridian	Mississippi
123	Bob	Clark	Santa Fe	New Mexico
124	Estella	Dodd	Tulsa	Oklahoma
125	Clair	Fletcher	Portland	Oregon

order_id	order_date	order_amt	shipped	customer_id
9001	10/19/2018	385.95	Yes	124
9002	10/22/2018	1922.40	Backorder	125
9003	10/14/2018	320.55	Yes	124
9004	10/15/2018	12.40	Yes	122
9005	10/02/2018	1350.22	Backorder	123
9006	10/24/2018	920.40	Yes	

first_name	last_name	order_date	order_amt
[null]	[null]	10/24/2018	920.40
Jane	Doe	10/15/2018	12.40
Bob	Clark	10/02/2018	1350.22
Estela	Dodd	10/19/2018	385.95
Estella	Dodd	10/14/2018	320.55
Clair	Fletcher	10/22/2018	1922.40



Outer Join Syntax

LEFT OUTER JOIN

LEFT JOIN



```
SELECT c.first_name,
```

```
       c.last_name,
```

```
       o.order_date,
```

```
       o.order_amount
```

```
FROM customers c
```

```
RIGHT JOIN orders o
```

```
ON c.customer_id = o.customer_id
```

```
FROM orders o
```

```
LEFT JOIN customers c
```

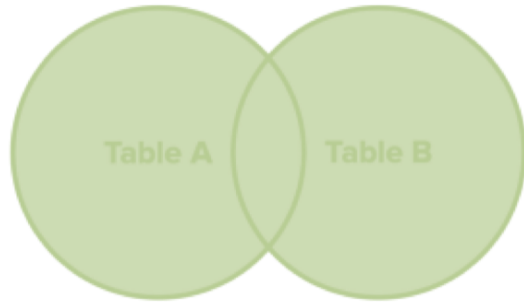
Left vs. Right Joins

Left outer joins are far more prevalent in practice

Can be easier to read and interpret



Full Join



Returns all rows from two or more tables regardless of whether the join condition is met

If no match, the missing side will contain null

```
SELECT c.first_name,  
       c.last_name,  
       o.order_date,  
       o.order_amount
```

```
FROM customers c
```

```
FULL OUTER JOIN orders o
```

```
ON c.customer_id = o.customer_id
```

Full Outer Join

FULL OUTER JOIN keyword specifies type of join

ON specifies fields to join





Full Join Results



customer_id	first_name	last_name	city	state
121	John	Smith	Tuscaloosa	Alabama
122	Jane	Doe	Meridian	Mississippi
123	Bob	Clark	Santa Fe	New Mexico
124	Estella	Dodd	Tulsa	Oklahoma
125	Clair	Fletcher	Portland	Oregon

order_id	order_date	order_amt	shipped	customer_id
9001	10/19/2018	385.95	Yes	124
9002	10/22/2018	1922.40	Backorder	125
9003	10/14/2018	320.55	Yes	124
9004	10/15/2018	12.40	Yes	122
9005	10/02/2018	1350.22	Backorder	123
9006	10/24/2018	920.40	Yes	

first_name	last_name	order_date	order_amt
[null]	[null]	10/24/2018	920.40
Jane	Doe	10/15/2018	12.40
Bob	Clark	10/02/2018	1350.22
Estela	Dodd	10/19/2018	385.95
Estella	Dodd	10/14/2018	320.55
Clair	Fletcher	10/22/2018	1922.40
John	Smith	[null]	[null]



Lookup tables

Database tables that contain data that specify the values for given codes



Demo



Implementing joins

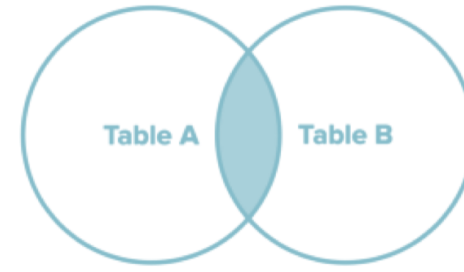
Employing lookup tables



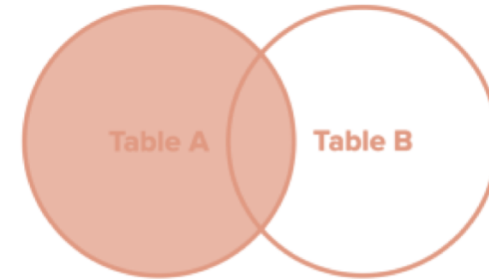
Summary



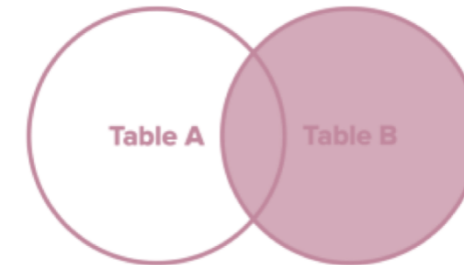
**Inner
join**



**Left
outer join**



**Right
outer join**



**Full
outer join**

