# **Descriptive Analysis**

# Indoor dust bacterial and fungal microbiota composition and allergic diseases: a scoping review

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### Packages and session information

```
if (!require("pacman", quietly = TRUE)) {
 install.packages("pacman")
}
pacman::p_load(
 tidyverse, # Used for basic data handling and visualization.
  ggmosaic, # Used to create mosaic plots.
  RColorBrewer, # Color palettes for data visualization.
         # Retrieve map data to plot world map.
 maps,
 gridExtra, # Arrange grobs in a plot.
              # Print and save html tables.
  gt,
  report
              # Used to generate package citations in markdown format.
R version 4.4.0 (2024-04-24 ucrt)
Platform: x86_64-w64-mingw32/x64
Running under: Windows 11 x64 (build 22631)
Matrix products: default
locale:
[1] LC_COLLATE=Spanish_Mexico.utf8 LC_CTYPE=Spanish_Mexico.utf8
[3] LC_MONETARY=Spanish_Mexico.utf8 LC_NUMERIC=C
[5] LC_TIME=Spanish_Mexico.utf8
time zone: Europe/London
tzcode source: internal
attached base packages:
[1] stats
             graphics grDevices utils datasets methods base
other attached packages:
 [1] report_0.5.8
                      gt_0.10.1
                                          gridExtra_2.3
                                                            maps_3.4.2
 [5] RColorBrewer_1.1-3 ggmosaic_0.3.3
                                          lubridate_1.9.3
                                                            forcats_1.0.0
 [9] stringr_1.5.1 dplyr_1.1.4
                                          purrr_1.0.2
                                                            readr_2.1.5
[13] tidyr_1.3.1
                      tibble_3.2.1
                                          ggplot2_3.5.1
                                                            tidyverse_2.0.0
[17] pacman_0.5.1
```

#### Load data

```
Formal class 'DataFrameCollection' [package ".GlobalEnv"] with 0 slots

Named list()

..$ data : tibble [144 x 31] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)

..$ countries : tibble [175 x 5] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)

..$ collectors : tibble [184 x 2] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)

..$ buildings : tibble [159 x 2] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)

..$ environmental_determinants: tibble [595 x 3] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)

..$ references :'data.frame': 144 obs. of 90 variables:
```

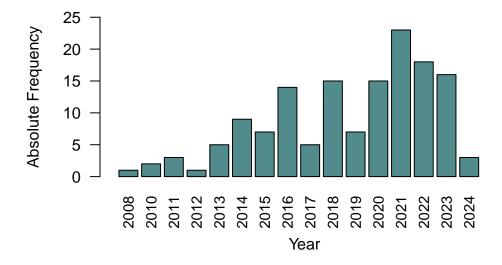
### Descriptive analysis of variables collected

### Year of publication

The range of year of publication was 2008 to 2024.

The following barplot saved as **Figure\_years\_publication.jpeg** shows the absolute frequency of original research articles published per year.

### Absolute frequency of studies by year



# Microbiome type

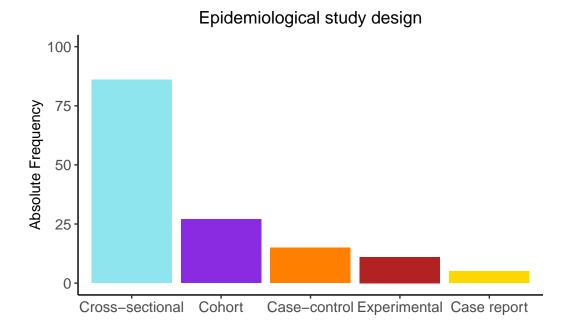
| Type of microbiome studied  | n  | Percentage |
|-----------------------------|----|------------|
| Bacterial                   | 60 | 41.7       |
| Fungal                      | 15 | 10.4       |
| Bacterial and Fungal        | 59 | 41.0       |
| Bacterial, Fungal and other | 9  | 6.2        |
| Other                       | 1  | 0.7        |

### Available sequence data

| Raw sequences provided | n  | Percentage |
|------------------------|----|------------|
| No                     | 60 | 41.7       |
| Yes                    | 84 | 58.3       |

# Study Design

| Study design    | n  | Percentage |
|-----------------|----|------------|
| Cross-sectional | 86 | 59.7       |
| Cohort          | 27 | 18.8       |
| Case-control    | 15 | 10.4       |
| Experimental    | 11 | 7.6        |
| Case report     | 5  | 3.5        |

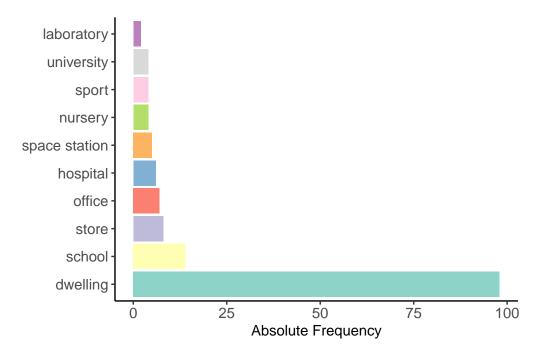


The studies included in the review used the following study designs: Cross-sectional, n=86~(59.7%), Cohort, n=27~(18.8%), Case-control, n=15~(10.4%), Experimental, n=11~(7.6%), Case report, n=5~(3.5%).

