	Student information	Date	Number of session
Algorithmics	UO:300809	20/02/2025	2
	Surname: González Bajo		
	Name: Javier		





Activity 1. Some iterative models

N		tLoop1	tLoop2	tLoop3	tLoop4
	100	0,00435	0,1645	0,834	0,737
	200	0,00915	0,601	3,5085	4,874
	400	0,019	2,7775	14,8915	36,454
	800	0,04475	12,7225	63,2	282,92
	1600	0,0952	50,3	267,75	2242
	3200	0,20705	230,5	1130	17824
	6400	0,4397	912,5	4687	341221
	12800	0,9904	4089,6	19914	OoT
	25600	2,1059	OoT	OoT	OoT
	51200	4,57	OoT	OoT	OoT

• tLoop1: n*log(n)

tLoop2: n²*log(n)

• tLoop3: n²*log(n)

tLoop4: n³

 As we can see from the table, the times obtained are tLoop4>>>tLoop3>tLoop2>>tLoop1

• In theory, tLoop2 and tLoop3 should have similar times. The reason of the different times is that when calculating the complexity, we don't have into account the base of the logarithms.

Activity 2. Creation of iterative models of a given time complexity

N	tLoop5	tLoop6	tLoop7	
100	1,07	31,95	395	
200	6,91	317	6079	
400	27,59	2511,65	OoT	
800	166,93	26026	OoT	
1600	654,2	OoT	OoT	
3200	3549,4	OoT	OoT	
6400	14434	OoT	OoT	
12800	58021	OoT	OoT	
25600	OoT	OoT	OoT	
51200	OoT	OoT	OoT	

tLoop5: n²*log²(n)
tLoop6: n³*log(n)

Algorithmics UO:300809 20/02/2025 2 Surname: González Bajo Name: Javier		Student information	Date	Number of session
Surname: González Bajo		UO:300809	20/02/2025	2
Name: Javier	Algorithmics	Surname: González Bajo		
		Name: Javier		



Ingeniería

• tLoop7: n⁴

As we can see from the table, the times obtained are tLoop7>>>tLoop6>>tLoop5

Activity 3. Two Algorithms with different complexity

N		tLoop1	tLoop2	t1/t2
	100	0,00435	0,1645	0,02644377
	200	0,00915	0,601	0,01522463
	400	0,019	2,7775	0,00684068
	800	0,04475	12,7225	0,00351739
	1600	0,0952	50,3	0,00189264
	3200	0,20705	230,5	0,00089826
	6400	0,4397	912,5	0,00048186
	12800	0,9904	4089,6	0,00024218
	25600	2,1059	OoT	
	51200	4,57	OoT	

• As we can see in the column t1/t2 the implementation constant is lower than 1 so tLoop1 is better than tLoop2.

Activity 4. Two Algorithms with same complexity

N	tLoop3	tLoop2	t3/t2
100	0,834	0,1645	5,069908815
200	3,5085	0,601	5,837770383
400	14,8915	2,7775	5,361476148
800	63,2	12,7225	4,967577127
1600	267,75	50,3	5,32306163
3200	1130	230,5	4,902386117
6400	4687	912,5	5,136438356
12800	19914	4089,6	4,869424883
25600	OoT	OoT	
51200	OoT	OoT	

• As we can see in the column t3/t2 the implementation constant is lower than 1 so tLoop2 is better than tLoop3.

	Student information	Date	Number of session
	UO:300809	20/02/2025	2
Algorithmics	Surname: González Bajo		
	Name: Javier		



Activity 5. Same Algorithms in different environments

N		tLoop4	tLoop4(OPTIMIZED)	tLoop4(Python)	t42/t41	t43/t42
	200	4,874	0,089	26	54,7804678	292,134831
	400	36,454	0,447333333	202	36,8135184	451,564829
	800	282,92	2,609666667	1743	27,6721335	667,901392
	1600	2242	18,671	14261	24,9834969	763,804831
	3200	17824	1363	OoT		
	6400	341221	10721	OoT		
1	L2800	OoT	OoT	OoT		
2	25600	OoT	OoT	OoT		
5	51200	ОоТ	ОоТ	OoT		

• As we can see in the column t42/t41 and t43/t42 the efficient of the algorithms are t41>>t42 and t42>>t43.