Final Project Wheel of Fortune

CSC 17C - 48948

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Introduction

<u>First half of semester</u>: For this project I have chosen to revisit a game I am familiar with and enjoy. I previously wrote a Wheel of Fortune for CSC 17A, but this effort is much better. This time around I aimed to utilize the STL Library to improve performance and decrease line counts while increasing the number of features. This project was not overly difficult, but it took a good effort to learn and utilize a library that I had no familiarity with. As I was learning these new constructs, I had to consult several texts to properly implement the STL library. The end result is a game that I am proud of.

Second half of semester: For the second half of the semester I extended my project with some of the concepts we have covered in class. In terms of gameplay, there are not many changes, but there are changes behind the scenes and in the code. I will fully explain my project extension in the Project Summary and Requirements sections. All in all, I feel like this project is really complete and it is difficult to think of significant improvements to the actual game.

Input Validation

The menus in this game are self-explanatory and easy to navigate. All inputs are validated and are not case sensitive. Options that have a "(default)" label are selected if the user types an invalid input.

Tutorial

If a save file is detected, you will have to option to continue. If do you not continue a save file, you will input your name and start with \$500.00 and 0 Points. You will then be taken to a menu with four options.

```
Select an option below:

1. Begin a new game of Wheel of Fortune

2. View the leaderboard

3. Append to the Library

4. View the Library(You'll spoil all the answers!)
```

Playing a Game:

To win, you must guess the phrase; if you run out of money, you lose. Once you begin playing, you are given a category and phrase to guess. Displayed will be your hidden phrase with spaces, used/unused letters, and your money. Select an appropriate option to continue.

Spin the Wheel:

After spinning, you will be displayed a monetary value. If you correctly guess a letter, you will be awarded that amount of money and gain 10 points for each letter in the

phrase that matched, else if you guess incorrectly, you will lose that amount. You can keep guessing if you have not used all the letters. Every letter you used will be blacked out and each letter you correctly guessed will be displayed.

```
You spun $100.00

Movie

THO TOOOOOTOO

Your keyboard:
AMMDEFGMIJKMM

NOMQRMMMVWXYZ

What letter do you want to use?
```

Buy a Vowel:

You will be displayed the same graphics as above, except you must buy a vowel. You will lose \$500.00 for buying a vowel.

```
Which vowel do you want to buy? u
You have bought a vowel for $500.00
```

Solve the Puzzle:

Input the phrase you think is the answer. It is not case sensitive, but you do need to correctly match all the letters and spaces. If you incorrectly guess, you will lose \$300.00; if you correctly guess, you will gain 30 points for each hidden letter revealed. You will then be displayed the amount of money left in your account and current amount of points you have earned.

```
Movie
THO TORMONOTOR

Your keyboard:
ADDEFGDIJKDD

ODQDDDDVWXYZ

Input the final answer: the terminator

You gain 30 points for each hidden letter you guessed You gain 150 points
Congrats you win!
```

Losing and Leaderboard:

If you run out of money, the correct phrase will be displayed. You lose the game and have to exit the program to play again. You will have the option to put your score in the leaderboard.

```
You did not guess correctly. You have lost $300.00 The phrase was actually:
STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN
You have no money.
You must restart the game to play again
```

If you lost, you can exit the program through the menu and input your score to the leaderboard.

```
Do you wish to add your score to the leaderboard?
Input 1 to add
Input 2 to exit(default):
```

If you still have money you can save your game and continue later.

```
Thanks for playing Javier!
Your final score: 360 points
Do you wish to save?
1.Save
2.Exit without saving(default)
```

Project Summary

Project size	1553 Lines
Lines of code	1126 Lines
Comment/Blank lines	427 Lines

First half of semester:

I slowly implemented the STL library because I was not familiar with it. In each version I tried to utilize more and more concepts from it. Like most programming efforts, there were many bugs for each version that I had to fix. A difficulty I had was taking chunks of code and replacing it with a required construct. It was hard to test out since many class functions depended on others.

Second half of semester:

This development process was a bit of trouble because I had spent so much effort in the first version, that making significant changes to accommodate the concepts we covered in class was not easy because the gameplay is pretty much hard coded. I

did, however, attempt to add the new constructs we learned. I created two new templated functions for recursive sorting and developed two new classes for trees and hashes. I honestly could not find a way to incorporate graphs in my game and I hope that my final exam shows enough proof of my understanding of this concept.

You can see previous versions of this program on the github link.

https://github.com/javierborja95/CSC17C

Unsolved issue: Very rarely the clues don't read in properly. Attempting to play will show an extremely long array of blocks. I cannot pinpoint the source to the problem.

Version 1

In this working version, the only STL library constructs implemented were queues, a vector iterator, and a single algorithm.

Version 2

In this version I implemented maps for the clue categories while cleaning up some of the code.

Version 3

This version was mostly touch up by getting rid of unnecessary dynamic memory allocation. I also edited code here and there.

Version 4

I successfully implemented lists for letters and phrases. Began to implement extra sorting options.

Version 5

Here I added load/saving and implemented queues again while replacing one queue with a stack. I also added several sorting algorithms for different types of sorting.

Version 6

In this version I created two new templated search functions. I took two search functions I was familiar with, bubble and insertion sorts, and made them recursive and templated so that I could use my classes with them.

Version 7

This final version I implemented a binary search tree and made that templated as well. I had to overload stream operators in my classes to use the binary search tree. I accidentally did not copy version 7 and create a version 8, but updated version 7.In this update I developed a hash class with my own hashing algorithm. I created a bucket array of linked lists in case of collisions. I used it to check for answer inputs.

Project Requirements:

First half of semester:

Maps	✓
Sets	✓
Lists	✓
Stacks	✓
Queues	✓
Iterators	✓
Algorithms	√

While requirements were to utilize the STL Library, I have included many more concepts that I learned in CSC-5 and CSC-17A, including arrays, pointers, strings, structures, classes and inheritance, and exceptions. I have included every required construct and I will go in detail to show where in code the required constructs are used plus some comments that I had about the STL library.

Second half of semester:

Recursive Sorts	√
Hashing	✓
Trees	✓
Graphs	×

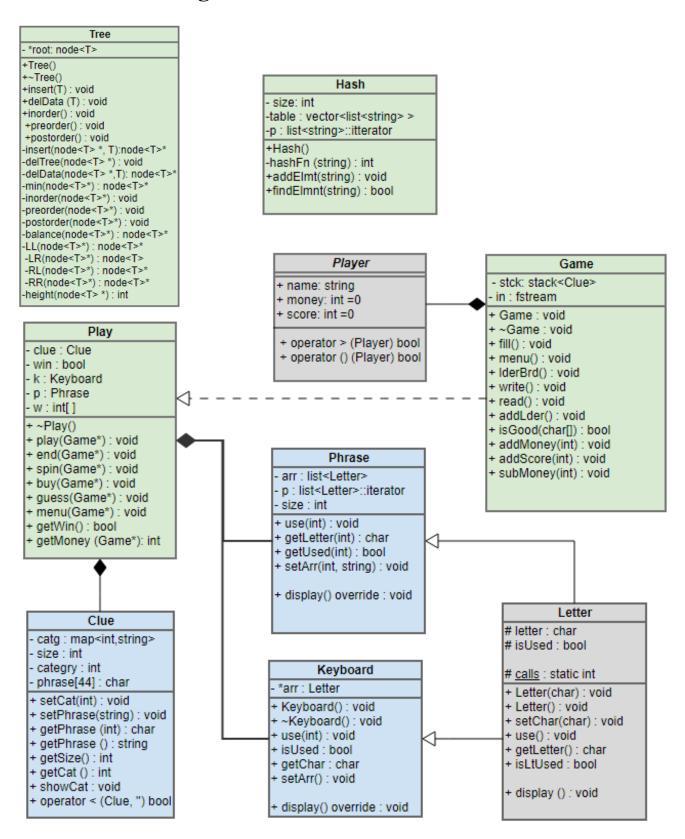
Only graphs were not implemented because I could not find a use for them. It is not a valid excuse but I hope my implementation in the Final Exam shows my understanding of the concept.

You can find the examples by searching the final pages with ctrl-f.

