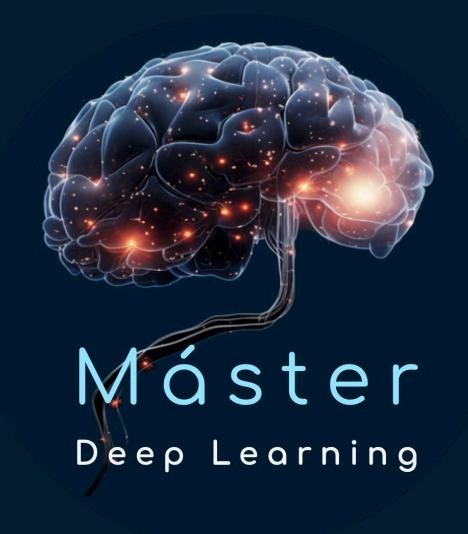
MLOps

Part 5.

Automate Hyperparameter Tuning with W&B Sweeps



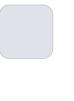




Why Hyperparameter Optimization Matters







Manual tuning is tedious, time-consuming, and often suboptimal



W&B Sweeps automates this process

batch size, and layer size

Examples include learning rate,

What Sweeps Do:

- Define a **search space** for your hyperparameters
- Specify a search strategy (random, grid, bayes)
- Coordinate multiple training **runs** (executed by agents)
- Track results and help you find the **best** combination

The 4 Key Steps to Running a Sweep



Set up Training Code

Integrate W&B (wandb.init,
wandb.config, wandb.log)

Define Search Space

Create a Sweep Configuration (YAML or Python Dict)

Initialize Sweep

Tell the W&B server about your sweep (get a sweep_id)

Start Agent(s)

Launch workers to run the experiments

Instrumenting Your Training Script



Key Components

- wandb.init(): Initialize a W&B run within your training function.

 Crucial: Ensure the project matches your sweep project
- wandb.config: Access hyperparameters provided by the Sweep Agent. Replace hardcoded values
- wandb.log({"metric_name": value}): Log the metric you want to optimize (e.g., val_loss, accuracy). Crucial: The logged metric name must exactly match the name in your sweep configuration

Code Snippet

```
import wandb
def main():
    wandb.init(project="my-sweep-project") # Project
name matters!
   # Access sweep-provided hparams
    lr = wandb.config.learning rate
    # ... train model ...
    accuracy = # ... calculate metric ...
    wandb.log({"accuracy": accuracy}) # Log the
metric to optimize
```

Specifying the Search Space Máster Deep Learning



Sweep Configuration

Defines what to search and how. Can be a YAML file or Python dictionary.

Key Components

- method: Search strategy (random, grid, bayes)
- metric: What to optimize (name of the logged metric, goal: minimize or maximize)
- parameters: The hyperparameters to explore

Simple Example (YAML):

```
method: random
metric:
  name: val_loss
  goal: minimize
parameters:
  learning_rate:
    min: 0.001
    max: 0.1
  batch_size:
    values: [16, 32, 64]
```

Exploring Hyperparameter Máster Options



Common Parameter Types

- values: List of discrete options (e.g., [16, 32, 64])
- Ranges: min, max (for continuous values like learning rate)
- Distributions: uniform, log_uniform, etc. (often used with bayes or random)

Search Methods

- **grid:** Tries every combination (can be slow)
- random: Samples random combinations (good baseline)
- bayes: Uses previous results to pick promising next parameters (often most efficient)

Early Stopping: You can use early_terminate (e.g., hyperband) for stopping unpromising runs early.

Starting the Sweep Controller





What Happens

Sends your configuration to the W&B server (or runs locally). Creates a "Sweep Controller" that manages the process. Returns a unique sweep_id (looks like entity/project/sweep_id).



