

II Year B.Tech. – I Semester

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(23A54302) PROBABILITY AND COMPLEX VARIABLES

Course Outcomes:

- Understand the concepts of Probability, Random Variables and their characteristics (L2, L3)
- Learn how to deal with multiple random variables, conditional probability, joint distribution and statistical independence. (L3, L5)
- Formulate and solve engineering problems involving random variables. (L3)
- Analyze limit, continuity and differentiation of functions of complex variables and Understand Cauchy-Riemann equations, analytic functions and various properties of analytic functions. (L2, L3)
- Understand Cauchy theorem, Cauchy integral formulas and apply these to evaluate complex contour integrals. Classify singularities and poles; find residues and evaluate complex integrals using the residue theorem. (L3, L5)

UNIT I Probability & Random Variable

Probability through Sets and Relative Frequency: Experiments and Sample Spaces, Discrete and Continuous Sample Spaces, Events, Probability Definitions and Axioms, Joint Probability, Conditional Probability, Total Probability, Bayes' Theorem, Independent Events. Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability density functions, properties, mathematical expectation. Mixed Random Variable, Distribution and Density functions, Properties, Binomial, Poisson, Uniform, Gaussian, Exponential, Rayleigh.

UNIT II Operations on Random variable

Moments-moments about the origin, Central moments, Variance and Skew, Chebyshev's inequality, moment generating function, characteristic function.

Multiple Random Variables: Vector Random Variables, Joint Distribution Function, Properties of Joint Distribution, Marginal Distribution Functions, Conditional Distribution and Density – Point Conditioning, Interval conditioning, Statistical Independence.

UNIT III Operations on Multiple Random variables

Operations on Multiple Random Variables: Expected Value of a Function of Random Variables, Joint Moments about the Origin, Joint Central Moments, Joint Characteristic Functions, Jointly Gaussian Random Variables: Two Random Variables case, N Random Variable case, Properties of Gaussian random variables.

UNIT IV Complex Variable – Differentiation

Introduction to functions of complex variable-concept of Limit & continuity- Differentiation, Cauchy-Riemann equations, analytic functions harmonic functions, finding harmonic conjugate-construction of analytic function by Milne Thomson method.

UNIT V Complex Variable – Integration

Line integral-Contour integration, Cauchy's integral theorem (Simple Case), Cauchy Integral formula, Power series expansions: Taylor's series, zeros of analytic functions, singularities,

Laurent's series, Residues, Cauchy Residue theorem (without proof), Evaluation of definite integral involving sine and cosine.

Textbooks:

1. Peyton Z. Peebles, "Probability, Random Variables & Random Signal Principles", 4th Edition, TMH, 2002.
2. B. S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 2017, 44th Edition

Reference Books:

1. Athanasios Papoulis and S. Unnikrishna Pillai, "Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes", 4th Edition, PHI, 2002
2. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Wiley India
3. Henry Stark and John W. Woods, "Probability and Random Processes with Application to Signal Processing," 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.
4. B.V.Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Mc Graw Hill publishers.

Online Learning Resources:

https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_ma50/preview

https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_ma66/preview#:~:text=This%20course%20provides%20random%20variable,ands%20simple%20Markovian%20queueing%20models.

II Year B.Tech. – I Semester

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(23A52301) UNIVERSAL HUMAN VALUES – UNDERSTANDING HARMONY AND ETHICAL HUMAN CONDUCT

Course Objectives:

- To help the students appreciate the essential complementary between 'VALUES' and 'SKILLS' to ensure sustained happiness and prosperity which are the core aspirations of all human beings.
- To facilitate the development of a Holistic perspective among students towards life and profession as well as towards happiness and prosperity based on a correct understanding of the Human reality and the rest of existence. Such holistic perspective forms the basis of Universal Human Values and movement towards value-based living in a natural way.
- To highlight plausible implications of such a Holistic understanding in terms of ethical human conduct, trustful and mutually fulfilling human behaviour and mutually enriching interaction with Nature.

Course Outcomes:

- Define the terms like Natural Acceptance, Happiness and Prosperity (L1, L2)
- Identify one's self, and one's surroundings (family, society nature) (L1, L2)
- Apply what they have learnt to their own self in different day-to-day settings in real life (L3)
- Relate human values with human relationship and human society. (L4)
- Justify the need for universal human values and harmonious existence (L5)
- Develop as socially and ecologically responsible engineers (L3, L6)

Course Topics

The course has 28 lectures and 14 tutorials in 5 modules. The lectures and tutorials are of 1-hour duration. Tutorial sessions are to be used to explore and practice what has been proposed during the lecture sessions.

The Teacher's Manual provides the outline for lectures as well as practice sessions. The teacher is expected to present the issues to be discussed as propositions and encourage the students to have a dialogue.