Concept	Examples	Comments
Maps	map <int, string=""> catg; catg[1]="TV Show"; cout<<catg[categry]<<endl;< td=""><td>These were useful because I did not have to do any if else statements or switch statements to access categories, since they are already numbered.</td></catg[categry]<<endl;<></int,>	These were useful because I did not have to do any if else statements or switch statements to access categories, since they are already numbered.
Sets	set <player,greater<player>> arr; set<clue> tset; tset.insert(clue);</clue></player,greater<player>	These were utilized for organizing players on the leaderboard and clues since they automatically sort themselves. I had to overload the < operator to get these to work correctly.
Lists	list <letter> arr; arr.push_back(s[i]); p->use();</letter>	I used it for Keyboard/Phrase classes since they are made up of Letter classes. I didn't need to random access these, I just iterated through them.
Stacks	stack <clue> stck; this->stck.push(*p);</clue>	These were highly useful because after importing the clues and phrases, I had to

	temp=a->stck.top(); a->stck.pop();	access them and then pop them off so they don't repeat.	
Queues	queue <clue> que; while(!que.empty()) {clue=que.front(); que.pop();</clue>	I could have used stacks as well but I utilized it to read clues through a file and I utilized these clues in the order that I read them in.	
Iterators	list <letter>::iterator p; p=arr.begin(); advance(p,i); for(p=arr.begin();p!=arr.end();p++)</letter>	I used a lot of iterators to go through the many containers in my program. I learned the hard way that iterating through a queue is not possible, but that concept makes sense.	
Algorithms	sort(a.begin(),a.end(),name_sort()); random_shuffle(arr.begin(),arr.end());	These were great at cutting down blocks of code into single lines. I felt like I did not use a lot of Algorithms, but their uses were very helpful.	
Vector	vector <clue> arr; arr.push_back(temp); vector<player>::iterator p;</player></clue>	Not really a requirement, but these are also STL containers. I used them a lot because they are highly versatile, especially when working with arrays with variable memory because they delete themselves without problems.	
Recursive Sorts	<pre>void insertRec(vector<t> &array,int size){ insertRec(array,size-1); void bubbleRec(vector<t> &array,int size){bubbleRec(array,size-1);</t></t></pre>	I used recursive sorts to sort arrays of classes to display. I overloaded the less than operator to perform these sorts.	
Hashing	Hash table; int bucket=hashFn(s)%size; p=table[bucket].begin();	Implemented a hash table with arrays of linked lists. I put clues into arrays and a player submits an answer string; if no collision, turn lost, else iterate through bucket linked list to see if its there.	
Trees	Tree <clue> tree; void Tree<t>::inorder(node<t> *leaf){ tree.insert(clue);</t></t></clue>	I used a binary tree to display phrases inorder. While I implemented the tree pretty normally, for this game I could have made some branches have a category, so the overall tree would have several roots. I thought this could work because the STL sort was the best because I was able to make it sorted with categories in mind.	

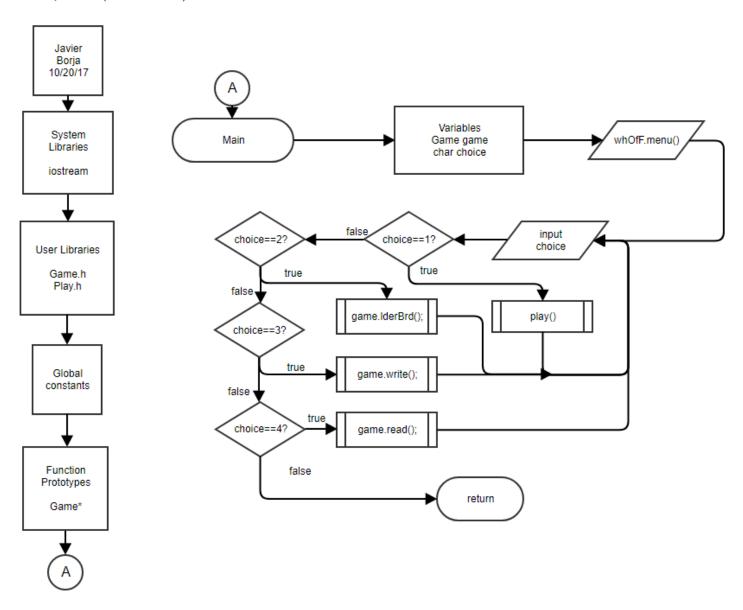
Class/UML Diagrams



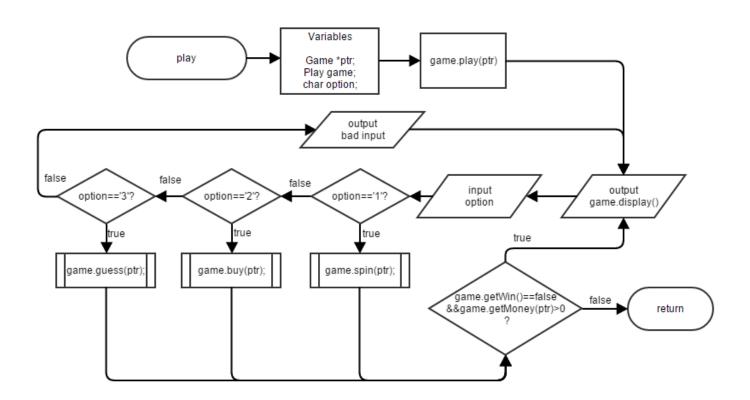
Pseudocode and Flowcharts

Main:

Create a Game object
Show Game.menu
Input menu choice
Do {
 Switch(choice)
 Case 1: Play()
 Case 2: Game.leaderBrd()
 Case 3: Game.write()
 Case 4: Game.read()
} While (choice is 1-4)



```
Play:
Create Play object
object.play(this)
Do {
    Output display()
    Input option
    Switch(option) {
        Case 1: object.spin()
        Case 2: object.buy()
        Case 3: object.guess()
        Default: Output error message
    }
} While(object.getWin()==false and object.getMoney(this) is greater than 0)
```



Fill: [Game::fill()]

Open phrase file

While(reading from file)

Set temporary clues

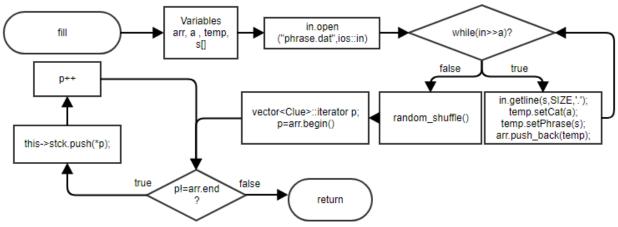
Push temp into array

Shuffle array

For(beginning of array, not end of array, iterator++){

Push into stack

} return array



isGood:[Game::isGood()]

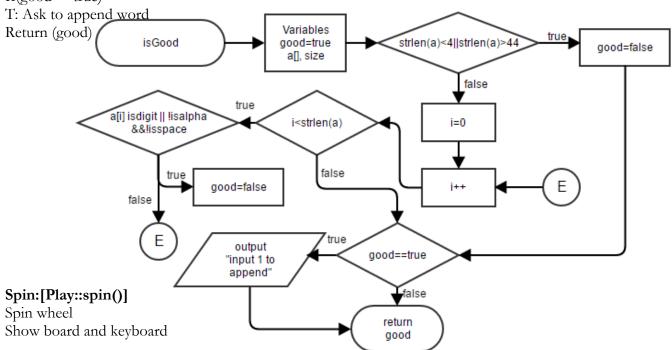
(Is length of string <4 | | >44?)

