are quasi-passives of the verbs in the phrases and : صَعَقَتُهُ السَّهَا and : صَعَقَتُهُ السَّهَا and السَّنَّةُ السَّنَّةُ [hence] one says also, سُرفُ الطُّعَامُ The mheat, or food, was, or became, cankered, or eaten away; as though smitten, or lighted on, by the سُرْفَة ## 1 أَرُنُ الشَّاة [Hence also,] بُسْرِفَتْ أَذُنُ الشَّاة [The ear of the sheep, or goat, was entirely cut off. (A, TA.) \_\_ And سَرَفَتْ وَلَدَهَا \$ She (a mother) injured her child by too much milk. (A, K,\* TA.)

4. إسْرَافْ, (Msb,) inf. n. إسْرَافْ, (M, Msb,) He exceeded, or transgressed, the just, or right, bound, 'or limit, or measure; acted extravagantly, exorbitantly, or immoderately: (M, Msb:) or signifies the being extravagant in expen-: إِسْرَافٌ فِي النَّفَقَةِ Or so : إِسْرَافٌ فِي النَّفَقَةِ Or so : إِسْرَافٌ فِي النَّفَقَةِ (Ṣ, TA:) or, as some say, تَبذير means the "exceeding in respect of the right objects of expenditure," which is ignorance of the [right] manner, and of things that should prevent it; and اسراف means the exceeding with respect to quantity [in expenditure], and is ignorance of the values of the right objects: (MF in art. بنر:) or the latter signifies the expending otherwise than in obedience of God, (Sufyan, K,\* TA,) whether little or much; (TA;) as also \*: (M, TA:) it is also said to mean the eating that which it is not lawful to eat; and this is said to be meant in the Kur vi. 142 or vii. 29: and the putting a thing in a wrong place [as when one expends his money upon a wrong object]: and accord. to Iyas Ibn-Mo'awiyeh, الإسراف is that [action] whereby one falls short of what is due to God. (TA.) You say also, ماله في ماله, meaning He was hasty in respect of his property, [i. e. in expending it,] without pursuing the just course, or keeping within due bounds. (M.) And اسرف بني الكَلَامِ, and بني العَثْلِ He exceeded the due bounds, or just limits, in speech, and in slaying. (M.) الإَسْرَافُ فِي القَتْلِ, which is forbidden in the Kur xvii. 35, is said to mean The slaying of another than the slayer of one's companion (Zj, M, Mgh:\*) or the slaying the slayer without the authority of the Sultan: or the not being content with slaying one, but slaying a number of persons, because of the high rank of the slain and the low condition of the slaver; or the slaving one higher in rank than the slayer: (Zj, M:) or the slaying two when the slayer is one: or the maining or mutilating [before slaughter]. (Mgh.) also signifies The committing of many faults, offences, or crimes, and sins. (TA.) And (M, TA, ) سُرَفًا ♥ (TA) and أَكُلُهُ إِسْرَافًا , you say meaning He ate it hastily. (M, TA.)

5. تسرف He sucked: and ate, gnamed, or devoured. (KL. [App. from سُرفة, q. v. See also شَجَرَةً , &c., in the latter half of the first paragraph.])

inf. n. of سَرِفُ [q. v.]. (S,\* M, Mşb, K.\*) سَرِفُ (Mşb;) i. q. أَسْرَفُ (Mşb;) i. q. إسراف; (M;) signifying Excess, or transgression, of the just, or right, bound, or limit, or

of قَصْدُ. (S, K.) See also 4, in two places. \_ [Hence,] ! The overflowing of water from the sides of a watering-trough, or tank; as in the saying, ذَهُبُ مَادُ السَوْض سَرَفًا The water of the watering-trough, or tank, [went away running to waste, or] overflowed from its sides: (K, TA:) means + what goes, of water, without سَرَفُ الهَادِّ irrigating and without profit: [or rather its أَرُوتِ البِئُرُ النَّخِيلَ , going for nought:] you say † [The well irrigated the palm وَذَهَبَ بَعْيَّةُ الهَاءِ سَرَفًا trees, and the rest of the water went for nought, in waste]. (Sh, TA.) \_\_ And Addictedness (فَوَاوَةً), S, K, or رَبَّ , M) to a thing, (M,) or in respect of wine. (K, TA.) It is said in a trad. إِنَّ لِلْمُعِرِ سَرَفًا كَسَرَفِ (Ṣ, M) of 'Aïsheh, (TA,) الخبر [Verily there is an addictedness to fleshmeat like the addictedness to wine]: (S, M, TA:) i. e. he who is accustomed to it is addicted to the eating thereof, like as he who is constantly drinking wine is addicted thereto, having little selfrestraint therefrom: or the meaning here is unmindfulness [of consequences with respect to fleshmeat &c.]: or corruptness of conduct, arising from hardness of heart, and daringness to disobey, and self-impulsion to the gratification of appetite: (TA:) or it may be [that the meaning is, there is an extravagance with respect to fleshmeat &c.,] from الإسراف (S, TA) in expenditure for that which is not needed, or otherwise than in obedience [to the law of God]. (TA.) \_\_ It is also said in a trad., آرُجُلُ نُهْبَةً ذَاتَ الرَّجُلُ الرَّجُلُ الْبَهَةُ ذَاتَ ذَاتَ شَرَفِ وَقَدْرٍ كَبِيرٍ, meaning, سَرَفٍ وَهُوَ مُؤْمِنٌ [i. e. The man shall not take a thing as spoil that is of high and great estimation, he being a believer]: (K, TA:) [for] people disapprove of that: (TA:) and it is also related with ii. e. (.Қ.) .[ذات شَرَفِ