UNIT I	Introduction to Value Education (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session) Lecture 1: Right Understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility (Holistic Development and the Role of Education) Lecture 2: Understanding Value Education Tutorial 1: Practice Session PS1 Sharing about Oneself Lecture 3: self-exploration as the Process for Value Education Lecture4: Continuous Happiness and Prosperity – the Basic Human Aspirations Tutorial 2: Practice Session PS2 Exploring Human Consciousness Lecture 5: Happiness and Prosperity – Current Scenario
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Lecture 6: Method to Fulfill the Basic Human Aspirations
Tutorial 3: Practice Session PS3 Exploring Natural Acceptance

UNIT II	Harmony in the Human Being (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session) Lecture 7: Understanding Human being as the Co-existence of the self and the body. Lecture 8: Distinguishing between the Needs of the self and the body Tutorial 4: Practice Session PS4 Exploring the difference of Needs of self and body. Lecture 9: The body as an Instrument of the self Lecture 10: Understanding Harmony in the self Tutorial 5: Practice Session PS5 Exploring Sources of Imagination in the self Lecture 11: Harmony of the self with the body Lecture 12: Programme to ensure self-regulation and Health Tutorial 6: Practice Session PS6 Exploring Harmony of self with the body
UNIT III	Harmony in the Family and Society (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session) Lecture 13: Harmony in the Family – the Basic Unit of Human Interaction Lecture 14: 'Trust' – the Foundational Value in Relationship Tutorial 7: Practice Session PS7 Exploring the Feeling of Trust Lecture 15: 'Respect' – as the Right Evaluation Tutorial 8: Practice Session PS8 Exploring the Feeling of Respect Lecture 16: Other Feelings, Justice in Human-to-Human Relationship Lecture 17: Understanding Harmony in the Society Lecture 18: Vision for the Universal Human Order Tutorial 9: Practice Session PS9 Exploring Systems to fulfil Human Goal
UNIT IV session)	Harmony in the Nature/Existence (4 lectures and 2 tutorials for practice session) Lecture 19: Understanding Harmony in the Nature Lecture 20: Interconnectedness, self-regulation and Mutual Fulfilment among the Four Orders of Nature Tutorial 10: Practice Session PS10 Exploring the Four Orders of Nature Lecture 21: Realizing Existence as Co-existence at All Levels Lecture 22: The Holistic Perception of Harmony in Existence Tutorial 11: Practice Session PS11 Exploring Co-existence in Existence.
UNIT V	Implications of the Holistic Understanding – a Look at Professional Ethics (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session) Lecture 23: Natural Acceptance of Human Values Lecture 24: Definitiveness of (Ethical) Human Conduct Tutorial 12: Practice Session PS12 Exploring Ethical Human Conduct Lecture 25: A Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Universal Human Order Lecture 26: Competence in Professional Ethics Tutorial 13: Practice Session PS13 Exploring Humanistic Models in Education Lecture 27: Holistic Technologies, Production Systems and Management Models-Typical Case Studies

Lecture 28: Strategies for Transition towards Value-based Life and Profession
Tutorial 14: Practice Session PS14 Exploring Steps of Transition towards Universal Human Order

Practice Sessions for UNIT I – Introduction to Value Education
PS1 Sharing about Oneself

PS2 Exploring Human Consciousness
PS3 Exploring Natural Acceptance

Practice Sessions for UNIT II – Harmony in the Human Being
PS4 Exploring the difference of Needs of self and body

PS5 Exploring Sources of Imagination in the self
PS6 Exploring Harmony of self with the body

Practice Sessions for UNIT III – Harmony in the Family and Society
PS7 Exploring the Feeling of Trust

PS8 Exploring the Feeling of Respect
PS9 Exploring Systems to fulfil Human Goal

Practice Sessions for UNIT IV – Harmony in the Nature (Existence)
PS10 Exploring the Four Orders of Nature

PS11 Exploring Co-existence in Existence

Practice Sessions for UNIT V – Implications of the Holistic Understanding – a Look at Professional Ethics

PS12 Exploring Ethical Human Conduct
PS13 Exploring Humanistic Models in Education
PS14 Exploring Steps of Transition towards Universal Human Order

READINGS:

Textbook and Teachers Manual

a. [The Textbook](#)
R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1

b. [The Teacher's Manual](#)
R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, Teachers' Manual for A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-52-2

Reference Books

1. JeevanVidya: EkParichaya, A Nagaraj, JeevanVidyaPrakashan, Amarkantak, 1999.
2. Human Values, A.N. Tripathi, New Age Intl. Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
3. The Story of Stuff (Book).
4. The Story of My Experiments with Truth - by Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi
5. Small is Beautiful - E. F Schumacher.
6. Slow is Beautiful - Cecile Andrews
7. Economy of Permanence - J C Kumarappa
8. Bharat Mein Angreji Raj – PanditSunderlal
9. Rediscovering India - by Dharampal
10. Hind Swaraj or Indian Home Rule - by Mohandas K. Gandhi
11. India Wins Freedom - Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad
12. Vivekananda - Romain Rolland (English)
13. Gandhi - Romain Rolland (English)

Mode of Conduct:

Lecture hours are to be used for interactive discussion, placing the proposals about the topics at hand and motivating students to reflect, explore and verify them.