T: Good=false

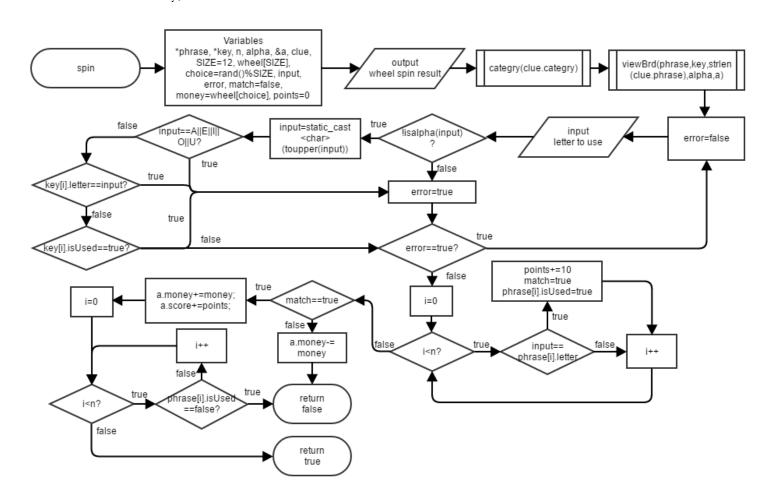
F: For(i=0;i<length of string;i++){

(If character is not letter or space) good=false

If(good==true)



```
Do{
    Error=false
    Input letter to use
    (is letter==vowel||non alphabet||or already used?)
        Error=true
While(error==true)
If(letter input==hidden letter)
    T: {add points
    Match=true}
If(match==true)
    T:{Add money
    Add points to score
    Make hidden letters shown
    (If all letters revealed) Return win
    }
F: lose money, return loss
```



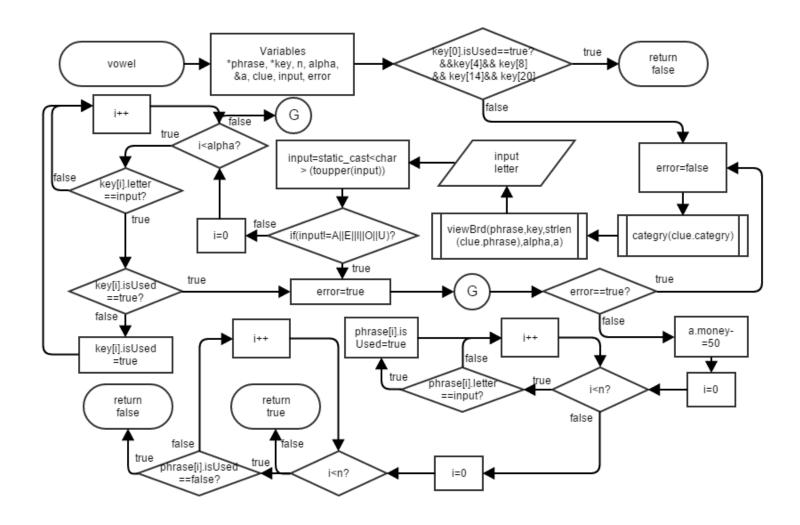
Vowel: [Play::buy()]

(if all vowels are used) return

Do{

Error =false

Show board and keyboard Input letter (if input is not vowel) Error =true (if vowel is used) T: error = falseF: make key used While(error==true) Subtract money Reveal vowels from phrase (If all letters are revealed) return win Else return loss

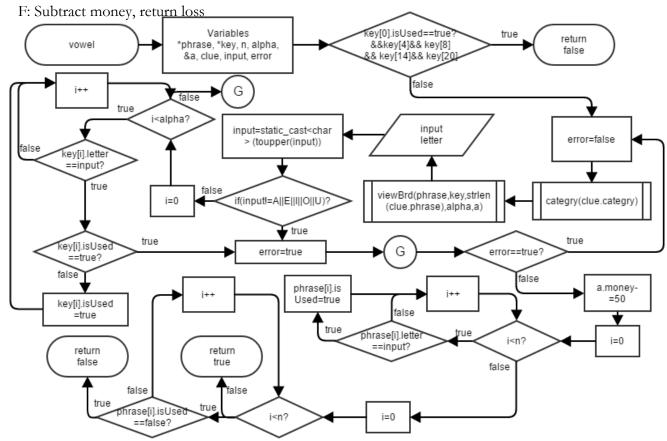


Guess:[Play::guess()] Show board and keyboard

Input phrase

(if input matches board phrase)

T: Return win



viewBrd:[Play::display][Keyboard::display()][Phrase::display()]

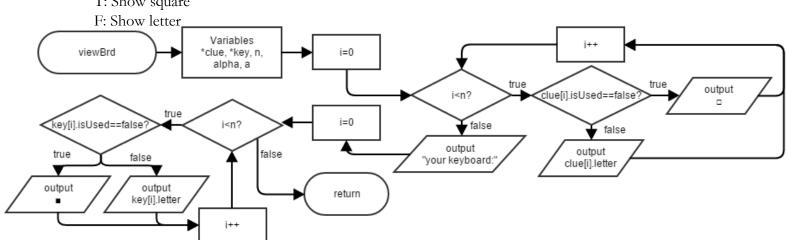
(If phrase letter is hidden)

T: Show square

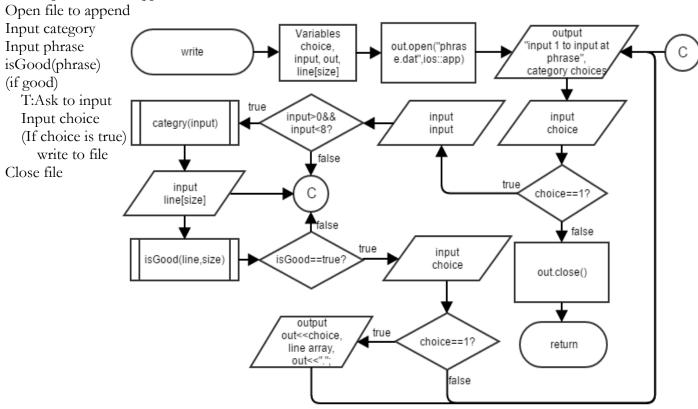
F: Show letter

(If keyboard letter is used)

T: Show square



Write: [Game::write()]



Major Variables:

Local variables of different member functions are not included.

Туре	Variable Name	Description	Location
Player	user	Contains user name, money and score	Game.h, Play.h
stack <clue></clue>	stck	A stack of clues	Game.h
map <int, string=""></int,>	catg	Map of categories	
int	size	Generic variable that shows size	Clue.h, Letter.h
Game	game	Wheel of fortune game object	main
int	category	Number to represent a category	Clue.h
char []	phrase	Phrase	Clue.h
string	name	Name of player	Player.h
int	money	Money	Player.h
int	score	Score	player.h
Clue	clue	Holds category and clue phrase	Play.h
bool	win	Represents whether one lost	Play.h
Keyboard	k	A keyboard object	Play.h
Phrase	p	A phrase object	Play.h
int []	W	Wheel spin options	Play.h
list <letter></letter>	arr	List of letters	Keyboard.h, Phrase.h
list <letter>::iterator</letter>	p	Iterator to travers list	Keyboard.h, Phrase.h
char	letter	A single character that letter represents	Letter.h
bool	isUsed	Shows whether to reveal or hide letter	Letter.h
fstream	in	General input from files	Gameh
Hash	table	A hash table full of clues and phrases	Game.h Play.h
Tree <clue></clue>	tree	A tree of clues for inorder outputting	Game.cpp

References:

