

Spring Cloud Feign

Declarative REST Client

Objectives

- At the end of this module, you will be able to
 - Call REST services using the Feign libraries
 - Understand how Feign, Ribbon, and Eureka collaborate

Module Outline

- What is Feign
- How to use Feign

Feign

- What is it?
 - Declarative REST client, from Netflix
 - Allows you to write calls to REST services with no implementation code
 - Alternative to RestTemplate (even easier!)
 - Spring Cloud provides easy wrapper for using Feign

Spring REST Template

- Spring's Rest Template provides very easy way to call REST services

```
RestTemplate template = new RestTemplate();  
String url = "http://inventoryService/{0}";  
Sku sku = template.getForObject(url, Sku.class, 4724352);
```

Instantiate
(or dependency inject)

Provide target URL
(note the placeholder)

Call the URL, provide expected class,
Provide value for placeholder.
Template takes care of all HTTP
and type conversion!

- Still, this code must be
 - 1) Written
 - 2) Unit-tested with mocks / stubs.

Feign Alternative – Declarative Web Service Clients

- How does it work?
 - Define *interfaces* for your REST client code
 - Annotate interface with Feign annotation
 - Annotate methods with Spring MVC annotations
 - Other implementations like JAX/RS pluggable
- Spring Cloud will implement it at run-time
 - Scans for interfaces
 - Automatically implements code to call REST service and process response

Feign Interface

- Create an *Interface*, not a Class:

Marks interface to be implemented by Feign / Spring

```
@FeignClient(url="localhost:8080/warehouse")  
public interface InventoryClient {
```

Base URL
(we'll replace this later with Eureka client ID!)

```
    @RequestMapping( value = "/inventory", method = RequestMethod.GET )  
    List<Item> getItems();
```

Ordinary, Spring MVC mapping metadata

```
    @RequestMapping( value = "/inventory/{sku}", method = RequestMethod.POST,  
                    consumes = "application/json")  
    void update(@PathVariable("sku") Long sku, @RequestBody Item item);  
}
```

- Server can be written in any technology. Not limited to Spring, not limited to Java!
- Note: No extra dependencies are needed for Feign when using Spring Cloud

Runtime Implementations

- Spring scans for @FeignClients
 - Provides implementations at runtime

```
@SpringBootApplication
@EnableFeignClients
public class Application {

    ...

}
```

Spring will seek interfaces
and implement them

- That's it!
 - Implementations provided by Spring / Feign!

What does `@EnableFeignClients` do?

- Before startup

InventoryClient
(Java interface)

- After startup

InventoryClient
(Java interface)

↑ *implements*

Spring-Implemented
Proxy

`@EnableFeignClients`

You can `@Autowired` an `InventoryClient` wherever one is needed

Ribbon and Eureka

Where do they fit in?

- The previous example - hard-coded URL:

```
@FeignClient(url="localhost:8080/warehouse")
```

- ...use a Eureka “Client ID” instead:

```
@FeignClient("WAREHOUSE")
```

Client's bootstrap.yml:

```
---  
spring:  
  application:  
    name: warehouse
```

- Ribbon is automatically enabled
 - Eureka gives our application all “Clients” that match the given Client ID
 - Ribbon automatically applies load balancing
 - Feign handles the code.

Runtime Dependency

- Feign starter required at runtime:
...but not compile time

```
<dependencies>  
  <dependency>  
    <groupId>org.springframework.cloud</groupId>  
    <artifactId>spring-cloud-starter-feign</artifactId>  
  </dependency>  
</dependencies>
```

Summary

- Feign provides a very easy way to call RESTful services
- Feign integrates with Ribbon and Eureka automatically.

Exercise

Refactor Client Code to utilize Feign.
Run Eureka, Ribbon, and Feign together.

Instructions: Student Files, Lab 6