Type of building

| Type of building | n  | Percentage |
|------------------|----|------------|
| dwelling         | 98 | 68.1       |
| school           | 14 | 9.7        |
| store            | 8  | 5.6        |
| office           | 7  | 4.9        |
| hospital         | 6  | 4.2        |
| space station    | 5  | 3.5        |
| nursery          | 4  | 2.8        |
| sport            | 4  | 2.8        |
| university       | 4  | 2.8        |
| laboratory       | 2  | 1.4        |
| archive          | 1  | 0.7        |
| biosphere        | 1  | 0.7        |
| church           | 1  | 0.7        |
| coal mine        | 1  | 0.7        |
| industry         | 1  | 0.7        |
| restaurant       | 1  | 0.7        |
| vehicle          | 1  | 0.7        |

### Barplot top 10 types of building:



### **Countries**

Some of the studies were conducted in multiple countries or in the international space station:

| More than 1 country | n   | Percentage |
|---------------------|-----|------------|
| No                  | 125 | 86.8       |
| Yes                 | 14  | 9.7        |
| ISS                 | 5   | 3.5        |

After excluding those studies conducted in the international space station, these are the frequencies and percentages of studies per country.

| Country of sample collection | n  | Percentage |
|------------------------------|----|------------|
| USA                          | 51 | 29.14      |
| China                        | 26 | 14.86      |
| Finland                      | 13 | 7.43       |
| Germany                      | 10 | 5.71       |
| France                       | 8  | 4.57       |
| Denmark                      | 6  | 3.43       |
| Malaysia                     | 6  | 3.43       |
| Norway                       | 5  | 2.86       |
| South Korea                  | 4  | 2.29       |
| Switzerland                  | 4  | 2.29       |
| United Kingdom               | 4  | 2.29       |
| Canada                       | 3  | 1.71       |
| Australia                    | 2  | 1.14       |
| Austria                      | 2  | 1.14       |
| Belgium                      | 2  | 1.14       |
| Brazil                       | 2  | 1.14       |
| Iceland                      | 2  | 1.14       |
| Mexico                       | 2  | 1.14       |
| Netherlands                  | 2  | 1.14       |
| Poland                       | 2  | 1.14       |
| Spain                        | 2  | 1.14       |
| Sweden                       | 2  | 1.14       |
| Czech Republic               | 1  | 0.57       |
| Egypt                        | 1  | 0.57       |
| Estonia                      | 1  | 0.57       |
| Greece                       | 1  | 0.57       |
| India                        | 1  | 0.57       |
| Indonesia                    | 1  | 0.57       |

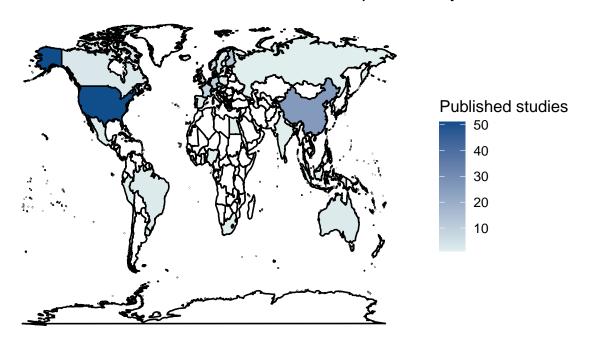
| 1 | 0.57                       |
|---|----------------------------|
| 1 | 0.57                       |
| 1 | 0.57                       |
| 1 | 0.57                       |
| 1 | 0.57                       |
| 1 | 0.57                       |
| 1 | 0.57                       |
| 1 | 0.57                       |
| 1 | 0.57                       |
|   | 1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1 |

### Мар

I will use the world map data from the maps package map\_data("world") to join with the countries dataset.

source("scripts/world\_map.R")

# Indoor dust microbiome research articles per country



### Region

| World region               | n  | Percentage |
|----------------------------|----|------------|
| Europe & Central Asia      | 70 | 40.0       |
| North America              | 54 | 30.9       |
| East Asia & Pacific        | 41 | 23.4       |
| Latin America & Caribbean  | 6  | 3.4        |
| Sub-Saharan Africa         | 2  | 1.1        |
| Middle East & North Africa | 1  | 0.6        |
| South Asia                 | 1  | 0.6        |