CSC-17C class

--For concepts learned

https:://opendsa-server.cs.vt.edu

--Online book for trees and hash introduction

Savitch, Walter. (2014) Problem Solving with C++. Pearson

--For STL introduction

https://www.sgi.com/tech/stl/

-- Extra information on STL

http://wheeloffortuneanswer.com/

-- Copied phrases to fill dictionary

Source Code:

```
* File: main.cpp
* Author: Javier Borja
* Created on October 20, 12:00 PM
* Purpose: Wheel of fortune. Player guesses a phrase with category as a clue.
//System Libraries
#include <iostream> //Input/Output
using namespace std;
//User Libraries
#include "Game.h"
#include "Play.h"
//Global Constants
//Function Prototypes
//Execution
int main(int argc, char** argv){
  //Variables
  Game game;
                   //Wheel of fortune Game object
  char choice;
                 //Menu choice
  //Input Data
  do{
    game.menu();
    cin>>choice;
    cin.ignore();
```

```
cout << "\n\n\n\n\n";
  //Process Data
     switch(choice){
       case'1':{
          game.play();
         break;
       case'2':{
         game.lderBrd();
         break;
       case'3':{
          game.write();
          break;
       }
       case'4':{
          game.read();
         break;
       }
  } while((choice=='1'||choice=='2'||
       choice=='3'||choice=='4'));
  //Process Data
  return 0;
/* File: Play.h
* Author: Javier B
* Created on October 20, 12:00 PM
* Purpose: Class Implementation File for play class
//User Libraries
#include "Play.h"
void Play::play(Game *a){
  //Variables
  win=false;
  unsigned int c; //Temp char
  char s[SIZE]; //Temp string
  //Input Data
  Clue temp;
  temp=a->stck.top();
  a->stck.pop();
  this->clue.setCat(temp.getCat());
  this->clue.setPhrase(temp.getPhrase());
  //Create a new Phrase
  Phrase p;
  p.setArr(temp.getPhrase());
  //Copy Phrase to pointer
  this->p=p;
```

```
}
void Play::end(Game *a){
  //Output Data
  if(a->getMoney()<=0){
     cout<<"The phrase was actually: "<<endl;
     cout<<clue.getPhrase()<<endl;</pre>
     cout << "You have no money.\n"
       "You must restart the game to play again" << endl;
  }else cout<<"Congrats you win!\n"
       "You have $"<<a->getMoney()*10<<".00 left in your account"<<endl;
void Play::spin(Game *a){
  //Variables
  int choice=rand()%WHEEL;//Random wheel choice
  char input;
                    //Letter input
  bool error;
                    //Incorrect letter input
  bool match=false;
                        //Did letter match?
  int money=w[choice]; //Money to add or subtract from user's money
  int points=0;
                     //Counter for points
  bool win=true;
  //Input Data
  cout << "Spinning...\nPress Enter to continue";
  cin.get();
                                                             "<<endl;
  cout<<"_
  if(money==0) cout<<"You spun a free guess"<<endl;
  else cout<<endl<<"You spun $"<<money*10<<".00"<<endl;
  display();
  do{
     try{
       error=false;
       cout<<"What letter do you want to use? ";
       cin>>input;
       cin.ignore();
  //Process Data
       if(!isalpha(input)){
          throw "Input must be part of the alphabet";
       input=static_cast<char>(toupper(input)); //Make uppercase
       if(input == 'A' || input == 'E' || input == 'I' || input == 'O' || input == 'U') \{
         throw "You have to buy vowels";
       for(int i=0;i<ALPHA;i++){
         if(k.getChar(i)==input){
            if(k.isUsed(i)==true){
              cout<<"You already used that letter"<<endl;
            }else k.use(i);
       }
     catch(char const* s){
       cout<<s<endl;
```

```
error=true;
       cout<<"Press enter to continue"<<endl;
       cin.get();
  }while(error); //Keep looping until valid input
  for(int i=0;i< p.getSize();i++){}
    if(input==p.getLetter(i)){ //If letter matches
       points+=10;
                          //Add ten points
       match=true;
                          //Match is true
                        //Don't hide letter anymore
       p.use(i);
    }
  //Output Data
  if(match){ //If match is true
    cout<<"You have been awarded $"<<money*10<<".00"<<endl;
    a->addMoney(money);
    cout<<"You gain 10 points for each letter guessed"<<endl;
    cout<<"You gained "<<points<<" points"<<endl<<endl;</pre>
    a->addScore(points);
    for(int i=0;i<p.getSize();i++){</pre>
       if(p.getUsed(i)==false){
         win=false; //Not all letters are revealed, win=false;
    this->win=win:
                        //All letters of phrase are revealed, win=true
  }else{ //Match is not true
    a->subMoney(money);
    cout<<"
                                                               "<<endl:
    cout<<"You have lost $"<<money*10<<".00."<<endl<<endl;
  if(a->getMoney()<=0)
    end(a);
  if(this->win==true){
    end(a);
void Play::buy(Game *a){
  //Conditions to return
  if((k.isUsed(0))&&(k.isUsed(4))&&(k.isUsed(8))&&(k.isUsed(14))&&(k.isUsed(20))){
    cout<<"You have already bought all the vowels"<<endl;
    return; //Exit
  if(a->getMoney()<=50)
    cout<<"You don't have enough money!"<<endl;
    cout<<"Spin the wheel or guess the puzzle"<<endl;
    cout<<"Input a key to continue: ";
    cin.get();
    return; //Exit
  //Variables
  char input;
               //Input for vowel
  bool error;
               //Error
  bool win=true; //Win
```

```
//Input Data
  do{
     try{
       error=false;
       cout<<"
                                                                   "<<endl;
       display();
       cout<<"Which vowel do you want to buy? ";
       cin>>input;
       cin.ignore();
       input=static_cast<char>(toupper(input));
       if(input=='A'||input=='E'||input=='I'||input=='O'||input=='U'){
       else{
          throw "You did not choose a vowel";
       for(int i=0; i<ALPHA; i++){
          if(k.getChar(i)==input){
            if(k.isUsed(i)==true){
               throw "You already used that letter";
            }else k.use(i);
       }
     catch(char const* s){
       cout<<s<endl;
       error=true;
       cout<<"Press enter to continue"<<endl;
       cin.get();
  } while(error==true); //Loop until valid input
  //Process Data
  cout<<"You have bought a vowel for $500.00"<<endl;
  a->subMoney(50);
                              //Subtract money from user
  for(int i=0;i < p.getSize();i++)
     if(p.getLetter(i)==input) //Reveal vowels from clue phrase
       p.use(i);
  for(int i=0;i<p.getSize();i++){</pre>
     if(p.getUsed(i)==false){
       win=false;//Not all letters are revealed, win=false;
     }
  if(win==true){ //All letters of phrase are revealed,
     this->win=win;//win=true
     end(a);
void Play::guess(Game *a){
  //Variables
  string answer; //Player answer
  int counter=0; //Amount of empty letters in keyboard array
  int score=30; //Points=score*counter
  bool win; //true=win---false=loss
```

```
//Input Data
  display();
  cout<<"Input the final answer: ";
  getline(cin,answer);
  //Process Data
  for(int i=0;i<p.getSize();i++){ //Convert to uppercase
    answer[i]=static_cast<char>(toupper(answer[i]));
  win=a->table.findElmnt(answer);
  cout<<endl;
  //998133622
  //Output Data
  if(win==true){
    for(int i=0;i<p.getSize();i++){ //Go through phrase array to add
       if((p.getUsed(i))==false){ //points for each letter that is not used
         counter++;
    score*=counter;
    cout<<"You gain 30 points for each hidden letter you guessed"<<endl;
    cout<<"You gain "<<score<<" points"<<endl;
    a->addScore(score);
    this->win=win:
                             //Make private member win=local win;
    end(a);
                         //Go to end
  }else{
    cout<<"You did not guess correctly. You have lost $300.00\n";
    a->subMoney(30);
  if(a->getMoney()<=0){
    end(a);
  }
void Play::display(){
  //Output Data
  clue.showCat();
  p.display();
  k.display();
  cout<<endl;
void Play::menu(Game *a){
  //Output Data
  cout<<"Your money = $"<<a->getMoney()*10<<".00"<<endl;
  cout<<endl<<"What would you like to do?"<<endl;
  cout<< " 1. Spin the Wheel �\n"
  " 2. Buy a vowel ($500.00)\n"
  " 3. Solve the Puzzle ⊠(Bad guess lose $300.00)\n"<<endl;
/* File: Phrase.h
* Author: Javier B
* Created on October 20, 12:00 PM
* Purpose: Class Implementation File for Phrase class
*/
```

```
//User Libraries
#include "Phrase.h"
#include "Letter.h"
void Phrase::use(int i){
  p=arr.begin();
  advance(p,i);
  p->use();
void Phrase::setArr(string s){
  //Input Data
  size=s.length();
  p=arr.begin();
  for(int i=0;i<size;i++,p++){ //Initialize phrase array with clue
     arr.push_back(s[i]);
     if(isspace(p->getLetter())){//If letter is space
       p->use();
                          //Don't hide it
     }
  }
}
void Phrase::display(){
  //Output Data
  for(p=arr.begin();p!=arr.end();p++){
                                             //Go through clue array
     if(p->isLtUsed()==false){ //If letter has not been used, hide letter
       cout<<"□";
     }else{
       p->display();
  cout<<endl;
char Phrase::getLetter(int i){
  p=arr.begin();
  advance(p,i);
  return p->getLetter();
bool Phrase::getUsed(int i){
  p=arr.begin();
  advance(p,i);
  return p->isLtUsed();
/* File: Letter.h
* Author: Javier B
* Created on October 20, 12:00 PM
* Purpose: Class Specification File for Letter class
//User Libraries
#include "Letter.h"
Letter::Letter(char a){
```

```
//Process Data
  letter=a;
  isUsed=false;
Letter::Letter(){
  //Process Data
  letter=' ';
  isUsed=false;
/* File: Keyboard.h
