Random Forest

import dataset

```
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv("drug200.csv")
df.head()
```

\overline{z}		Age	Sex	ВР	Cholesterol	Na_to_K	Drug
	0	23	F	HIGH	HIGH	25.355	drugY
	1	47	M	LOW	HIGH	13.093	drugC
	2	47	M	LOW	HIGH	10.114	drugC
	3	28	F	NORMAL	HIGH	7.798	drugX
	4	61	F	LOW	HIGH	18.043	drugY

cleaning

clean the data

encoding

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

```
le_sex = LabelEncoder().fit(df['Sex'])
df['Sex'] = le_sex.transform(df['Sex'])

le_BP = LabelEncoder().fit(df['BP'])
df['BP'] = le_BP.transform(df['BP'])

le_Chol = LabelEncoder().fit(df['Cholesterol'])
df['Cholesterol'] = le_Chol.fit_transform(df['Cholesterol'])
```

df.head()

$\overline{\Rightarrow}$		Age	Sex	ВР	Cholesterol	Na_to_K	Drug
	0	23	0	0	0	25.355	drugY
	1	47	1	1	0	13.093	drugC
	2	47	1	1	0	10.114	drugC
	3	28	0	2	0	7.798	drugX
	4	61	0	1	0	18.043	drugY

define x and y

```
spliting
```

```
### finding best random state
# from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
# from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
# from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
# import time
# t1 = time.time()
# lst = []
# for i in range(1,10):
      x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.25, random_state=i)
      rf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=20)
#
#
      rf.fit(x_train,y_train)
#
      yhat_test = rf.predict(x_test)
#
      acc = accuracy_score(y_test, yhat_test)
#
      lst.append(acc)
# t2 = time.time()
# print(f"run time: {round((t2 - t1) / 60 , 0)} min")
# print(f"accuracy_score = {round(max(lst),2)}")
# print(f"random_state = {np.argmax(lst) + 1}")
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.25, random_state=3)
scaling
# do not need for scaling
fit train data
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
rfc = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=20)
rfc.fit(x_train,y_train)
          RandomForestClassifier
     RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=20)
predict test data
yhat_test = rfc.predict(x_test)
print (yhat test [0:5])
print (y_test [0:5])
    ['drugY' 'drugX' 'drugX' 'drugX' 'drugX']
['drugY' 'drugX' 'drugX' 'drugX']
evaluation
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
print("Accuracy_score (train data): ", accuracy_score(y_train, rfc.predict(x_train)))
print("Accuracy_score (test data): ", accuracy_score(y_test, yhat_test))
Accuracy_score (train data): 1.0
    Accuracy_score (test data): 0.98
```

predict new data