TRANSFORMADA INVERSA $(\mathcal{L}^{-1} \{F(S)\})$ POR FRACCIONES PARCIALES





Calcular la Tranformada Inversa $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\{F(S)\}$ de :

1)
$$F(s) = \frac{2}{s^2 + s} = \frac{2}{5(5+1)}$$

$$\frac{2}{5(5+1)} = \frac{A}{5} + \frac{B}{5+1} \rightarrow \frac{2}{5(5+1)} = \frac{A(5+1)+B5}{5(5+1)} \rightarrow 2 = A5+A+B5$$

$$2 = 5(A+B)+A$$
 $A+B=0$ $A=2$ $B=-2$

$$F(s) = \frac{2}{5} - \frac{2}{5+1}$$

$$J(s) = J(s) - 2J(s)$$

$$f(t) = 2 - 2e^{t}$$

Calcular la Tranformada Inversa $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\{F(S)\}$ de :

2)
$$F(s) = \frac{S}{(S+1)(S^2+4)} = \frac{A}{5+1} + \frac{B5+C}{5^2+4} = \frac{A}{5^2+4} + \frac{B5}{5^2+4} + \frac{C}{5^2+4}$$

$$F(5) = \frac{-1/5}{5+1} + \frac{(1/5) \cdot 5}{5^2 + 4} + \frac{4/5}{5^2 + 4}; \quad SEU(k+1) = \frac{k}{5^2 + k^2}$$

$$0 = -1 \qquad k = 2 \qquad k = 2$$