* Author: Javier B
* Created on October 20, 12:00 PM
* Purpose: Class Specification File for Keyboard class
//User Libraries
#include "Keyboard.h"
Keyboard::Keyboard(){
  //Initializing the keyboard
  for(int i=0;i<ALPHA;i++){ //Initialize with alphabet
     arr.push_back('A'+i);
void Keyboard::display(){
  //Output Data
  cout<<endl<<"Your keyboard:"<<endl;</pre>
  p=arr.begin();
  for(p=arr.begin();p!=arr.end();p++){//Go through keyboard list
     if(p->isLtUsed()==false){ //If letter has not been used, hide letter
       p->display();
     }else cout<<"∎";
     if((distance(arr.begin(),p)+1)%13==0) cout<<endl;
void Keyboard::use(int i){
  p=arr.begin();
  advance(p,i);
  p->use();
bool Keyboard::isUsed(int i){
  p=arr.begin();
  advance(p,i);
  p->isLtUsed();
char Keyboard::getChar(int i){
  p=arr.begin();
  advance(p,i);
  p->getLetter();
/* File: Hash.h
```

```
* Author: Javier B
* Created on December 10, 2017, 8:56 PM
* Purpose: Class Implementation File for a Hash Class
//User Libraries
#include "hash.h"
int Hash::hashFn(const string s){
  //Hash function
   int seed = 7567;
  for(int i=0;i < s.length();i++){}
     seed^=s[i]*seed<<3;
     seed += s[i] + 7793;
   if(seed<0) return seed*-1;
   else return seed;
//list<string> list; list.begin();
void Hash::addElmnt(string s){
  int bucket=hashFn(s)%size; //Create a hash and bucket
  table[bucket].push_back(s);
                                  //Insert element into bucket
  //Linked list takes care of collisions
bool Hash::findElmnt(string s){
  //Look for bucket based on string
  int bucket=hashFn(s)%size;
  if(table[bucket].empty()){cout<<"empty"<<endl; return false;} //If empty, string is not in hash table
  else{ //Look through list to see if elements match string
     p=table[bucket].begin();
     while(p!=table[bucket].end()){
       if(s==*p){cout<<"Found"<<endl; return true; }//Return if found
  cout << "NOT Found" << endl;
  return false; //Return not found
/* File: Game.h
* Author: Javier B
* Created on October 20, 12:00 PM
* Purpose: Class Implementation File for Game class
//User Libraries
#include "Game.h"
#include "Play.h"
#include "Tree.h"
#include "RecursiveSorts.h"
Game::Game(){
  //Variables
  int n;
             //To hold score and money
  char s[SIZE]; //String to hold phrase
```

```
//Initialize random seed.
  srand(static_cast<unsigned int>(time(0)));
  //Fill Library
  fill();
  //Try to load
  in.open("save.dat",ios::in);
  try{
     if(in.fail()){
       cout<<"No save detected"<<endl;
       throw 0;
     }else{
       if(in>>n){
          cout<<"Save file detected: would you like to continue?"<<endl
            <<"(Both options will delete the profile, you can save later)\n"
            <<"1.Continue\n2.New Game(default)"<<endl;
          cin>>s[0];
          cin.ignore();
          if(s[0]=='1'){
            in.getline(s,SIZE,'.');
            user.name=s;
            user.money=n;
            in>>user.score;
          }else throw 0;
       }else{
          cout << "No save detected" << endl;
          throw 0;
       }
     }
  catch(const int &){
     cout<<"Input your name: ";</pre>
     getline(cin,user.name);
  cout<<"Welcome to Wheel of Fortune "<<user.name<<"!\n";
  //Close istream
  in.close();
  in.clear();
  //Clear save
  ofstream out;
  out.open("save.dat",ios::out | ios::trunc);
  out.close();
Game::~Game(){
  //Variables
  ofstream out; //Output
  //Output Data
  char choice;
  cout<<"Thanks for playing "<<user.name<<"!"<<endl;
  cout<<"Your final score: "<<user.score<<" points"<<endl;</pre>
```

```
if(user.money>0){
     cout<<"Do you wish to save?\n1.Save\n2.Exit without saving(default)\n";
     cin>>choice;
     cin.ignore();
  if(choice!='1'||user.money<=0){
     cout<<"\nDo you wish to add your score to the leaderboard?\n"
       "Input 1 to add\n"
       "Input 2 to exit(default): ";
     cin>>choice;
     if(choice=='1') addLder(); //Add to leaderboard
  }else{
     if(user.name.size()==0){
       cout << "Error: No name" << endl;
       return;
     out.open("save.dat",ios::out);
     out<<user.money<<user.name<<"."<<user.score;
     out.close();
     cout<<"Your file has been saved"<<endl;
void Game::addLder(){
  if(user.name.size()==0){
     cout << "Error: No name" << endl;
     return;
  //Variables
  ofstream out; //Output
           //Size of string
  int n;
  //Output Data
  out.open("users.dat",ios::out|ios::app);
  out<<user.name.size()<<user.name<<user.score<<endl;
  cout << "Your score has been added" << endl;
  //Close files
  out.close();
void Game::fill(){
  //Variables
  vector<Clue> arr; //Vector that contains clues and category
  unsigned int a; //Temp char
                  //Temp clue
  Clue temp;
  char s[SIZE]; //Temp char array
  //Open File
  in.open("phrase.dat",ios::in);
  if(in.fail()){
     cout<<"CRITICAL ERROR: File opening failed"<<endl;</pre>
     exit(1);
  //Input Data
```

```
while(in>>a){
     in.getline(s,SIZE,'\r');
     temp.setCat(a);
     temp.setPhrase(s);
     arr.push back(temp);
     table.addElmnt(s); //Add string into hash table
  //Process Data
  random_shuffle(arr.begin(),arr.end());
  vector<Clue>::iterator p;
  for(p=arr.begin();p!=arr.end();p++){
     this->stck.push(*p);
  //Close Files
  in.close();
void Game::lderBrd(){
  //Variables
  fstream in;
                     //Input from file
  int n;
                  //Size of string that is read from file
  set<Player,greater<Player> > arr;//Set of Player structures
  Player temp;
                      //Temp Player for input
  string a;
                    //Player inputs to continue
  in.clear();
  try{
     //Open files
     in.open("users.dat",ios::in);
     if(in.fail()){
       throw "users.dat not found";
     //Input Data
     while(in>>n){ //Get size of string
       temp.name.resize(n); //Resize string size to n
       in.read(&temp.name[0],n);//In name string of size n
       in>>temp.score;
       arr.insert(temp);
     cout<<"Input sort method:\n1.By score(default)\n2.By name\n";
     cin>>n;
     cin.ignore();
     //Output Data
     if(n==2)
       vector<Player> a(arr.begin(),arr.end());
       sort(a.begin(),a.end(),name_sort());
       cout<<"Sorted Leaderboard by name:"<<endl;
       vector<Player>::iterator p;
       for(p=a.begin();p!=a.end();p++){
         cout<<p->name;
          cout<<setw(5)<<right<<p->score<<" points"<<endl<<endl;</pre>
     }else{
       Tree<Player> tree;
```

```
cout<<"Sorted Leaderboard by score:"<<endl;
       set<Player>::iterator p;
       for(p=arr.begin();p!=arr.end();p++){
          tree.insert(*p);
       tree.inorder();
     cout<<"Press enter to continue"<<endl;
     getline(cin,a);
  catch(char* const s){
     in.close();
     cout<<s<<endl;
  //Close files
  in.close();
void Game::read(){
  //Variables
  Clue clue;
                //Temporary Clue to fill
  unsigned int n; //Categories are numbered
  char s[SIZE]; //String to hold phrase
  char choice; //Choice variable
  queue<Clue> que;//Queue of clues
  //Open File
  in.clear();
  in.open("phrase.dat",ios::in);
  if(in.fail()){
     cout<<"CRITICAL ERROR: File opening failed"<<endl;
     return;
  cout << "Choose display option:\n1.Unsorted(default)\n2.Sorted\n";
  cin>>choice;
  cin.ignore();
  //Output Data
  if(choice=='2'){
     cout<<"Choose sort option:\n1.Binary tree inorder output(default)\n"
          "2.Recursive Sort\n"
          "3.STL sort\n";
     cin>>choice;
     cin.ignore();
    if(choice=='3'){
       set<Clue>::iterator p;
       for(int i=0; i<7; i++){
          set<Clue> tset;
          in.clear();
         in.seekg(0,ios::beg); //Go back to beginning
          while(in>>n){}
                              //Repeat until in can't extract a char
            in.getline(s,SIZE,'\r');
            if(n==i+1){
               clue.setCat(n);
               clue.setPhrase(s);
```

```
tset.insert(clue);
    for(p=tset.begin();p!=tset.end();p++){
       que.push(*p);
  int a=1,b=1; //Variables for algorthm
  while(!que.empty()){
    clue=que.front();
     que.pop();
     if(clue.getCat()==a){
       b=clue.getCat();
    if(a==b){ //Algorithm for showing category once
       cout<<endl;
       clue.showCat();
       a++;
    cout<<clue.getPhrase()<<endl;</pre>
}else if(choice=='2'){
  vector<Clue> array;
  in.clear();
  in.seekg(0,ios::beg); //Go back to beginning
  while(in>>n){
    in.getline(s,SIZE,'\r');
    clue.setCat(n);
    clue.setPhrase(s);
    array.push_back(clue);
  cout<<"\nChoose type of recursive sort\n"
      "1. Recursive Bubble(default):\n2. Recursive Insertion:"<<endl;
  cin>>choice;
  cin.ignore();
  if(choice=='2') insertRec(array,array.size());
  else bubbleRec(array,array.size());
  vector<Clue>::iterator p;
  for(p=array.begin();p!=array.end();p++){
    cout<<*p<<endl;
}else{
  cout << "Choice 1" << endl;
  //Variables
  Tree<Clue> tree;
  in.clear();
  in.seekg(0,ios::beg); //Go back to beginning
  while(in>>n){
                      //Repeat until in can't extract a char
    in.getline(s,SIZE,'\r');
    clue.setCat(n);
    clue.setPhrase(s);
    tree.insert(clue);
  tree.inorder();
```

```
else{
     while(in>>n){
                       //Repeat until in can't extract a char
          in.getline(s,SIZE,'\r');
          clue.setCat(n); //Set category
          clue.showCat(); //View category
         cout<<s<endl; //Output string
  }
  //Input Data
  in.close();
  cout<<endl<<"Input anything to continue: ";</pre>
