Extensiones del modelo lineal: modelos aditivos

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1 Modelo

- Los extensiones del modelo lineal estudiados hasta ahora utilizan solo un regresor.
- Los Modelos Aditivos constituyen la manera natural de extender el modelo:
- Datos: $\{y_i, x_{1i}, x_{2i}, \dots, x_{pi}\}, i = 1, \dots, n$

$$y_i = \beta_0 + f(x_{1i}) + f(x_{2i}) + \dots + f(x_{pi}) + u_i$$

donde cada $f(x_i)$ puede ser un polinomio, un spline, un término $\beta_k x_{ki}$, una interacción,...

2 Ejemplo

age

Queremos trabajar con el modelo:

```
wage \sim \beta_0 + f_1(year) + f_2(age) + f_3(education) + \epsilon
```

• Cuando las f_i están datas en términos de **funciones base**, se puede estimar el modelo utilizando mínimos cuadrados:

```
m1 = lm(wage ~ poly(age, degree = 3) + education, data = d)
summary(m1)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = wage ~ poly(age, degree = 3) + education, data = d)
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                  1Q
                       Median
                                    3Q
                                            Max
## -100.235 -16.770
                       -0.634
                                16.194
                                         90.930
##
## Coefficients:
##
                               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                 85.371
                                             1.622 52.621 < 2e-16 ***
## poly(age, degree = 3)1
                                307.473
                                            26.666 11.530 < 2e-16 ***
## poly(age, degree = 3)2
                                            26.641 -13.022 < 2e-16 ***
                               -346.911
## poly(age, degree = 3)3
                                 92.928
                                            26.569
                                                     3.498 0.000476 ***
## education2. HS Grad
                                  9.971
                                             1.832
                                                     5.442 5.71e-08 ***
## education3. Some College
                                 21.329
                                             1.930
                                                    11.049
                                                            < 2e-16 ***
## education4. College Grad
                                 33.318
                                             1.925
                                                    17.311 < 2e-16 ***
## education5. Advanced Degree
                                 48.243
                                             2.125
                                                    22.705 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 26.53 on 2913 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3119, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3102
## F-statistic: 188.6 on 7 and 2913 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
m2 = lm(wage ~ year + poly(age, degree = 3) + education, data = d)
summary(m2)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = wage ~ year + poly(age, degree = 3) + education,
##
       data = d
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q
                    Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -103.84 -16.77
                     -0.81
                             15.76
                                     92.14
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                               -2175.3992
                                            485.2418 -4.483 7.64e-06 ***
                                                       4.659 3.32e-06 ***
## year
                                   1.1271
                                              0.2419
## poly(age, degree = 3)1
                                 302.7188
                                             26.5913 11.384 < 2e-16 ***
## poly(age, degree = 3)2
                                -350.2735
                                             26.5566 -13.190 < 2e-16 ***
## poly(age, degree = 3)3
                                  96.7958
                                             26.4880
                                                       3.654 0.000262 ***
## education2. HS Grad
                                              1.8257
                                                       5.443 5.69e-08 ***
                                   9.9366
## education3. Some College
                                              1.9237 11.117 < 2e-16 ***
                                  21.3851
```

```
## education4. College Grad
                                 33.2497
                                             1.9179 17.336 < 2e-16 ***
## education5. Advanced Degree
                                 48.1041
                                             2.1174 22.718 < 2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 26.43 on 2912 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.317, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3151
## F-statistic: 168.9 on 8 and 2912 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
library(splines)
m3 = lm(wage \sim ns(year, df = 4) + poly(age, degree = 3) + education, data = d)
summary(m3)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = wage ~ ns(year, df = 4) + poly(age, degree = 3) +
      education, data = d)
##
## Residuals:
       Min
                 1Q
                     Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -103.784 -16.784
                      -0.805
                               15.869
                                        92.258
##
## Coefficients:
##
                              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                81.415
                                            1.909 42.648 < 2e-16 ***
                                                   2.832 0.004663 **
## ns(year, df = 4)1
                                 7.482
                                            2.642
                                 3.338
## ns(year, df = 4)2
                                            2.254
                                                   1.481 0.138761
## ns(year, df = 4)3
                                 8.609
                                            3.204
                                                   2.686 0.007262 **
## ns(year, df = 4)4
                                                   3.383 0.000726 ***
                                 6.178
                                            1.826
## poly(age, degree = 3)1
                               303.571
                                           26.597 11.414 < 2e-16 ***
## poly(age, degree = 3)2
                                           26.587 -13.155 < 2e-16 ***
                              -349.741
## poly(age, degree = 3)3
                                97.189
                                           26.499
                                                    3.668 0.000249 ***
## education2. HS Grad
                                                    5.397 7.33e-08 ***
                                 9.858
                                            1.827
## education3. Some College
                                21.240
                                            1.926 11.030 < 2e-16 ***
## education4. College Grad
                                33.223
                                            1.919 17.310 < 2e-16 ***
## education5. Advanced Degree
                                48.033
                                            2.118 22.680 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 26.43 on 2909 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3177, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3152
## F-statistic: 123.2 on 11 and 2909 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
  • Comparamos los tres modelos con el contraste de la F:
anova(m1,m2)
## Analysis of Variance Table
## Model 1: wage ~ poly(age, degree = 3) + education
## Model 2: wage ~ year + poly(age, degree = 3) + education
               RSS Df Sum of Sq
                                     F
                                          Pr(>F)
    Res.Df
      2913 2049905
## 2
      2912 2034737 1
                          15168 21.707 3.319e-06 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Los modelos no son equivalentes, y como en m2 ha salido significativo el coeficiente de year, nos quedamos con m2.

anova(m2,m3)

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: wage ~ year + poly(age, degree = 3) + education
## Model 2: wage ~ ns(year, df = 4) + poly(age, degree = 3) + education
## Res.Df RSS Df Sum of Sq F Pr(>F)
## 1 2912 2034737
## 2 2909 2032438 3 2299.3 1.097 0.3491
```

Los modelos son equivalentes, nos quedamos con $\mathrm{m}2$ ya que tiene menos parámetros.