Exercises for Chapter 22: Stored Code

Try It Yourself

The projects in this section are meant to have you utilize all of the skills that you have acquired throughout this chapter. Here are some exercises that will help you test the depth of your understanding.

1) Add a function in student_api package specification called get_course_descript. The caller takes a course.cnumber%TYPE parameter and it returns a course.description%TYPE.

Answer: The package should look similar to the following:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE student api AS
  v_current_date DATE;
  PROCEDURE discount;
  FUNCTION new instructor id
  RETURN instructor.instructor id%TYPE;
  FUNCTION total_cost_for_student
      (p student id IN student.student id%TYPE)
  RETURN course.cost%TYPE;
  PRAGMA RESTRICT REFERENCES
      (total cost for student, WNDS, WNPS, RNPS);
  PROCEDURE get student info
      (p student id IN student.student id%TYPE,
      p last name OUT student.last name%TYPE,
      p_first_name OUT student.first_name%TYPE,
      p_zip OUT student.zip%TYPE,
      p_return_code OUT NUMBER);
  PROCEDURE get student info
      (p last name IN student.last name%TYPE,
      p first name IN student.first name%TYPE,
      p student id OUT student.student id%TYPE,
      p zip OUT student.zip%TYPE,
      p return code OUT NUMBER);
```

2) Create a function in the student_api package body called <code>get_course_</code>
<code>description</code>. A caller passes in a course number and it returns the course description.

Instead of searching for the description itself, it makes a call to
<code>get_course_descript_private</code>. It passes its course number to
<code>get_course_descript_private</code>. It passes back to the caller the description it gets
back from <code>get_course_descript_private</code>.

Answer: Package body should look similar to the following:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY student api AS
PROCEDURE discount
IS
   CURSOR c group discount IS
     SELECT distinct s.course no, c.description
       FROM section s, enrollment e, course c
      WHERE s.section id = e.section id
      GROUP BY s.course no, c.description,
              e.section id, s.section id
     HAVING COUNT(*) >=8;
BEGIN
   FOR r group discount IN c group discount LOOP
     UPDATE course
        SET cost = cost * .95
      WHERE course no = r group discount.course no;
      DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE
         ('A 5% discount has been given to'||
          r group discount.course no||' '||
          r group discount.description);
   END LOOP;
END discount:
FUNCTION new_instructor_id
RETURN instructor.instructor id%TYPE
  v new instid instructor.instructor id%TYPE;
BEGIN
   SELECT INSTRUCTOR_ID_SEQ.NEXTVAL
    INTO v new instid
    FROM dual;
  RETURN v new instid;
EXCEPTION
   WHEN OTHERS THEN
     DECLARE
```

```
v sqlerrm VARCHAR2(250) := SUBSTR(SQLERRM, 1, 250);
     BEGIN
        RAISE APPLICATION ERROR
            (-20003, 'Error in instructor_id: '||v_sqlerrm);
      END;
END new instructor id;
FUNCTION get course descript private
   (p_course_no course.course_no%TYPE)
RETURN course.description%TYPE
  v course descript course.description%TYPE;
BEGIN
  SELECT description
    INTO v_course_descript
    FROM course
   WHERE course no = p course no;
  RETURN v_course_descript;
EXCEPTION
  WHEN OTHERS THEN
     RETURN NULL;
END get course descript private;
FUNCTION total cost for student
   (p student id IN student.student id%TYPE)
RETURN course.cost%TYPE
  v cost course.cost%TYPE;
BEGIN
   SELECT sum(cost)
    INTO v cost
    FROM course c, section s, enrollment e
   WHERE c.course no = c.course no
     AND e.section id = s.section id
     AND e.student_id = p_student_id;
  RETURN v cost;
EXCEPTION
  WHEN OTHERS THEN
     RETURN NULL;
END total cost for student;
PROCEDURE get_student_info
   (p student id IN student.student id%TYPE,
   p last name OUT student.last name%TYPE,
   p_first_name OUT student.first_name%TYPE,
   p zip OUT student.zip%TYPE,
   p return code OUT NUMBER)
TS
BEGIN
   SELECT last name, first name, zip
    INTO p_last_name, p_first_name, p_zip
    FROM student
   WHERE student.student_id = p_student_id;
   p return code := 0;
```

```
EXCEPTION
  WHEN NO DATA FOUND THEN
     DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Student ID is not valid.');
     p return code := -100;
     p_last_name := NULL;
     p first name := NULL;
                := NULL;
     p zip
   WHEN OTHERS THEN
     DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE
        ('Error in procedure get student info');
END get student info;
PROCEDURE get student info
   (p last name IN student.last name%TYPE,
   p student id OUT student.student id%TYPE,
   p zip OUT student.zip%TYPE,
   p return code OUT NUMBER)
IS
BEGIN
   SELECT student id, zip
    INTO p student id, p zip
    FROM student
   WHERE UPPER(last name) = UPPER(p last name)
     AND UPPER(first_name) = UPPER(p_first_name);
  p_return_code := 0;
EXCEPTION
  WHEN NO DATA FOUND THEN
     DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Student name is not valid.');
     p_return_code := -100;
     p student id := NULL;
                  := NULL;
     p zip
  WHEN OTHERS THEN
     DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE
         ('Error in procedure get_student_info');
END get_student_info;
PROCEDURE remove student
   -- the parameters student id and p ri give user an
   -- option of cascade delete or restrict delete for
   -- the given students records
   (p studid IN student.student id%TYPE,
   p_ri
         IN VARCHAR2 DEFAULT 'R')
TS
   -- declare exceptions for use in procedure
   enrollment present EXCEPTION;
  bad pri EXCEPTION;
BEGIN
  -- the R value is for restrict delete option
   IF p ri = 'R' THEN
     DECLARE
        -- a variable is needed to test if the student
```

```
-- is in the enrollment table
      v dummy CHAR(1);
      -- This is a standard existence check
      -- If v dummy is assigned a value via the
      -- SELECT INTO, the exception
      -- enrollment present will be raised
      -- If the v dummy is not assigned a value, the
      -- exception no_data_found will be raised
      SELECT NULL
       INTO v dummy
       FROM enrollment e
      WHERE e.student_id = p_studid
        AND ROWNUM = 1;
      -- The rownum set to 1 prevents the SELECT
      -- INTO statement raise to many rows exception
      -- If there is at least one row in enrollment
      -- table with corresponding student id, the
      -- restrict delete parameter will disallow
      -- the deletion of the student by raising
      -- the enrollment present exception
      RAISE enrollment present;
   EXCEPTION
     WHEN NO DATA_FOUND THEN
         -- The no data found exception is raised
         -- when there are no students found in the
         -- enrollment table
         -- Since the p ri indicates a restrict
         -- delete user choice the delete operation
         -- is permitted
        DELETE FROM student
         WHERE student id = p studid;
   END;
-- when the user enter "C" for the p ri
-- he/she indicates a cascade delete choice
ELSIF p ri = 'C' THEN
   -- delete the student from the enrollment and
   -- grade tables
  DELETE FROM enrollment
   WHERE student id = p studid;
   DELETE FROM grade
   WHERE student id = p studid;
   -- delete from student table only after
   -- corresponding records have been removed from
   -- the other tables because the student table is
   -- the parent table
   DELETE
    FROM student
   WHERE student id = p studid;
ELSE
  RAISE bad pri;
```

```
END IF;
EXCEPTION
   WHEN bad pri THEN
      RAISE APPLICATION ERROR
         (-20231, 'An incorrect p_ri value was '||
          'entered. The remove student procedure can '||
          'only accept a C or R for the p ri parameter.');
   WHEN enrollment_present THEN
      RAISE APPLICATION ERROR
         (-20239, 'The student with ID'||p_studid||
         ' exists in the enrollment table thus records' ||
         ' will not be removed.');
END remove student;
FUNCTION get_course_descript
   (p cnumber course.course no%TYPE)
RETURN course.description%TYPE
BEGIN
   RETURN get course descript private(p cnumber);
END get course descript;
BEGIN
  SELECT trunc(sysdate, 'DD')
    INTO v_current_date
     FROM dual;
END student api;
```