Tutorial hours are to be used for practice sessions.

While analyzing and discussing the topic, the faculty mentor's role is in pointing to essential elements to help in sorting them out from the surface elements. In other words, help the students explore the important or critical elements.

In the discussions, particularly during practice sessions (tutorials), the mentor encourages the student to connect with one's own self and do self-observation, self-reflection and self-exploration.

Scenarios may be used to initiate discussion. The student is encouraged to take up "ordinary" situations rather than "extra-ordinary" situations. Such observations and their analyses are shared and discussed with other students and faculty mentor, in a group sitting.

Tutorials (experiments or practical) are important for the course. The difference is that the laboratory is everyday life, and practical are how you behave and work in real life. Depending on the nature of topics, worksheets, home assignment and/or activity are included. The practice sessions (tutorials) would also provide support to a student in performing actions commensurate to his/her beliefs. It is intended that this would lead to development of commitment, namely behaving and working based on basic human values.

It is recommended that this content be placed before the student as it is, in the form of a basic foundation course, without including anything else or excluding any part of this content. Additional content may be offered in separate, higher courses. This course is to be taught by faculty from every teaching department, not exclusively by any one department.

Teacher preparation with a minimum exposure to at least one 8-day Faculty Development Program on Universal Human Values is deemed essential.

Online Resources:

1. <https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV-II%20Class%20Notes%20&%20Handouts/UHV%20Handout%201-Introduction%20to%20Value%20Education.pdf>
2. <https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV-II%20Class%20Notes%20&%20Handouts/UHV%20Handout%202-Harmony%20in%20the%20Human%20Being.pdf>
3. <https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV-II%20Class%20Notes%20&%20Handouts/UHV%20Handout%203-Harmony%20in%20the%20Family.pdf>
4. <https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV%201%20Teaching%20Material/D3-S2%20Respect%20July%202023.pdf>
5. <https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV-II%20Class%20Notes%20&%20Handouts/UHV%20Handout%204-Universal%20Human%20Values.pdf>

6. <https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/download/FDPTeachingMaterial/3-days%20FDP-SI%20UHV%20Teaching%20Material/Day%203%20Handouts/UHV%203D%20D3- S2A%20Und%20Nature-Existence.pdf>
7. <https://fdp-si.aicte-india.org/UHV%20II%20Teaching%20Material/UHV%20II%20Lecture%202023- 25%20Ethics%20v1.pdf>
8. <https://www.studocu.com/in/document/kiet-group-of-institutions/universal-human-values/chapter-5-holistic-understanding-of-harmony-on-professional-ethics/62490385>
9. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/aic22_ge23/preview

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(23A04301) SIGNALS, SYSTEMS AND STOCHASTIC PROCESSES

Course Objectives:

- Understanding the basics of signals and systems required for ECE courses.
- To teach concepts of signals and systems and its analysis using different transform techniques.
- To provide basic understanding of random processes which is essential for the random signals and systems encountered in communications and signal Processing areas.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand the mathematical description and representation of continuous-time and discrete-time signals and systems, Also, understand the concepts of various transform techniques and Random Processes (L2)
- Apply sampling theorem to convert continuous-time signals to discrete-time signals and reconstruct back, different transform techniques to solve signals and system related problems. (L3)
- Formulate and solve engineering problems involving random processes. (L3)
- Analyze the frequency spectra of various continuous-time signals using different transform methods. (L4)
- Classify the systems based on their properties and determine the response of them. (L4)

UNIT I

Signals & Systems: Basic definitions and classification of Signals and Systems (Continuous time and discrete time), operations on signals, Concepts of Convolution and Correlation of signals, Analogy between vectors and signals-Orthogonality, mean square error,

Fourier series: Trigonometric & Exponential forms of Fourier series, Properties, Concept of discrete spectrum, Illustrative Problems.

UNIT II

Fourier Transform: Definition, Computation and properties of Fourier transform for different types of signals and systems, Inverse Fourier transform. Sampling: Sampling theorem – Graphical and analytical proof for Band Limited Signals, Reconstruction of signal from its samples, Effect of under sampling – Aliasing. Illustrative Problems.

Laplace Transform: Definition, ROC, Properties, Inverse Laplace transforms, the s-plane and BIBO stability, Transfer functions, System Response to standard signals, Solution of differential equations with initial conditions, Illustrative Problems.

UNIT III

Signal Transmission through Linear Systems: Linear system, impulse response, Response of a linear system for different input signals, linear time-invariant (LTI) system, linear time variant (LTV) system, Transfer function of a LTI system. Filter characteristics of linear systems. Distortion less transmission through a system. Signal bandwidth. System bandwidth.

