CENTRAL AMERICA





Coffee and Cocoa Promote Sustainable Landscapes and Adaptation to Changing Climates

RESULTS

- Over 1,700 coffee and cocoa farmers implemented sustainable agroforestry practices that promote reforestation and adaptation to climate change on 2,099 hectares, 80% of the total productive land of farmers in the program, including shade-grown coffee, intercropping, live barriers, wind breaks, nurseries etc.
- 26 farmer cooperatives certified as complying with sustainable standards under Fair Trade, organic (Bio Latina), Rainforest Alliance, Smithsonian Bird Friendly, or UTZ Certification.
- 500 farmers decreased their use of wood by 21-28% thanks to the construction and use of household-level biodigesters that are connected to cook stoves that burn methane rather than firewood.
- Production of a farmer-friendly cocoa toolkit to increase coffee farmers' resilience and adaptation to climate change by helping them transition to cocoa, a crop better suited to warmer temperatures than coffee. This transition from coffee to cocoa is essential, given increasing temperatures in the target areas.

SUSTAINABLE LANDSCAPES & ADAPTATION

- LWR significantly contributed to low carbon economic growth since 2007 and sales of sustainably produced cocoa and coffee are now over \$19 million.
- LWR invested in agricultural land use practices that slow CO₂ emissions from deforestation and degradation of forests by promoting agroforestry practices.
- LWR made strategic investments in reducing CO₂ emissions through the construction of biodigesters, each of which reduces on avg. 2.4 MT of CO_{2e} (CO₂ equivalent) per year and prevents 1.8 MT of CO_{2e} emissions due to decreased use of firewood.
- LWR helped farmers in over 200 communities from nearly 20 municipalities across 5 departments of Nicaragua to be more climate resilient by gathering and sharing information, and promoting natural resource management and adaptation strategies with cooperatives and local governments. An example is LWR funded research that predicts that coffee production in the region will be less viable in 30-50 years due to climate change.



QUICK FACTS

Under the five-year ACORDAR project, LWR received USAID funding to work with coffee and cocoa farmers, which promoted sustainable landscapes and adapt to changing climates by:

- Increasing sustainable agroforestry practices
- Promoting cooperative-level sustainable certification
- Promoting carbon-reducing technologies
- Increasing resilience to climate change impacts

LWR has worked in Central America since 1972 to promote sustainable livelihoods for rural farmers. Since 2007, LWR's regional profile has exceeded \$6 million, including projects ranging from agricultural value chains to disaster risk reduction & WASH.

Globally LWR is a leader in developing adaptation and mitigation programs at the community level. LWR's USAID-funded CADRE project is empowering communities to plant one million mangroves that will increase carbon sequestration and resilience of coastal communities in 4 districts in Indonesia. In El Salvador, 15,000 residents of high-risk communities are being trained in risk-reduction and response to climate-induced disasters (including early warning systems) through the USAID-funded Building Resilience project.

PROJECT NAME: ACORDAR (Alliance to Create Opportunities for Rural

Development through Agro-Enterprise Relationships)
PROJECT PERIOD: September 2007 – September 2012

TOTAL FUNDING: \$4,608,711, including \$2,599,656 from USAID