  cin.get();
void Game::write(){
  //Variables
  char choice; //Menu choice
  char input; //Input for sub-menu
  fstream out; //Output to file
  char line[SIZE];//Character array of size=44
  Clue clue;
  //Open File
  out.open("phrase.dat",ios::app);
  //Input Data
  cout<<endl<<"Input 1 to input a phrase\n"
       "Input 0 to exit: ";
  cin>>choice;
  cin.ignore();
  if(choice=='1'){
     cout<<endl<<"Input a category:\n";</pre>
     for(int i=1; i<=7; i++){
       cout<<i<" ";
       clue.setCat(i);
       clue.showCat();
    cout<<endl<<"0 Exit(default)"<<endl;
     cin>>input;
     cin.ignore();
  //Output Data
     if(input>48&&input<56){ //If input is '1'-'7'
       clue.setCat(input-48);
       cout<<"Input your phrase(max 44 characters): "<<endl;</pre>
       cin.getline(line,SIZE);
       if(isGood(line)){ //If input is good ask if wish to append
          cin>>choice;
          cin.ignore();
          if(choice=='1'){
            out<<input;
            for(int i=0;i<strlen(line);i++){
               out<<static_cast<char>(toupper(line[i])); //Make uppercase
            out<<'\r';
```

```
cout<<"You must restart the game for effects to take effect"<<endl;
       }
     }
  }
  //Close File
  out.close();
bool Game::isGood(char a[]){
  //Process Data
  try{
     if(strlen(a)<4||strlen(a)>44){ //If char array doesn't fit size limit
       throw "ERROR: Phrase must be greater than 3 characters and less than 44";
     for(int i=0;i < strlen(a);i++){
       if(isdigit(a[i])||(!isalpha(a[i])\&\&!isspace(a[i])))\{//If not space or letter
         throw "ERROR: Input must be characters only\n";
       }
     }
  //Output Data
     cout<<"Do you really wish to add the following phrase?"<<endl;
     for(int i=0; i < strlen(a); i++){
       cout<<static_cast<char>(toupper(a[i]));
     cout<<endl<<"Input 1 to append\n"
          "Or anything else to cancel: ";
     return true;
  }
  //Catch errors
  catch(char const* s){
     cout<<s<<endl;
     return false;
void Game::menu(){
  //Output Data
  cout<<"\n\nYour money: $"<<user.money*10<<".00\n"
     "Your score: "<<user.score<<" points\n\n"
     "Select an option below:\n"
     " 1. Begin a new game of Wheel of Fortune\n"
     " 2. View the leaderboard\n"
     " 3. Append to the Library\n"
     " 4. View the Library(You'll spoil all the answers!)\n\n";
  if(user.money>0) cout<<"Any other input to exit and save your progress: ";
  else cout<<"Any other input to exit: ";
void Game::play(){
  if(user.money<0){
     cout<<"You have no money. Restart to play again."<<endl;
     return;
```

```
//Variables
  Play obj;
               //Play object
  char option; //Menu option
  obj.play(this); //Start playing
  //Input Data
  do{
     obj.display(); //Display hidden phrase and available keyboard letters
       obj.menu(this); //Display menu
       cin>>option;
       cin.ignore();
       switch(option){
         case'1':
            obj.spin(this);
            break;
         case'2':
            obj.buy(this);
            break;
          case'3':
            obj.guess(this);
            break;
          default: cout << "ERROR: Bad Input" << endl;
     }while(option<49||option>51);
  //Loop until win or lose
  } while((obj.getWin()==false)&&(obj.getMoney(this)>0));
/* File: Clue.h
* Author: Javier B
* Created on October 20, 12:00 PM
* Purpose: Class Implementation File for Clue class
//User Libraries
#include "Clue.h"
Clue::Clue(){
  catg[1]="TV Show";
  catg[2]="Event";
  catg[3]="Movie";
  catg[4]="Landmark";
  catg[5]="Famous Person";
  catg[6]="Thing";
  catg[7]="Song Title";
void Clue::setCat(unsigned int n){
  categry=n;
void Clue::setPhrase(string s){
  size=s.length();
  //Input Data
  for(int i=0;i<s.length();i++){
```

```
phrase[i]=s[i];
  phrase[size]=\0';
/* File: Hash.h
* Author: Javier B
* Created on December 10, 2017, 8:56 PM
* Purpose: Class Specification File for a Hash Class
#ifndef HASH_H
#define HASH_H
//System Libraries
#include <iostream> //Input/ Output Stream Library
#include <vector> //Vectors
#include <list> //Lists
using namespace std; //Namespace of the System Libraries
//User Libraries
class Hash{
  private:
    int size=500; //Max hash table size to minimize collisions. 500 buckets.
    vector<list<string> > table;
    list<string>::iterator p; //Iterator to traverse linked list
    int hashFn(const string); //Hash Function
  public:
    Hash()
    {vector<list<string> > preTable(size);
    table=preTable;} //Pre allocating memory
    void addElmnt(string); //Add element into hash table
    bool findElmnt(string);//Find element in the hash table. True if found.
};
#endif
* File: Tree.cpp
* Author: Javier Borja
* Created on December 4, 2017, 10:00 AM
* Reference: http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/binary-tree-data-structure/
         https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/AVL_tree
* Purpose: Tree class Specification and Implementation file
#ifndef TREE H
#define TREE H
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
template<class T>
struct node{
  T data;
```

```
node* left=NULL;
  node* right=NULL;
  int height=0;
};
template<class T>
class Tree{
  private:
     node<T> *root;
     //Setter
     node<T>* insert(node<T> *,T); //Insert data as a new leaf
     //Delete
     void delTree(node<T> *);
                                   //Deletes itself
     node<T>* delData(node<T> *,T); //Delete a single node, and replace it
     node < T > * min(node < T > *);
                                    //Helper for deleting, no need for max
     //Display
     void inorder(node<T> *);
                                  //View left-root-right
     void preorder(node<T> *);
                                   //View root-left-right
     void postorder(node<T> *); //View left-right-root
     //Balacing Functions
     node<T>* balance(node<T> *); //Performs balancing based on bottom conditions
     node < T > * LL(node < T > *);
                                   //1 Right rotation
     node < T > * LR(node < T > *);
                                   //Left rotate, then Right rotate
     node < T > * RL(node < T > *);
                                  //Right rotate, then left rotate
     node < T > * RR(node < T > *);
                                   //1 Left rotation
     int height(node<T> *leaf) //Helper to keep tree balanced
     {if(leaf==NULL) return -1; return leaf->height;}
  public:
     //Constructor
     Tree()
     {root=NULL;}
     Tree(T data)
     {root=NULL; root=insert(root,data);}
     //Destructor
     ~Tree()
     {delTree(root);}
     //Set
     void insert(T data) //Insert data as a new leaf
     {root=insert(root,data);}
     //Mutate
     void delData(T data)
     {root=delData(root,data);}
     //Display
     void inorder()
                      //View left-root-right
     {inorder(root); cout<<endl;}
     void preorder() //View root-left-right
     {preorder(root); cout<<endl;}
```

```
void postorder() //View left-right-root
     {postorder(root); cout<<endl;}
};
template<class T>
void Tree<T>::delTree(node<T> *leaf){
  if(leaf!=NULL){
     delTree(leaf->left);
     delTree(leaf->right);
     delete leaf;
  }
}
template<class T>
node<T>* Tree<T>::insert(node<T> *leaf,T data){
  if(leaf==NULL){
     leaf=new node<T>;
     leaf->data=data;
  }else if(data<leaf->data){
     leaf->left=insert(leaf->left,data);
     if(height(leaf->left)-height(leaf->right)==2){
       if(data<leaf->left->data)
          leaf=LL(leaf);
       else
         leaf=RL(leaf);
  }else if(data>leaf->data){
     leaf->right=insert(leaf->right,data);
     if(height(leaf->right)-height(leaf->left)==2){
       if(data>leaf->right->data) leaf=RR(leaf);
       else leaf=LR(leaf);
     }
  int hLeft=height(leaf->left), hRight=height(leaf->right);
  if(hLeft>hRight) leaf->height=hLeft+1;
  else leaf->height=hRight+1;
  return leaf;
template<class T>
node<T>* Tree<T>::LL(node<T> *leaf){
  node<T> *child=leaf->left;
  leaf->left=child->right;
  child->right=leaf;
     int hLeft=height(leaf->left), hRight=height(leaf->right);
     if(hLeft>hRight) leaf->height=hLeft+1;
     else leaf->height=hRight+1;
     int hLeft=height(child->left), hRight=leaf->height;
     if(hLeft>hRight) child->height=hLeft+1;
     else child->height=hRight+1;
  return child;
```

```
template<class T>
node<T>* Tree<T>::LR(node<T> *leaf){
  leaf->right=LL(leaf->right);
  return RR(leaf);
template<class T>
node<T>* Tree<T>::RL(node<T> *leaf){
  leaf->left=RR(leaf->left);
  return LL(leaf);
template<class T>
node<T>* Tree<T>::RR(node<T> *leaf){
  node<T>* child=leaf->right;
  leaf->right=child->left;
  child->left=leaf;
    int hLeft=height(leaf->left), hRight=height(leaf->right);
    if(hLeft>hRight) leaf->height=hLeft+1;
    else leaf->height=hRight+1;
    int hLeft=height(leaf->right), hRight=leaf->height;
    if(hLeft>hRight) child->height=hLeft+1;
    else child->height=hRight+1;
  }
  return child;
template<class T>
node<T>* Tree<T>::min(node<T> *leaf){
  if(leaf==NULL) return NULL;
  else if(leaf->left==NULL) return leaf;
  else return min(leaf->left);
template<class T>
node<T>* Tree<T>::delData(node<T> *leaf,T data){
  if(leaf == NULL) return NULL;
  else if(data<leaf->data) //Go left if data is less than
    leaf->left=delData(leaf->left, data);
  else if(data>leaf->data) //Go right if data is greater than
    leaf->right=delData(leaf->left, data);