Ideal LPF, HPF and BPF characteristics, Causality and Paley-Wiener criterion for physical realization, Relationship between bandwidth and rise time, Energy and Power spectral densities, Illustrative Problems.

UNIT IV

Random Processes – Temporal Characteristics: The Random Process Concept, Classification of Processes, Deterministic and Nondeterministic Processes, Distribution and Density Functions, concept of Stationarity and Statistical Independence. First-Order Stationary Processes, Second-Order and Wide-Sense Stationarity, (N-Order) and Strict Sense Stationarity, Time Averages and Ergodicity, Autocorrelation Function and Its Properties, Cross-Correlation Function and Its Properties, Covariance Functions, Gaussian Random Processes, Poisson Random Process. Random Signal, Mean and Mean-squared Value of System Response, autocorrelation Function of Response, Cross-Correlation Functions of Input and Output.

UNIT V

Random Processes – Spectral Characteristics: The Power Spectrum: Properties, Relationship between Power Spectrum and Autocorrelation Function, The Cross-Power Density Spectrum, Properties, Relationship between Cross-Power Spectrum and Cross Correlation Function. Spectral Characteristics of System Response: Power Density Spectrum of Response, Cross-Power Density Spectrums of Input and Output.

Textbooks:

1. Peyton Z. Peebles, “Probability, Random Variables & Random Signal Principles”, 4th Edition, TMH, 2002.
2. A.V. Oppenheim, A.S. Willsky and S.H. Nawab, “Signals and Systems”, 2nd Edition, PHI, 2009.

Reference Books:

1. Signals, Systems & Communications - B.P. Lathi, 2013, BSP.
2. Athanasios Papoulis and S. Unnikrishna Pillai, “Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes”, 4th Edition, PHI, 2002
3. Simon Haykin and Van Veen, “Signals & Systems”, 2nd Edition, Wiley, 2005.
4. Matthew Sadiku and Warsame H. Ali, “Signals and Systems A primer with MATLAB”, CRC Press, 2016.
5. Hwei Hsu, “Schaum's Outline of Signals and Systems”, 4th Edition, TMH, 2019.

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(23A04302T) ELECTRONIC DEVICES & CIRCUITS

Course Objectives:

- Students will be able understand the basic principles of all semiconductor devices.
- Able to analyze diode circuits, various biasing and small signal equivalent circuits of amplifiers, compare the performance of BJTs and MOSFETs
- Able to design rectifier circuits and various amplifier circuits using BJTs and MOSFETs.

Course Outcomes: *After the completion of the course students will be able to*

- Understand principle of operation, characteristics and applications of semiconductor diodes, special diodes, BJTs, JFET and MOSFETs. (L2)
- Applying the basic principles solving the problems related to Semiconductor diodes, BJTs, and MOSFETs. (L3)
- Analyze diode circuits for different applications such as rectifiers, clippers and clampers also analyze biasing circuits of BJTs, and MOSFETs. (L4)
- Design of diode circuits and amplifiers using BJTs, and MOSFETs. (L4)
- Compare the performance of various semiconductor devices. (L4)

UNIT I

PN junction diode: Review, diode current equation, Diode resistance, Transition and Diffusion Capacitance, effect of temperature on PN junction diode, Quantitative analysis of Half-wave, Full-wave and Bridge Rectifiers with and without Filters, Ripple Factor and Regulation Characteristics, Clipping and Clamping circuits, Illustrative problems.

Special Diodes: Construction, operation and VI characteristics of Tunnel Diode, Varactor Diode, LED, LCD, Photo Diode, SCR and UJT.

UNIT II

Review of Bipolar Junction Transistors, Characteristics, Transistor as an Amplifier and as a Switch, BJT Configurations, Limits of Operation, BJT Specifications.

Biassing and Stabilization: Operating Point, DC and AC Load Lines, Importance of Biassing, Fixed Bias, Collector to Base Bias, Self-Bias, Bias Stability, Thermal Runaway, Thermal Stability, Illustrative problems.

UNIT III

BJT Small Signal Operation and Models- the trans conductance, input resistance at the base, input resistance at the emitter, Voltage gain, separating the Signal and the DC Quantities, The Hybrid π Model, the T Model. Single Stage BJT Amplifiers - Common-Emitter (CE) amplifier without and with emitter resistance, Common-Base (CB) amplifier, Common-Collector (CC) amplifier or Emitter Follower, Problem solving.

UNIT IV

Junction Field Effect Transistor (FET): Construction, Principle of Operation, V-I Characteristics, Comparison of BJT and FET, FET as Voltage Variable Resistor. FET biasing.

MOS Field Effect Transistors: Introduction, Device Structure and Physical Operation, CMOS, V - I Characteristics, MOSFET Circuits at DC, MOSFET as an Amplifier and as a Switch. Biasing in MOS Amplifier circuits - biasing by fixing VGS with and without source resistance, biasing using drain to gate feedback resistor, biasing using constant current source, body effect, Problem solving.

