

Project Dynamic Faces TM DynaFaces under the hood

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Agenda



- Application Setup
- Usage Patterns
 - > AjaxZone usage
 - > Faces. Event usage
 - > Faces.Command usage
 - > Direct HTTP Interaction
- Design Details
 - > How to direct the lifecycle
 - > XML response



DynaFaces Application Setup

web.xml sugar

Add an <init-param> element to your
 <servlet> element for the FacesServlet

```
<servlet>
  <servlet-name>Faces Servlet</servlet-name>
  <servlet-class>javax.faces.webapp.FacesServlet
    </servlet-class>
  <init-param>
    <param-name>javax.faces.LIFECYCLE ID</param-name>
    <param-value>com.sun.faces.lifecycle.PARTIAL
      </param-value>
  </init-param>
  <load-on-startup>1</load-on-startup>
</servlet>
```



DynaFaces Application Setup Dependency Jars

Use the dynafaces-facelets-blank.war, or dynafaces-jsp-blank.war as a starter.

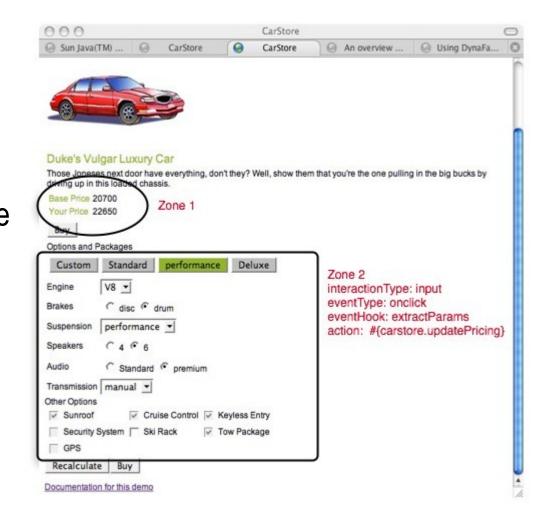
```
_OR_
```

Put in WEB-INF/lib jsf-extensions-dynafaces.jar jsf-extensions-common.jar shale-remoting.jar (and dependencies) commons-beanutils.jar commons-chain.jar commons-codec.jar commons-collections.jar commons-digester.jar commons-el.jar commons-fileupload.jar commons-logging.jar



Using AjaxZones

- The easiest way to AJAXify an existing application
- Demarcate one or more AJAX zones within a page
- For each zone, provide some helper attributes to inform DynaFaces how to AJAXify the components within that zone.
- Zones will refresh via AJAX, without full page refresh.
- Action in one zone, can cause re-action in another zone.





Using AjaxZones

```
<isfExt:ajaxZone id="zone1"> <h:panelGrid columns="2">
Base Price <h:outputText binding="#{currentModel.basePrice}"/>
Your Price <h:outputText value="#{currentModel.currentPrice}"/> </h:panelGrid> </jsfExt:ajaxZone>
<jsfExt:ajaxZone id="zone2" interactionType="input"</pre>
  inspectElementHook="inspectElement"
  eventType="click" eventHook="extractParams"
  action="#{carstore.currentModel.updatePricing}">
Option Packages <h:panelGrid columns="4">
 <h:commandButton value="Custom" actionListener="#{carstore.choosePackage}"/>
 <h:commandButton value="Standard"actionListener="#{carstore.choosePackage}"/>
</h:panelGrid> <h:panelGrid columns="2">
Engine <h:selectOneMenu binding="#{currentModel.components.engine}"/>
Breaks <h:selectOneRadio binding="#{currentModel.components.brake}"/>
Suspension <h:selectOneMenubinding="#{currentModel.components.suspension}"/>
Speakers <h:selectOneRadio binding="#{currentModel.components.speaker}"/>
```



