Basic Spring 4.0

Spring JPA Integration



#### Lesson Objectives

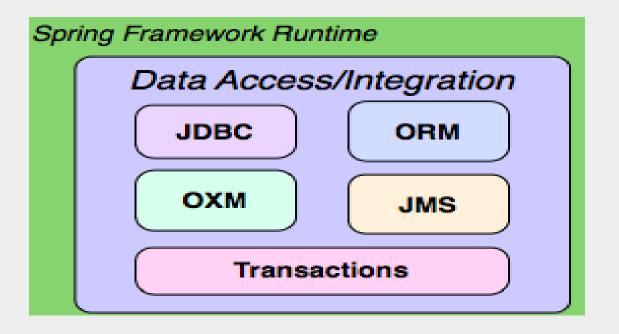
- After completing this lesson, participants will be able to understand:
- Spring support for JPA
  Implementing Spring JPA integration
  Spring Data JPA





## 5.1 : Spring Support for JPA -Spring JPA Integration : Overview

- The Spring Framework supports integration with Hibernate, Java Persistence API (JPA) for
  - resource management,
  - data access object (DAO) implementations, and
  - transaction strategies





### 5.1 : Spring Support for JPA -Why JPA with Spring?

- Spring benefits to JPA:
- Easy and quick persistence configuration
- Automatic EntityManager management
- Simple testing
- Rich exception hierarchy with common data access exceptions
- Integrated and automated transaction management



# 5.2: Implementing Spring JPA Integration -Steps for Spring JPA Integration

Create or lookup for DataSource

Configure Persistence Unit using Spring API

Obtain EntityManager in DAO repositories

Setup transaction management on Services





# 5.2 : Spring JPA Integration Steps - Creating or looking up for DataSource

- Two ways to acquire DataSource
- Using simple DriverManagerDataSource



# 5.2 : Spring JPA Integration Steps -Spring JPA Configuration

- Used in place of persistence.xml
- Used for Configuration of:
  - EntityManagerFactory
    - JPA Vendor
    - JPA Properties
  - TransactionManager
    - JPA specification defines two kinds of entity managers:
  - Application-managed
    - LocalEntityManagerFactoryBean
  - Container-managed
    - LocalContainerEntityManagerFactoryBean



# 5.2 : Spring JPA Integration Steps – EntityManagerFactory configuration

- Container-managed EntityManagerFactory
- Configured using LocalContainerEntityManagerFactoryBean
- No need of persistence.xml



#### 5.2 : Spring JPA Integration Steps – TransactionManager configuration

- Spring managed transaction maangement:
- Configured using JpaTransactionManager



# 5.2 : Spring JPA Integration Steps - Obtaining EntityManager

- JPA provides two annotations to inject EntityManager
- @PersistenceUnit injects EntityManagerFactory
- @PersistenceContext injects EntityManager

```
@Repository
public class EmployeeRepositoryImpl {
    @PersistenceContext
    private EntityManager entityManager;

    public Employee save(Employee employee) {
        entityManager.persist(employee);
        entityManager.flush();

        return employee;
    }
}
```



### 5.2 : Spring JPA Integration - Demo

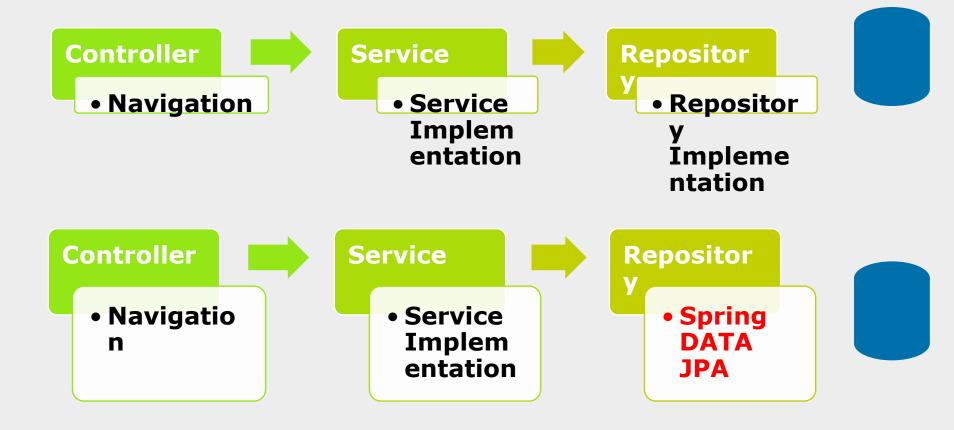
JPASpringMVC





#### 5.3 : Spring Data JPA - Spring Data JPA

- Traditional Spring JPA Integration
- Spring Data JPA: No need to write repository code





### 5.3: Spring DATA JPA -Working with Spring Data JPA

- To use repository from Spring Data, create an interface to extend following interface, which specifies no methods to implement:
- org.springframework.data.repository.Repository<T, ID extends Serializable>
- The generic type parameters:
- T : Type of domain entity class
- ID: ID type of the domain entity class

```
@Entity
public class Student implements Serializable {
    @Id
    private Long studentId;
    private String name;
    //getters and setters
}

public interface StudentRepository extends

JpaRepository<Student,Long> {
    //getters and setters
}
```



### 5.3 : Spring Data JPA - Demo

JPASpringDataMVC





### Lab

• Lab 2



#### Summary

- In this lesson, you have learnt:
- Spring support for JPA
- How to integrate Spring and JPA
- How to work with Spring Data repositories





#### **Review Question**

 Question 1 Which one of the following is valid type of entity manager in JPA?

Option 1: Container managed Option 2: JVM Managed Option 3: Server Managed

- Question 2 LocalEntityManagerFactoryBean doesn't allow you to use a Spring managed DataSource instance.
  - True/False