UNIT V

MOSFET Small Signal Operation Models— the dc bias, separating the DC analysis and the signal analysis, Small signal equivalent circuit models, the transconductance, the T equivalent circuit model, Single stage MOS Amplifiers – common source (CS) amplifier without and with source resistance, common gate (CG) amplifier, source follower, Problem Solving.

Textbooks:

1. Adel S. Sedra and Kenneth C. Smith, “Microelectronic Circuits – Theory and Applications”, 6th Edition, Oxford Press, 2013.
2. J. Milliman and C Halkias, “Integrated electronics”, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 1991.

References:

1. Donald A Neamen, “Electronic Circuits – analysis and design”, 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill (India), 2019.
2. Behzad Razavi, “Microelectronics”, Second edition, Wiley, 2013.
3. R.L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, “Electronic Devices and Circuits,” 9th Edition, Pearson, 2006.
4. Jimmie J Cathey, “Electronic Devices and Circuits,” Schaum’s outlines series, 3rd edition, McGraw-Hill (India), 2010.

II Year B.Tech. – I Semester

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(23A04303T) DIGITAL CIRCUITS DESIGN

Course Objectives:

- Understand the properties of Boolean algebra, logic operations, and minimization of Boolean functions.
- Analyze combinational and analyze sequential logic circuits.
- Understand the concepts of FSM and compare various Programmable logic devices.
- Model combinational and sequential circuits using HDLs.

Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the student should be able to:

- Understand the properties of Boolean algebra, logic operations, concepts of FSM (L2)
- Apply techniques for minimization of Boolean functions (L3)
- Analyze combinational and Sequential logic circuits. (L4)
- Compare various Programmable logic devices. (L4)
- Design and Model combinational and sequential circuits using HDLs. (L5, L6)

UNIT I Boolean algebra, logic operations, and minimization of Boolean functions

Review of Number Systems and Codes, Representation of unsigned and signed integers, Floating Point representation of real numbers, Laws of Boolean Algebra, Theorems of Boolean Algebra, Realization of functions using logic gates, Canonical forms of Boolean Functions, Minimization of Functions using Karnaugh Maps.

UNIT II Combinational Logic Circuits

Combinational circuits, Design with basic logic gates, design procedure, adders, subtractors, 4-bit binary adder/ subtractor circuit, BCD adder, carry look- a-head adder, binary multiplier, magnitude comparator, data selectors, priority encoders, decoders, multiplexers, demultiplexers.

UNIT III Hardware Description Language

Introduction to Verilog - structural specification of logic circuits, behavioral specification of logic circuits, hierarchical Verilog Code, Verilog for combinational circuits - conditional operator, if-else statement, case statement, for loop using sequential circuits with CAD tools.

UNIT IV Sequential Logic Circuits

Basic architectural distinction between combinational and sequential circuits, Design procedure, latches, flip-flops, truth tables and excitation tables, timing and triggering consideration, conversion of flip- flops, design of counters, ripple counters, synchronous counters, ring counter, Johnson counter, registers, shift registers, universal shift register. Verilog constructs for sequential circuits, flip-flop with clear capability, using Verilog constructs for registers and counters.

UNIT V Finite State Machines and Programmable Logic Devices

Types of FSM, capabilities and limitations of FSM, state assignment, realization of FSM using flip-flops. Mealy to Moore conversion and vice-versa, reduction of state tables using

partition technique, Design of sequence detector. Types of PLD's: PROM, PAL, PLA, basic structure of CPLD and FPGA, advantages of FPGAs.

Textbooks:

1. M. Morris Mano, "Digital Design", 3rd Edition, PHI. (Unit I to IV)
2. Stephen Brown and Zvonko Vranesic, "Fundamentals of Digital Logic with Verilog Design", 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill (Unit V)

Reference Books:

1. Charles H. Roth, Jr, "Fundamentals of Logic Design", 4th Edition, Jaico Publishers.
2. Zvi Kohavi and Niraj K. Jha, "Switching and Finite Automata Theory", 3rd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2010.
3. Samir Palnitkar, "Verilog HDL: A Guide to Digital Design and Synthesis", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall PTR.
4. D.P. Leach, A.P. Malvino, "Digital Principles and Applications", TMH, 7th Edition.

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(23A04302P) ELECTRONIC DEVICES & CIRCUITS LAB

Course Objectives:

- Verify the theoretical concepts practically from all the experiments.
- Analyse the characteristics of Diodes, BJT, MOSFET, UJT.
- Design the amplifier circuits from the given specifications.
- Model the electronic circuits using tools such as PSPICE/Multisim.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand the characteristics and applications of basic electronic devices. (L2)
- Plot the characteristics of electronic devices. (L3)
- Analyze various biasing circuits and electronic circuits as amplifiers (L4).
- Design MOSFET / BJT based amplifiers for the given specifications. (L5)
- Simulate all circuits in PSPICE /Multisim. (L5).