### Income group

| Income classification | n   | Percentage |
|-----------------------|-----|------------|
| High income           | 131 | 74.9       |
| Upper middle income   | 40  | 22.9       |
| Lower middle income   | 4   | 2.3        |

### **Topics**

### Allergy

| Allergy as topic | n   | Percentage |
|------------------|-----|------------|
| No               | 103 | 71.5       |
| Yes              | 41  | 28.5       |

### **Environmental determinants**

| Environmental determinants as topic | n   | Percentage |
|-------------------------------------|-----|------------|
| No                                  | 28  | 19.4       |
| Yes                                 | 116 | 80.6       |

### **Dust collectors**

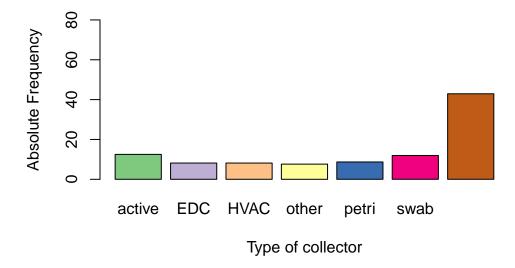
### Multiple collectors

| More than 1 collector | n   | Percentage |
|-----------------------|-----|------------|
| No                    | 115 | 79.9       |
| Yes                   | 29  | 20.1       |

### Type of dust collector

| Dust sample collector | n  | Percentage |
|-----------------------|----|------------|
| vacuum                | 79 | 54.9       |
| active-sampler        | 23 | 16.0       |
| swab                  | 22 | 15.3       |
| petri                 | 16 | 11.1       |
| EDC                   | 15 | 10.4       |
| HVAC                  | 15 | 10.4       |
| other                 | 14 | 9.7        |

# Type of dust collectors



### Descriptive vs causal

| Causality   | n  | Percentage |
|-------------|----|------------|
| Descriptive | 82 | 56.9       |
| Causal      | 62 | 43.1       |

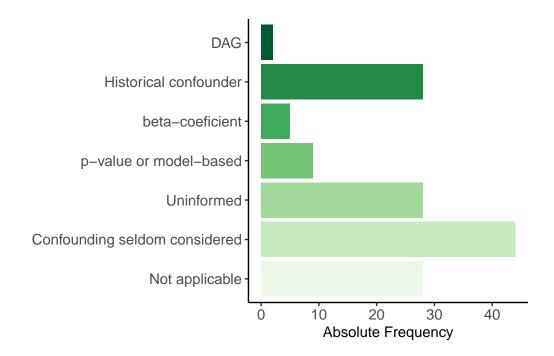
### **Causal statements**

| Causal statements | n   | Percentage |
|-------------------|-----|------------|
| No                | 26  | 18.1       |
| Yes               | 118 | 81.9       |

### Confounding

| Variable identification method | n  | Percentage |
|--------------------------------|----|------------|
| Not applicable                 | 28 | 19.4       |
| Confounding seldom considered  | 44 | 30.6       |
| ${\bf Uninformed}$             | 28 | 19.4       |
| p-value or model-based         | 9  | 6.2        |
| beta-coeficient                | 5  | 3.5        |
| Historical confounder          | 28 | 19.4       |
| DAG                            | 2  | 1.4        |

### Variable selection



### **Environmental determinants**

| Category                 | n   | Percentage |
|--------------------------|-----|------------|
| building characteristics | 114 | 79.2       |
| humidity/dampness        | 56  | 38.9       |
| pets                     | 51  | 35.4       |
| air pollutants           | 42  | 29.2       |
| building occupants       | 33  | 22.9       |
| season                   | 30  | 20.8       |
| temperature              | 29  | 20.1       |
| geography                | 28  | 19.4       |
| ventilation              | 27  | 18.8       |
| mold                     | 23  | 16.0       |
| allergen                 | 21  | 14.6       |
| green environment        | 19  | 13.2       |
| urbanicity               | 19  | 13.2       |
| $\operatorname{smoking}$ | 16  | 11.1       |
| chemicals                | 14  | 9.7        |
| other                    | 14  | 9.7        |
| cleaning habits          | 13  | 9.0        |
| outdoor microbiome       | 12  | 8.3        |
| farming                  | 10  | 6.9        |
| infestation              | 9   | 6.2        |
| furniture                | 6   | 4.2        |
| heating                  | 4   | 2.8        |
| light                    | 3   | 2.1        |
| water sources            | 2   | 1.4        |

### Table of characteristics of individual studies

The table of characteristics of studies with their citations will be saved as  $Table\_study\_characteristics.csv$ .

source("scripts/studies\_included\_table.R")

### Package references

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- Wickham H, Hester J, Bryan J (2024). readr: Read Rectangular Text Data. R package version 2.1.5, https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=readr.
- Wickham H, Vaughan D, Girlich M (2024). *tidyr: Tidy Messy Data*. R package version 1.3.1, https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=tidyr.