# Exercises for Chapter 20: Functions

# Try It Yourself

The projects in this section are meant to have you utilize all of the skills that you have acquired throughout this chapter. Here are some exercises that will help you test the depth of your understanding.

1) Write a stored function called new\_student\_id that takes in no parameters and returns a student.student\_id%TYPE. The value returned will be used when inserting a new student into the CTA application. It will be derived by using the formula: student id seq.NEXTVAL.

Answer: The function should look similar to the following:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION new_student_id
RETURN student.student_id%TYPE
AS

v_student_id student.student_id%TYPE;
BEGIN

SELECT student_id_seq.NEXTVAL

INTO v_student_id

FROM dual;

RETURN(v_student_id);
END;
```

2) Write a stored function called <code>zip\_does\_not\_exist</code> that takes in a <code>zipcode.zip%TYPE</code> and returns a Boolean. The function will return TRUE if the zipcode passed into it does not exist. It will return a FALSE if the zipcode exists. Hint: An example of how it might be used is as follows:

## For Example

```
DECLARE

cons_zip CONSTANT zipcode.zip%TYPE := '&sv_zipcode';
e_zipcode_is_not_valid EXCEPTION;

BEGIN

IF zipcode_does_not_exist(cons_zip) THEN

RAISE e_zipcode_is_not_valid;

ELSE

-- An insert of an instructor's record that
-- uses of the checked value of zipcode might go here.
```

```
NULL;
END IF;

EXCEPTION

WHEN e_zipcode_is_not_valid THEN

RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR

(-20003, 'Could not find zipcode '||cons_zip||'.');

END;
```

### Answer: The function should look similar to the following:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION zipcode does not exist
   (i_zipcode IN zipcode.zip%TYPE)
RETURN BOOLEAN
  v_dummy char(1);
BEGIN
   SELECT NULL
    INTO v dummy
    FROM zipcode
   WHERE zip = i zipcode;
   -- meaning the zipcode does exits
   RETURN FALSE;
EXCEPTION
   WHEN OTHERS THEN
      -- the select statement above will cause an exception
      -- to be raised if the zipcode is not in the database.
     RETURN TRUE;
END zipcode does not exist;
```

3) Create a new function. For a given instructor, determine how many sections he or she is teaching. If the number is greater than or equal to 3, return a message saying the instructor needs a vacation. Otherwise, return a message saying how many sections this instructor is teaching.

### Answer: The function should look similar to the following:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION instructor status
   (i first name IN instructor.first name%TYPE,
   i last name IN instructor.last name%TYPE)
RETURN VARCHAR2
AS
  v instructor id instructor.instructor id%TYPE;
  v_section_count NUMBER;
  v status VARCHAR2(100);
BEGIN
  SELECT instructor id
   INTO v instructor id
    FROM instructor
   WHERE first_name = i_first_name
     AND last name = i_last_name;
  SELECT COUNT(*)
    INTO v section count
    FROM section
```

```
WHERE instructor id = v instructor id;
   IF v_section_count >= 3 THEN
      v_status :=
         'The instructor '||i_first_name||' '||
         i last name||' is teaching '||v section count||
         ' and needs a vaction.';
   ELSE
     v_status :=
         'The instructor '||i first name||' '||
         i_last_name||' is teaching '||v_section_count||
         ' courses.';
   END IF;
  RETURN v status;
EXCEPTION
   WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
     -- note that either of the SELECT statements can raise
      -- this exception
     v status :=
        'The instructor '||i_first_name||' '||
         i last name||' is not shown to be teaching'||
         ' any courses.';
     RETURN v status;
  WHEN OTHERS THEN
     v_status :=
        'There has been in an error in the function.';
     RETURN v_status;
END;
```

### Test the function as follows:

```
SELECT instructor_status(first_name, last_name)
FROM instructor;
```