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS: (Implement / Execute any 10 experiments).

1. Verify various clipping and clamper circuits using PN junction diode and draw the suitable graphs.
2. Study and draw the Volt Ampere characteristics of UJT and determine η , I_P , I_V , V_P , & V_v from the experiment.
3. Verification of the input and output characteristics of BJT in Common Emitter configuration experimentally and find required parameters from the graphs.
4. Study and draw the input and output characteristics of BJT in Common Base configuration experimentally and determine required parameters from the graphs.
5. Verification of the input and output characteristics of BJT in Common Collector configuration experimentally and find required parameters from the graphsStudy and draw the V- I characteristics of JFET experimentally.
6. Study and draw the **output** and **transfer** characteristics of MOSFET (Enhance mode) in Common Source Configuration experimentally. Find **Threshold voltage (V_T)**, **g_m** , & **K** from the graphs.
7. Study and draw the **output** and **transfer** characteristics of MOSFET (Depletion mode) or JFET in Common Source Configuration experimentally. Find **$IDSS$** , **g_m** , & **V_P** from the graphs.
8. Design and analysis of voltage- divider bias/self-bias circuit using BJT.
9. Design and analysis of self-bias circuit using MOSFET.
10. Design a suitable circuit for switch using MOSFET/BJT.
11. Design a small signal amplifier using MOSFET (common source) for the given specifications. Draw the frequency response and find the bandwidth.
12. Design a small signal amplifier using BJT(common emitter) for the given specifications. Draw the frequency response and find the bandwidth.

Tools / Equipment Required: Software Toollike Multisim/ Pspice or Equivalent, DC Power supplies, Multi meters, DC Ammeters, DC Voltmeters, AC Voltmeters, CROs, all

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(23A04303P) DIGITAL DESIGN & SIGNAL SIMULATION LAB

Course Objectives:

- Verify the truth tables of various logic circuits.
- Design sequential/combinational circuit using Hardware Description Language and verify their functionality.
- Simulate various Signals and Systems through MATLAB
- Analyze the output of a system when it is excited by different types of deterministic and random signals.

Course Outcomes: After completing the course, the student should be able to:

- Verify the truth tables of various logic circuits. (L2)
- Understand how to simulate different types of signals and system response. (L2)
- Design sequential and combinational logic circuits and verify their functionality. (L3, L4)
- Analyze the response of different systems when they are excited by different signals and plot power spectral density of signals. (L4)
- Generate different random signals for the given specifications. (L5)

List of Experiments:

PART A

1. Design a simple combinational circuit with four variables and obtain minimal SOP expression and verify the truth table using Digital Trainer Kit.
2. Verification of functional table of 3 to 8-line Decoder /De-multiplexer
3. 4 variable logic function verification using 8 to 1 multiplexer.
4. Design full adder circuit and verify its functional table.
5. Design a four-bit ring counter using D Flip–Flops/JK Flip Flop and verify output.
6. Design a four-bit Johnson's counter using D Flip-Flops/JK Flip Flops and verify output
7. Verify the operation of 4-bit Universal Shift Register for different Modes of operation.
8. Draw the circuit diagram of MOD-8 ripple counter and construct a circuit using T-Flip-Flops and Test It with a low frequency clock and sketch the output waveforms.
9. Design MOD-8 synchronous counter using T Flip-Flop and verify the result and sketch the output waveforms.
10. (a) Draw the circuit diagram of a single bit comparator and test the output
(b) Construct 7 Segment Display Circuit Using Decoder and 7 Segment LED and test it.

Note: Design and verify combinational and sequential circuits using Hardware Description Language

References:

1. M. Morris Mano, "Digital Design", 3rd Edition, PHI

PART B

List of Experiments:

1. Write a program to generate various Signals and Sequences: Periodic and Aperiodic, Unit Impulse, Unit Step, Square, Saw tooth, Triangular, Sinusoidal, Ramp, Sinc function.
2. Perform operations on Signals and Sequences: Addition, Multiplication, Scaling, Shifting, Folding, Computation of Energy and Average Power.
3. Write a program to find the trigonometric & exponential Fourier series coefficients of a rectangular periodic signal. Reconstruct the signal by combining the Fourier series coefficients with appropriate weightings- Plot the discrete spectrum of the signal.
4. Write a program to find Fourier transform of a given signal. Plot its amplitude and phase spectrum.
5. Write a program to convolve two discrete time sequences. Plot all the sequences.
6. Write a program to find autocorrelation and cross correlation of given sequences.
7. Write a program to verify Linearity and Time Invariance properties of a given Continuous System.
8. Write a program to generate discrete time sequence by sampling a continuous time signal. Show that with sampling rates less than Nyquist rate, aliasing occurs while reconstructing the signal.
9. Write a program to find magnitude and phase response of first order low pass and high pass filter. Plot the responses in logarithmic scale.
10. Write a program to generate Complex Gaussian noise and find its mean, variance, Probability Density Function (PDF) and Power Spectral Density (PSD).
11. Generate a Random data (with bipolar) for a given data rate (say 10kbps). Plot the same for a time period of 0.2 sec.
12. To plot pole-zero diagram in S-plane of given signal/sequence and verify its stability.