Using AjaxZones — available attributes

- action (optional)
 - MethodExpression to invoke when the request processing lifecycle in which this zone is being processed encounters its invokeApplication phase.
- immediate (optional): Just like commandButton
- inspectElementHook (optional)
 - User defined JavaScript function that takes an HTML element and returns true or false depending on whether or not this element should be AJAXified
- interactionType (optional): "input" or "output" depending on what kind of components are in this zone
- eventType: JavaScript event to cause the AJAX request, ie "click"



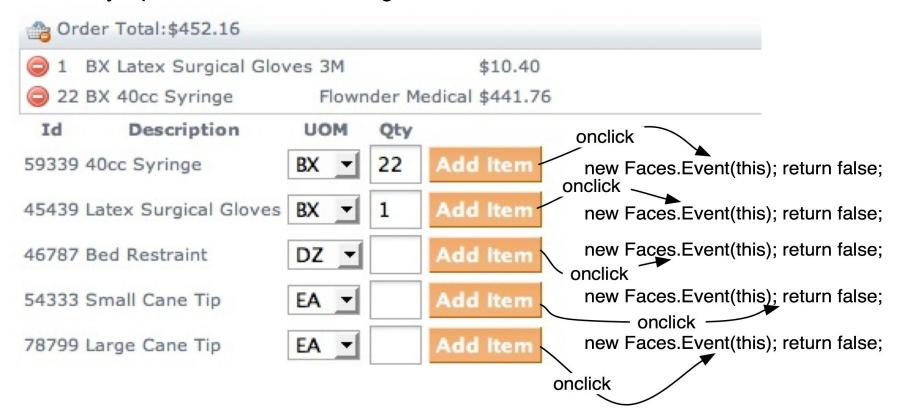
Using AjaxZones — available attributes

- eventHook (optional)
 - > User defined JavaScript function called when the eventType event occurs. Extracts values to send in AJAX request. If not specified, all components in zone are sent.
- postReplaceHook (optional)
 - User defined JavaScript function called after element replacement. Useful when integrating with jMaki. If not specified, any scripts are evaluated.
- replaceElementHook (optional)
 - User defined JavaScript function called for element replacement. If not specified, default element replacemt occurs.
- closureHook (optional)
 - User defined JavaScript function, returns closure object that is passed to the replaceElementHook or postReplaceHook.



Using Faces.Event

- Defined in built-in JavaScript library. Used by AjaxZones.
- When instantiated, causes an AJAX transaction to the Faces server.
- Many options for customizing the transaction, more flexible than zones.





Using Faces.Event

```
<h:commandButton value="Add Item"
action="#{orderEntry.addProduct}"
onclick="new Faces.Event(this);
return false;"/>
```

- Useful when you want the AJAX transaction to happen as soon as the script is executed.
- Default action just does a refresh of the whole view via AJAX, using JavaScript DOM methods to update the elements.



Using Faces.Event — options (in addition to AjaxZone)

- execute (optional)
 - Comma separated list of client ids to be traversed on the "execute" portion of the JSF Request Processing Lifecycle (everything but render). If not specified, the value of the render option is used.
- render (optional)
 - Comma separated list of client ids to be traversed on the "render" portion of the JSF Request Processing Lifecycle. If not specified it's up to the server to decide what to re-render. By default the whole view is re-rendered.
- inputs (optional)
 - Comma separated list of clientIds for which the value should be sent in the AJAX request. This is similar to the eventHook attribute on ajaxZone.



Using Faces.Event — options (in addition to AjaxZone)

- event (optional)
 - If present, this must be the only option. Allows an arbitrary method of an arbitrary component in the view to be invoked, as if a FacesEvent had occurred.
- closure (optional)
 - > The same intent as the getClosure function on AjaxZone, but in this case, the JavaScript object is just passed directly.



