Unit 3. Classifying matter

Chemical substances and mixtures

- A chemical substance is a type of matter that has constant chemical composition and characteristic properties.
- A mixture is made up by two or more chemical substances and it does not have a definite composition.

Types of mixtures

- **Homogeneus**. The composition is uniform, having the same apperance and properties in all the portions.
- Heterogeneous. The compositions is not uniform, so their portions have different apperance and properties.
- Colloid. Heterageneous mixture that seems homogeneous at first sight.

Solutions

- Solutions are a homogeneous mixture.
- Two components can be distiguised:
 - Solute. The component present in smaller amount.
 - Solvent. Component present in greater amount.
- A substance is soluble if it is able to be dissolved in a particular solvent.
- The physical state of a solution depend on the physical state of the solvent.

| solute\solvent | solid | liquid | gas |
|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|------|
| solid | alloys (steel, bronze,) | sea water | none |
| liquid | gold/mercury amalgam | gasoline, beer, wine | none |
| gas | Hydrogen in metals | soft drinks, home ammonia | air |

Concentration of a solution

- Relationship between the amount of solute and the amount of solvent.
- It can be expressed in several ways (for liquids and gases):
 - \circ Grams per litre: $c(g/L) = rac{mass\ of\ solute\ (g)}{volume\ of\ solution\ (L)}$
 - \circ Mass percentage: % $mass = rac{m_{solute}(g)}{m_{solution}(g)} imes 100$
 - \circ Volume %: % $volume = rac{v_{solute}(mL)}{v_{solution}(mL)} imes 100$

Separation of the components of a solution

- 1. **Vaporization**. This method is based on that the two substances have different *boiling points*.
- 2. **Crystalization**. Also based on the different boiling points, with the difference that the solutios must be saturated.
- 3. **Distilation**. It uses the same principle. The desired substance is collected as liquid.