Ignorant; (IAar, M, Mab, TA;) as also مُرِفُّ : (IAar, TA:) or unmindful, negligent, or heedless. (Msb.) And أَجُلُ سَرِفُ الفُؤَادِ 1 A man missing, or mistaking, in heart, or mind; negligent, or heedless, therein. (S, K, TA.) And † A man having little intellect, رُجُلٌ سَرِفُ العَقُّل or intelligence: or ! corrupt in intellect; accord. to Z, from بُسَرُفَت السُّرُفَةُ الخَشَبُ, of which the quasipass. is سَرِفُ [q. v.; meaning that it is from سَرِفُ as a part. n. of this latter verb]. (TA.) M, TA,) A ,وَادٍ سَرِفٌ إِلَّ (Ş, M, K,) مَارُفٌ سَرِفَةُ land, and a valley, abounding with the [worm, or caterpillar, or small creeping thing, called ] سُوفَة (S, M,\* K, TA.)

A certain white thing [or substance] resembling the web of the silkworm. (Ibn-'Abbad, O, K.)

[A certain worm, or caterpillar, or small creeping thing;] a small creeping thing that makes for itself a habitation, (S, K,) four-sided, or square, (S,) of fragments of wood, (S, K,) joining them together by means of its spittle, in measure; extravagant, exorbitant, or immode- the form of a نَاؤُوس [here meaning coffin], (S,)

rate, action or conduct; (M, Msb, TA;) contr. which it then enters, and [therein it] dies: (S, K:) or the silkworm: or a certain small creeping thing, dust-coloured, that constructs a beautiful habitation in which it is: or a very small creeping thing, like the half of a lentil, that bores a tree, and then constructs therein a habitation of pieces of wood, which it conjoins by means of what resembles the web of the spider: or a very small dust-coloured creeping thing, that comes to a piece of wood and excavates it, and then brings a bit of wood and puts it therein, then another, then another, and then weaves what resembles the web of the spider: or, accord. to AHn, a certain small creeping thing, like the worm, inclining in some degree to blackness, found upon the [plants called] حُمْض, that constructs a four-sided, or square, habitation, of pieces of wood, joining the extremities of these together by means of a thing [or substance] resembling the web of the spider: or the worm [or caterpillar] that weaves [a web] upon certain trees, and eats their leaves, and destroys the rest thereof by that weaving: or a certain worm [or caterpillar] like the finger, hairy, speckled with black or white, that eats the leaves of trees so as to make them bare: or a certain worm [or caterpillar] that weaves upon itself, of the size of the finger in length, a thing like the قرطاس [or roll, or scroll, of paper], which it enters, so becoming unattainable: or a certain light, small creeping thing, like a spider: (M:) pl. سُرُف (TA.) Hence the prov., أُصَنَعُ مِنْ سُرُفَة [More skilled in fabricating than a اُسُرُفَة]. (Ṣ, M, K.) And one says also, أَخُفُ مِنْ سُرُفَة [Lighter than a أَخُفُ مِنْ سُرُفَة].

> مراف, accord. to Freytag, (but he has not named his authority,) The erosion of a tree by wood-fretters ("teredines," by which he means [.(سُرُفَةُ pl. of ,سُرُف

> Hard, severe, or difficult; great, momentous, or formidable: (O, K, TA:) an epithet applied to a day. (O, TA.)

A row of grape-vines. (O, K.)

. below , إِسْرَافِيلُ see : سَرَافِيلُ

i. e. Lead, or black lead, or أَشُرُفُ tin, or pewter]; (O, K;) of Pers. origin, (O,) arabicized, from بُسُرُبُ (O, L, K,) or أُسُرُبُ. (CK.) [See also أُسُرِبُ

إَسْرَافِيلُ, (S, M, O, K,) and El-Kananee used to say v سَرَافِيلٌ, the name of A certain angel; (M; [in which it is mentioned among quadriliteral-radical words; but it is there said that the may be radical;]) the angel who is to blow the horn on the day of resurrection: (Jel in vi. 73, &c.:) [see نوحاني:] a foreign word (S, O, K) prefixed, (K,) or as though prefixed, (S, O,) to إِيلُ is a dial. var. of the إِسْرَافِينُ Ş, O, K :) عالي الله same; (Kh, Ṣ, M, O, Ķ;) like as they said and إُسْرَائِينُ and إِسْمَاعِينُ (Akh, Ṣ, O.)

Exceeding, or transgressing, the just, or