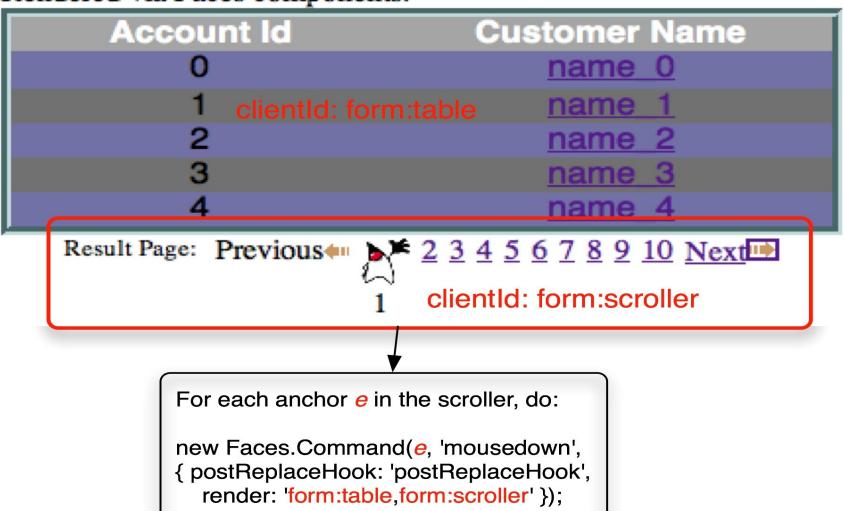
Using Faces.Command

- "Extends" Faces. Event to provide deferred kickoff of AJAX transaction.
- Defined in built-in JavaScript library. Used by AjaxZones.
- Can be installed on any DOM element to cause an AJAX transaction to start when a given JavaScript event happens.
- Options are the same as for Faces. Event



The Scroller Component

Rendered via Faces components:





Using Faces.Command

- Globally scoped script in the page.
- Happens to use "prototype" library, but need not do so.
- For each anchor element in the scroller, call new Faces.Command(), passing the anchor element.



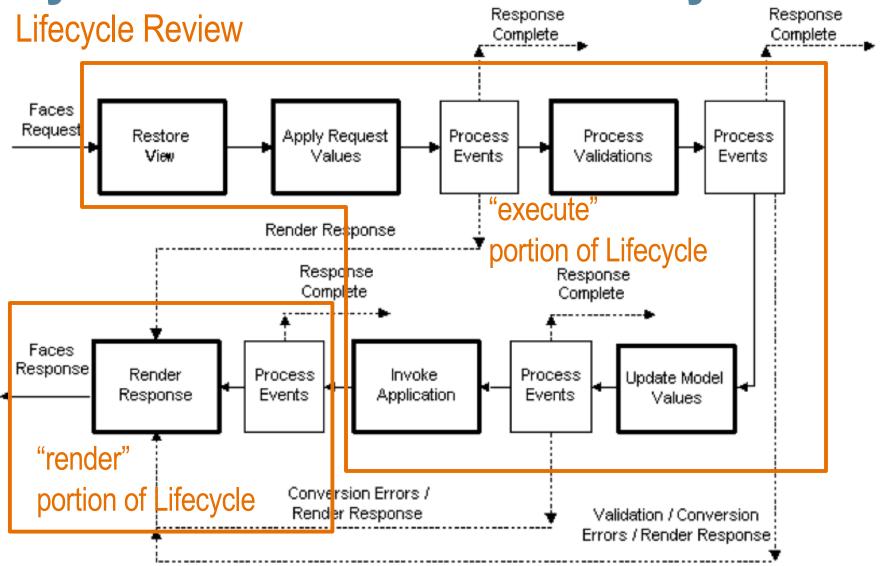
Using Direct HTTP Interaction

- Write your own JavaScript to interact with the JSF server directly.
- Requires understanding of HTTP basics and JavaScript XML manipulation techniques.
- Requires understanding of JSF lifecycle (see following slides)
- Usage pattern:
 - Craft an HTTP Request with proper headers and data.
 - Send the request to the JSF server over XmlHttpRequest.
 - Server responds with XML Document in DynaFaces format.
 - Manipulate the XML Document to update the DOM of the currently displayed page.