Python Initialization

```
sweep_id = wandb.sweep(
    sweep=sweep_config,
    project="my-sweep-project")
```



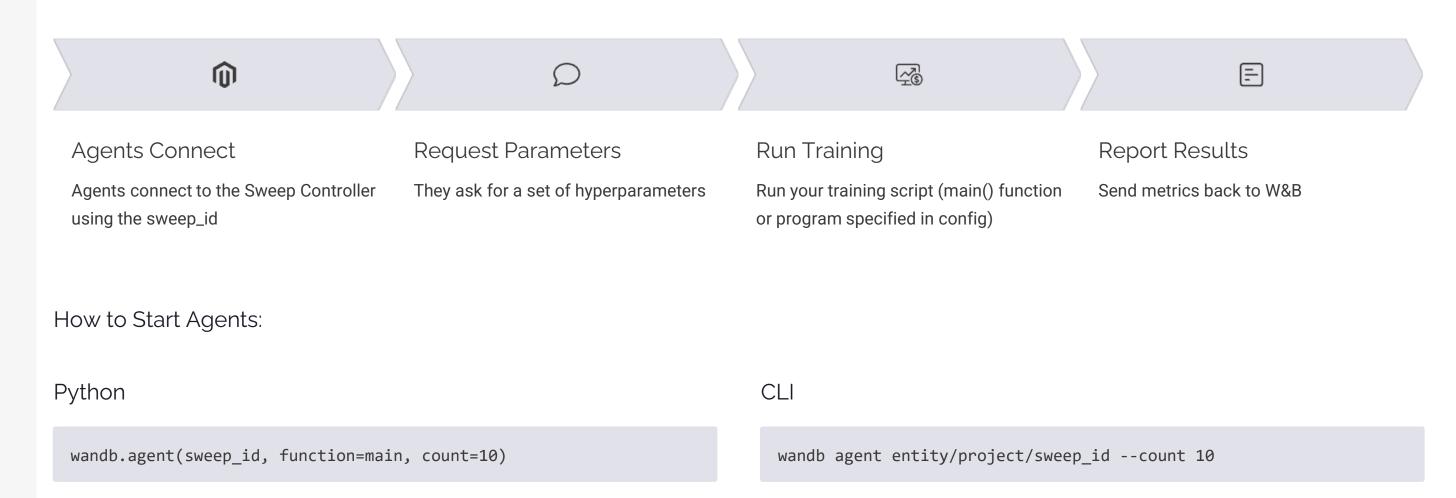
CLI Initialization

wandb sweep config.yaml --project my-sweep-project

Crucial: You need this sweep_id for the next step!

Launching the Experiment Workers





The count parameter limits the number of runs

Stopping: Use Ctrl+C in the terminal, or set count. random/bayes sweeps run indefinitely otherwise.

You can run multiple agents in parallel (on different machines, GPUs, or CPU cores) to speed up the sweep.

Understanding Your Sweep's Performance



W&B automatically creates visualizations in the UI under the "Sweeps" tab of your project.

Parallel Coordinates Plot

Shows relationships between all hyperparameters and the target metric. Identify trends.

Parameter Importance Plot

Ranks hyperparameters by their correlation with the target metric. See what matters most.

Scatter Plot

Compare runs based on any two parameters or metrics. Spot high-performing runs.

These visualizations help you understand which hyperparameters have the most impact on your model's performance and identify the optimal configuration.

Recap & Further Exploration



Summary

- Sweeps automate
 hyperparameter tuning, saving
 time and potentially finding
 better models
- Follow the 4 steps: Instrument
 Code -> Define Config ->
 Initialize Sweep -> Start
 Agent(s)
- Visualize results in the W&B UI to gain insights

Next Steps / Advanced Topics

- Try different search strategies (bayes)
- Implement early stopping (hyperband)
- Run agents in parallel for faster results
- Explore creating sweeps from the UI or using local controllers

Resources

- Link to W&B Sweeps

 Documentation
 (docs.wandb.ai/guides/sweeps
 /)
- Link to relevant examples or the Sweeps GitHub repo