

Worksheet Solutions: Potential Flow Part A

Question 1:

LHS boundary:

$$\text{Flux} = 10 \text{ A/m}$$

$$Q = 5 \text{ A}$$

$$F_x = 10 = \frac{d\psi}{dy}$$

$$\psi_L = 10y + A$$

Top boundary:

$$Q = 2.5 \text{ A}$$

Linear change in flux:

$$F_y = 1.25(2 - x) = -\frac{d\psi}{dx}$$

$$\psi_T = -1.25(2x - 0.5x^2) + B$$

RHS boundary:

$$Q = 0 \text{ A}$$

$$\psi_R = C$$

Bottom boundary

$$Q = 2.5 \text{ A}$$

Linear change in flux:

$$F_y = -1.25(2 - x) = -\frac{d\psi}{dx}$$

$$\psi_B = 1.25(2x - 0.5x^2) + D$$

We can arbitrarily choose one value of ψ . I will set $C = 0$. The values of ψ must meet at the corners where boundaries meet:

$$\psi_L = 10y - 2.5$$

$$\psi_T = 2.5 - 1.25(2x - 0.5x^2)$$

$$\psi_R = 0$$

$$\psi_B = 1.25(2x - 0.5x^2) - 2.5$$

Question 2:

```
%pylab inline
import math
imax=201
jmax=51
Psi=zeros((imax,jmax))
dx=2.0/(imax-1)

for i in range(imax):
    x=dx*i
    Psi[i,0]=1.25*(2*x-0.5*x*x)-2.5
    Psi[i,jmax-1]=2.5-1.25*(2*x-0.5*x*x)
for j in range(jmax):
    y=dx*j
    Psi[0,j]=10*y-2.5
    Psi[imax-1,j]=0

for i in range(1,imax-1,1):
    for j in range(1,jmax-1,1):
        Psi[i,j]=0.0

residave = 1000.0
cnt = 0

a = 1.0; b = 1.0; c = 1.0; d = 1.0; e = -4.0; f = 0.0

Psi_old = copy(Psi)

while residave>1.0e-6:
    Psi[1:-1, 1:-1] = (1.0 / e) * (f - (a * Psi_old[2:, 1:-1] + b * Psi_old[:-2, 1:-1] + c * Psi_old[1:-1, 2:] + d *
Psi_old[1:-1, :-2]))
    residave = sl.norm(Psi-Psi_old)/np.maximum(1.0e-10,sl.norm(Psi))

    temp = Psi
    Psi = Psi_old
    Psi_old = temp

    cnt+=1
    if cnt%100==0:
        print("%g: resid=%f" % (cnt,residave))
fig1=figure()
imshow(Psi.transpose(),origin='lower')
```

Question 3:

```
fx=zeros((imax,jmax))
fy=zeros((imax,jmax))
```

```

for i in range(0,imax,1):
    for j in range(0,jmax,1):
        if j>0 and j<jmax-1:
            
$$fx[i,j] = (Psi[i,j+1] - Psi[i,j-1]) / (2. * dx)$$

        elif j>0:
            
$$fx[i,j] = (Psi[i,j] - Psi[i,j-1]) / dx$$

        else:
            
$$fx[i,j] = (Psi[i,j+1] - Psi[i,j]) / dx$$


        if i>0 and i<imax-1:
            
$$fy[i,j] = -(Psi[i+1,j] - Psi[i-1,j]) / (2. * dx)$$

        elif i>0:
            
$$fy[i,j] = -(Psi[i,j] - Psi[i-1,j]) / dx$$

        else:
            
$$fy[i,j] = -(Psi[i+1,j] - Psi[i,j]) / dx$$


stride = 5
quiver(fx.transpose()[::stride,::stride],fy.transpose()[::stride,::stride])

```