A Simple PDF File

This is a small demonstration .pdf file -

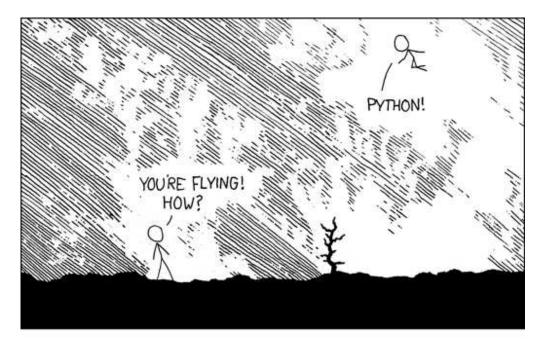
just for use in the Virtual Mechanics tutorials. More text. And more text. And more text. And more text.

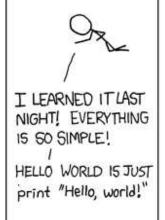
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And more text. And more text. And more text. And more text. And more text. And more text. Even more. Continued on page 2 ...

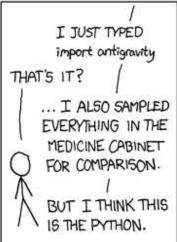
Simple PDF File 2

...continued from page 1. Yet more text. And more text. Oh, how boring typing this stuff. But not as boring as watching paint dry. And more text. And more text. And more text. And more text. Boring. More, a little more text. The end, and just as well.









http://www.xkcd.com/353/

1 Preliminaries

1.1 What is Python?

Python is a powerful modern computer programming language. It bears some similarities to Fortran, one of the earliest programming languages, but it is much more powerful than Fortran. Python allows you to use variables without declaring them (i.e., it determines types implicitly), and it relies on indentation as a control structure. You are not forced to define classes in Python (unlike Java) but you are free to do so when convenient.

Python was developed by Guido van Rossum, and it is free software. Free as in "free beer," in that you can obtain Python without spending any money. But Python is also free in other important ways, for example you are free to copy it as many times as you like, and free to study the source code, and make changes to it. There is a worldwide movement behind the idea of free software, initiated in 1983 by Richard Stallman.¹

This document focuses on learning Python for the purpose of doing mathematical calculations. We assume the reader has some knowledge of basic mathematics, but we try not to assume any previous exposure to computer programming, although some such exposure would certainly be helpful. Python is a good choice for mathematical calculations, since we can write code quickly, test it easily, and its syntax is similar to the way mathematical ideas are expressed in the mathematical literature. By learning Python you will also be learning a major tool used by many web developers.

1.2 Installation and documentation

If you use Mac OS X or Linux, then Python should already be installed on your computer by default. If not, you can download the latest version by visiting the Python home page, at

where you will also find loads of documentation and other useful information. Windows users can also download Python at this website. Don't forget this website; it is your first point of reference for all things Python. You will find there, for example, reference [1], the excellent *Python Tutorial* by Guido van Rossum. You may find it useful to read along in the Tutorial as a supplement to this document.

2 Getting started

2.1 Running Python as a calculator

The easiest way to get started is to run Python as an *interpreter*, which behaves similar to the way one would use a calculator. In the interpreter, you type a command, and Python produces the answer. Then you type another command, which again produces an answer, and so on.

In OS X or Linux, to start the Python interpreter is as simple as typing the command python on the command line in a terminal shell. In Windows, assuming that Python has already been

¹See http://www.fsf.org or http://www.opensource.org for more information.