Average IPR vs Jz

• Description

The Inverse Participation Ratio (IPR) of each eigenstate measures how much spread it is in a particular basis. A high value of IPR means that the eigenstate is spread out in that basis, while a low value of IPR means that the state is more localized. Here we choose the site-basis and compute the average value of the IPR's of all eigenstates for each value of Jz. (The code provided here is used to obtain the bottom of Figure 1 in the paper)

Notation

- *) IPR = Inverse Participation Ratio
- *) AveIPR = average value of IPR for all eigenstates

• Code for IPR vs Jz

```
(*Parameters of the Hamiltonian*)
Clear[chainsize, upspins, downspins, dim, Jxy, Jz, open];
chainsize = 10;
upspins = chainsize / 2;
downspins = chainsize - upspins;
dim = chainsize! / (upspins! downspins!);
Jxy = 1.0;
Jz = 0.5;
open = 1;
(*Creating the basis*)
Clear[onebasisvector, basis];
onebasisvector =
  Flatten[{Table[1, {k, 1, upspins}], Table[0, {k, 1, downspins}]}];
basis = Permutations[onebasisvector];
(*ELEMENTS OF THE HAMILTONIAN*)
(*Initialization*)
Clear[HH];
Do[Do[HH[i, j] = 0., \{j, 1, dim\}], \{i, 1, dim\}];
(*Diagonal elements-Ising interaction*)
Do[
  Do [
    HH[i, i] = HH[i, i] + (Jz/4.) * (-1.) ^ (basis[[i, k]] + basis[[i, k+1]]);
   , {k, 1, chainsize - 1}];
, {i, 1, dim}];
(*Term included in the Ising interaction if the chain is closed*)
If [open == 0,
  Do[HH[i,i] = HH[i,i] + (Jz/4.) * (-1.)^(basis[[i,chainsize]] + basis[[i,1]]),
   {i, 1, dim}]];
```

```
(*Off-diagonal elements-flip-flop term*)
Clear[howmany, site];
Do [
  Do[
     (*Initialization*)
howmany = 0
Do[site[z] = 0, {z, 1, chainsize}];
(*Sites where states i and j differ*)
Do[If[basis[[i,k]] # basis[[j,k]], {howmany = howmany + 1, site[howmany] = k}];,
      {k, 1, chainsize}];
(*Coupling matrix element-when only two neighbor sites differ*)
If[howmany == 2, If[site[2] - site[1] == 1,
       \{HH[i,j] = HH[i,j] + Jxy/2., HH[j,i] = HH[j,i] + Jxy/2.\}\}
(*Additional term for closed system*) If [open == 0, If [site[2] - site[1] ==
        chainsize - 1, \{HH[i, j] = HH[i, j] + Jxy / 2., HH[j, i] = HH[j, i] + Jxy / 2.\}];
, {j, i + 1, dim}];
, {i, 1, dim - 1}];
(* TOTAL HAMILTONIAN AND DIAGONALIZATION *)
Clear[Hamiltonian, Energy, Vector];
Hamiltonian = Table[Table[HH[i, j], {j, 1, dim}], {i, dim}];
Energy = Eigenvalues[Hamiltonian];
Vector = Eigenvectors[Hamiltonian];
(*Inverse Participation Ratio:IPR*)
Clear[IPR];
Do [
  IPR[i] = 1 / Sum[Vector[[i, k]]^4, {k, 1, dim}];
, {i, 1, dim}];
(*Plot:IPR vs Jz*)
Clear[tab];
tab = Table[{Energy[[j]], IPR[j]}, {j, 1, dim}];
ListPlot[tab, LabelStyle → Directive[Black, Bold, Medium],
 PlotStyle \rightarrow Blue, AxesLabel \rightarrow {"Energy", "IPR"}, PlotRange \rightarrow {0, 150}]
```