Note: Any 10 experiments. All the experiments are to be simulated using MATLAB or equivalent software.

References:

Stephen J. Chapman, “MATLAB Programming for Engineers”, Cengage, November 2012.

II Year B.Tech. – I Semester

L	T	P	C
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(23A05304) PYTHON PROGRAMMING

Course Objectives: The main objectives of the course are to

- Introduce core programming concepts of Python programming language.
- Demonstrate about Python data structures like Lists, Tuples, Sets and dictionaries
- Implement Functions, Modules and Regular Expressions in Python Programming and to create practical and contemporary applications using these

Course Outcomes: After completion of the course, students will be able to

- Showcase adept command of Python syntax, deftly utilizing variables, data types, control structures, functions, modules, and exception handling to engineer robust and efficient code solutions. (L4)
- Apply Python programming concepts to solve a variety of computational problems (L3)
- Understand the principles of object-oriented programming (OOP) in Python, including classes, objects, inheritance, polymorphism, and encapsulation, and apply them to design and implement Python programs (L3)
- Proficient in using commonly used Python libraries and frameworks such as JSON, XML, NumPy, pandas (L2)
- Exhibit competence in implementing and manipulating fundamental data structures such as lists, tuples, sets, dictionaries (L3)

UNTI-I:

History of Python Programming Language, Thrust Areas of Python, Installing Anaconda Python Distribution, Installing and Using Jupyter Notebook.

Parts of Python Programming Language: Identifiers, Keywords, Statements and Expressions, Variables, Operators, Precedence and Associativity, Data Types, Indentation, Comments, Reading Input, Print Output, Type Conversions, the type () Function and Is Operator, Dynamic and Strongly Typed Language.

Control Flow Statements: if statement, if-else statement, if...elif...else, Nested if statement, while Loop, for Loop, continue and break Statements, Catching Exceptions Using try and except Statement.

Sample Experiments:

1. Write a program to find the largest element among three Numbers.
2. Write a Program to display all prime numbers within an interval
3. Write a program to swap two numbers without using a temporary variable.
4. Demonstrate the following Operators in Python with suitable examples.
 - i) Arithmetic Operators ii) Relational Operators iii) Assignment Operators iv) Logical Operators v) Bit wise Operators vi) Ternary Operator vii) Membership Operators viii) Identity Operators
5. Write a program to add and multiply complex numbers
6. Write a program to print multiplication table of a given number

UNIT-II:

Functions: Built-In Functions, Commonly Used Modules, Function Definition and Calling the function, return Statement and void Function, Scope and Lifetime of Variables, Default Parameters, Keyword Arguments, *args and **kwargs, Command Line Arguments.

Strings: Creating and Storing Strings, Basic String Operations, Accessing Characters in String by Index Number, String Slicing and Joining, String Methods, Formatting Strings.

Lists: Creating Lists, Basic List Operations, Indexing and Slicing in Lists, Built-In Functions Used on Lists, List Methods, del Statement.

Sample Experiments:

7. Write a program to define a function with multiple return values.
8. Write a program to define a function using default arguments.
9. Write a program to find the length of the string without using any library functions.
10. Write a program to check if the substring is present in a given string or not.
11. Write a program to perform the given operations on a list:
 - i. addition
 - ii. insertion
 - iii. slicing
12. Write a program to perform any 5 built-in functions by taking any list.

UNIT-III:

Dictionaries: Creating Dictionary, Accessing and Modifying key:value Pairs in Dictionaries, Built-In Functions Used on Dictionaries, Dictionary Methods, del Statement.

Tuples and Sets: Creating Tuples, Basic Tuple Operations, tuple() Function, Indexing and Slicing in Tuples, Built-In Functions Used on Tuples, Relation between Tuples and Lists, Relation between Tuples and Dictionaries, Using zip() Function, Sets, Set Methods, Frozenset.

Sample Experiments:

13. Write a program to create tuples (name, age, address, college) for at least two members and concatenate the tuples and print the concatenated tuples.
14. Write a program to count the number of vowels in a string (No control flow allowed).
15. Write a program to check if a given key exists in a dictionary or not.
16. Write a program to add a new key-value pair to an existing dictionary.
17. Write a program to sum all the items in a given dictionary.

UNIT-IV:

Files: Types of Files, Creating and Reading Text Data, File Methods to Read and Write Data, Reading and Writing Binary Files, Pickle Module, Reading and Writing CSV Files, Python os and os.path Modules.