  else if(leaf->left!=NULL&&leaf->right!=NULL){
    node<T>* temp=min(leaf->right);
    leaf->data=temp->data;
    leaf->right=delData(leaf->right,leaf->data);
  }else{
    node<T>* temp=leaf;
    if(leaf->left==NULL)
       leaf=leaf->right;
    else if(leaf->right==NULL)
       leaf=leaf->left;
```

```
delete temp;
  }if(leaf==NULL)
     return leaf;
  int hLeft=height(leaf->left),hRight=height(leaf->right);
  if(hLeft>hRight) leaf->height=hLeft+1;
  else leaf->height=hRight+1;
  leaf=balance(leaf);
  return leaf;
template<class T>
node<T>* Tree<T>::balance(node<T> *leaf){
  if(height(leaf->left)-height(leaf->right)==2){
     if(height(leaf->left->left)-height(leaf->left->right)==1)
        return RR(leaf); //Rotate left once
     else return LR(leaf); //Rotate left, then right
  else if(height(leaf->right)-height(leaf->left)==2){
     if(height(leaf->right->right)-height(leaf->right->left)==1)
        return LL(leaf); //Rotate right once
     else return RL(leaf); //Rotate right, then left
  return leaf;
template<class T>
void Tree<T>::inorder(node<T> *leaf){
  if(leaf!=NULL){
     inorder(leaf->left);
     cout<<leaf->data<<endl;
     inorder(leaf->right);
  }
}
template<class T>
void Tree<T>::preorder(node<T> *leaf){
  if(leaf!=NULL){
     cout<<leaf->data<<endl;
     preorder(leaf->left);
    preorder(leaf->right);
template<class T>
void Tree<T>::postorder(node<T> *leaf){
  if(leaf!=NULL){
     postorder(leaf->left);
     postorder(leaf->right);
     cout<<leaf->data<<endl;
  }
#endif /* TREE H */
/* File: RecursiveSorts.h
* Author: Javier B
* Created on December 7, 2017, 11:49 AM
* Purpose:Specification File for Recursive Sorts
```

```
*/
```

```
#ifndef RECURSIVESORTS_H
#define RECURSIVESORTS_H
//System Libraries
#include <vector>
using namespace std; //Namespace of the System Libraries
//User Libraries
//Functions
//Recursive bubble Sort (Parameters: Vector, Sizeof() vector)
template<class T>
void bubbleRec(vector<T> &array,int size){
  if(size==1) return; //Finished recursion
  //Process Data
  for(int i=0;i < size-1;i++){
    if(array[i]>array[i+1]){
       T temp=array[i];
       array[i]=array[i+1];
       array[i+1]=temp;
  //End is sorted, sort previous
  bubbleRec(array,size-1);
//Recursive insertion Sort (Parameters: Vector, Sizeof() vector)
template<class T>
void insertRec(vector<T> &array,int size){
  if(size<=1) return; //Keep recursion going until you reach first index
  //Process Data
  insertRec(array,size-1); //From beg()array to end()array
  T key=array[size-1];
  int flag=size-2;
  while(flag>=0&&array[flag]>key){
    //swap()
    array[flag+1]=array[flag];
    flag-=1;
  array[flag+1]=key;
#endif /* RECURSIVESORTS_H */
/* File: Player.h
* Author: Javier B
* Created on October 20, 12:00 PM
* Purpose: Struct Specification File for Player
#ifndef PLAYER_H
#define PLAYER_H
```

```
//System Libraries
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std; //Namespace of the System Libraries
//User Libraries
struct Player{
  string name;
  int money;
  unsigned int score;
  Player(){
    money=50; //Player starts with $500.00
    score=0; //Player starts with 0 points
  friend bool operator> (const Player &left, const Player &right)
  {return left.score>right.score;}
  friend bool operator< (const Player &left, const Player &right)
  {return left.score<right.score;}
  friend ostream& operator<<(ostream &out,const Player p){
    out<<p.name<<setw(5)<<right<<p.score<<" points"<<endl;
};
struct name_sort{
  bool operator()(const Player &left, const Player &right)
  {return left.name<right.name;}
#endif /* PLAYER_H */
/* File: Play.h
* Author: Javier B
* Created on October 20, 12:00 PM
* Purpose: Class Specification File for play class
#ifndef PLAY_H
#define PLAY_H
//System Libraries
#include <string> //Strings
using namespace std; //Namespace of the System Libraries
//User Libraries
#include "Game.h"
#include "Keyboard.h"
#include "Phrase.h"
//Variables
const int WHEEL=12; //Size of wheel
class Play{
  private:
    Clue clue; //Category and clue phrase
    bool win; //Win or lose
```

```
Keyboard k; //Keyboard
    Phrase p; //Phrase
    int w[WHEEL]={0,5,5,10,10,15,15,20,25,30,35,40}; //Wheel spin options
  public:
    //Member Functions
    void play(Game *); //The actual game
    void end(Game *); //Ending screen, win or lose
    void spin(Game *); //Spin the wheel
    void buy(Game *); //Buy a vowel
    void guess(Game *);//Guess the phrase
    void display(); //Display the keyboard and hidden phrase
    void menu(Game *); //Outputs the game menu
    //Accessors
    bool getWin()
                        //Returns win boolean
    {return win;}
    int getMoney(Game *a) //Returns player's money
    {return a->getMoney();}
};
#endif /* PLAY_H */
/* File: Phrase.h
* Author: Javier B
* Created on October 20, 12:00 PM
* Purpose: Class Specification File for Phrase class
#ifndef PHRASE_H
#define PHRASE_H
//System Libraries
#include <iostream> //Input/Output
#include <string> //String Library
using namespace std; //Namespace of the System Libraries
//User Libraries
#include "Letter.h"
class Phrase: public Letter{
  private:
    list<Letter> arr;
                        //List
    list<Letter>::iterator p;//Iterator to traverse
    int size; //Size of array
  public:
    //Mutators
    void use(int i);
    //Accessors
    int getSize(){return size;}
    char getLetter(int);
    bool getUsed(int);
    //Member Functions
    void setArr(string);
    void display() override;
```

```
};
#endif /* PHRASE H */
/* File: Letter.h
* Author: Javier B
* Created on October 20, 12:00 PM
* Purpose: Class Specification File for Letter class
#ifndef LETTER_H
#define LETTER_H
//System Libraries
#include <iostream> //Input/Output
#include <list>
                 //list
using namespace std; //Namespace of the System Libraries
//User Libraries
class Letter{
  protected:
     char letter;
     bool isUsed;
  public:
     //Constructors
     Letter(char);
     Letter();
     //Mutators
     void setChar(char a)
     {letter=a;}
     void use()
     {isUsed=true;}
    //Accessors
     char getLetter(){return letter;}
    bool isLtUsed(){return isUsed;}
    //Member functions
     virtual void display(){cout<<letter;}</pre>
};
#endif /* LETTER_H */
/* File: Keyboard.h
* Author: Javier B
* Created on October 20, 12:00 PM
* Purpose: Class Specification File for Keyboard class
#ifndef KEYBOARD_H
#define KEYBOARD_H
//System Libraries
#include <iostream> //Input/Output
using namespace std; //Namespace of the System Libraries
```

```
//User Libraries
#include "Letter.h"
//Constants
const int ALPHA=26; //Size of the alphabet
class Keyboard: public Letter{
  public:
    list<Letter> arr;
                        //List
    list<Letter>::iterator p;//Iterator to traverse
  public:
    //Constructor
    Keyboard();
    //Mutators
    void use(int);
    //Accessors
    bool isUsed(int);
    char getChar(int);
    //Member functions
    void display() override;
};
#endif /* KEYBOARD_H */
/* File: Game.h
* Author: Javier B
* Created on October 20, 12:00 PM
* Purpose: Class Specification File for Game class
#ifndef GAME_H
#define GAME_H
//System Libraries
#include <iomanip> //Output manipulation
#include <vector> //Vectors
#include <algorithm> //For performing some algorithm functions
#include <stack> //Stacks
#include <iterator> //Iterator
#include <set>
                 //Sets
#include <queue> //Queues
using namespace std; //Namespace of the System Libraries
//User Libraries
#include "Player.h"
#include "Clue.h"
#include "Hash.h"
//Variables
const int SIZE=44; //Max Size of Char array
class Game{
  private:
```

```
Hash table;
                    //A hash table full of phrases
     Player user;
                    //The player
     stack <Clue> stck; //A stack of clues
     fstream in;
                    //Input
  public:
     //Constructor
     Game(); //Load game, Introduction, sets random seed, creates library
     //Destructor
     ~Game(); //closes file streams, appends to leaderboard, save game
     //Mutators
     void setName(string s)
                                //Sets a player's name
     {user.name=s;}
     void setScore(unsigned int n) //Sets a player's score
     {user.score=n;}
                               //Sets a player's money
     void setMoney(int n)
     {user.money=n;}
     //Accessors
     string getName(){return user.name;}
     unsigned int getScore(){return user.score;}
     int getMoney(){return user.money;}
     //Member Functions
                     //Creates an index to the library
     void fill();
     void menu():
                       //Displays the menu
     void lderBrd();
                        //Displays a leaderboard
     void write();
                      //Appends to the library
     void read();
                      //Displays the entire library
     void addLder();
                        //Adds profile to leaderboard
     bool isGood(char[]); //Input verification
     void play();
                      //Play the game
     //Add Functions
     void addMoney(int n)
     {user.money+=n;}
     void addScore(unsigned int n)
     {user.score+=n;}
     //Subtract Functions
     void subMoney(int n)
     {user.money-=n;}
     //Play class can access private members of Game class
     friend class Play;
#endif /* GAME H */
/* File: Clue.h
* Author: Javier B
* Created on October 20, 12:00 PM
* Purpose: Class Specification File for Clue class
```

