

# Master thesis project – Image processing to detect worms

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## **Background**



Images of biological samples are no longer just overview pictures; they are measurements. To turn images into manageable data the computer has to be able to make sense of them. The purpose of this project is to detect *C.elegans* worms (larva) in liquid media. The project can be extended to allow tracking (using microscope XY stage) of worms moving on plates if time allows.

## **General Approach**

- Read literature on past attempts
- Test algorithms. The following are likely good candidates:
  - Thresholding
  - Distance transform, morphology
  - Shape-fitting, energy formulation
- Comparison with expert annotated images

## Detailed plan

This is based on how we currently think we can solve the problem and our strategy.

### ***Specific results that are to be obtained and its possible application***

- Shape definition plugin for Endrov
- Polygon ROI and rasterizer
- Algorithm with
  - Input: Images of worms in liquid culture
  - Output: Fitted shapes of worms

### ***Activities that the project involve***

- Working with a large source code with GIT version control
- Java programming
- Finding a suitable thresholding algorithm
- Doing the math required to use a normal continuous optimization algorithm which does not require differentials
- Rasterizing and maybe tessellating general polygons
- Finding a good shape descriptor
- Optimizing code, both data structures and constant time factor
- Benchmarking algorithm with hand-annotated images
- If time allows, see if algorithm also can be used to track worms on agar plates

### ***Points of interest that must be studied or analyzed during the project development***

Should look at other shape-fitting algorithms. Benchmark to fine-tune fitting parameters.

### ***Estimated time***

1. Finding a good thresholding algorithm, 3w
2. Rasterizer and polygon ROI, 3w
3. Implement shape descriptor, 3w
4. Implement optimizer (use a library if possible), 2-4w
5. Misc helper image processing functions, 1w
6. Fine-tune and benchmark algorithm. Some way of guessing initial shape, 7w

Literature study included in each step.

Step 1-5 are straight-forward. Minimum objective is the full implementation.

Step 6 can fail entirely; minimum objective is an attempt and if it does not work, documentation of what the problems are and suggestions for further work.

## ***Required resources***

Computer and test images made available by KI.

## ***Technical fields that are addressed during the project development***

- Java programming
- Numerical optimization (use off-the-shelf algorithm)
- Image processing (thresholding)
- Computer graphics (rendering)
- Code optimization
- Algorithms, data structures (simple ones, only if code too slow)
- Interpolation (maybe splines)