Object-Oriented Programming: Classes and Objects, Creating Classes in Python, Creating Objects in Python, Constructor Method, Classes with Multiple Objects, Class Attributes Vs Data Attributes, Encapsulation, Inheritance, Polymorphism.

Sample Experiments:

18. Write a program to sort words in a file and put them in another file. The output file should have only lower-case words, so any upper-case words from source must be lowered.
19. Python program to print each line of a file in reverse order.

20. Python program to compute the number of characters, words and lines in a file.
21. Write a program to create, display, append, insert and reverse the order of the items in the array.
22. Write a program to add, transpose and multiply two matrices.
23. Write a Python program to create a class that represents a shape. Include methods to calculate its area and perimeter. Implement subclasses for different shapes like circle, triangle, and square.

UNIT-V:

Introduction to Data Science: Functional Programming, JSON and XML in Python, NumPy with Python, Pandas.

Sample Experiments:

24. Python program to check whether a JSON string contains complex object or not.
25. Python Program to demonstrate NumPy arrays creation using array () function.
26. Python program to demonstrate use of ndim, shape, size, dtype.
27. Python program to demonstrate basic slicing, integer and Boolean indexing.
28. Python program to find min, max, sum, cumulative sum of array
29. Create a dictionary with at least five keys and each key represent value as a list where this list contains at least ten values and convert this dictionary as a pandas data frame and explore the data through the data frame as follows:
 - a) Apply head () function to the pandas data frame
 - b) Perform various data selection operations on Data Frame
30. Select any two columns from the above data frame, and observe the change in one attribute with respect to other attribute with scatter and plot operations in matplotlib

Reference Books:

1. Gowri shankar S, Veena A., Introduction to Python Programming, CRC Press.
2. Python Programming, S Sridhar, J Indumathi, V M Hariharan, 2nd Edition, Pearson, 2024
3. Introduction to Programming Using Python, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson.

Online Learning Resources/Virtual Labs:

1. <https://www.coursera.org/learn/python-for-applied-data-science-ai>
2. <https://www.coursera.org/learn/python?specialization=python#syllabus>

II Year B.Tech. – I Semester

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(23A99301) ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

Course Objectives:

- To make the students to get awareness on environment.
- To understand the importance of protecting natural resources, ecosystems for future generations and pollution causes due to the day to day activities of human life
- To save earth from the inventions by the engineers.

UNIT I

Multidisciplinary Nature of Environmental Studies: – Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for Public Awareness.

Natural Resources : Renewable and non-renewable resources – Natural resources and associated problems – Forest resources – Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people – Water resources – Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems – Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies – Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. – Energy resources:

UNIT II

Ecosystems: Concept of an ecosystem. – Structure and function of an ecosystem – Producers, consumers and decomposers – Energy flow in the ecosystem – Ecological succession – Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:

- a. Forest ecosystem.
- b. Grassland ecosystem
- c. Desert ecosystem.
- d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

Biodiversity and its Conservation : Introduction 0 Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – Bio-geographical classification of India – Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, Productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at global, National and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – Hot-spots of biodiversity – Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

UNIT III

- a. Air Pollution.
- b. Water pollution
- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution
- f. Thermal pollution
- g. Nuclear hazards

Solid Waste Management: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes –

Role of an individual in prevention of pollution – Pollution case studies – Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

UNIT IV

Social Issues and the Environment: From Unsustainable to Sustainable development – Urban problems related to energy – Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management – Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case studies – Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies – Wasteland reclamation. – Consumerism and waste products. – Environment Protection Act. – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. –Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act – Wildlife Protection Act – Forest Conservation Act

– Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation – Public awareness.

UNIT V

Human Population and the Environment: Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion – Family Welfare Programmes. – Environment and human health – Human Rights – Value Education – HIV/AIDS – Women and Child Welfare – Role of information Technology in Environment and human health – Case studies.

Field Work: Visit to a local area to document environmental assets River/forest grassland/hill/mountain – Visit to a local polluted site-Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural Study of common plants, insects, and birds – river, hill slopes, etc..

Textbooks:

1. Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission, Universities Press.
2. Palaniswamy, “Environmental Studies”, Pearson education
3. S.Azeem Unnisa, “Environmental Studies” Academic Publishing Company
4. K.Raghavan Nambiar, “Text book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses as per UGC model syllabus”, Scitech Publications (India), Pvt. Ltd.

References:

1. Deeksha Dave and E.Sai Baba Reddy, “Textbook of Environmental Science”,

3. J.P.Sharma, Comprehensive Environmental studies, Laxmi publications.
4. J. Glynn Henry and Gary W. Heinke, “Environmental Sciences and Engineering”, Prenticehall of India Private limited
5. G.R.Chatwal, “A Text Book of Environmental Studies” Himalaya Publishing House
6. Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela, “Introduction to Environmental Engineering andScience, Prentice hall of India Private limited.