3) Add a PRAGMA RESTRICT_REFERENCES for get_course_description specifying: writes no database state, writes no package state, and reads no package state.

Answer: The package should look similar to the following:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE student api AS
  v_current_date DATE;
  PROCEDURE discount;
  FUNCTION new instructor id
  RETURN instructor.instructor_id%TYPE;
  FUNCTION total cost for student
     (p student id IN student.student id%TYPE)
     RETURN course.cost%TYPE;
  PRAGMA RESTRICT REFERENCES
      (total_cost_for_student, WNDS, WNPS, RNPS);
  PROCEDURE get student info
      (p student id IN student.student id%TYPE,
      p last name OUT student.last name%TYPE,
      p_first_name OUT student.first_name%TYPE,
             OUT student.zip%TYPE,
      p zip
      p return code OUT NUMBER);
```

```
PROCEDURE get_student_info

(p_last_name IN student.last_name%TYPE,
    p_first_name IN student.first_name%TYPE,
    p_student_id OUT student.student_id%TYPE,
    p_zip OUT student.zip%TYPE,
    p_return_code OUT NUMBER);

PROCEDURE remove_student
    (p_studid IN student.student_id%TYPE,
        p_ri IN VARCHAR2 DEFAULT 'R');

FUNCTION get_course_descript
    (p_cnumber course.course_no%TYPE)

RETURN course.description%TYPE;

PRAGMA RESTRICT_REFERENCES
    (get_course_descript,WNDS, WNPS, RNPS);

END student_api;
```