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DynaFaces and the JSF Lifecycle





The Importance of the Lifecycle

- Initial request to JSF Server goes through normal lifecycle.
- AJAX request go through normal lifecycle, but only desired subviews get processed.
- Server can dynamically add and remove subviews during the lifecycle, allowing for a true "dirty region"
- Client can suggest distinct sets of subviews for "execute" and "render".
- Server sends back XML describing subviews to be refreshed.



HTTP Method and Headers

- HTTP Method is generally POST, but can be GET if data is small enough to fit in the query string.
- The following HTTP request headers are defined
 - > com.sun.faces.avatar.Partial
 - Must be present and have a value of "true" (no quotes) on all AJAX requests. JSF lifecycle uses this to tell if the request is an AJAX request or not.
 - > com.sun.faces.avatar.Execute Equivalent to the "execute" option to Faces.Event
 - > com.sun.faces.avatar.Render Equivalent to the "render" option to Faces.Event



Headers (continued) and POST Data

- HTTP Request Headers
 - > com.sun.faces.avatar.Partial

Must be present and have a value of "true" (no quotes) on all AJAX requests. JSF lifecycle uses this to tell if the request is an AJAX request or not.

- > com.sun.faces.avatar.Event Equivalent to the "event" option to Faces.Event
- > X-JSON

 JSON data sent to the server, and also returned in response
- POST (or GET) Data
 - Must include "javax.faces.ViewState"
 - > Should include name=value pairs for form data.



DynaFaces XML Application

```
<partial-response>
  <components>
    <render id="form:table"/>
      <markup><![CDATA[Rendered content from component]]></markup>
      <messages>
        <message>The messages element is optional. If present,
                 it is a list of FacesMessage.getSummary() output
        </message>
      </messages>
    </render>
    <!-- repeat for the appropriate number of components -->
  </components>
  <state><![CDATA[state information for this view ]]></state>
</partial-response>
```



What to do with the XML response

- For each <render> element within the <components> element:
 - Set the CDATA element from inside the <markup> element inside the <render> element.
 - Strip out any JavaScript
 - > Locate the corresponding DOM element by id.
 - Replace the DOM element with the markup from the XML response.
 - If desired, evaluate the JavaScript in the markup.
 - If the <render> element has a <messages> element, render the messages for that DOM element appropriately.



What to do with the XML response (continued)

- If there is a global <messages> element, render the messages within it appropriately.
- Extract the CDATA from the <state> element and replace the value of the javax.faces.ViewState hidden fields with this value.

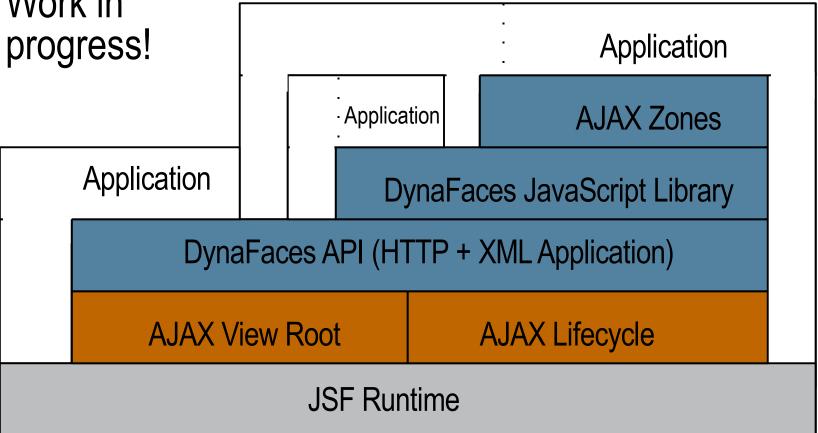


DynaFaces — Summary

 Several entry points

Work in

 Plan to incorporate IceFaces, AJAX4JSF into DynaFaces, then into JSF 2.0





Demonstrations





DynaFaces

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