};

```
#ifndef CLUE_H
#define CLUE H
//System Libraries
#include <string> //Strings
#include <iostream> //Input/Output
#include <fstream> //File input/Output
#include <cstring> //Cstrings for strlen() function
#include <map>
                   //Maps
using namespace std; //Namespace of the System Libraries
//User Libraries
class Clue{
  private:
    map<int, string> catg;//Map of categories
    int size;
    unsigned int categry; //Number to represent a category
    char phrase[44];
                      //Max Phrase length
  public:
    Clue(); //Initialize the map
    //Mutators
    void setCat(unsigned int);
    void setPhrase(string);
    //Accessors
    char getPhrase(int i)
    {return phrase[i];}
    string getPhrase()
    {return phrase;}
    int getSize()
    {return strlen(phrase);}
    unsigned int getCat()
    {return categry;}
    //Output
    void showCat()
    {cout<<catg[categry]<<endl;}
    //Operator overload
    friend bool operator< (const Clue &left,const Clue &right){
       string a=left.phrase,b=right.phrase;
       return a<b;
    friend bool operator> (const Clue &left,const Clue &right){
       string a=left.phrase,b=right.phrase;
       return a>b;
    friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& out, Clue &clue){
       clue.showCat();
       out<<clue.phrase<<endl;
    }
};
#endif /* CLUE_H */
```